

PEOPLE LIVE TWO YEARS

Senator "Ran on His Nerve" Since His Collapse—Had to Sleep in Chair

By a Staff Correspondent

Washington, Jan. 2.—Sheet nerve and the "will to live" kept Senator Boies Penrose going the last two years of his life.

This is the unanimous verdict of his physicians, his secretarial staff, his nurses and all those who were closely associated with him or knew of his physical state. It was the fighting spirit in the shell of the old Penrose that defied death and mocked at those who predicted it.

Any ordinary man," said Dr. Roy S. Adams, his physician for the last year, "would have died long ago. His nerve alone kept him up. He had a small heart capacity, but a more wonderful nerve. I don't know of any other human being who is getting around and doing as much work with so small a heart capacity.

For a time it was thought Senator Penrose had cirrhosis of the liver. But this was disproved. He died of pulmonary thrombosis, which was a lung ailment—supernatural by micrococcus, or degeneration of the heart muscle. It was that from which he had suffered for two years, and which had robbed vitality at times almost to the vanishing point. He literally "ran on his nerve."

"Always 'Feeling Fine'"

combination of a dominant intellect, a powerful personality and a political sixth sense. It was often said of him that "Penrose can see six months ahead in any political situation. He knew how to take advantage of opportunities, to profit by the mistakes of antagonists.

His death occurred four or six years ago, it would have left a greater void in party affairs than now. The Old Guard is disintegrating and disapproving in a few years it will be a thing of the past.

Changes Are in Making

This is seen in the Senate and in the House alike, where Frank W. Mondell, of Wyoming, is majority leader. In the Senate the chairmanships of the big committees are rapidly passing into the hands of younger men.

For the first time within a generation a Western Republican now will be chairman of the Senate committee on Finance, the body that passes upon all legislation relating to the revenues of the Government.

It is recognized here that the death of Senator Penrose coming within a few weeks of the election which was being fought by the State Committee for Pennsylvania, Philander Chase Knox, and on the eve of the State campaign for election of a Governor, a State Senator, and a United States ticket, injects new elements and considerations into Republican politics in Pennsylvania and raises new questions in connection with the approaching elections.

badly muddled because of Senator Penrose's death.

"As far as this city is concerned, the situation is absolutely unchanged," according to the views of Senator Penrose has taken no part in the local situation for the last two years.

"I want to say further that Senator Penrose was a shrewd, capable, resourceful leader, and a loyal friend to his friends. Pennsylvania has lost one of its most distinguished citizens.

Senator Penrose's death, sudden as it was, has clarified the political situation in the State. While Penrose was living various leaders and various combinations were discussing to be a factor in party decisions, but the West is in the saddle.

For one thing, it is apparent, in the western end of the State, that there is more than the likelihood of a combination between William A. Magee, the new Mayor of Pittsburgh, and the Vares. This is not only admitted by the politicians, but is actually being done by those interested in the political field of the new Mayor.

It is the general belief of the politicians in this end of the State that the Government now than in Penrose's time. The children, Daniel, was attempting to consolidate an interest mostly representative of the east and headed by Joseph K. Grady, president of the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association, which has been waging political warfare against Senator Crow and Governor Sprout. Penrose is said to have believed that the only way these two factions together on the Governorship behind the candidacy of Beideman, though leaders of both factions believed that it would have been impossible.

from the East as well as the West, local leaders believe the claim of the West for the Governorship is unalterably strengthened, and that a ticket can be arranged which will be generally satisfactory to the Republican or majority party, and that Philadelphia and the eastern counties cannot reasonably take exception to it.

"Senator Penrose, it is believed, was the only State leader who could have shaped the situation to prevent Allegheny and the western counties from coming into their own in the way of the Governorship.

"It is the general belief among the politicians here (Pittsburgh) that Magee and Sprout will be a formidable figure in State politics if he will, politically inclined and that he will have much to say in the politics of the State in the important events of this and the next few years. He is a close personal friend of Senator Vare, leader of the Republican in Philadelphia, and has other outstanding friends among the leaders in other populous counties. Ever since his election the Vares has been regarded as a political understanding between Magee and Vare as logical.

