THE WEATHER
Probably showers late tonight or Wednesday; rising temperature; moderate east to southeast winds.
TEMPERATURE AT EACH HOUR

8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5
61	63	64	65	66	69	70			

Evening Public Ledger

NIGHT EXTRA

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DEFIANCE OF LAW BY KLAN UPHELD BY KU KLUX 'WIZARD'; SHARP WARNING BY GOMPERS

SIMMONS REVIVING GRIM MENACE ONCE KILLED BY CONGRESS

"Emperor" Insists Present-Day Organization Is Same as Mystic Body That Spread Terror After Civil War

SOCIETY STARTED IN SOUTH AS JOKE SOON BECAME A FRANKENSTEIN OGRE

Organized Labor Is Keenly Aware of Evils Inherent in Revival of Methods That Were Used a Half Century Ago

THE Ku Klux Klan, Inc., is a revival of a movement which led to lynchings and outrages more than fifty years ago, and which finally had to be crushed out by the Government.

Defiance of the law is one of the manifestations of the Ku Klux spirit. "Emperor" William Joseph Simmons himself stands as an authority for that statement.

This spirit is eulogized by Simmons in the booklet, "The Ku Klux Klan Yesterday, Today and Forever," which is used by his Kleagles in spreading the doctrines of the Klan and obtaining members on a commission basis.

"Throughout the annals of the ages," he says on page 4, "we see the manifestations of what may justly be termed the 'Ku Klux spirit'—the spirit that rebels at oppression and even defies law itself.

"* * * Before the great Persian Empire was created there was an organization formed for the purpose of enforcing justice. It worked secretly, * * * took the law into its own hands (so to speak); but the attitude of this early order hundreds of years later was indorsed by no less an authority than Thomas Jefferson when he declared:

"'Rebellion against tyrants is obedience to God.'"

"Emperor" Simmons boasts that his "Invisible Empire" is a revival of the original Ku Klux Klan.

Organized labor, looking back at the movement shattered a half century ago, is keenly aware of the evils inherent in revived Ku Kluxism.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, thundered a warning against the Klan today.

Matthew Woll, vice president of the federation, already has held up Kluxism as a subtle and deadly foe of labor.

It is now time to look into the original Klan and the fruits of the original Ku Klux movement which Congress suppressed by a law passed in 1871.

SIX SOUTHERNERS STARTED FIRST KLAN AS JOKE TO SCARE NEGROES

PRECISE logic does not make open advocacy of open rebellion identical with secretly "taking the law into its own hands (so to speak)."

But Simmons does this, and goes on to laud the Vehmgerichts of old-time Europe, the religious movements led by Luther, Calvin and John Knox, the rebellion of the American Colonies, the Boston and Charleston "tea parties," and the old Ku Klux Klan of the reconstruction period, as all equally manifestations of the "Ku Klux spirit."

In the peroration of this booklet, on page 14, he makes clear his intention of reviving this spirit in the following words:

"That this spirit may live always to warm the hearts of manly men, is the paramount ideal of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan."

"Is Genuine," Says "Klonel"

Since elsewhere and frequently he has claimed his order is the genuine, original Ku Klux Klan revived, and since he here claims it is a revival not only of the body but of the spirit and traditions, he stands absolutely committed to responsibility for all that he has brought back to life in America, as well as for all the trimmings his propaganda and propagators have added to the original matter.

The original Ku Klux Klan was established in 1866. The resultant Ku Klux movement started about a year later, and in three years developed into such a nightmare of terrorism and veiled lawlessness that its own directors grew so afraid of its actualities and potentialities that they tried hard to disband the order and break up the movement but were unable to until Federal authority took the matter out of their hands.

Klan Is Grim Joke

It is a grim joke that Ku Kluxism—to which, in spite of Emperor Simmons' eloquent assertions there has never been any exact parallel in any other country than the United States—was a mere joke itself in the beginning.

