MOTTOES FOR THE DAY. MOTTOES FOR THE DAY.

I will suffer death before I will consent or advise my friends to consent ta any concession or compromis. which looks like buying the privilege of taking possession of the Government to which we have a Constitutional right; because, whatever I might think of the merit of the various propositions before Congress, I should regard any concession in the face of menace as the destruction of the Government itself, and a annient on all hands that our system shall be brought down to a level with the existing disorganized state of affairs in Mexico. But this thing will hereafter be, as it is now, in the hands of the people; and if they desire to call a Convention the people; and if they desire to call a Convention to remove any grievances complained of or to give new warranties for the permanence of vested rights, it is not mine to oppose. [ABRAHAM LINCOLN.]

Inauguration first; adjustment afterward.
[SALMON P. CHASE.

I we it to myself, I we it to truth, I owe it to be subject, to state that no earthly power could induce me to vote for a specific measure for the introduction of Slavery wars it had not before existed, either South or North of hat line. Coming as I do from a Slave Stas, it my solemm, deliberate, and well-scatured destruction that no power-no earthly power-eds. compel me to vote for the positive introduction of Slavery either south or nothrof that line. Sir, while you reproach, and justly, too, our British ancestors for the introduction of this institution upen the continent of America, sam, for one, unwilling that the posterity of the pre ent inhabitants of California and New Mexico shall reproach us for doing just what we re proach Great Britain for doing to us. If the citizens of those Territories choose to establish eitizens of those Territories choose to establish Slavery, I am for admitting them with such provisions in their Constitutions; but then, it posterity will have to reproach them, and not us, for forming Constitutions allowing the institution of Slavery to exist among them.
[HENRY CLAY.

Off with their Heads.

The Watchman last week published an extract from "the private letter of a friend who has for some time filled a clerkshir in Shugert of this place, who owns the Watch- bear more. man. The correspondent grows sick at heart at the mere thought of giving up the good fat office he has held under the Government for the last sixteen years, and clutches at the least hope of remaining as a drowning man would grasp at a straw. He says :

"The only hope I have of remaining, is that they cannot accommodate more than one out of fifty; that the besieged will seen get tired of the annoyance, and send these hung-ry, starvig applicants home. But I am not building much even upon this. To be honbuilding much even upon this. To be hon-est about it, I do not expect to stay, as I have been a strong opponent of the present party. They cannot, however, turn all out once as they must retain some to instruct the new ones.

So this fat, slick office-holder, that has spunged the Government out of enough of money to buy a good farm, a paper, and put out a considerable sum on interest, besides henes to hold on while the hungry, starving applicants are sent home. These hungry, starving applicants, as he calls them, are good and true men, who battled through sunshine and storm for the success of our glorieus principles, and now that the party has triumphed, are they to be set aside and men retained in place who have done all in their power to defeat us? If that is the pelicy to good and true men for every office; men who ever held place under the Federal Government; and they must be appointed. Let the robbing horde who have brought our Government to bankruptcy and ruin, be sent home to feed on their ill gotten gains, while henest and true men administer the Government. But, says the Watchman correspondent. 'They cannot turn cut all at once, as they must retain some to instruct the new enes." Instruct them to do what? Steal, we suppose. You had better retain Mr. Thompson a few months to teach Mr. Smith how to extract Indian Bonds ; of perhaps it Mr. Cameron how to arm Southern rebels .-

ie efficials. "To the victors belong the vote. spoils," that was Mr. Van Buren's mottoers of our party will not suffer themselves to merman, and Maj. A. B. Snyder. be set aside in order to accommodate, with office, corrupt men who have growed fat by sucking the life blood from their unhappy country. More than that yet, the rank and file will not stand by and see the claims of sued. Mr. Shugert must come home, no ings to do so. Every Government official must be ousted and new and better men anpointed to take their places. Then, and not till then, can the nation be cleansed of cor-

When the Governments of Europe strongest Forts into the hands of the Rebels lie stalls where they have fattened. what impression will it preduce? Why, that the rebels have licked the government-

The Surrender of Fort Sumpter.

Fert Sumpter is to be surrendered-not given up-but absolutely surrendered with all its arms and amunitions of war. This humiliation will be deeply felt by the American people, but there is now no alternative. That newspaper great man, Maj. Anderson, has layed behind his guns and saw the rebels the sacrifice. What do we want with Fort sieners at present. Sumpter? It is placed at the mouth of mains that Maj. Anderson is a traitor to his him to mind his own business. country. If so, he is the worst that ever lived. Before the inauguration all his dispatch. es informed our Government that he did not need re-inforcements and supplies-now before the Administration is three weeks old he is out of provisions, and asks to be re-inforc ed, or says he must surrender. The Government that he cannot be re-inforced without the assistance of an immense armament which immense expense, and result in the loss of Washington. many valuable lives. Why did Maj. Anderson permit himself to be surrounded? When them that if they did not stop he would fire on them, and the work was stopped. Maj. Anderson's conduct will not compare favorably with that of Lieut. Slemmer.

