possible.

One of the chief factors in the present hopeful situation and cheering business outlook is the emphatic verdict of the people in the recent elecdict of the people in the recent elec-tions against the wild and visionary schemes of a class of financiers who proposed to abandon all the results of experience, all the well-enforced lesexperience, all the well-enforced lessions of past ages, and make the country start on a career of unexampled National and individual prosperity, based on type, paper and a statute. The "fiat money" craze, the idea of making money out of a promise redeemable in a promise, and that redeemable in another promise, and so on to the end of time, was a source of much alarm. It was as contagious as the measles, and had a run almost as brief. The good sense of the people condemned it with emphasis, and its condemnation would have been even more emphatic had not the preposterous demands of the opposite extreme ous demands of the opposite extreme ous demands of the opposite extreme in finances—the monometalists—cre-ated a division in the ranks of those who opposed the "fiat" heresy.

Many times capitalists have been ap-prehensive that Congress would do something to disturb the business of

something to disturb the business of the country. It was predicted that Sherman would be brought to a halt in his resumption operations, that refund-ing would be stopped and that a raid on the Treasury would be organized. But Congress has persistently declined to do any of the dreadful things predicted, and the predictions of which, in num-erous influential journals, had a ten-dency to fright the souls of fearful dency to fright the souls of fearful money-lenders. Not only has Congress abstained from wild and reckless legislation, but it has shown unusual anxiety and care to avoid anything and everything that could be construed into a menage of resumption. The Dence a menace of resumption. The Demo-cratic House has sat down heavily on the proposals of a few members to launch visionary or Utopian schemes. It has protected the Treasury from all doubtful and many really honest claims, and shown so carrest a desire to aid in and shown so earnest a des're to aid in the full restoration of confidence and prosperity that even the most incredu-lous have come to believe that the pre-dictions of danger from that source were a false alarm.

It is certain that John Sherman will be permitted to go on with the resump-tion act unimpaired by inimical legisla-tion. The coinage of two millions of silver every month will continue to increase the circulating medium. Legal tender notes will not be presented for redemption, because an honest green-back is more desirable than coin. We back is more desirable than coin. We shall continue to have currency at par with the currency of the commercial world, and this important condition of successful businesss will add greatly to our prosperity. For it cannot be denied at this age, when the whole civilized world is one common neighborhood, the currency of a commercial nation should be as good as the best. The time will come when the relations between gold and silver will be established on a permanent basis for the whole trading world. And we do not read the signs of the times rightly if England and Germany, finding monometalism a signs of the times rightly if England and Germany, finding monometalism a failure, finding gold sufficient to supply the demand for coin, finding one metal unable to fill the place and do the work of two, do not invite us to a conference that shall establish the relations of the two metals for permanent use. Meantime our silver will do no harm; it may do a great deal of good. We can imagine a temporary panic, in which thirty or forty millions of silver dollars, boldly pushed to the front, would enable John Sherman to ride out the gale in triumph, and thereafter sail serenely in triumph, and thereafter sail serenely on his course.

In every respect the outlook is hopeful. Bankruptcy has cleared away the wrecks. The "lame ducks" have been taken off. Long credits are a thing of the past. Wild speculations are less al-luring than heretofore. Hundreds of railroads and other great corporations have been reduced to a solid basis by failure, and are not now trying to pay dividends on millions of imaginary capital. Refunding of loans by the General Government, by states, counties and cities has removed a vast burties and cities has removed a vast burties. ties and cities, has removed a vast bur-den by reducing interest. We have learned how to make, or how to dispense with, millions of dollars' worth of costthem abroad. We are selling more than we buy, earning more than we spend, and are fairly entered on what we can and should make a career of unexampled and enduring prosperity.