The Ku Klux Klan was organized in Pulaski, Tenn., in May, 1866, by six young Southerners just released from service in the Confederate Army, whose purpose was purely sociability and amusement. Even the name was a jest. "Kuklos"—the Greek word for circle—was proposed. "Call it Kuklux," suggested a member; and the addition of "Klan" gave a title of mysterious portent which made the new society a success from the start in its work of burlesque, fun-making and practical joking.

The "joiner" of 1866 was like his present-day successor. The boys had only to maintain an air of deep mystery, adopt a grotesque and ghostly costume, which they were to wear from their meetings in the cellar of a ruined house on the outskirts of Pulaski, give out hints of the wonders of the new society and send mysterious communications to the local newspapers, to bring eager candidates flocking to them.

Mystery Idea Stressed

The impression of profound mystery and exclusiveness made the rush of applicants all the greater. Furthermore, visitors from other Southern States heard of the Ku Klux Klan, became members and obtained permission to start similar organizations in their own towns. Before winter the order had grown, sporadically, all over the South, and everywhere "Dens" of Ku Kluxes were enjoying the baffled curiosity and wild speculations of a mystified public.

But in March, 1867, Congress passed the Reconstruction Acts, developing what was to the South an alarming situation. Almost at once the Ku Klux Klan became transformed from burlesquers to a band of regulators. The best available authority on the change is a little history of the Ku Klux Klan written years afterward by Captain John C. Lester, one of the six original members, and the Rev. D. L. Wilson, pastor of a local Presbyterian Church.

They state that the transformation was effected first by the impressions the order made on those who joined it; second, by the impressions it made upon the public, and third, by the anomalous and peculiar conditions then prevailing.

"Mission" Was Undefined

"The impression made on those who joined was that behind the amusement features, and expressed in its ritualistic work, was a deep purpose—a solemn mission to be undertaken later. What it was none knew, but the feeling spread that a mission existed just the same.

"The impressions made upon the public showed that the organization possessed a certain power nobody had imagined it would possess. This power was largely one of fright and intimidation, and was shown in the case of the ignorant Negro more than in the white people. Negroes would see the ghostly nocturnal Ku Kluxes and imagine they were spirits of deceased Confederate soldiers, and the Klansmen were quick to use the idea to the utmost advantage.

"A figure in white would ride up to a Negro's house and ask for a drink of water. The frightened Negro would hand him a gourd, which the rider would pour into a rubber bag concealed under his robe.

"The hooded rider then would demand a bucketful of water and dispose of it in the same way, remarking it was the first drink he had tasted since he was 'killed at Shiloh.'

"In other cases Ku Kluxes would wear false heads, ride up to a Negro and, removing the head, ask that it be held. The Negroes soon spread alarming tales to each other about the Klan and its doings, until soon the name was one that invoked horror and terror. It was but natural that knowing this new power of frightening the Negro, the members of the strange order exercised it to the fullest extent."

Gregory Explained Klan Work

Not always, however, were the means and methods of regulation by mystery and terrorization confined to such innocent acts. In an address before the Bar Association of Texas in 1906 Thomas W. Gregory, later Attorney General of the United States, speaking of the history of the old Klan, said:

"It is safe to say that 90 per cent of the work of the Klan involved no act of personal violence. Mere knowledge that the Klan was organized in the community and patrolled it by night accomplished most that was desired. But masked riders and mystery were not the only Ku Klux devices. The sheeted horsemen did not merely warn and intimidate, especially when the warnings were not heeded. In many instances Negroes and carpet-baggers were whipped and in rare instances shot or hanged. Notice to leave the

Continued on Page Eighteen, Column Two

SECRET HANDCLASP OF KU KLUX

The secret handclasps of the Klansmen, part of the most carefully guarded mysticisms of the order, are illustrated herewith, showing the position of fingers, the above showing the hand of the "signaler" and below the answering "clasp" which shows two Klansmen are together

GOMPERS ATTACKS KU KLUX MENACE

Labor Chief Demands Extinction of Money-Making, Oath-Bound Klan

SNARE FOR THE CREDULOUS

By a Staff Correspondent

Washington, Sept. 20. — Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, today flayed the Ku Klux Klan and said it outraged every tenet of faith in Americanism.