Again, why did Maj. Anderson allow the regulars to withdraw from the Fort as their | hands of the rebels. time run out, when he had the power to retain them in service, and when he knew that the services of every man was important. If Anderson is a traitor at all, the abandonment of Fort Moultrie was a part of the plot, and he has been in the employ of the South all the time we have been engaged in making him a great man. We hope he may be able to clear himself of the suspicion that now rests one of the Departments at Washington."_ upon him. Time will tell what he is, and we We suppose the gentleman referred to is Mr. | will rot absolutely, condemn him until we of New York.

New County.

A bill was read in place last Saturday, in the Legislature, to form a new county out of Centre and Clearfield ; taking Rush, Taylor, Worth and Huston, off Centre County.

This we suppose is the result of the do trine of secession. Will go out, will you? merly a member of the Senate, and his char-Well you wont, see if you will, got to stay in the County, and behave well, too; if you don't, we will call out the Fencibles, well we will. Can't secede, no you can't. Centre County as it is, one and inseperable, now and forever.

SATER.

Our latest advices inform us that th

Southern part of the County has seceded. Another despatch says that the Northern Townships are also preparing to ge out .-Hurrah for secession! Where is Gen. Wolf, and the army? Have the Centre Dragoons and Warriors Mark Cavalry, gone over to the Secessionists? Wen't somebody tell us, quick? Do the rebels intend besieging the Old Fort, and seizing Potters Bank? Hold, brother! we'll surrender, don't shoot. Port said to still be loyal, Benj. Rich and Dr. until stopped by Congress. out over night. The Democratic Watchman. of this place, has been purchased by the rebels. Great excitement prevails. Harris Township will not secede. Squire Jack, it is said, will take strong grounds against the secession movement

The Post Master.

The centest for the Pest Office at this place is carried on in earnest. Since the return of manner of its delivery is a matter of much Judge Hale, the friends of the several candidates have been busily engaged in urging dates have been busily engaged in urging citement or passion. They may remember the Judge to use his influence in favor of the anecdote of Swift. When the Dean was would be well to recall Mr. Fleyd to instruct their respective candidates. We believe the arguing one day with great coolness, with a gentleman who had become exceedingly Judge has concluded to leave it to a vote of Mr. Cameron how to arm Southern rebels.—

Evil communications corrupt good manners, and God forbid that these men should master comes in more direct contact with the Master comes in more direct contact with the well?" "The reason is," replied the Dean, "I have truth on my side." perienced office bolders. If they must have ment, and a full and fair expression of their instructors let the honest old men who served | preference should be had. The polls is the under Harrison and Taylor, and who are preper method to get this. To the polls then now living in retirement, be recalled for a sovereigns, and decide who shall reign over few months, but for Heaven's sake don't let | the mail bags. To the victors belong the them fall into the hands of modern democrat- spoils, and none but Republicans should

We would suggest that the board propound it is good democracy, and we are in favor of adopting it as a rule to guide the present ad ministration. It is the way they have al—

"Did you vote for Lincoln?" "Do you get rid of her and her burdens is a God-send. ways done, and surely they will not object your mail matter at Bellefonte?" To those to being done by as they have done to oth- who have become twenty-one since the elecers. Parties, as well as armies, must be tion, let the following be put: "Would you kept up by rewarding the deserving. It is have voted for Lincoln?" Every one who this, the hope of preferment, that makes the gets his mail at this office, (if a Republican.) common soldier fight a good fight. Our par- should be allowed to vote. The fellowing ty has met with a signal triumph, and if we gentlemen will be candidates : Martin Stone, are not to reap the benefits, we will not soon Delaune Grey, Wm. Tripple, Wm. Raphile, have another victory to boast of. The lead- Geo. Graffins, Chas. McBride, Albert Am-

Why is it?

We are asked why it is that the Northern Lecofoco leaders are so averse to having the their leaders ignored. Such a policy would Southern traitors "coerced" inte obedienee be fatal to our party and it must not be pur- to the laws, and why they are so anxious to make concessions on se large a scale as matter how unpleasant it may be to his feel- to induce these Traitors to disband and return to their allegiance? The reasons are emply assume the title of King of Italy .plain. The Northern Locofocos for years have been in partnership with the Ttaitorshave participated since 1850 in the conspiraruption, and the Government brought back ey to nationalize Slavery; bave had "the revolt. to its original simplicity and purity. Again spoils" under two administrations mainly by the votes of these Southern conspirators: and hepe by some juggle, dignified by the hear that the Nation has surrendered its name of compremise, to get back to the pub-

These are the reasons, May they doomed to defeat,

Latest from Washington.

The last reports seem to indicate that the Cabinet will shortly recognize the independence of the Southern Confederacy. We are informed that the Administration

will not receive the Southern Commissioners in their proper character. They will be received but the President will not see them. erect battery after battery, until now they The abondonment of Fort Sumter is as much ter. The advantage to be gained is not worth they have decided not to receive the Commis-

Senator Wilson made a sharn speech in Charleston Harbor to protect the city, and the Senate, in which he rebuked Mr. Dougthe city being new in the hands of the rebels las for his impudence in speaking for Mr. it becomes useless. Little doubt now re- Lincoln's Administration, and plainly told

No extra session of Congress will be cal-

The New Yorkers want the new Tariff repealed. They had better wait until they see how it works.

