SAY 'MORAL CLAIMS' COST DEVELIN JOB

Failure to "Pay" Caused Ousting From Law Committee, Friends Believe

NOW PREDICT SETTLEMENT

Friends of James A. Develin believe he was "fired" as chairman of the Councilmanic Committee on Law because of his hesitancy about paying a "moral claim" of $325,208 of the Keystone State Construction Company.

The former chairman's adherents predict that under the regime of "Charlie" Hall, Vare leader, who was appointed by Richard Weglein, president of Council, to Mr. Develin's place yesterday, the claim will go through without difficulty.

The "moral claim" originated in extra work which the Keystone State Construction Company claims it did in building the City Hall station of the Broad street subway. Mr. Develin refused to indorse the claim for payment till it could be determined whether it was a "moral claim" or a "legal claim." Recently the City Solicitor's office was asked to give the Committee on Law an opinion on this point, but has not yet done so.

Mr. Develin's friends today said he had not been disturbed by his summary removal from office. He expressed regret, however, that the president of Council had violated tradition in appointing a member who was not a lawyer to the committee chairmanship. Claims which come up for adjudication by the Committee on Law are usually of a sort which require expert legal knowledge.

Soviet Recognized by Allied Council

Continued from Page One

cease its efforts to change the system of government in other countries.

Prime Minister Lloyd George of Great Britain, in an address to the Council, warned the allied Powers that they could not look to any others but themselves to work out the economic rehabilitation of Europe. He appealed to the Allies to set aside prejudices and work together to this end.

Mr. Lloyd George declared the Allies had reached a point where they must act decisively and broadly if the economic structure of Europe was to be saved. He said the present meeting of the Supreme Council was the most important held since the Armistice, and that the public opinion of the world demanded that the Allies take wider responsibilities to revive Europe.

England True to Obligations

It has been suggested, he continued, that Great Britain was advising this course in order to escape her obligations, but he declared this was untrue and that England was prepared to carry out all her obligations. Asking permission to speak frankly on the subject of German reparations, Mr. Lloyd George said:

"There must be general agreement of the Allies. Failing this, the fruits of peace will rot ungathered."

"The Allies," he continued, "must make allowances for each other's opinions. Too much has been heard of individual claims and interests. All the Allies have just claims. It is recognized, then, that all have suffered and sacrificed—some, it is true, more than others. All the sacrifices are not recorded in evidence of devastation. Although formidable, this is the least part of the havoc and devastation wrought by the war."

"I ask leave to speak for my own country," Mr. Lloyd George continued. "It has been assumed that she did not suffer from the war. This is grossly untrue. We are paying £110,000,000 annually in pensions alone, and £100,000,000 to the unemployed. These are but two results of our participation. It has been assumed that Great Britain suffered less because she balanced her budget. She did this because she undertook greater obligations. Her taxes are the highest in the world."

In his only brief reference to the United States he declared: "I was sincerely hopeful that the great Republic of the West might have joined hands with us. I will not presume to express any opinion upon the attitude of that country. It has its own reasons."

Not Pro-German Apologist

The British Premier said he had always been placed in the dangerous position of seeking to stand up for the Germans and that denunciation of this apparent position was a cheap way of winning applause.

"I'm not a pro-German apologist," he declared. "I have always said, and say now, that the German Government must pay to the utmost limit of its capacity for the damage it has done. But like lawyers we must consider the case and decide unanimously what measures must be taken in order to secure payment. When Great Britain advised against rushing Germany into bankruptcy, she did not have the interest of Germany in mind, although Germany always has been England's best customer. The worst thing the Allies could have done would have been to rush Germany into the same position as Russia is now in, where she would be in greater danger and where anarchy would be enthroned among a much more efficient people. The danger of course would be greater for those whose frontiers are closest. Despite misrepresentations at home and abroad, we are returning to the counsel of common sense.

German Capacity to Pay

"Germany's capacity to pay depends upon her foreign trade. Statements as to her internal wealth are misleading and inconclusive. Her export trade must revive if she must pay what she owes. It is now only 25 per cent of the pre-war figure. The restoration of Eastern and Southeastern Europe is vital to the health of the world. If the Allies do not do it, who will?

Mr. Lloyd George declared that responsibility rests upon the victors. If they try to escape it, he said, "they will be condemned by the voice of our public which is expecting us to act."

He declared that Bolshevik propaganda must be stopped. He laid great emphasis upon the point that Great Britain herself had suffered from it in the East.