His statement, given to the EVENING PUBLIC LEDGER, follows closely a denunciation of the Klan made by Matthew Woll, vice president of the American Federation of Labor.

Mr. Gompers' statement follows:

"Ku Kluxism, as we have seen it in recent revelations, is nothing more or less than the organizing of roving bands of marauders, setting their will above the law and seeking to place their unlawful conduct beyond reach of the courts.

"When an organization of this kind is builded on a money-making basis it is doubly dangerous.

"The Ku Klux Klan, as we have seen it, is a profit-making machine. Trained salesmen recruit membership everywhere. These salesmen derive a fee from every new member. They operate according to the best rules of organized selling. They are out for business and its resultant fees.

Seeks to Rule Country

"What this amounts to is that a highly skilled sales organization is combing the country to find every individual who can be got to pledge himself to become part of an oath-bound society having as its object the rulership of the country and the defiance of its laws and institutions.

"This organization, with its fiercely worded oath, its 'Emperor,' its 'Realms' and and 'Domains,' is called an 'Invisible Empire.' Every tenet of faith in Americanism is outraged by the

Continued on Page Eighteen, Column Five

CHILD BURNS TO DEATH: FOUR HOMES DESTROYED

Hesitation of Bystanders Blamed for Tragedy at Cape May Courthouse

By a Staff Correspondent

Cape May Courthouse, N. J., Sept. 20.—Mildred Smith, three years old, was burned to death this morning in a fire that destroyed two double houses. Many persons say that the child might have been saved if some of the bystanders had been quicker to jump into the house when the blaze first started.

A heroic attempt to save the child was made by Prof. Earl Witmer, of Quakertown, Pa., who is visiting here, but when he arrived the flames had got too much headway for any one to enter the room, where the little girl was crying in her crib.

Mrs. Frank W. Smith, mother of the child, left her home on Second street, Glasstown, a suburb, to gossip with some neighbors, leaving an oil stove burning on the first floor. Her little daughter was sleeping on the second floor. The stove exploded, the force of the blast closing the front door and latching it.

The fact that the door slammed in this manner confused the neighbors, who ran to the scene at the sound of the explosion, and the delay undoubtedly cost the child's life. The flames destroyed the house where it started and the one next door. Mrs. Irene Tocour and her three-year-old son, Lewis, were asleep in the other half of the dwelling, but escaped. The other two homes destroyed were those of Mrs. M. Madden and Mrs. Elwood Smith.

50 DEPUTIES GUARD CHESTER PRIMARY

Sheriff, Fearing Trouble, Swears in Armed Specials and Warns Voters

WOMEN'S VOTE IS HEAVY

Klankraft Bigotry Is Seen in Chester Fight

Klankraft has made its appearance in the bitter primary contest in Delaware County. Residents of the Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh Wards in Chester, found under their doors this morning handbills reading:

ATTENTION PATRIOTIC AMERICANS!

"Do not vote for E. M. White.

HE IS A ROMAN CATHOLIC AND A K. OF C.

(Signed) "K. K. K."

Eugene M. White, an undertaker and Deputy Coroner, is running for re-election to City Council. He belongs to the McClure faction.

Fifty armed deputy sheriffs are being held at Chester's City Hall, to serve if trouble arises at today's primary, one of the bitterest is many years.

Though both the McClure machine and the Delaware County Republican League, the rival factions, had polled a heavy vote in Chester in the morning hours, there was no indication that the armed men would have to be called upon.

They were ready, however, for instant emergency, armed to the teeth and led by Sheriff Albert R. Granger, of Delaware County, who swore them in after midnight, intending to hold them under arms until all possibility of trouble should be past.

To carry the armed deputies to any point where trouble may arise, the Sheriff had fifteen big automobiles parked back of City Hall.