The appointments come in slow. It is tedious work. The Senate will, in all probament investigates the affair, and ascertains bility adjourn, and leave many unconfirmed. The latest Despatches say that Fort Pickens had been attacked, and a fight occurred. would necessarily involve the nation in an The news produced great excitement at

The lights at Pensecola were extinguished by order of Col. Forney, the Collector, on the enemy commenced erecting batteries the 7th. This is another Southern outrage, around Fort Pickens Lieut. Slemmer notified as Northern yessels cannot enter without running the risk of being wrecked.

The latest news from Texas inform us that Fort Brown was surrendered on the 12th, to the secessionists. All the Government troops are leaving Texas, and everything is in the

Important Nominations.

MINISTERS TO THE GREAT FOREIGN POWERS. WASHINGTON, March 18,-The President

to-day nominated to the Serate as Minister to England-Charles F. Adams, of Massachusetts. Minister to France-William L. Dayton, of

New Jersey.
Minister to Sardinia-George P. Marsh, of Vermont.
Minister to Turkey-James Watson Webb,

It is thought that the following gentlemen

will be appointed

Mr. Burlingame will go to Austria:

Mr. Motley will be sent to Hague,
Mr. Shurtz will go to Brazil.
Mr. Cassius M. Clay is to go to Spain.
The nomination of Mr. Dayton, as Miniser to France, was immediately confirmed, the rule requiring it to be refered having been suspended, as that gentleman was for acter is, therefore, sufficiently known without formal investigation. This is the usual courtesy in such cases.

The Senate also confirmed the following

ominations :-Benjamin M, Trumbull as receiver of Public Moneys at Omaha, N. T. Ex-Congressman Wm. A. Howard

Postmaster at Detroit, Michigan.
Wm. S. Thayer was nominated for Consul General to Egypt, and Patrick J. Devine as Consul at Cork Dr. Lock, of Indiana has been appointed Chief of the Agricultural Bureau of the Patent Offica.

Shugert to be Removed.

Just as we go to Press we clip the followng from the New York Tribune:
"Great efforts are making to induce the President to withdraw the nomination of Mr. Halloway as Commissioner of Patents. In power to defeat us? If that is the pelicy to be pursued by the Republican party, we have fought our last fight for it, and it has achieved its last victory. We have scores of next week, to attack Unionville, which is already in the hands of the rebellionists. Col. Macmannus will, in all probably be nominated. When that office is filled, one of the first removals will be that of Mr. Slugart, present Chief Clerk. It was he who endeavored to force through an exhibit the reward have fought for its and other special objects, the amount of debt of Mr. Slugart, present Chief Clerk. It was he who endeavored to force through an exhibit the reward have fought for its and other special objects, the amount of debt of Mr. Slugart, present Chief Clerk. It was he who endeavored to force through an exhibit the reward have fought for its and other special objects, the amount of debt of Mr. Slugart, present Chief Clerk. It was he who endeavored to force through an exhibit the reward have fought for its and other special objects, the amount of debt of Mr. Slugart, present Chief Clerk. It was he who endeavored to force through an exhibit the resource of next week, to attack Unionville, which is He did extend are fully capable, and will fill them better than any sneaking, thieving democrat that early next morning, and had all the papers signed in one day, which, in the ordinary routine, consumes a week or more.

THE POWER OF TRUTH .- The secession journals denounce Mr. Lincoln's inaugural with characteristic vehemence. The Rich-mond Enquirer says "it is couched in the cool, unimpassioned, deliberate language of a fanatic." and with other fire eating papers the calm, circumspect and self-possessed fault finding. Our traitorous friends should know that Mr. Lincoln has no reason for ex-

Parson Brownlow does not seem to He says: "South Carolina has drawn more from the National Treasury than any other State in the Union, according to her population. She has had a larger represen-tation in Congress than any other State of no greater white population. And she has paid less into the National Treasury than any And she has paid Let her go, and Ged. in his mercy, forbid that she ever return ! '

Locemotives, to be driven by Amerian anthracite coal, are now constructing by their work-shops at Irvy, under the direction of a Philadelphian, of the name of Milhol-land. The coal can be laid down on the line for \$6,76 per ton, and the experiment annoys the English coal dealers very much. It is said to be owing to the enterprise of a French nobleman recently in this country, whose attention was drawn to the subject while travelling with Lord Lyons, the British min ister, over the Reading Railway.

ITALY. -The course of politics indicate that ere long Napeleon will abandon the protection which he has given to the Pope, since 1848, leaving that Pontiff to settle matters with Victor Emmanuel as best he can.— In a short time Victor Emmanuel will sol-Venetia will probably be purchased from Austria, and war be prevented. This is the more probable, as Austria has her hands full a attending to Hungary, which is ripe for

East Baltimore M. E. Conference.