Slaps at French

Mr. Lloyd George referred to the prejudice against dealing with a nation whose hands were stained with blood, and added, evidently referring to the recent agreement between France and the Turkish Nationalists at Angora:

"I know of a Government which quite recently willingly took the hand of an assassin in one part of the East. I do not see how we can draw the line between the two. We must have peace everywhere in Asia Minor."

At this point in Mr. Lloyd George's address, Premier Briand is said to have remarked with a smile that he made the acquaintance of the Turkish Nationalist envoys in London.

"Hope will follow the policy M. Millerand enunciated at the Lympne conference in 1920," continued Mr. Lloyd George. "When he declared France was ready to take up relations with Russia the day she proclaimed solemnly that she would respect the obligations of every kind taken by her predecessors with foreign Governments. If Russia wants recognition she must recognize her honorable obligations and agree not to attack her neighbors. And we must insist that her neighbors do not attack Russia."

George Harvey, American Ambassador to Great Britain, who is acting as official observer for the United States at Cannes, told the correspondent just before he entered the council chamber that he had no intention of speaking at the first session and had no program to place before the Allies, as has been rumored.

Mr. Harvey was noncommittal when asked if he would outline the American viewpoint of the world's economic situation if pressed to do so, saying he would "jump that fence" when he came to it. In contrast with the other delegates, he walked to the yacht club, and he was surrounded by a crowd of motion-picture men and press photographers.

No Franco-British Alliance

The meeting was in session slightly more than two hours. It adjourned at 1:15 o'clock after having appointed two commissions, one on reparations and the other on the economic situation. Both commissions were called to meet at 3:30 P. M.

Prime Minister Lloyd George has decided there can be no question at this time of a formal alliance between France and Great Britain, it is said on good authority, but has held out the prospect of a sufficient guarantee to aid France if she is again attacked, as in 1914, under certain conditions.

These are, it is stated, that France co-operate with Great Britain in the economic restoration of Europe and consent to modifications in the reparation payments by Germany on the basis of the suggestions made in recent London conferences of a half billion gold marks in cash and a billion gold marks in kind instead of two billion marks in cash.

Paris, Jan. 6.—(By A. P.)—The Allied Reparations Commission has refused to extend the time limit on the January and February installments of German reparations until it has received the information requested in its letter to the German Government on December 16.

Disappointed at the failure of the Allied Supreme Council to invite him to Cannes, Dr. Walter Rathenau, Germany's economic negotiator, who has been in consultation with reparation officials here, will leave for Berlin tonight.

Dr. Rathenau, when he arrived in Paris, informed the allied governments through an intermediary that he was prepared to go to Cannes to place before the council the figures on the cash payments Germany was able to make and the dates upon which the payments could be made. So sure was he that he would receive an invitation to proceed to Cannes that he reserved rooms in the Hotel Carlton, where all the delegations are stopping.

No such invitation having materialized, Dr. Rathenau and his party announced their decision of returning to Berlin by tonight. They had not up to this noon, however, buckled up their trunks, and appeared to be still hoping for an eleventh-hour invitation.

SUSPECT'S BAIL $15,000

Thomas Gallin Charged With Robbing Bank Runners of $6000

Bail of $15,000 was fixed by Judge Audenreid today in the habeas corpus hearing of Thomas Gallin, twenty-one, charged with having held up two Corn Exchange National Bank runners. It is charged he got $6000 from them, the pay roll of a mill. The money was never recovered. The robbery occurred a month ago, at Twentieth and Naudain streets.

The bank runners are Henry Disher and Harry Kramer. Disher positively identified Gallin.

Gallin was released on probation a year ago on a malicious mischief charge, by Judge Finletter, and although Judge Finletter occupied the bench today with Judge Audenreid, he declined to accede to the request of Assistant District Attorney Taulane, that he commit the man on the previous charge.

CAMDEN COUNCIL BARRED

All Ready With Float for Bridge Parade, but Phila. Body Balks

Camden City Council and the Camden County Board of Freeholders did not take part in the bridge parade in that city and here today. This was decided on at a late hour last night, when Joseph K. Costello, secretary of the commission, so informed Councilman Frederico von Neida.

The Camden City Council spent $700 on floats and the Freeholders $400. This work was done with the idea that the Philadelphia Council was to take part in the demonstration.

"Whatever was desired we agreed to," said Mr. von Neida, this morning. "After all, this was a Philadelphia affair, not one of Camden's. The Camden officials did not take part. There is no friction and we did everything possible to be sure of harmony at this important event."

