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Philadelphia, Friday, August 26, 1921 

#### "THE BIG FISH"

DECULIARLY interesting and significant was the testimony given by Nicholas J. Brooks, special agent of the Department of Justice, at the hearing of charges lodged agniust the restaurant beener. Bookbinder, from whose business place the enstrone mentook liquor stocks valued at \$50,000. The Government alleges that the whisky was contraband and that much of it was smuggled into the country. "We are only nibbling so far," said Mr. Brooks, "Rig fish are involved and we are going to get

Who are the hig fish of the smuggling organization in this vicinity? The man directly accused in this instance is, upon his own word, one of those who "do not touch the stuff." For the man who evades the law with a view simply to getting a drink for himself or his friends something my be said in extenuation. But for people who engage in the smuggling business on . large scale with no purpose other than the secumulation of easy money neither the Federal authorities, nor the general public ought to have any sympathy

The restaurant from which the customs men took the whisky described at vesterday's hearing before United States Commissioner Manley is and lot- been a favorite. rendezvous for a good many local politicians and officeholders. The place beasted dis-Hinguished patronage. It is interesting to learn that a good many men elected to high offices in this community have been in the habit of dining largely in rooms a step or two away from those in which the \$50,000 liquor cache was found. Are we to suppose that politics and bootler linked strongly in Philadelphia? that politics and bootlegging are

If the Federal agents know who the bie fish are they ought to drag them out into the daylight where the people can have a good look at them. Meanwhile, it appears that the smugglers have an extensive and well-greased organization in this general vicinity. Men of means and of social standing are reported to have gone into the business for the profits it brings them. They aren't conscientions objectors and they are not reacting to the urge of an onsatisfied thirst, if half the rumors now ourrent are to be taken at their face value. That is all the more reason why they should be exposed and proscented to the

## AN ISTHMIAN NIOBE

DANAMA will not deny herself the luxury of tears. Flags in the Isthman Republicare to be displayed at half-mast for one month as an expression of grief over the outcome of the frontier dispute.

It is the inalienable privilege of the young ward of the United States to be serrowful. Unsuccessful policies of aggression have brought grief to other nations ere this, When the period of formal despuir expires Panama will continue to be an unwilling victim of the principles of honor,

But chagrin over the inecitable will probably not abide permanently. In numerous ways the United States is enabled to reveal its constructive interest in the fate of this somewhat emotional country. Time will show that the American Government, far from seeking to oppress a small nation under its wing, was seeking to preserve an infogrity which is a potent factor in nutbentie-

The Ceto region dispute is eliminated from the list of vexed international issues, Panama will be a gainer by the disappearance of a question which has temperarily diverted her thoughts from nonch more inportant practical subjects learning upon hier legitimate, penceful development

season of wholesome reflection.

## WINGS: THEIR COST

'A TIME will come some or inter when great shrighles will make through the air without expliciting and when great planes will the about as safety as motors cars on assmooth bighway. Mon now living may yet go to and from their offices in air. machines, and there is no reason to doubt. will, but the course of time, he carried on with girshins of see sary or mather. And when air terrel is finall made safe and casy, the needs of all lands should charm liberally and event a uncommit of the state-Hest sort to the men who risk their liveevery day and often lose them in uncersing efforts to perfect the science of aviation.

The embed the ZR-2 was one tragedy in

n long sories that is not ver ended. It is fashionable to say that flying is safe. It is safe enough with the randomes alreads standardized and brought to a state of relative perfection. But the pioneers are never. antistical with a completed work.