Closing a Safe for One Hundred Years

Closing a Safe for One Hundred Years

Washington, Feb. 22.—The large iron safe known as "the Centennial safe," on exhibition at the late Centennial Exhibition, contributed by Mrs. C. F. Diehm, was closed at noon to-day in the statuary hall of the Capitol in the presence of a large number of spectators, though no formal ceremony was observed. One of the two inscriptions of the inner side of the doors is as follows: "In memory of those whose names appear upon the pages of the albums deposited within and who rendered distinguished services to the country." And the other is: "It is the wish of Mrs. Diehm that this safe may remain closed until 1976, to be opened by the Chief Magistrate of the United States." The inscription on the front of the safe is, "Dedicated to the people of the United States, July 4, 1876." In addition to the volume containing the autographs of prominent public men is an album of photographs of a large number of them with recorded souvenirs of the Centennial. The photographs of women are few in number, and include those of Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Hayes, and Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson.

Henry Ward Beecher has contracted with a leading publisher to write his autobiography and is at present engaged on the work.

Drift of the School System.

The machinery of our public school system is getting too cumbersome and costly. It is losing its old time simplicity and directness of management, and as a result all sorts of experiments are attempted, just to please the fancy of some "friend of education." The original idea of State education, which was in the language of the Constitution of 1838, "that the poor may be taught gratis," is being lost sight of in providing the luxuries of education for the children of the well-to-do and wealthy. Thus the schools are made training institutions to fit "young ladies" and Thus the schools are made training institutions to fit "young ladies" and "young gentlemen" for the seminary and university. The energies of superintendents and and directors, especially in the cities and larger towns, are not devoted to seeing that the poor and ignorant are educated in the elementary branches, but rather to the extending and enlarging the course of instruction in the higher branches. All this in the wrong direction. The schools should reach down to the poor and lowly rather than up to the wealthy and well provided. It is of very little importance to the State that it should furnish the means of education for the children of wealthy parents, or even those of modwealthy parents, or even those of mod-erate circumstances, They will be well educated any how. But the case is different with the very poor and ignorant, their training in the elementary branch-es is a prime necessity, and if the State does not provide the means, they will grow up in ignorance. In the develop-ment of our school system, and fitting it to the wishes and theories of the more cultured class, this vital fact has been lost sight of. One of the worst things connected with the recent at-tempts to mix the school question with party politics, is the setting up the system as perfection itself; something that must not be criticised as too costly to the taxpayers, or failing in the most important requirements of State edu-cation. An avowal of this kind is apt to bring down on ones head, from the host of superintendents, and directors to bring down on ones nead, from the host of superintendents and directors each one equipped with his separate hobby, the allegation that you are an enemy of popular education, old fogyish, or behind the times. They have planned every thing on a magnificent scale, and fealty to this is insisted on as an essential of the second of the se fealty to this is insisted on as an essen-tial of good citizenship. There are gratifying evidences that the people are commencing to rebel at these assump-tions, and that, at no remote day, they will be checked in a summary manner, and the experiment tried of developing the educational system downward so as to improve its efficiency in meeting the wants of the lower strata of population rather than upward for the benefit of the wealth y.—Pittsburg Critic.

The Cost of Election Contests.

EXAMINING 1,000 WITNESSES AND TAKING 1,300 PRINTED PAGES OF TESTIMONY.

Washington Dispatch in New York Sun. Washington Dispatch in New York Sun.

The House committee on elections will agree upon a report this week in the contested case of Nutting against Reilly, from the Thirteenth district of Pennsylvania. Reilly, the sitting member, is a Democrat, and Nutting, the contestant, is a Republican. The report will probably be in favor of Reilly. The majority as returned is about 81 in his favor. The committee concede that over 40 votes for the sitting member were illegal, but claim that it can be were illegal, but claim that it can be shown that about an equal number cast for Nutting were also illegal. The evidence taken in the case covers over 1,300 printed pages, and the right to vote of about 600 persons was in question. Mr. Springer was instructed to prepare the report. In conclusion it