GAS OVERCOMES WOMAN

Lying on Couch With Coffee Over Lightless Burner

Mrs. Agnes Hern, fifty-four, was overcome by gas this morning in her room, 14 West Jefferson street. She was found by other roomers and sent to St. Mary's Hospital, where it is said she has a good chance of recovery.

Mrs. Hern was lying on a couch unconscious, while a pot of coffee was on a small gas stove with the burner open but not lighted. Police say that there was no evidence of an attempt at suicide.

STREET CLEANERS FINED

Failure to Keep Up to Specifications Costs $5400 in December

When the erstwhile street-cleaning contractors received their pay today for December, 1921, they were $5400 short. This shortage was purposely made because of fines imposed by the Director of Public Works for failure on the part of the street cleaners to live up to the specifications.

Of this sum the street cleaning and ash collectors were assessed $3445, while the garbage collectors were forced to lose $1085. It cost Senator Edwin H. Vare nearly half the total fines.

During 1920 the total fines collected by the city from contractors was $45,000.

$100 Month Job Awaits Man With Most Children

Youngstown, O., Jan. 6.—(By A. P.)—Mayor George L. Oles today offered a job at $100 a month, with rent free and garden space, to the Youngstown man who has the largest family of children. The place is that of guard at the city's reservoir.

Oles today advised all city employes to "be economical, because it doesn't look as if you'll get any pay for a while." Collection of taxes has been held up because a recent revaluation is in litigation, and so far Oles has made no move to borrow money in anticipation of taxes.

SEEK TO KILL BILL IN RUM FRAUD CASE

Slater and Benner Indictment Faulty and Lacks Basis of Proof, Judge Hears

PERMITS NOT SHOWN FALSE

Former Federal prosecutors fought a legal battle before United States Judge Dickinson today to have quashed the indictments against Sam Singer, Albert F. Slater, Hiram Benner and five other defendants, charged with conspiracy to violate the prohibition laws.

United States District Attorney Coles and Assistant District Attorney Walnut opposed the legal efforts made by Charles D. McAvoy, former United States Attorney; John W. Crolley, former assistant to the prohibition director, and Joseph Willing.

Mr. Willing opened the argument to quash. He spoke for Slater and Benner, who were not present. All the other defendants were present, including Maurice Hertz, Emanuel Bookbinder, Sam Bloomberg, Robert McCarter and John Friedrich.

Slater and Benner, who had been appointed to important prohibition jobs by Prohibition Director McConnell, were ousted quickly when officials from Washington took charge here some months ago.

Slater was secretary to McConnell and Benner was chief of the permit division. An additional charge of conspiracy to issue permits for the illegal withdrawal of liquor was made against these two former officials.

Mr. Willing argued the evidence on which the indictment was found was improper. He said no witnesses, who testified, could possibly have seen either man signing the alleged illegal permits.

The attorney made the point that Mr. McConnell had not been called before the United States commissioner or the Federal Grand Jury. He said that for all those in the courtroom knew the permits might actually have been signed by McConnell.

Mr. Willing also argued that the indictments against Benner and Slater were defective. He quoted a phrase that Benner and Slater, "in the performance of their duty, did defraud the Government." The lawyer wanted to know how his clients could defraud the Government in the performance of their duty.

It was argued further that Slater and Benner had not violated the criminal code and that the most that could be charged against them was dereliction of duty with dismissal as the penalty. If the Government asserted Slater and Benner had signed fraudulent permits, Mr. Willing continued, the Government, in drawing up the indictment, had failed to state the permits were fraudulent.

FISHBONE IN STOMACH ELEVEN YEARS, REMOVED

Petrified Bit Taken From Camden Woman by Operation

Eleven years ago Mrs. Alice Dilks, of Berkley street near Fourth, Camden, swallowed a fishbone. Today the bone was removed at Cooper Hospital. It had petrified, the physicians stated.

Mrs. Dilks said the suffered much pain during the eleven years, but only yesterday became inspired with enough nerve to have the cause removed. She is now feeling fine.

JAIL 30-CENT HOLDUP MAN

And He Used Gun to Get Loot From Storekeeper

Five years in prison for two crimes, one of them a thirty-cent hold-up, was imposed today on Maud Randolph, a Negro.

Randolph and Walter Webb were convicted of larceny of a handbag containing $20, October 3, from Eula Weir, 232 Garrett street. Webb was sentenced to nine months.

Randolph also was convicted of robbery because of the thirty-cent holdup in the store of Sherman Woodson, 50 East Sharpnack street. Randolph entered the store November 2 and demanded thirty cents. Woodson refused, but changed his mind quickly when Randolph drew a revolver.