"Meanwhile it is the impression among many of the local politicians that under present conditions Magee and Vare could form a political organization that would be almost invincible in the State and that would include Allegheny, Luzerne, Lackawanna, Luzerne and Lancaster, Lackawanna, Luzerne and others.

"As to the immediate successor of Senator Penrose in the Senate, it is the general belief that the best chance of succeeding Senator Penrose for the full or elective term, but few believe he will resort to the subterfuge of resigning to leave the seat to his successor. The new combination is assuming that Senator Crow will be physically able to be a candidate for the long term, next May, to succeed Senator Knox. The Vares combination is not figured out whom it will support for Knox to succeed Senator Penrose.

It is assumed in Pittsburgh and elsewhere that the State Committee for Pennsylvania will make an appointment, which will carry the question over to the May primaries, when he will be elected to the United States Senate for the place which Senator Penrose held.

MANY CRISES MARKED CAREER OF PENROSE

First Serious Test Came in 1905 When Reform Movement Beat Organization

Career of Penrose Told Year by Year

1884—Elected to the State House of Representatives from the Eighth Philadelphia District.

1890—Elected to State Senate from the Sixth Philadelphia District.

1890—Elected president pro tem. of the State Senate.

1894—Re-elected to the State Senate.

1905—Rejected as Republican candidate for Mayor.

strategy at that time dominated the Democratic state organization, with which the Republican organization had been friendly, under cover, to an unprecedented extent.

It appeared that C. La Rue Munson, of Williamsport, a Democrat of wide reputation, was about to be nominated by the Democratic state convention. Penrose leaders realized that the nomination of Munson would make it impossible for the Democratic organization to nominate a "machine" man.

A situation was created which quickly led to the withdrawal of Munson. The Democratic party, however, was organized to nominate a "machine" man. Sudden wires were pulled through Harrisburg, Washington, New York and Allentown, where the Democratic convention was being held.

This situation crystallized the movement for the reorganization of the Democratic party, a reorganization which was related to the nomination of Woodrow Wilson as President in 1912. If the Democratic party had not been reorganized, as the result of its relations with the reform organization, it is quite likely that the entire Pennsylvania delegation to the 1912 Democratic national convention would have voted for Champ Clark rather than for Wilson.

Penrose was always deeply concerned about the election of mayors and was always in the thick of the local fights, both in Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. Both in lesser communities there was talk of Penrose candidates for the various offices.

The 1914 mayoralty campaign in Philadelphia will be remembered as one which Penrose won in the primaries and lost in the November election and also a campaign which literally reeked with charges and innuendoes of political corruption.

HUMAN SIDE PENROSE RECALLED

Many Did Not Really Understand Him, Says State Committee Secretary Baker

Wagon tributes to the "human side" of Senator Penrose were paid today by men who had been associated with him for many years.

Wagon tributes to the "human side" of Senator Penrose were paid today by men who had been associated with him for many years. Illustrating various traits in the Senator's character.

Wagon tributes to the "human side" of Senator Penrose were paid today by men who had been associated with him for many years. Illustrating various traits in the Senator's character.

Wagon tributes to the "human side" of Senator Penrose were paid today by men who had been associated with him for many years. Illustrating various traits in the Senator's character.

Wagon tributes to the "human side" of Senator Penrose were paid today by men who had been associated with him for many years. Illustrating various traits in the Senator's character.

Wagon tributes to the "human side" of Senator Penrose were paid today by men who had been associated with him for many years. Illustrating various traits in the Senator's character.

Washington, Jan. 2.—Sheet nerve and the "will to live" kept Senator Boies Penrose going the last two years of his life.

This is the unanimous verdict of his physicians, his secretarial staff, his nurses and all those who were closely associated with him or knew of his physical state.

It is the general belief of the politicians in this end of the State that the Government now than in Penrose's time.

It is assumed in Pittsburgh and elsewhere that the State Committee for Pennsylvania will make an appointment, which will carry the question over to the May primaries.

Penrose was always deeply concerned about the election of mayors and was always in the thick of the local fights, both in Philadelphia and Pittsburgh.

The 1914 mayoralty campaign in Philadelphia will be remembered as one which Penrose won in the primaries and lost in the November election.

Wagon tributes to the "human side" of Senator Penrose were paid today by men who had been associated with him for many years.