Sheriff Granger issued a proclamation today, warning the citizens he meant to enforce the law to the letter and guard their right to vote freely and without molestation at any cost. The proclamation follows:

"I, Albert R. Granger, High Sheriff of Delaware County, hereby give notice that I will be prepared today to afford protection to the voters in case of any disturbance or disorder in the city of Chester or the county.

"My duty is to see that the constitutional rights of citizens are not interfered with and that order is preserved.

"In case of any disorder, telephone Chester 2720."

The telephone number is that of the Chester City Hall.

On Own Initiative

Sheriff Granger swore in his deputies after a telephone conversation, held shortly before midnight, with T. Woodward Trainor, chairman of the Republican League Campaign Committee. The

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LLOYD GEORGE WON'T COME

British Home Disputes Also to Keep Curzon at Home

London, Sept. 20.—(By A. P.)—It has been definitely decided that neither Prime Minister Lloyd George nor Secretary for Foreign Affairs Curzon will attend the Washington conference on disarmament and Pacific problems.

Impending developments in domestic politics, it was learned this afternoon, is the reason.

Primary High Lights

Polls are open between 8 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Big fight in Republican primaries is over nominations for Receiver of Taxes, City Treasurer, City Controller and Register of Wills.

Only contest in the Democratic primaries for a row office is between Michael J. Geraghty and Robert J. Sterrett for District Attorney.

This is also the day for special election of Congressman-at-large, and on question of holding a constitutional convention.

Those registered as non-partisan can vote only for Congressman-at-large and on the question of a convention.

Women are participating in primary in this State for first time.

Approximate registration for primary—430,000 of whom about 100,000 are women.

Eleven magistrates are to be nominated by each party; in the November election the majority party will elect eleven and the minority six.

CAMPBELL IN ROW WITH WAR VETERAN

Says Magistrate Threatened Him—Ballot-Box Stuffing Charged in 7th Ward

ARRESTS IN THIRTY-NINTH

Eugene L. McGill, a war veteran and Administration worker, told the Voters' League he was threatened with a beating today by Magistrate William F. Campbell, Combine candidate for Register of Wills.

McGill, who is first national vice commander of the Disabled Soldiers' League, said he drove up in a motor-car this morning to the polling place of the twenty-eighth division of the Twenty-fifth Ward, at Belgrade and Somerset streets.

As he was about to alight, he alleged, Magistrate Campbell, who was on the sidewalk, ordered him to stay in the machine. He said Campbell threatened to whip him if he approached the polling place. McGill had planned to visit the workers there. He had cast his own vote in another division.

Says Campbell Was Enraged

McGill left the polling place and reported the occurrence immediately. He said several days ago Campbell asked him to go along with the Combine. He said the magistrate promised to take care of his friends in county offices. McGill said he refused to support the Combine and that Campbell became enraged.

A report that election officials in the seventeenth division of the Fifth Ward were ignoring challenges made by Independent watchers was made to the Voters' League. The polling place is on Locust street near Fifth, not far from the scene of the fatal election disorders of September, 1917.

Many voters were allowed to have assistance, the report stated, although they were not required to make affidavit that assistance was needed. Myers Bush, a Voters' League watcher, said he was ejected from the polling place.

An excited woman, who did not give her name, telephoned to the Voters' League headquarters that she had been

Continued on Page Four, Column Four

TO BURY BIEG AT ARLINGTON

Widow of ZR-2 Victim to Receive Body Today

Mrs. Valentine M. Bieg, of Haverford, widow of the commander of the dirigible ZR-2, which exploded above the Humber River, Eng., with her mother, Mrs. R. H. Barlow and a number of intimate friends, has gone to New York to receive the body, which was brought to this country Saturday.

Before leaving, Mrs. Barlow, who is widely known as a golfer, said that the body of Lieutenant Commander Bieg would be taken to Washington on a special train and buried at Arlington Cemetery.

TRAIN KILLS TRUCKMAN

Driver of Motor Vehicle Fatally Hurt at Westville, N. J.