Your committee desire in this case to express its disapprobation of election contests such as the one in question. The contestant filed his notice of contest, alleging illegal voting on the part of several hundred persons whese names were evidently taken from the poll list, and in the taking of testimony about one thousand witnesses were examined and their depositions taken, making a record exceedingly voluminous and expensive in its publication. The contestant threw out a drag net and proceeded and expensive in its publication. The con-testant threw out a drag net and proceeded to investigate generally into the qualifica-tions of all the voters in the district about whom there could possibly be a doubt. The effort to take advantage of immaterial technicalities for the purpose of disfran-chising a large number of voters is not creditable to those concerned.

county court judges by the United States court for the Western district of resolution, setting forth the fact of the alleged usurpation and the exercise of unwarranted power and directing the attorney general to take proper steps to bring the said proceedings to adjudication by the supreme court of the United States, in order that such lawless measures may be checked by competent authority now and in future; authorizing the employment of counsel to assist the attorney general in proceedings, and attorney general in proceedings, and requesting Virginia's representatives in requesting Virginia's representatives in congress to move for a committee to inquire whether Hon. Alex. Rives, judge of the aforesaid federal court, has not been and is not now usurping judicial power for the purpose of bringing about an unnecessary conflict between state and federal authorities in the enforcement of the criminal laws of Virginia, thereby endangering the harmony, peace and good order of this commonwealth. The preamble and resolutions were adopted, only two votes being in the negative, both of which were republican. The resolutions were at once reported to the house and passed by thot body Friday night.

SENATOR TELLER, in his report, conveys the intelligence that "the State govern-ment of South Carolina is a white govment of South Carolina is a white government; no colored men are represented in it." It is singular how it came to be so, but if Senator Teller should come to Pennsylvania he would find the government of the State of the same horrible complexion. It is about time some Congressional investigating committee advised us what to do about it, as there are a number of very worthy colored men in this State who would like some position.— Times,

What Made Hannibal Hamlin Mad.

Washington Correspondence Chicago Time

Washington Correspondence Chicago Times.

A good story is told about Hannibal Hamlin, who is one of the oldest Senators, and who is yet unreconciled with the administration. The venerable Hamlin has a very marked down-east accent. He was one of the party of Republican Senators who, early in the Hayes administration, called upon the President to remonstrate with him upon his Southern policy. During the conferrence Mr. Hamlin occupied a back seat, and sat with his hands rammed down to the bottom of his breeches pockets, while his head leaned forward upon his breast. He was an intent listener to all that was said, both by the Senators and the President. He listened with special interest when the President began to talk about the possibility of his policy. The President was in his most genial, hopeful mood. He spoke in glowing terms of the beauty of the common brotherhood; that sectionality should be forgotten, and that the sweet spirit of Christian influence should come to purify the contests of politics. "Our Southern brethren have erred," said he, "have been bitterly punished; and now let us forgive and forget. Let us, dear Senators, take the erring brother to our bosom and convince him by the warm throbbing of our hearts for him that he is of our blood, our kith and kin. The throbbing of our hearts for him that he is of our blood, our kith and kin. The effect of such a noble policy," said the President, "will be to touch the heart President, "will be to touch the heart of the South to its very depth, and out of those depths shall gush the well-spring of gratitude that will insure Republican victories in at least five States in the South." It was noticed, as the President went on, that Hannibal Hambistree heavening prefeatly besteries. lin was becoming perfectly hysterical with rage. Hot blood was pumped up under his withered cheeks; his eyes under his withered cheeks; his eyes sparkled and snapped until he looked ten years younger. When the President made the statement that he thought his beautiful policy would carry at least five States in the South, Hannibal Hamlin could stand it no longer. nibal Hamlin could stand it no longer. He got up, walked around in front of the crowd of Senators and strode up to the President, exclaiming: "You chan't kerry a damned taown, sir!" He spoke not another word, but instantly departed, and since that day the form of Hannibal Hamlin, once Vice President of the United States, has never darkened the door of the White House. White House

IT was all the time suspected that the inauguration of Governor Hoyt would be heard from again. Noting the appearance of a joint resolution to appro-priate something over four thousand dollars for that luxury, the Reading Times and Dispatch (Republican) says that "this is an appropriation that should not be made. It is not necessary that an inauguration should be attended with any expense to the State. The swearing in of a new Governor need not cost the State a dollar and should not. If a great parade is desired let those who participate in it pay the expense. But a parade is not to be desired. It should not be permitted." All the organs have not been heard on this subject yet.