CHAMBERSBURG, March 15. The East Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church is now in session here. There are over two hundred minlisters in attendance.

WASHINGTON LAYING THE CORNER STONE OF THE CAPITOL.—A correspondent of the Bangor Whig tells the following very interesting anecdote of Washington:

Recent events have recalled very forcibly to my mind the following incident which may erhaps prove interesting to your readers at

Being on a visit to Washington during the recess of Congress in the spring of 1857, I walked one day with a friend to view the erect battery after battery, until now they cover him all over. It would require 10,000 as we can stand at one dose, so the doughmen, and 1,000 lives to reinforce Fort Sump-faces at Washington think, and therefore building, we fell in with a venerable looking man, baving the appearance of a country man, who seemed to be there upon the same business that we were. We entered into conversation with him, and he informed us that he was a Virginian, 'raised' a few miles from Mount Vernen. 'Very likely; then,' we remarked, 'you may recollect General Washington.

'Perfectly well' he replied. 'Indeed, I saw him when he laid the foundation of this building. I was but a boy then,' he contin-ued, 'but I remember very distinctly bow he looked as he stood in this way over the stone and settled it in its place with a pry. It was a huge stone, and as placed, it must have re-quired no little strength to move it. But the General was a very athletic man, and moved it apparently with ease. There was a num-ber of boys there from our neighborhood, and it was a standing marvel to us all, how the General moved that stone. A few days after, the General happened to be riding by our school house on horseback, as we were playing outside. We all pulied off our hats to him and he stopped his horse for a mo-ment and spoke to us very pleasantly. One of the boys cried out, 'Please, General, tell us how it was you moved that great stone, up yonder, the other day? 'O yes, General, you moved it, we all saw you.' 'Well boys, said the General, looking very serious, and speaking slowly, and shaking his long finger as he spoke, 'Do you see that nobody moves that stone again.'"

CASSIUS M. CLAY, the new Minister to the Court of Spain, was born in Madison county, Ky., on the 19th of October, 1810. After studying in Transylvania University at Lexington, in that State, he entered the Junior class of Yale College, where he was garduated in 1832, and returned to Kentucky. He deveted himself to the law, and in 1835, was elected to the State Legislature. He was reelected in 1837, and in 1839 was a member of the National Whig Convention at Harrisburg which nominated General Harrison for President. Taking up his residence at Lexington he was elected to the Legislature in 1840. He was, however defeated in 1841, owing to his opinions on the slavery question which he everywhere fearlessly expressed.— He denounded the scheme for the annexation of Texas, and in 1844 traversed the Northern States, addressing immense audiences in favor of the Whig Presidential candidate. It 1845 he established the True American, an emancipation journal, in Lexington, amid emacipation journal, in Lexington, amid great opposition. Upon the declaration of war with Mexico, he entered the service as captain of the "Old Infantry," a volunteer company which had distinguised itself at the battle of Tippecanoe in 1811. He was taken prisoner at Encarnacion in January, 1847.— He was exchanged, and returned home in the Autumn of that year, and was presented with a sword in honor of his services. In 1848 he labored hard for the election of Gen. Taylor and in 1850 presented himself as a candidate for Governor of the State of Kentucky, on the basis of a political organization against slavery. He received some 5000 votes. He has not since been a candidate before the people through active in political life.

THE FINANCIAL RESULTS OF BUCHANAN'S Administration.—Hon. John Sherman recently made, in the House of Representatives, a concise and very forcible exhibit of the condition in which the national finances are placed. The absolute public debt outstanding at this moment, is no less than \$87, 000,000; and adding what is required to satisfy the Choctaw and other Indian war debts, to make good the Indian trust fund, and other special objects, the amount of debt \$17.710.114, making the net actual debt at that time only \$11,350,562. The increase debt in four years has been no less than \$84 838 722, or at the rate of \$21,500,000 per ap

"Antelope," the New York correspondent of the New Orleans Picayune, had a look at President Lincoln while he was there, and concludes that while there is gen iality and merited worth speaking from that face, there is at the same time an iron cast presented, and an indomitable will. Indeed, sledge hammers, with which I break rocks at home-his body slender like the handle but topped off with a head all solidity, al firm endurance, all iron. His bands, are all muscle, and a strong grip from them must be like the grasp of a vice.

Everybody is drunk in Charleston. The houses are illuminated, and there is general rejoicing over the contemplated surrender of Fort Sumpter. South Carolinia swears she has licked the eld Government, and that the Confederacy is triumphant. Commissioners will shortly sail for desire South Carclina's return to the Union. Ito negotiate the recognition of the indepen dence of the Southern Confederacy. So much for Secession. They are geting on famously, and if the Government and everyboey else lets them alone a while longer they will get up some sort of a paper nation.