Last June Randolph was shot in the back and leg while resisting arrest by a patrolman who caught him with five chickens in a bag. He escaped prosecution because the owner of the chickens could not be located.

ZIONIST CONCERT SUCCESS

European String Trio Features the Program

A concert given last night in the Astor Casino by the North Philadelphia Zionists was acclaimed by an audience of 1500 people.

The affair was one that had few equals for a charity event, both in attendance and in the remarkable rendering of the program.

The main feature of the bill was the European String Trio, composed of Max, Julia and Leopold Lazerow. Their selections both as a trio and individually won them many friends and admirers.

Other features of the program were: "Candle Prayer," by the famous Copenhagen concertist, Issai Unter; "Ahaim," by Dora Lazerow, and "Areazu," by Issai Unter. "Kol Nidre" and several other Jewish classics were also given.

MAY TEST FARE CONTRACT

Agreement With P. R. T. in 1907 Calls for Nickel Car Rides

A possible test by the city of the 1907 agreement between the city and the P. R. T. Company was discussed today by Assistant City Solicitor Rosenbaum and C. Oscar Beasley, counsel for the United Business Men's Association and the Cliveden Improvement Association.

The 1907 agreement called for a five-cent trolley fare. The temporary rate granted by the Public Service Commission was a seven-cent cash fare or four tickets for twenty-five cents.

The United States Supreme Court several months ago held, in a San Antonio case, that a contract between a city and a trolley company binds both parties if the city had the right to make the contract, and that such a contract must be respected by a State public service commission.

ENO'S SANITY QUESTIONED

Disliked Columbia, but Gave It $6,000,000, Lawyer Says

New York, Jan. 6.—That Amos F. Eno disliked colleges and college education and that, therefore, he was mentally unsound when he willed millions to Columbia, was the argument yesterday in Surrogate's Court of Max D. Steuer, chief counsel for some of Mr. Eno's relatives who are endeavoring to set his will aside.

The instrument disposes of $14,000,000 and names Columbia as the residuary legatee for a share of about $6,000,000. Mr. Eno's heirs at law, include his sister's sons, Amos and Gifford Pinchot.

BRIDGE IS STARTED AT LAST!

Governor Edwards (left) and Governor Sproul holding the silver pick and shovel with which they did the first actual constructive work on the Delaware River Bridge at Pier 11 today

MITTEN ANSWERS MAYOR ON TRANSIT

Denies P. R. T. Plans to Include "L" in Its Valuation and Upholds His Offers

SAYS BOARD RULES FARES

Replying to objections made by Mayor Moore in his message yesterday to Council on the latest proposal of Thomas E. Mitten, president of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, Mr. Mitten late this afternoon sent a communication to Richard Weglein, president of Council.

Mr. Mitten's letter sets forth that his proposal presents an increased fare which was suggested as possible by the Mayor under the latest agreement; says that the Frankford "L" will not be included in the P. R. T. valuation and answers a number of other objections which the Mayor made to Mr. Mitten's offer of December 31.

Mr. Mitten's letter follows:

"I am sending you herewith draft of lease or agreement as submitted by Mayor Moore to City Council March 31, 1921, but made to conform to the terms of my letter to you of December 31, 1921.

"With reference to suggestions contained in Mayor Moore's letter of yesterday to City Council I desire to submit the following:

"City-built Frankford 'L' will not be included in P. R. T. valuation; only the exact returns made by P. R. T. to the city will be included by P. R. T. for rate-making purposes.

"The cost of the Frankford 'L,' as described in the draft of lease now before City Council, upon which the P. R. T. proposes to pay a return to the city include all that the Mayor contends for when he says: 'the city might well take the position that cost includes, not only the principal of the bond issue, but also the general construction overheads, which are included by the Rapid Transit Company itself in its valuation testimony before the Public Service Commission.'

Sees Large Loss Ahead

"Bustleton line will require five one-man cars to be provided by the city. This line, with free transfers to elevated, a second fare to Cottman street and Bustleton, will not earn its operating costs by many thousands of dollars.

"The P. R. T. should not be asked to pay a return upon city investment in the Bustleton line.

"City requirement that the Frankford 'L' operating agreement shall automatically terminate six months after final adjudication of P. R. T. valuation seems unnecessary since the valuation of the P. R. T. property for rate making purposes is not likely to be finally determined for from three to five years, which fact is, I believe, admitted by law departments of both city and company.