A man whose identity has not been fully established was killed shortly before noon when a light motortruck was struck by an Atlantic City train at South Westville, N. J.

The motortruck belonged to a baking company in this city.

AMERICAN BALLOON LANDS

Belgica I Comes Down in Wales After 420-Mile Flight

New York, Sept. 20.—(By A. P.)—The Belgica I., an American entrant in the international balloon race which started from Brussels Sunday, has landed at Brach-y-Pwll, North Wales.

Ralph Upson, one of the pilots, called this information to the Aero Club of America today. The balloon traveled 420 miles in twenty-seven and one-half hours.

Sneak-Thief Gets Fur Coat

When Mr. and Mrs. George H. Smith returned to their home at 5332 Woodbine avenue last night after a week's absence they discovered a sneak thief had stolen Mrs. Smith's fur coat, valued at $1000. The theft was reported to the police.

League Gives Women Voters Powder Puffs

Every woman who voted at the ninth division of the Thirty-fourth Ward, Fifty-sixth street and Haverford avenue, was given a powder puff tied with blue ribbon by workers for the Voters' League.

Facetious persons said that the puff was a reminder that the women should "take things at face value," while the color of the ribbon subtly urged them to be "true blue."

DOBSON, ON GRILL, ADMITS SLAYING HIS WANT-AD WIFE

Runnemede Highlands Man Says He Beat, Kicked and Robbed Her

FAILS UNDER QUESTIONING ON RETURN FROM CANADA

George Dobson confessed shortly before noon today that he beat his wife Isabella with a police club until she was semi-conscious, then struck her with a fence rail, placed her in bed, and kicked her before he fled from their home at Runnemede Highlands, N. J., September 8.

The body of the wife was found by neighbors September 9, terribly bruised, lying on the bed, where Dobson confessed he left her dying.

Dobson confessed to Prosecutor Wolverton, of Camden County, and Detectives Smith and Doran, who brought him to Camden this morning from Detroit, following his capture in Canada.

He also confessed he took $140, part of the money Mrs. Dobson raised by a mortgage on her home, and her wedding ring before he fled with her nephew and niece and his son.

Dobson got his wife through an advertisement.

"She was friendly with another man," was the only statement Dobson would make in defense of his crime.

After a grilling in the County Prosecutor's office, which began shortly after the fugitive arrived in Camden, Dobson's stubborn resistance to questions was finally broken.

Tells Details of Crime

"I had a quarrel with my wife the day before I disappeared," he said. "It was about her friendliness with another man. In this quarrel I beat her with my fists.

"Next day—the day I disappeared—the fight was renewed. I told her I was going to quit her. I said I didn't want to live with a woman who was friendly with another man.

"She was ugly that morning. I walked out into the shed of the bungalow where I found a police club. When I came back in she asked me not to leave her. She told me she would explain everything.

"Then I beat her with the club. There was a fence rail nearby. I grabbed it and hit her with it. Then I put her in bed. She was still semi-conscious.

"I kicked her while she lay in bed. Then I put a sheet over her. She was still living, but I thought she might die. So I took $140 and her wedding ring and then left the house with my son and her nephew and niece.

Dobson sent his wife's nephew to Mount Holly from Camden.

Saw Report of Murder

Then in his flight with the other children, he said, he went to Detroit and thence to Woodsley, Conn., to the home of a brother. While there he was given a clipping, sent by a relative in New Jersey, which said he was wanted for the murder of his wife, he said.

He then fled for Courtland, leaving the two children with the relatives at Woodsley, he said.

Detective Doran said that when he visited Courtland, in pursuit of the confessed slayer, he was told Dobson had gone to visit another relative, twenty miles away.

Doran said he sent an automobile salesman to learn if Dobson was at the home of this relative. The salesman returned to Courtland and reported he had seen a man answering Dobson's description. When Doran arrived at the relative's home, he said, he found the fugitive calmly smoking his pipe, and arrested him.