Merchants visiting Philadelphia will find the largest carpet warehouse, and the line, at No. 509 Chestnut street, Messrs. McCallum & Co., Proprietors, possessing great facilities for manufacturing and importing extensively feel assured that they can offer inducements to purchasers. See their card in another column, and make a note of

render of Fort Sumpter is no more than that at stake in giving up any other Fort. What is the difference between giving up Fort Sumpter and surrendering any other piece of Government property? Have they not got all our Forts in Texas? Have they not Have they not got the Mint at New Orleans? Let them have Fort Sumpter-it is of no use to us.

" A Good Sign."-The Anti Slavery Stan dard denounces Mr. Lincoln's Inaugural as illiterate and not sufficiently hostile to the South. The Charleston Mercury attacks it also for its grammatical defects, and because it is down on the South. When these ex-tremes meet, it is evidence that the inaugural must be nearer the right thing than we supposed.

Prof. Sands, the celebrated wizare and exposer of the so called spiritual mani-festations, will give an exhibition this evenentertainment given last evening proved to be both interesting and amusing, and we bespeak for him a large audience. Doors open at 7 o'clock admission ing, (Thursday.) in Reynold's Hall. at 7 o'clock, admission twenty-five cents, children half price.

The Governor has signed the bill sylvania Rail Road Company. He has also Flour for sale by Pen Flour for sale by Pen 18, 1866.]

D. LEYDEN & CO.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—

The following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of Heirs Legatees, creditors and all others in any way interested, and will be presented to the Orphan's Court of Centre county to be held at Bellefonte, on Monday March 28th for allowance and confirmation:

1st. The account of John W. Havs, Adm'r. of John W. & Martha H. Donaghy, late of Howard township, dec'd.

John W. & Martha H. Donaghy, late of Howard township, dec'd.

2d. The account of John Shannon. Adm'r., of Rebecca Tanyar, late of Potter twp., dec'd.

3d. The account of James Gordon, Adm'r., of Martin Harnish, late of Walker twp., dec'd.

4th. The account of Michael Bozer, Adm'r., of David Forrey, late of Penn twp., dec'd.

5.h. The account of Michael Roan, Guardian of Benj. Dunkle, minor child of Jacob Dunkle, late Gregg twp., dec'd.

Gregg twp., dec'd.
6th. The account of Jos. Wilson, Guardian of Enoch & George Hastings, minor children of Daniel Hastings, late of Harris twp., dec'd.
7th. The account of Isaac S. Franc, Executor of the estate of Jacob Shoemaker, late of Gregg twp.

8th. The account of Frederick Burkert Guar Sth. The account of Frederick Burkert Guardian of Robecca and William Harper, minor children of Gee. Harper, late of Miles twp., dec'd.

9th. The account of R. H. Duncan, Adm'r., of John F. Hays, late of Gregg twp., dec'd.

10th. The account of John and Jonas Stine, Adm'rs. of Jonas Stine, Sr., late of Patton township, dec'd.

11th. The account of Jno. P. Packer, Adm'r' of Jacob Bear, late of Howard twp., dec'd.

12th. The account of Adam Hosterman & Sam. Krape, Executors of Adam Krape, late of Penn towp., dec'd. WM. H. LONGWELL, Reg'r.

Reg'rs Office, Bellefon'e, mar. 21, '61.—tc.

WHEREAS the Hon. Samuel Linn, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas in the twenty-fifth Sudicial District, consisting of the counties of Centre, Clearfield and Clinton, and the Hon. Henry Barnharl, and Wm. Burchfield, the Hon. Henry Barnhart, and Wm. Burchfield, Esqr's, Associate Judges in Centre Co., having issued their precept to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, Quarter Sessions, Orph ans' Court, Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery at Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and to commence on the fourth Monday of April, it being the 28th day, and continuous and continuous contractions.

day of April, it being the 28th day, and continue one week.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Constables of the said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper pursons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day with their records, inquisitions, examinations and their other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand at Bellefonte the 21st day of March, A. D., 1861, and in the 85th year of the independence of the United States.

GEO. ALEXANDER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Centre co., Penn'a., mar. 21, 1861 - tc.

H. WARD. MANUFACTURER OF & DEALER IN Straw Goods.

Nos. 103, 105 and 107 North Second PHILADELPHIA. now receiving our SPRING STOCK, which will comprise a large and desiral ment of all kinds of STRAW AND LACE GOODS.

Also a large assortment of Ladies' and Children' HATS. Our stock of FLOWERS and RUCHES, will be unusually large this Season, and we would invite your special attention to that department.—Please call and examine them before naking your Nos. 103, 105 & 107 N. Second St., above Arch

GLEN-ECHO MILLS. GERMANTOWN, PA.

McCallum & Co. IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

CARPETINGS, DRUGGETS. OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &C.
Warehouse, No. 509 Chestnut Street.
Opposite the State House,
mar. 21, '61.—1y.] PHILADELPHIA.

BELLEFONTE ACADEMY. THE Bellefonte Academy will re-open on Wed-nesday the 17th of April. With the assis-tance of a successful teacher I hope to be able to afford greater facilities for the acquisition of a thorough education than heretofore.

thorough education than heretofore.