Queen Victoria will leave England at the end of March. She will rest one night at the British Embassy in Paris and proceed thence to the Italian lakes where she will be met by the Duke and Dutchess of Connaught, who will then be on their wedding tour. Thence she goes to Germany. Prince Amadeus, Duke Acets and the extended the control of Series o be on their wedning Prince Amadeus, goes to Germany. Prince Amadeus, Duke Aosta and the ex-King of Spain will meet the Queen at the Italian frontier. The King will visit her at

William Moneypenny's warehouse, at Columbus, Ohio, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night, together with 80,000 bushel of corn, 600 bushels of malt, 250 barrels of stearine and considerable flour. The loss is estimated at about one hundred thousand dollars.

one hundred thousand dollars.

There never was such a really good, substantial, satisfactory, and rapid-selling first-class Lock Stitch Sewing Machine offered so low as the "New Family Substantial, satisfactory, and rapid-selling first-class Lock Stitch Sewing Machine offered so low as the "New Family Substantial, satisfactory, and rapid-selling first-class Lock Stitch Sewing Machine offered so low as the "New Family Substantial, satisfactory, and rapid-selling first-class Lock Stitch Sewing Machine offered so low as the "New Family Substantial, satisfactory, and rapid-selling first-class Lock Stitch Sewing Machine offered so low as the "New Family Substantial, satisfactory, and rapid-selling first-class Lock Stitch Sewing Machine offered so low as the "New Family Substantial, satisfactory, and rapid-selling first-class Lock Stitch Sewing Machine offered so low as the "New Family Substantial, satisfactory, and rapid-selling first-class Lock Stitch Sewing Machine offered so low as the "New Family Substantial, satisfactory, and rapid-selling first-class Lock Stitch Sewing Machine offered so low as the "New Family Text", reduced to only \$25; more complete with equipments, and lower in price than any other machine. It is elegant in work-manship and finish, surpasses all others in its work and fulfills all the requirements of every family as a helper. Thoroughly warranted hy written guarantee for five years, and kept in order free of charge. It will do every description of work-mine or coarse—that any machine, at any price, ever did, or can do; equally as rapid, correctly manship and finish, surpasses all others in its work and fulfills all the requirements of every family as a helper. Thoroughly warranted hy written guarantee for five years, and kept in order free of charge. It will do every description of work-mine or coarse—that any machine, at any price, ever did, or can do; equally as rapid, correctly manship and finish, surpasses all others in its work and fulfills all the requirements of every family as a hel

Persons who are troubled with weakness arising from a disordered state of the Urinary and Pro-creative Organs, such as Indisposition to exertion, Loss of power, or memory, difficulty in Breathing, Nervousness, Trembling, Weakness of Vision, Wakefulness, Pain in the small of the back, Muscular Lassitude, Hot and Dry Skin, Eruptions on Face, Pale complexion, &c., should at once procure a bottle of Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu. A judicious and prompt use of this preparation may be relied upon to give tone to the Organs, restore their power and remove the symptoms. Price one dollar—six for five dollars. For sale at F. Ports Green's Drug Store, Bush House Block. 1y-20cc w

Why Will You—Allow a cold to advance in your system and thus encourage more serious maladies, such as Pneumonia, Hemorrhages and Leng troubles when an immediate relief can be so readily attained. Boschee's German Syrup has gained the largest sale in the world for the cure of Coughs, Colds and the severest Lung Disease. It is Dr. Boschee's famous German prescription, and is prepared with the greatest care, and no fear need be entertained in administering it to the youngest child, as per directions. The sale of this medicine is unprecedented. Since first introduced there has been a constant increasing demand and without a single report of a failure to do its work in any case. Ask your Druggist as to the truth of these remarks. Large size 75 cents. Try it and be convinced. Sold by F. Potts Green, wholesale and 'ctail.