After Dobson's confession today his son, Raymond, and his wife's niece, Barbara, were turned over to relatives in New Jersey.

Dobson arrived at North Philadelphia at 8:39 o'clock this morning. To the children with him, petted and given candy by other passengers, the trip was very much a picnic.

To Detective Smith, to whom Dobson was shackled all the way, it was a "tought trip," as the detective tersely described it when he stepped off the train. Detective Doran, the fifth member of the party, had charge of the two children, and by the time Philadelphia

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A Vote for Decency

Ledger Photo Service

MRS. JOHN WANAMAKER, 3d
Casting her vote today for the Voters' League candidates she had already aided greatly during the primary campaign

MAYOR, IN JOVIAL MOOD, COMES TO CAST HIS VOTE

"Up to People to Support Good Government," He Says

Mayor Moore and Mrs. Moore came up by auto from Island Heights to vote. They reached the polling place of the ninth division, Fifth Ward, 304 Cypress street, at 10:56 A. M.

"I am hoping that the people will vote for a continuance of good government," the Mayor remarked in a jovial way.

The Mayor and his wife entered adjoining booths. The Mayor was in the booth ten minutes. He emerged a few seconds before Mrs. Moore.

As he stepped into his automobile the Mayor said, "The results of today's election will speak for themselves."

UNDERWOOD SEES HARDING

Thanks President for Appointment as Arms Conference Delegate

Washington, Sept. 20.—(By A. P.)—Senator Underwood, Democratic leader of the Senate, who has been selected by President Harding as a delegate to the armament conference, called at the White House today to thank the President for the appointment, and to formally assure him of fullest co-operation in carrying out the policies of the American Government in the negotiations.

He said afterward that he did not regard the question as a political one, that he was heartily in favor of reduction of armaments, and would work wholeheartedly toward that end in the conference.

DUKE DIVORCE REPORT IN

Findings of Master Filed, but Not Made Public

A report in the divorce action brought by Mrs. Cordelia Biddle Duke, daughter of Major and Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel Biddle, against Angier B. Duke, son of Benjamin N. Duke, millionaire tobacco king, has been filed in Common Pleas Court. It is understood action on the report will be taken in the near future.

The findings of the master appointed to hear testimony, Benjamin M. Golder, have not been made public. White he and counsel for Mrs. Duke have refused to discuss the case, it is rumored recommendation of a divorce for Mrs. Duke has been made.

MARSTON 3 UP ON OUIMET

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 20.—Max Marston, Merion, G. C., Philadelphia, was 3 up on Francis Ouimet, Boston, at the end of the first eighteen holes in the first round of the national amateur golf tourney here today.

PENROSE NOT COMING TO VOTE TODAY

Senator Penrose telephoned to his local office today he will be unable to come to Philadelphia to vote at the primary. He explained he is busy with a speech he is to deliver on the floor of the Senate tomorrow in presenting the revenue revision bill.

AMERICAN REPORTED KILLED BY MEXICAN SOLDIERS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Carl B. Tabb, an American employe of the Mexican Petroleum Company, was shot and killed Sunday night "by Mexican soldiers" in the oil fields near Tampico, the American consul at Tampico reported to the State Department.

OUST SPRINGFIELD CHIEF

Bysher Discharged Following Disclosures of Wheel Pump Raid

Charged with neglect of duty in failing to acquaint himself with gambling conditions in Springfield township, brought out in the recent raid on the Wheel Pump Inn, James G. Bysher, for many years chief of police in that district, was discharged by the Board of Commissioners last night.

Bysher's discharge takes effect immediately and he has been ordered to vacate the township property where he is now living.

BROWN CASTS BALLOT

Votes "Penrose Ticket"—Mrs. Harmon Just Missed Him

Judge Brown, president Judge of the Municipal Court, voted at 10:10 o'clock this morning at Spring Garden street near Fifteenth, the polling place of the fourth division of the Fifteenth Ward. He asserted he had voted the entire "Penrose ticket" and that he stands with Penrose as strongly as ever.