The terms are low, and no deduction will be made for absence after the opening of school.

Common Eng. Branches,

Stria "and Mathematics, 5.00

Che Classics, 6.00 Common Eng. Branches,
Extra " and Mathematics, Contingent fee, A. M. WHITE, Principal.

mar. 21, 1861.-4t.

JUST RECEIVED. A LARGE LOT OF WALL PAPER, of the Latest Styles, which will be sold at the lowest possible prices. None need look elsewhere as

stock.

We have also a fine assortment of SHAKERS,

We have also a fine assortment of SHAKERS, palm and willow colored and white. Persons de-siring goods at prices to suit the times would find it to their advantge to buy of the undersigned who have a choice stock of all goods generally found in a country store.

mar. 21, '61.—tf.] TONNER & STEEL.

TIME! LIME!! LIME!!!—

The subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has erected a Lime Kiin near the Borough of Bellefonte, where he is making Lime of a superior quality. which is acknowledged to be as white and pure as the Plymouth lime. All he asks is to give it a trial, and he is satisfied the nurchaser will come back again. he is satisfied the purchaser will come back again mar. 21, 1861.—6m.] LEON MACKALL.

DENTIST.—Office and residence on the North side of the Public Square. Will pay particular attention to the preservation of the natural teeth. Artificial teeth inserted on any of the approved styles. At home except two weeks, commencing with the first of each month. [Bellefonte, mar. 21, 1861.—tf. A UDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned an au-

The undersigned an au-ditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Centre county, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the Administrator of the Estate of James Ardry, Sr., to and among those persons legally entitled to receive the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Thursday, the 18th day of April, 1861, at the office of Curtin & Blanchard, in Bellefonte. EVAN M. BLANCHARD, mar. 14, 1861.—td.] Auditor.

CAUTION.—
All persons are hereby cautioned against meddling with the following named property now in the nands of Isaac Walker, as I have purchased the same at Shariff's Sale, and loaned than to him dwin are placed.

them to him during my pleasure;
Nine head of Young Cattle, 1 Cow, 2 Bay Horses, 2 Sets Horse Gears, 8 Hogs, 2 Tons of Hay,
10 Bushel of Wheat, 70 Bushel of Rye, 1 Yoke
Work Cattle, \$\frac{3}{2}\$. of 13 Acres Rye in the ground, \$\frac{3}{2}\$
of 20 Acres Wheat in the ground,
mar. 14, '61.—6t.]

JONA. BULLLOCK. DOSTS FOR SALE.—
The undersigned has or

hend and for sale a large supply of Posts of all kinds, which will be sold in quantities to suit purchasers and at reasonable prices. Persons wishing to buy will please call on the subscriber at his residence in Milesburg, or upon Mr. Wagner at the Milesburg Mill.

James Brown.

James Brown.

ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, CHESTNUT STREET PHILADELPHIA.

WM. B. CAMPBELL, Proprieto J. MURRY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, of Bellefonte, Penn'a. Office on High St., in the building formerly occupied by the flon. James Burnside, dec'd. [mar. 14, 1861.—tf.

LOT of Ladies Woolen Hoods just received by D. LEYDEN & CO. A LOT of Ladies Woole by Bellefonte, Dec. 20, '60.

A. HAWLEY & CO. PRACTICAL PERFUMERS,

North Fourth Street, Philadelphia. The proprietors of this establishment feel con-fident that their preparations will compare favorably with any in the world, either foreign or lomestic. Extracts for the handkerchief of the most exquisite odors. Pomapes and Oils for the hair, of the finest texture and the sweetest per-

SHAVING CREAMS and TOILET SOAPS of he finest and most delicate formation.

Also, HAWLEY'S LIQUID HAIR DYE, is de-

Also, HAWLEY'S LIQUID HAIR DIE, is decidedly superior to any now in use.

A. HAWLEY'S OLEATE OF COCOA.—This preparation is the article above all others for dressing the hair. It is exceedingly fine and delicate and renders the hair dark, soft and glossy. The odor is delightful. No one should be without it. Powbers, BANDOLINE, ROUGE, &c., and every variety f fine and choice perfumery.

HAWLEY'S FRUIT EXTRACTS for flavoring pies,

puddings, jellies, confectionary, and Mineral Water Syrups. All of which rival the best, and are surpassed by none.

A. HAWLEY'S
SOLIDIFIED DENTAL CREAM, A. HAWLEY'S

SOLIDIFIED DENTAL CREAM,
For Cleansing, Whitening and Preserving the teeth.—This article is prepared with the greatest care upon scietific principles, and warranted not to contain anything in the slightest degree deleterious to the teeth or gums. Some of our most eminent Dental Surgeons have given their sanction to, and cheerfully recommend it as a preparation of superior qualities for cleansing, whitening and preserving the teeth. It cleans them readily, rendering them beautifully white and pearly, without the slightest injury to the enamel. It is healing to the gums where they are ulcerated and sore. It is also an excellent disinfectes for old decayed teeth, which are often exceedingly offensive. It gives a rich and creamy taste to the mouth, cleansing it thoroughly, and imparting a delightful fragance to the breath.—In short, it does all that could reasonably be expected of any article of this kind to do. A fair trial is all that is uccessary the most fastidious or skeptical that it is an article of superior merit.