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Know how to force their sales, and that they sell such large quantities that they can

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Keeping up the quality, Keeping down the prices, Keeping things lively--and Keeping customers satisfied.

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DIRECTORY.

PRESBYTERIAN, Situated on Spring and foot of Howard streets. Services, Sunday at 10:30 A. M. and 7 F. M. Prayer meeting, Wednesday at 17 F. M. Sunday-school, 2½ F. M. in the Wigwam, northeast corner of Spring and Lamb. Pastor, Rev. William Laurie; residence, Spring street, south of Methodist church.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL, Situated southeast corner of Spring and Howard streets. Services, Sunday, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 F. M. Prayer-meeting, Wednesday, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 F. M. Prayer-meeting, Wednesday, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 F. M. Prayer-meeting, Wednesday, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 F. M. Prayer-meeting, Wednesday, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 F. M. Prayer-meeting, Wednesday, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 F. M. Prayer-meeting, Wednesday of the Church. Pastor, Rev. A. D. Vroum; residence, Sunday 8 and 10:30 A. M. and 7 F. M.; all other days, 1:20 A. M. Pastor, Rev. A. J. O'Brien; residence, south side of Bishop between Allegheny and Penn.

SEL JOHN'S EPISCOPAL, Situated southwest corner of Allegheny and Lamb streets. Services, Sunday 10:30 A. M. and 7 F. M. Wednesday services 1 F. M. and Sunday school Sunday 2 F. M., in basement of church. Rector, Rev. John Hewitt.

D. F. FORTNEY,

Attrorney-A-T-LAW,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Last door to the left in the Court House.

WALLACE & KREBS,

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CLEARFIELD. PA.

Will attend and try causes at Bellefonte when spe of Linn and Spring streets. Services, Sunday at 10:30 at Mill attend and try causes at Bellefonte when spe of Linn and Spring streets. Services, Sunday at 10:30 at Mill attend and try causes at Bellefonte when spe of Linn and Spring streets. Services, Sunday at 10:30 at M. and Try.

Will attend and try causes at Bellefonte when spe of Linn and Spring streets. Services, Sunday at 10:30 at M. and Try.

B. L. GERMAN REFORMED, Situated northeast corner of Linn and Spring streets. Services, Sunday at 10:30 at M. and Try.

M. A. Wallace.

D. L. CEARFIELD. PA.

Will attend and try causes at Bellefonte when spe of Linn and Spring streets. Services Sunday at 10:30 at M. and Try GERMAN REFORMED, Situated northeast corner of Linn and Spring streets. Services Sunday at 10:30 a M. and Y.F.M. Prayer meeting Wednesday 7.F.M. Sunday-school, Sunday 930 a.M.In the church. Pas-tor, Rev. Hiram King; residence on Spring street, rear of church.

rear of church.

BAPTIST, Situated northeast corner of High and Penn streets. Services, Sunday 10:30 A. M. and 7 F. M. Sunday-echool, Sunday 2:30 F. M. in church. Pastor, Rev W. A. Biggert; residence, west side of Allegheny south of Episcopal church.

UNITED BRETHREN, Situated corner South High and Thomas streets. Services, Sunday at 10:30 A. M. and 7 F. M. Prayer-meeting, Wednesday 7 F. M. Pastor, Rev. Mattern; residence, Central City.

AFRICAN METHODIST, Situated south end of High street. Services, Sunday 10:30 A. M. and 7 F. M. Prayer-meeting, Wednesday 7 F. M. Sunday-school in church at 2:30 F. M. Pastor, Rev. Jones; residence, Thomas street.