"If Paragraph A in Section 5 was eliminated, Paragraph B, which reserves to the city the right, at any time after five years, to terminate the operating agreement upon six months' notice, would seem sufficient for all practical purposes, insuring continuous operation for five years and leaving the position of both parties unchanged, which is all that should be required.

Discusses Raised Fares

"P. R. T. proposal presents increased fares. The city loses nothing by assenting to seven-cent cash (four tickets for twenty-five cents) fare—as this cannot be changed by the company, under the Pennsylvania law, until final determination of the value of the property used in supplying service.

"Regarding the earned surplus of the P. R. T. for 1921, I must respectfully refer to my letter of December 31, published in all daily newspapers, copy herewith inclosed."

MARQUIS SHIGENOBU OKUMA DIES IN HOME IN TOKIO

Octogenarian Statesman Had Devoted All His Life to Country

Tokio, Jan. 6.—Marquis Shigenobu Okuma, Japan's octogenarian statesman, died at his home here today.

WOMAN DIES AS CLOTHING CATCHES FIRE IN HER HOME

Mrs. Jennie Gilmore, Coral Street, Is Victim

Mrs. Jennie Gilmore, 2759 Coral street, died early today in the Episcopal Hospital a few hours after her clothing became ignited from the fire in the kitchen range in her home.

When she ran screaming to the street, trying to beat out the flames, passersby wrapped coats about her, but she was terribly burned before the flames were extinguished. She was rushed to the hospital and died without regaining consciousness.

THE SUNNY SOUTH BIDS YOU WELcome. If you are going this winter, by all means look at the resort and hotel advertising on pages 28, 30 and 31.—adv.

CUDAHY-FRANCIS WEDDING HALTED AT ELEVENTH HOUR

Packer's Son and Bride-to-Be Vanish Without Explanation

Los Angeles, Jan. 6.—A society wedding, scheduled to take place today and which would have linked two prominent and wealthy families, has been called off because the bride and bridegroom are both mysteriously missing, having left this city and gone in opposite directions.

John P. Cudahy, son of the late John Cudahy, pioneer banker and meat packer, of Chicago, was to have married Miss Louise Chenier Francis, who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Garesche Francis, of St. Louis, and a relative of the late John Brown Francis, former United States Senator and Governor of Rhode Island.

The engagement was announced by Mrs. Francis, the girl's mother, last month. At that time the marriage was planned for the latter part of December, but New Year's came and it did not happen. Last week Miss Francis said the wedding would take place within a few days.

The prospective bridegroom mysteriously disappeared from his apartment at the Hotel Ambassador over a week ago, leaving no forwarding address.

CATHOLIC CLERGY SHIFTED

Cardinal Dougherty Announces Changes in Parishes

The following clerical appointments and transfers have been announced by Cardinal Dougherty:

The Rev. Charles A. McNamee, to be assistant rector of St. Colman's Church, Ardmore.

The Rev. William J. Fogarty, assistant rector of St. Colman's, Ardmore, to be assistant rector of St. Gabriel's.

The Rev. Augustin J. Schulte, assistant rector of St. Gabriel's, to be assistant rector of the Church of the Transfiguration.

The Rev. Hugh P. Read, assistant rector of the Transfiguration Church, to be assistant rector of St. Philip Neri's.

The Rev. Joseph Ungar to be rector pro tem. of St. Stephen's Church, Allentown.

The Rev. Stephen Wyborski, assistant rector of St. Josaphat's, Manayunk, to be assistant rector of St. Casimir's, Shenandoah.

The Rev. Joseph C. Kosinski, assistant rector of St. Mary's, Reading, to be assistant rector of St. Josaphat's, Manayunk.

The Rev. Joseph E. Bidus, to be assistant rector, St. Mary's, Reading.

The Rev. Stephen J. Valesek, assistant rector of St. Agnes' Church, Philadelphia, to be assistant rector of St. Andrew's, Catasauqua.

The Rev. Joseph M. Gaza, assistant rector of St. Andrew's, Catasauqua, to be assistant rector of St. Agnes'.

WOMEN DEMAND RIGHTS

Representatives of Eastern States Discuss Sex In Industry

Newark, N. J., Jan. 6.—(By A. P.)—Working women will go as far as any women in the world for full rights as citizens and for equal economic rights with men, Ethel M. Smith, secretary of the National Legislative Committee of the Women's Trade Union League, told delegates to the Eastern States conference on women in industry in session here today.

They would do the same, she said, for actual equality in property rights, guardianship rights and industrial rights.