Prepared only by A. HAWLEY & CO., 117 North Fourth St., Phil'a. [mar. 7,-61.—6m.

AMERICAN Life Insurance & Trust Company, OFFICE, AMERICAN BUILDINGS, Walnut St., S. E. corner of Fourth, PHILADELPHIA.
Incorporated 1850.—Charter Perpetual.

Capital, \$500,000.... Paid up, \$250,000.

ASSETS, January 1, 1861

ONEY on DRI OSIT with the Company all safely invested in Bonds, Mortgages, and other first class securities, separate from and not other first class securities, separate included in the following items:)
First Mertgages, Real Estate, and Ground Kents, amply secured, Loans of Gity of Philadelphia, Reading Railro'd First Mortgage B'nds, State of Tennessee Bonds, Wyoming Canal First Mortgage Bonds, Bank and other Stocks, and Loans

on Call, secured by ample collaterals, Bills receivable on Mutual Policies, Cash in hands of Agents, secured by

Bonds, 7,138 72
Cash on Hand and in Banks, 56,775 15
Present Value of Future Premiums
calculated to December 31, 1860, 1,185,648 75 \$1,871,127 67 ALEXANDER WHILLDIN, President.

SAMUEL WORK, Vice President. JOHN C. SIMMS, Secretary, JOHN S. WILSON, Treasurer BOARD OF DIRECTORS. J. Edgar Thompson,
John Anspach, Jr.,
Jonas Bowman,
William J. Howard,
R. H. Townsend, M. D.,
Albert C. Roberts. lexander Whilldin, Samuel Work,
John C. Farr,
John Aikman,
Samuel T. Bodine,

George Nugent, H. H. Eldridge, [mar. 7,-'61.-1y. JOHN MONTGOMERY. Merchant Tailor, ALLEGHENY STREET,
BELLEFONTE, PENNA

THE undersigned would most respectfully in-form the public that he will continue to car-ry on the Tailoring and Clothing business at the Old stand, on the south corner of Brokerhoff's Row, where he is prepared to make to order all kinds of clothing in the neatest and most fash-ionable styles. He keeps on hand a large variety o

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS AND VESTINGS, of the most approved paterns. At his Establish-READY-MADE CLOTHING.

of every description may be lound, now selling at reduced prices. His thanks are due the public for the liberal share of patronge heretorore bestowed upon him; and the hopes by strict attention to business, to merit a continue-Bellefonte Jan., 12th '60-1y

FAIRVIEW SEMINARY. JACKSONVILLE, CENTRE COUNTY, PENNA. Rev. J. S. WEISZ, Proprietor and Principal. Mr. W. D. WAGONER, Principal Teacher.

Mr. W. D. WAGONER, Principal Teacher,
Miss C. GIBSON, Assistant.

THIS institution, under its new arrangement,
will open on the 10th of April next. It is
designed for young men and ladies, fer whose
moral and intellectual improvement no pains will
be spared. The first term will consist of ten weeks
each, with the usual vacation during harvest.
Terms as reasonable as at any other institution
of the kind. For particulars address,
Rev. J. S. WEISZ,
mar. 7, '61.—6t.] Walker. Centre Co., Pa.

THOTOGRAPHY in all its Branches, executed in the best style known in the art, at C. G. CRANE'S GALLERY. 532 Arch Street, East of Sixth, Philadelphia

Life Size in Oil and Pastil, Stereoscopic Portraits,
Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, &c.,
For Cases, Medallions, Pins, Rings, &c.
March 7, 1861.—1y

A UDITOR'S NOTICE.--The undersigned a pointed an Auditor by the Orphan's Cou pointed an Auditor by the Orphan's Court entre county, to hear and report in the matter of the exceptions to the account of Frederick Krumrine, Adm'r of the estate of Samuel Greim will meet the parties interested at his office in the Borough of Bellefonte, on Saturday, the 6th day of April next, 1861, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

JAS. H. RANKIN, Auditor.

March 7, 1861.—6t.

WANTED.—A young man from the country, unacquainted with city vices, to engage in the Commission business. One who can command from \$200 to \$300, and furnish satisfactory references will find a permanent situation at a salary of \$35 per month, for first six months. For particulars, address GEORGE. C. MONTEATH, Commission Merchant, 411 Walnut Street, Phil adelphia, Pa., [Feb. 28, 1860.—2m.

A GENTS WANTED.—We want an Agent in every city, town and county in the United States and Canada, to sell a new patent article just invented. It requires a capital of from \$1\$ to \$5\$, and to persons out of employent it offers great inducements. For full particulars write immediately, and you will receive our letter by return mail. ly, and you will receive our letter by return mail SEABOLDT & CO., 432 Walnut St., Feb 28, 1860.—3m.] Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb 28, 1860.—3m.]