In the military service of every country,

and particularly in the military service of the United States, there are groups of adventurous fliers who risk those toyes regularly in the contine work directed to make airships and airplanes more efficient and dependable. These are the "test pilots" of the service. Their business is to see, by actual working trials a wing, whether the theories of the land engineers will work out in actual practice. They take untried machines up and fly them or try to. They erash sometimes and sometimes they are killed. Beautiful new motors fail them or designs prove tricky or unexpected weak nesses or faults which no engineer count foresee are brought to light in the lightle with the air currents, and the pilot getback to the land or the water as best he

There is a "test route" between Governors Island and the Washington hangurs and another which the naval men often use between League Is and and Anneostia. Speed and endurance tests over these routes frequent, and it is no unusual thing fliers to buck the winds in strange and treacherous machines which the Government is always buying to keep itself ined about work done abroad. tepant Stocker, the last men to be

killed at the League Island air station, was a test pilot. He served all through the war in the naval air forces. He endured bombings and battles without number. He lost his life in a test flight over the Delaware

River. The test pilot thinks little of a crash. He expects it. It is part of his duty to endure it and to keep alive in order to report what he learned in the air about the utility of a particular wing type or a motor er a landing genr. The saddest part of it is that no one ever hears of the matchless services of these men until some of them are killed in accidents like that which ended

the career of the ZR-2. The British and American airmen aboard the big dirigible were test pilots in the truest sense. And the work they undertook was no more hazardous than that which is being done every day at almost every great air station in the United States.

#### CONTRACTOR COMBINE SEEKS TO BAMBOOZLE THE WOMEN

But the Wives and Mothers Should Realize the Mayor Has Set His Face Against Those Forces That Rob the Pay Envelope and Demoralize the Home

THE woman spokesman for the Contractor I Combine, in her efforts to align the women in support of that organization, is saying that "the mill girls, the wage carners and the wives and mothers of Philadelphia bread-winners have a mighty purpose in I the franchise.

She seems to think that that purpose is to prevent themselves from being "segregated into groups and directed to follow self-appointed leaders of wealth and social standing, either men or women." In order that they may be herded to the polls by other self-appointed leaders who are in politics for what they can make out of it.

In the course of time the wives and mothers of the bread-winners will show whether they can be lined up to support the kind of leaders who have profited by the votes of the men. Such leaders are seeking to protect all those victous resorts in which the men have spent the money that ought to go to the support of their families. They have looked after the corner saloons and the gambling places. Their lieutenants have often been the proprietors of those salcons and gambling places. Out of the profits they have made from

the money dissipated in such ways by breadwinners these parasites on society have paid back a small fraction for the coal that has been distributed free to the needy and they have men-ionally paid the cent when the brend-winner was out of work. They have assumed a protective over-lord-dip in large districts inhabited by the moor and humble.

Mon voters have consented to this sort of patronizing boss-ship. They have been willing to be political serfs and to vote as they were told, while the men who issued the orders were growing rich out of the power thus obtained through the control of

Under this system many women have suffered. The money that they ought to have had to buy bread for their children has been paid over the bar of the protected saloon or has been lost in the gambling places. When the grocer called to collect his bill it was the wife who had to auswer the knock at the door and make what excuses she could for her inability to pay.

When the streets were fifthy, as they usually were in the poorer sections of town, it was the wife who had to live all day with the dirt blowing from the pavement into her house and over her scanty the ancollected garbage scattered about the sidewalk. When the sewers were blocked she was the one who had to suffer the inconvenience.

When she lived in a house of her own sie was the one who had to save and scrimp berself in order to accumulate the somey to pay the tax bill while the political bosses were raking of millions of dollars in profits from public work which they scamped in order that the profits might be

Now the men who are fighting Mayor Moore and seeking to get their bands once more on the City Government are the men who have been finding their occupation

The Mayor has refused to protect the gambling places. If he would consent there would be such harmony as would make the murie when the morning stars sang to-gether seem like discord. He has refused to protect the vicious resorts where the girls are offered as a sacrifice to last and where the young men are debuiched. He has refused to "take care" of the manugers of the saloons frequented by the pans dees and the petty thieves. He has insisted that the Charter, passed by a Repub-Meanwhile, a good ere may bring forth a bean Lexislature, with provisions intended to break the strangle-hold of the contractor politicians on the public treasury, shall be enforced in all its particulars.

The issue is so clear-out that it cannot be misinderstood. It goes to the heart of mery workingmen's home. It touches the elt-interest of every weman in the city, whether she he rich on poor, for there is no class of society over which the potentials serpent of gambling and three does not trail · dimy length.