"But we will not lower our standards," she added. "We will not ourselves put opportunity in the employers' hands to undo the hard-won progress of years."

The speaker asserted that working women knew better than any women in the world the difference between actual equality and theoretical equality.

NEW COAL ORDER WITHHELD

Arguments in Williamson Case End With Both Sides Still in Dark

Indianapolis, Jan. 6.—(By A. P.)—Arguments over the recasting of Federal Judge A. B. Anderson's temporary injunction in the Borderland Coal Corporation case, which centers around efforts to unionize the Williamson coal field in West Virginia and Kentucky, were concluded in court here today without a decision as to the text of the new order.

Whether any order is now in force was not brought out during the argument, and court and counsel expected that two weeks would elapse before reaching an agreement on the exact injunction provisions.

Theodore Adams

Theodore Adams, for the last ten years chief of police at Hammonton, N. J., died last night at his home there. About a year ago he was injured in a fall and never fully recovered. He is survived by his widow Mellie. Funeral services will take place from his home Sunday and burial will be in this city Monday.

BAR POISON GAS, AMERICA URGES

Powers Brand Submarine Commanders Disobeying International Law as Pirates

ROOT PLAN IS AMENDED

By the Associated Press

Washington, Jan. 6.—Consideration of submarine questions was concluded today by the five Powers' Naval Committee with adoption of the final Root resolution declaring submarine commanders who, with or without orders from their government, violate the existing international law on submarine warfare, to be guilty of piracy.

The American delegation, through Elihu Root, thereupon brought forth a new proposal to prohibit the use of poison gas in future wars. It was said to have been received favorably, but a decision went over until tomorrow's meeting.

The piracy resolution as adopted by the Naval Committee was widened in its scope so that its application would be not only to commanders of submarines which might violate the recognized laws of war, but also commanders of naval vessels of any character. The reason for this modification of the original Root proposal was not disclosed in the official announcement which carried the resolution as it was adopted.

The resolution as finally adopted made clear the liability to punishment for piracy of submarine commanders, regardless of whether their act was of their own initiative or under their government's orders.

The crime of piracy also would relate to violations of existing international law in attacks on merchant ships as laid down in the first two Root resolutions adopted by the committee yesterday, and would not relate to the third Root resolution, which was explained to be a new agreement applying at present only to the five principal naval Powers.

Call Poison Gas Inhuman Agency

The subject of poison gas developed from a report on chemical warfare submitted by the American Advisory Committee, recommending prohibition of poison gas as an inhuman agency of war. Mr. Root presented a resolution to the committee embodying the principles of the Advisory Committee's recommendations.

Italy immediately announced adhesion to the proposed American principle. Spokesmen of the other Powers desired to examine the American proposal in more detail and asked that the subject go over until tomorrow. The American Advisory Committee's report, and addresses today by Secretary Hughes and Mr. Root in its support, were to be distributed later today to the other delegations for examination with a view to disposal tomorrow. The Root resolution to ban poison gas follows:

"The use in war of asphyxiating, poisonous or analogous liquids or materials or devices having been justly condemned by the general opinion of the civilized world and a prohibition of such use having been declared in treaties which a majority of the civilized Powers are party;

"Now to the end that this prohibition shall be universally accepted as a part of international law, binding alike the consciences and practice of nations, the signatory Powers declare their assent to such prohibition, agree to be bound thegeby between themselves and invite all other civilized nations to adhere thereto."

American delegates pointed out that the proposed prohibition of poison gas was a declaration of the Treaty of Versailles.

May Form Part of Treaty

As to whether the resolution regarding poison gas will be made a part of the naval treaty or will be drafted into a separate convention or be confined to a declaration of the Conference was said to be unsettled. Some American delegates believed it probable that, although not technically a naval subject, it might go into the naval treaty.

The fourth Root resolution as redrafted and adopted follows:

"The signatory Powers, desiring to insure the enforcement of humane rules of existing law declared by them with respect to attacks upon and seizure and destruction of merchant ships, further declare that any person in the service of any Power who shall violate any of those rules, whether or not such person is under orders of a governmental superior, shall be deemed to have violated the laws of war and shall be liable to trial and punishment as if for an act of piracy and may be brought to trial before the civil or military authorities of any Power within the jurisdiction of which he may be found."

Though unprecedented progress is being made by committees in the disposal of the remaining naval questions, it was said today by the British spokesman that there was not the faintest chance of getting matters in shape for a plenary session this week.

With indications of growing friction between the Japanese and Chinese over the Shantung controversy, their meeting today held little promise of a break in the deadlock over return of the Kiao Chow-Tsinanfu Railroad to China.