FRIENDS, Situated end of Logan street, near Bellefonte Academy. Méetings, Sunday 11 a. u., Wednesday 11 a. u.,

Wednesday 11 A. M.
Y. M. C. A., Prayer-meetings are held every Smol at 4 and every Friday at 7 r. M. in the room of the Association above the Poet Office. A Union meeting is theid in the room the first Sunday in each month at 4 r. M. Room open every night from? to 9 r. M. The Ladies' Temperance prayer-meeting meets in the room of Thursday at 3 r. M. and the National Christian Temperance Union at 7:30 p. M. same day.
CENTENNIAL TEMPERANCE CLUB, Regular meeting each Monday at 7 r. M. in their rooms in Bush's Arcade, High street.

New Advertisements.

A UDITOR'S NOTICE.—The Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas
to make distribution of the money in the hands of the
Sheriff, arising from the sale of the real estate of John
Brillinger, will attend to the duties of his appointment
at his office in Beliefonte on Friday the 21st of March,
1879, at 10 o'clock A. M.

W. C. HEINLE.
Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. DMINISTRATUR'S NOTION.

- Letters of Administration on the estate of John Switzer, occased, late of Bennie Township, having been granted to the undersigned, resident of Beliefonts, he requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said decedent to come forward and make immediate payment, and all having claims against him by present their accounts, duly authenticated for action set.

D. Z. KLINE, 10-4.

Bellefonts, March 4, 1879.

Administrator.

Administrator.

ESTRAY.—Come to the residence of the subscriber, in Boggs township, in October last, a RED HEIFER, supposed to be about two years old. No marks. The owner is requested to years offerward, prove property, pay charges, or it will be a few two property of the providence of according to law.

SECHLER & CO.,

GROCERS, FRUITERS and CONFECTIONERS, Holiday Goods.

SECHLER FLORIDA ORANGES, very fine fit SECHLER SECHLER WHITE ALMERIA GRAPES, the finest quality imported. SWEET POTATOES, choice stock, se-lected expressly for winter use— sound and firm.

CRANBERRIES, the best Cape Co and Jersey varieties. SECHLER

> NUTS—Princess paper-shell Almonds Peacus, English Walnuts, Brazi Nuts, Chestnuts, Shellbarks, Fil berts, Bordesu Almonds. CANNED FRUITS—Peaches, Pear Tomatoes, Strawberries, Corn, Pin Apples, Quinces, Beans, Peas Frenci —Peas American.

CHEESE, prime mild, full cream

LEMONS, fine new fruit. le Sauce, Olives, Pickled Oysters, andines, Pickles, Herbs, Cracker leal, Gelatine, Musiaria

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Bellefonte, Pa., may be consulted in English or German. Office in Garman's Building.

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Maj. D. J. BENNER, Clerk

GARMAN'S HOTEL,
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TERMS \$1.25 PER DAY. good Livery attached.

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CORNER CHESTRUT AND NINTH STREETS,
This house, prominent in a city famed for its com
fortable hotels, is kept in every respect equal to an
first-class hotels in the country. Owing to the street
gency of the times, the price of board has been reduce
to their bollans per day.

J. M'KIBBIN,
Manager.

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SUITS MADE TO ORDER, \$15.00;
PANTALOONS, \$4.08 Hats, Caps & Shirts. BELLEFONTE, PA.

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PROVISION STORE.

S. A. BREW & SON. Humes' Block, next door to Post Office, Are now selling goods in their line at much redprices for CASH or in exchange for all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE.

hey are receiving goods every day, so that customer can feel certain of getting PURE AND FRESH GOODS!

Their stock is complete and well selected, and consists in part of Light and Heavy Groceries,

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, Oranges, Lemons, Nuts & Raisins, CANNED AND DRIED FRUITS

THE CELEBRATED WASHINGTON BUTCHES Hams, Sides, Shoulders

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Together with the choices DRIED BEEF.

Persons wanting goods in their line will find it to heir advantage to give them a call.

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