Mrs. Archibald R. Harmon, who is trying to drive women voters into the Vare fold, called at Judge Brown's polling place and expressed regret that she reached there after the Judge voted.

BOTH SIDES SEE VICTORY AS VOTE BATTLE WAGES

Combine Confident as Reports Indicate Strong Early Support in South Phila.

INDEPENDENTS PUT HOPE IN CLOSING HOURS' RUSH

Vare and Brown Followers Said to Be Opposing Constitutional Revision Openly

WOMEN FLOCK TO POLLS

Complaints of Irregularities Made by Faction Chiefs as Contest Grows Warmer

The Contractor Combine exerted all its strength early today and rolled up a heavy vote in South Philadelphia, while in other sections the tide of independent votes began rising this afternoon.

The polls opened at 8 o'clock this morning and will close at 8 o'clock this evening. The crest of the independent wave is expected in the last three hours of voting.

The Combine supporters were reported to be working solidly against the proposed constitutional convention. Some Penrose leaders also were opposing the convention. The Voters' League marshaled its forces for a revision of the State's basic law.

The Voters' League announced it would prosecute all cases of illegal assistance to voters. Jail or heavy fines face every offender, the League stated. The announcement followed reports of numerous cases of alleged illegal assistance in wards where Combine workers were active.

Charges of ballot-box stuffing in the Seventh Ward also were reported to the Voters' League. There were scattering arrests in various wards for alleged infractions of the election laws by Vare workers.

The big issue is: The Vares or the people?

The Voters' League, supported by Major Moore and Senator Penrose and their followers, are backing the ticket put in the field, under the Republican party name, by the Voters' League. This ticket is for Colonel George E. Kemp, for Receiver of Taxes; Edwin Wolf, for City Controller; Arthur G. Graham, for City Treasurer; V. Frank Gable, for Register of Wills, and Samuel P. Rotan, for District Attorney.

Vares Knifing Rotan

The Vares, aided by ward leaders who have refused to follow the leadership of Penrose, such as Tom Cunningham and James A. Carey, are backing this slate: W. Freeland Kendrick, for Receiver of Taxes; William F. Campbell, for Register of Wills; Will B. Hadley, for City Comptroller; Thomas F. Watson, for City Treasurer, and Mr. Rotan, for District Attorney, although there were reports that some of the Vare men were knifing Rotan in favor of Evan B. Lewis.

Vare workers are urging their followers to vote "No" on the question of holding a Constitutional Convention. Sample ballots distributed by Vare men to voters are marked against the convention. The Voters' League, on the other hand, is calling for a "yes" on the question.

Electors throughout Pennsylvania are voting on the proposal to hold a Constitutional Convention for the purpose of revising and bringing the Constitution up-to-date.

Brown Against Revision

Judge Brown's workers in the Fifteenth Ward distributed sample ballots suggesting "No" on the constitutional convention. The ballots were checked for all the "row" office candidates supported by the Voters' League. Only three candidates for Magistrate, Ellis Abrams, Robert E. Deady and Charles Smith, were marked.

The Voters' League issued this statement:

"Our reports from ward representatives indicate that the early vote is as

Continued on Page Four, Column Two

Rival Candidates for Row Offices Today

Receiver of Taxes
Colonel George E. Kemp, Voters' League.
W. Freeland Kendrick, Vare.

City Treasurer
Arthur G. Graham, Voters' League.
Thomas F. Watson, Vare.

Register of Wills
V. Frank Gable, Voters' League.
William F. Campbell, Vare.

City Controller
Edwin Wolf, Voters' League
Will B. Hadley, Vare.

District Attorney
Samuel P. Rotan,
indorsed by both elements.

DEMOCRATIC TIKCET

District Attorney
Michael J. Geraghty
Robert J. Sterrett.

Receiver of Taxes
William M. Moore.

Register of Wills
John W. Graham, Jr.

City Treasurer
Mrs. Jessie L. Collett.

City Controller
Nicholas Albrecht.