MAY DROP WAR TRIALS

Allies Not Expected to Press Cases Against Germans

Paris, Jan. 6.—(By A. P.)—Belief that the Allies will abandon further proceedings against German military leaders on charges of instigating the World War was expressed in French political circles today. Occasion for such comment was furnished by the meeting of the war guilt commission of the League of Nations at the Quay d'Orsay late this afternoon.

The meeting was called to compare reports prepared in accordance with instructions from the Allied Supreme Council at its meeting in Paris last August.

The reports of the English and Italian members of the commission were that they were reasonably satisfied with results of the Leipsic trials. The French and Belgian members submitted adverse reports. In view of this division, the opinion appeared to prevail that further proceedings would not be pressed.

HELP WANTED—MALE

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER wanted in factory in Tacony district; state experience and expected salary. Address P 1135, Ledger Office.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

$10,000 cash buys 10 3-story houses; a safe investment; will earn 20 per cent. 1612 Glenwood. Ph. Col. 1280.

BUSINESS PERSONALS

HAIRDRESSING, facl treatm't, manicuring (grad) dec. work by appoint't in patrons' homes. D. Simon, 1905 S. Garden. Pop. 5790

APARTMENTS—WEST PHILADELPHIA

FURN. rms. with service, reasonable rates. Belle Claire Annex, 40th and Parkside ave.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—OLNEY

GARAGE, 100x137; $65,000. WESTNEY, 208 Liberty Bldg.

WINTER RESORTS

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

SHOREHAM Virginia Ave. near Beach EUROPEAN PLAN Special reduced winter rates. Alois Gruber.

Considered for Senate

GEORGE WHARTON PEPPER
Well-known lawyer, who jumped to the fore today among the possibilities as successor to Senator Penrose at Washington

McGINN MURDER SUSPECT TESTIFIES IN OWN DEFENSE

Spinelli Denies He Took Part in Slaying of Detective

Salvatore Spinelli, on trial before Judge Bell for the murder of Detective Joseph McGinn, October 2, 1920, testified today in his own defense. Spinelli is alleged to have been one of ten New York gunmen who were holding up a gambling house when McGinn entered and was shot.

Christopher Murrano has already been convicted of first-degree murder, and Michael Falcone is serving nineteen to twenty years for second-degree murder. Three other defendants beside Spinelli are to be tried.

Spinelli said today he had come here and met a brother he had not seen for a year. The night of the shooting he said his brother asked him to go to the gambling club where men wearing masks rushed in and commanded everybody to hold their hands up. Spinelli said there was shooting. He said he fled from the place, but was caught and arrested.

Spinelli said he did not know Murrano, Falcone or any of the other hold-up men.

ARREST 3 AS BOOTLEGGERS

Had 48 Quarts of Smuggled Cognac, Dry Agents Say

Forty-eight quarts of Italian cognac, which the Federal agents say were smuggled into the United States, resulted today in the arrest of David H. Kyle, 727 East Chelten avenue; Edward Goff, 5835 Rodman street, and Joseph G. Hulmes, Jr., 5503 Courtland street. They were released under bonds of $2500 each.

Kyle, Goff and Hulmes were arrested at Delaware avenue and South street by custom guards, who say the men had the liquor in their possession. The prisoners were taken before United States Commissioner Long, who fixed the bail.

AGAINST SENATE "PAIRS"

Borah Proposes to Abolish Long-Established Custom

Washington, Jan. 6.—(By A. P.)—A resolution designed to break up the long established custom of Senate pairs was introduced today by Senator Borah, Republican, Idaho.

Proposed as an amendment to the Senate rules, the resolution specifically provided that here after pairs should not be recognized unless a Senator was detained at home by illness or absent on official business of the Senate.

PLEA OF INSANITY FAILS TO SAVE SLAYER OF WIFE

Man Convicted of First Degree Murder and Will Die in Chair

William Benjamin was convicted of first-degree murder this afternoon for the killing of his wife, Matilda, June 17. He had elected today to take his chance with the jury on the argument of his counsel, supported by other witnesses, that he was not mentally responsible when he shot her.

Several witnesses testified that he seemed to be in a highly nervous state of mind and acted queerly before the tragedy. Others testified to his previous good character.

Relatives and friends of the dead woman wept when Assistant District Attorney Kelly, in addressing the jury, recalled the manner of her death at the hands of the man, who, after compelling her to leave him and go out to work to earn her own living, had hounded and harassed her and finally killed her. He asked for a first-degree verdict.