THE RODUGGER.

THIS wonderful article, just patented, is some-thing entirely new, never before offered to agents, who are wanted everywhere. Full pariculars sent free. Address SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine. March, 7, 1861.—1y.

ETTERS of Administration on the Estate of Fred'k, Shank, late of Howard twp., dec'd., granted to the undersigned who requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to make immediate payment, and those have claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

CHRISTIAN SHANK, Adm'r. Jan. 24, '61.—6t.

D LEY DEN & CO., have just received a fin assortment of Fall and Winter Goods which they offer very low for each or country produce, Nov. 5, 1800.—42.



AYER'S CATHARTIC

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeding upon you toms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right removed. Take Ayer's Filts, and cleause out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again, They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous settivity, purify the system from the obstructions which make mewhere in the body, and ob-

disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, discare. A cond settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they reactore than tarrial action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these, Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1866.

Da. Aven: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic. From Dr. E. W. Curturight, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellant qualities surpass any cathartic we pessess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the lowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach. From Dr. Edward Boyd, Ballimore.

Dear Bro. Ayen: I cannot answer you what complaine
I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we
ever treat with a purpaitive medicine. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with
disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the
best we have, I of course value them highly.

Privilence them inginy.

Privilence them inginy.

Dr. J. C. Aver. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headerhe any body can have by a dose or two for our Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect,

Clerk of Steamer Clarken.

Billous Disorders - Liver Complaints. From Dr. Theodore Rell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the curs of bitieus complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I staceral rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthly the confidence of the profession and the people.

Department of the procession and the peoples Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1806. Siz: I have used your Fills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathatric we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, have seldem found a case of bitious disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhea, Relax, Worms. From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver nakes them an excellent reneity, when given in small doese for billous dysentery and diarrhose. Their sugar-conting makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use, of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood. Prom. Rev. J. V. Himes, Pustor of Advent Church, Boston,
Dr. Ayrr: I have used your Pills with extraordinary
success in my family and among those I am called to visit
in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and
purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have
ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to
my friends.

Yours, J. V. HIMES. WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purpative to cleanse the system and purify the foundains of the blood.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J.P. Taughn, Montral, Guada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the eure of outlierless. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe custiceness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midseife, Boston I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural score-tion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the squared, and exact words. They

From the Rev. Dr. Hamkes of the Methodist Plais Charrels From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epist. Charris,
PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.
HONDED Sir: I should be ungrateful for the relief
your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to
you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neurolyic pains, which ended in chronic rheusetism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the
disease grow worse and worse, until by the advice of your
excellent agent in Bultimore, Dr. Mackensie, I tried your
Pills, Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering
in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Ronge, La. 5 Dec. 1854.

Dr. Aver: I have been entirely enred, by your Pills, of Rheumutic Gout—a painful disease that had affileted me for years.

VINCENT SLIDELL.

which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever. Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for \$1. Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass. Sold by J. Harris & Co., Bellefonte; J. Bing, Unionville; R. D. Cummings, Port Matilda; Hebler & Co., Stormstown; H. Foster, Millheim; D. O. Bower, and Gross & Yearick, Aaronsburg; C. G. Ryman, Milesburg, and by one trader in Jan. 10, '61.—iy.

HAINES & DOCK. WHOLES ALE GROCERS, No. 35 North Water Street, PHILADELPHIA.

GROCERIES, GROCERIES, GROCERIES, GROCERIES, GROCERIES, GROCERIES, Merchants of Central Pennsylvania LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST !!

f you wish to buy cheap go to Haines & Dock
They keep on hand the best articles to be had
in the City, in their line of business.
Call and examine their goods.
Remember their Firm is at
No. 35 North Water Spreet,
PHILADELPHIA Apr. 26, '60,-1y. TWO FARMS FOR SALE

TWO FARMS FOR SALE.

THESE farms are situated in Graham township,
Clearfield county, Pa., about 3 miles from the
village of Kylertown; each contains 120 acres, of
which there is 60 or 70 acres cleared on each farm.
On one is erected a large Two Story Frame House
and large Frame Barn, and on the other a log
House and Barn. A young orchard on each hear. House and Barn. A young orchard on each, bearing fruit. Terms made to suit purchasers. For further particulars address, WM. H. CAMPBELL, M. D.,

Moshannon, Centre Ce., Pa, CHARLES McBRIDE. HAS JUST RECEIVED LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK OF Dry Goods,

READY-MADE CLOTHING, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, A LL of which he is selling at very reduced prices.

A prices.

Goods given in Exchange for Lountry Produce.

The public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere:

Bellefonte, Nov. 3, '59.—tf. AUDIUOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, an auditor A he undersigned, an auditer appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre co, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the Administrator of the Estate of Henry Alexander, to and among those persons legally entitled to receive the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment, on Thursday the 11th day of April 1861, at the office of Curtin & Blan-chard, in Belleionte.

EVAN M. BLANCHARD, Auditor. mar. 14,-1861.--td.