If there were ever a gorstion on which the women, regardless of social status, should be united, it is this question of the parenership between the city Government and protected vice. It goes beyond the protection of the pay conduce of the wage enemy into the preservation of the social

But what does the Contractor Combine ence about the social morale? When its profits are at stake it regards everything es- as taffle and popayrook. It talks about Suming school politics and Parttan standand as though that son of thing were in-

The thing that is at issue is whether the politicians who want to get their greedy fingers once more into the public treasury shall be permitted to keep their hold on the county offices and whether their satellites, who are eager to get a rake-off from the earnings of the brothel and the gambling hell, shall be permitted to elect magistrates who will give immunity to the conductors of these places:

. There can be no doubt about the side on which the women should be aligned, and they will be aligned on that side if they are not deliberately deceived by leaders who ence nothing for the protection of public interests, but care everything about illient

## THE LUCKLESS LEVIATHAN

MARK TWAIN once combated an acci-dent insurance agent with a discourse upon "The Dangers of Lying in Bed." His reason is applicable to the hapless Levinthan, singed at her pier by flames which for a time threatened the existence of the giant vessel. Sea perils appear almost trivial in com-

parison with the evils to which the greatest ship under the American flag is a prey. The forces of degeneracy operate readily against the mert. Every day the Leviathan lies useless at her dock brings her dissolu-

tion nearer The Government has asserted that the vast ex-liner is being well cared for, but mere inactivity is in this instance and despite all opposing efforts akin to a disease. The Leviathan is nowadays seldom heard of save in connection with some mischance

such its the recent alarming fire in Hoboken. Now that the Senate has acted favorably upon a large appropriation for the Shipping Board, the restoration of the ship to her rightful place is more imperative than ever. What may happen to her at sea will presumably be honorable and she may be expected to behave gallantly amid the ordinary risks of her province. Better to wear out than to rust out.

#### A REAL CONTROLLER NEEDED

WHAT happens when the Controller's office is not jealous of the financial incrests of the taxpayers is shown in the latest bulletin of the Bureau of Municipal Research discussing the recent fifty-year oan of \$5,000,000.

This loan bears 519 per cent interest. The bonds were sold at a premium which netted the city \$206,950. Thus the sum which the city received was such as to reduce the rate of interest to about 514 per If this lower rate of interest had been offered the bonds would probably have sold at par.

Now, in accordance with an old practice, he amount of the premium, or \$206,950. has been put in the general fund for current expenses and the city will have to pay 51; her cent interest on the \$5,000,000 and will get no return on the premium, that is to be ent as soon as it is appropriated instead of being put into the sinking fund to remmulate toward the repayment of the debt when it falls due.

The excuse that it has been customary in the past to divert to the general account for current expenses the premiums obtained on the sale of bonds is not valid now, whatever it may have been in the past. We have a Charter which forbids the raising of money for ordinary expenses of the Govrument by the issue of long-term bonds. Every dollar paid for the current expenses of the Government must be raised by taxa. ion. Emergency bonds may be issued for not more than two years. Every dollar received as premium on bonds is berrowed. And every such dollar, if properly used, reluces the rate of interest on the loan to the benefit of the taxpayers.

But when the rate of interest is so high as to command a premium for the bonds the city is offering more than the market rate for money, and it is borrowing more than it needs to the extent of the premium.

The fact that a premium was paid for the last bonds is evidence that the man or men who fixed the rate were either not sufficiently informed as to the state of the noney market or else not careful to guard the taxpayers' interests properly. What is imperatively needed at this time

to put the financial affairs of the city on a isinesslike basis is a Controller with sound financial training and with such a clear conception of the necessity of conserving the resources of the community as will put an end to the loose practices of past years. Every sign of the last few months shows the need of new blood in the City Controller's office, the second most powerful and important in the City Government. And the head should be nobody's "me-too"

#### AN ERA OF GOOD FEELING

A FOREIGN policy conducted without domestic friction is the novelty which President Harding contributes to the early months of his Administration. Although a few chronic malcontents have questioned the ing the new frenty with Germany, and although not a single Senator had anything to do with the negotiations in Berlin, representatives of both parties in the Foreign Relations Committee have expressed general satisfaction with the result.