Benjamin received the verdict of guilty without any sign of emotion. His counsel was given until Friday to file reasons for a new trial.

GETS BRIDGE SOUVENIRS

Patrolman Grabs Parachute That Dropped Ribbons on Phila.

Traffic Patrolman Harry E. Davis has the first souvenir of the new Delaware River Bridge. It is the parachute loosed from its position in the hydroplane which stretched the emblems of unity across from Camden to Philadelphia. When the flying plane was skipping over space at Race street the aviator flung the parachute to the breeze. Then there was a scramble. Men, women, children and police, the latter on horseback, all made a dash for the coveted souvenir. Man and horse won.

Fire in Physician's Office

A defective chimney leading from an open fireplace in the office of Dr. George G. Ross, 1721 Spruce street, caught fire today, causing slight damage to the partition. There were no patients in the office at the time.

DEATHS

O'MALLEY.—On Jan. 5, DAVID, son of Martin and Anna O'Malley (nee Hunt), aged 4 months. Relatives and friends invited to attend the funeral on Saturday, at 1 P. M., 2210 N. Lambert st. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

OTTINGER.—On Jan. 4, 1922, THOMAS R., son of William T. and late Florence Ottinger, aged 17 years. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, on Saturday, at 2 P. M., at father's residence, 6609 Hermitt lane, Roxborough. Friends may call Friday evening. Interment private, Leverington Cemetery.

WALKER.—Jan. 4, KETURAH F., wife of Edwin J. Walker, aged 72 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services, Saturday, 1:30 P. M., at late residence, Mo. & Hafer's ave. Interment private. Remains may be viewed Friday, after 7 P. M.

BRENNAN.—Jan. 4, 1922, CATHARINE (nee Kehill), wife of William Brennan. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral, Monday, 8 A. M., from her late residence, 400 Hudson st., Gloucester, N. J. High mass at St. Mary's Church at 9 A. M. Interment St. Mary's Cemetery.

ROBERTS.—At Woodbury, N. J., Jan. 5, MARTHA WHITE, daughter of Rowland R. and Lucile White Roberts, in her 5th year. Services will be held Monday afternoon, 2:30, at 79 Aberdeen place, Woodbury, N. J. Interment private.

DRINKER.—On Jan. 6, JAMES BLAITHWAITE DRINKER, Jr., son of James Blaithwaite and Mary Frances Drinker. Funeral and interment private.

MacKINNON.—Jan. 5, AGNES, widow of Samuel MacKinnon. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services, Monday, 2 P. M. precisely at her late residence, Edgewater road, Shomaker road, Elkins Park, Pa. Interment private.

McCABE.—Jan. 5, JOSEPH W. McCABE. Relatives and friends and all societies of which he was a member are invited to attend funeral services, Monday, 1 P. M., residence, 1905 E. Chelten ave. Interment private. Remains may be viewed Sunday, 7 to 9 P. M.

HASWELL.—Suddenly, Jan. 4, 1922, EVELYN M. HASWELL, daughter of Elizabeth Smith. Funeral Monday, 8:30 A. M., from the residence of her brother, 7237 West Chester pike. Requiem high mass at 10 A. M., St. Laurence Church, Highland Park. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

LINTON.—On Jan. 5, 1922, EDWARD B., husband of Eliza A. Linton. Relatives and friends invited to service on Monday, 2:30 P. M., at his late residence, 6111 Columbia ave. Interment private. Friends may call Sunday evening.

QUINN.—Jan. 5, PATRICK QUINN. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral, Monday, 8:30 A. M., from 638 Brooks ave., West Philadelphia. High mass at St. Gregory's Church, 10 A. M. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

MILSTED.—At the residence of his son, Joseph Milsted, Jr., 1809 Moore st., Philadelphia, on Jan. 6, 1922, STEPHEN MILSTED, Sr., of Hammonton, N. J., in his 83d year. Relatives and friends, also Gas Mine Makers' Assn., of Philadelphia, are invited to the services, on Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, at the Oliver H. Bair Bldg., 1826 Chestnut st. Interment private. Kindly call at 1826 Chestnut st., Sunday, from 7 to 10 P. M.

PATTERSON.—Jan. 5, CATHERINE, widow of Robert M. Patterson. Relatives and friends, also League of the Sacred Heart, are invited to attend funeral, Monday, 8:30 A. M., from her late residence, 1941 Harlan st. Solemn high mass Church of the Gesu, 10 A. M. Interment Holy Sepulchre Cemetery.

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