The tact of the President and the forceful oustructive abilities of Secretary Hughes appear to be largely responsible for this mppy and welcome turn of events.

Reports that the treaty was to have been signed before the leaders of the upper house vere permitted aequaintance with its conats were strategically belied by the intlonte conferences which Mr. Harding and Mr. Hughes held with the Republican memhers of the Foreign Relations Committee and with the whole committee respectively, These meetings were in strict conformity with the President's power to make treaties by and with the advice and consent of the mate." The signing of the treaty, dated yesterday, came afterward, not before, consortation at home.

While it is true that Mr. Wilson upon his first return to this country, in Februsary, 1919, did invite members of the Senate Fereign Relations and the House Foreign Affairs Committees to discuss features of the negotiations in Pauls, the political atmosphere at that time was far from pro-There was resentment over the furious of the Democratic President to recognize the Senate in his commission to the Peace Conference, and, of course, the League of Nations was a mare's nest.

These facts, however, do not render the merits of Mr. Harding's performance any less conspicuous. It would have been legally possible to withhold from the Senators all knowledge of the details of the new pact until it was signed But the President has not presumed upon

the present marked ascendancy of his party nor upon the elecumstance that, the Administration being new, the prevailing attiade toward him is sympathetic and friendly. His gratuitous consultation with his partisons in the Foreign Relations Committee was as were as it was gracious. On the Democratic side, Mr. Hitchcock

is reported as pleased with Secretary Hughes' confidences. "I see no reason," declares the Senator from Nebruska, who formerly led Mr. Wilson's fight for the Versailles part in the upper house, "why the treats should not be ratified promptly." Doubtless he is aware that the actual negotintions in Berlin were conducted by an American envoy appointed somewhat indefinitely as "commissioner" during the Wilson Administration. The retention by President Harding of

Ellis Loring Dresel, a diplomatist of experience and discretion, in his Berlin post s one of the many ameliorating methods characterizing the existing regime. s every prospect that the present atmosphere of harmony will not be rudely dispelled. Certainly the public devoutly hopes that no marplots will intercene. Another treaty row would be agonizing in

the extreme, a fact of which both the Prestdent and the energetic chief of the State Department appear keenly conscious. Coming political campaigns are ex-

perted to give the badge and souvenir busiboost. In some cases it won't be One day's shipment of vaisins Fast from Fresno, Calif., totaled 7000 tons,

Stanley amendment. Roston expert says the lunch room ten cent cheese sandwich costs two and three-quarter cents and the fifteen-cent ham sand-wich a nickel. But has the expert incluthe cost of the shaving machinery?

but the fact should not be allowed to inter-fere with the action of Congress on the

## AS ONE WOMAN SEES IT

Children's Party Example to Grown-Ups, for Guests Sought to Entertain as Well as to Be Entertained

#### By SARAH D. LOWRIE

WE HAD seven children for luncheon today. On awaking this morning our spirits quailed. Two adults and seven children under nine years seemed an under-taking—for the children. We did not know whether they could pull us over.

They arrived at 1 o'clock and it is now 5

and they have just departed, and we are in a congratulatory mood at the pleasant time we have had—all nine of us. They entertained us sparklingly for two of those four hours, and then entertained themselves with the various things about the place: When the time came that we thought their parents and guardians might wonder what had become of them we hunted them up. Without any rancer they agreed that maybe duty called them, and rehabilitating themselves in their pumps and party hats, rings and other bits of jewelry which had been discarded for freer play, they departed in a inppy, voluble troop to escort the nearest Their entertainment of us was masterly

and apparently spontaneous. They called out their best stories, they apologized for words here and there in song or story that they called "not polite" just company." like "belly" and and "old he goat." The youngest, Robby, aged six and three-quarters going on seven, scorning a high chair or even the slight vantage of a pillow, managed to keep his chin just high enough above his plate not to strike it, but to prove his ability to compete made an after-dinner speech by his own suggestion.
It was about dogs, rats, cats, rabbits, and

was chanted, as befitted an improvisation "'After-dinner" speech is my word for it his was better. He called it an "at dinner

WE DISCUSSED the Irish and the Ger-man versions of "Jack the Giant Killer"; the superiority of the "Princess and the Goblins' to its sequel, "The Prin-cess and Curdy." We compared the versions of short-lived histories, such as "Solo-mon Grundy" and "Billy Pringle's Little We announced our very most favorite desserts, we compared our feats of strength with Hercules and Goliath, as being at once our despair and inspiration in matters of nuscle. We decided what we meant by 'really old'; certainly not thirty or one or two gray hairs. Some of us just loved school: Timothy just hated it. Some of us took naps still and none of us was allowed to go in swimming quite every day. The conversation was kept strictly general. other all talking at once or one "speaking" to hold the floor, with softe voce corrective audience. There was always a polite ten-dency to elucidate obscure allusions to the grown-ups, with a kind eye to their possiignorance.

From first to last there was not a shred of gossip or of malice or unkindness; there was throughout a great sense of responsi-bility to have and to give a good time, for was not the occasion a festive one, a party? And as such it should be met more than half way with glad zest.

A MONG seven grown-ups at a luncheon in midsummer, where the guests lingered for four hours, there could not have been such sustained gayety, such charming responsiveness and such freedom from bore-Some one would have talked too much or

listened too little or said something better left unsaid or been bored or disappointed. Was it the naturalness of the children that carried the day so spontaneously? Or was it the fact that they were allowed to net a pretty part of being grown up to two grown-ups who fell into the game of "let's pretend"? I confess that I do not know.

I am sure of one thing, however, from long experience; If children are fresh or shy the fault lies with the grown-ups. Of course, just as there is a freemasonry ong matrons that even ancient spinsters are not permitted to quite enjoy, so there is a freemasonry among children that keeps

even the most artful of grown-ups slightly at a disadvantage. But an adult who is personable, who has no authority as to hours and duties, who is beguilingly interested without being inquisttive or assertive—such a grown-up, espe-cially if she or he has a slightly audacious turn of mind, is let in for much that goes

on unbeknown to parents and guardians.

My feeling is that confidence thus gained must never be betrayed to parent or guardian. Telling tales is fatal—for the teller! It energes the recipient and disillusions the victim. Yet the mere telling of an escapade by a child to an innocuous grown-up is a wholesome process, and if it is received skillfully can close a whole chapter of experimentation without leaving any aftereffect of citier remorse or a curiosity for

T GIVE the modern mother the credit for not using a weapon much in vogue in my childhood and dreadfully unfair-I mean the pretending to be grieved and sobbingly distressed. Tears and prayers do not hold so portentous a part in the stage scenery of the nursery as they did in either our mothers days or ours; neither does biting sarcasm hold the fort for teachers.

The blows come straight from the shoulder in this age of good form in athletics and in discipline. And that dreadful histus of offended alcofness and of corresponding sullentiess or sulks plays a far weaker part in the regimen of punishment. Even the last generation disliked bad discipline. remember in my youth one of my cousing brawling down the stairs to his parents as they vainly tried to welcome their dinner guests through the din of his fight with his nurse; "Please come up." I need some one to manage me!"

I think something of the directness now. adays of their relations when in disgrace children used to feel about acknowledging guilt. It seems to be a question now of pride of will or of stubboroness, not of owardice, that withholds a full confession

I GAZED with wonder at a small plece of mine devouring a huge caramel with-out bolting it with her mother impending on the instant around the corner. Your mother will sould you, won't she?" "She may," said the infant, "but she I asked, with real trepidation

I realized that that physiological truth had never guite dawned upon me with regard to the purent that disciplined me. "Sure "What a silly I was 1 thought. o have fied to the powers they couldn't eat Why was I so frightened at them?" And then I remembered! They made a policeman of God and they utilized a torture chamber of hell and kept them in their nursery capboard of punishments. They had made me learn by heart this strange

"And the greatest of these is charity. which was neither more nor less than the Catechism answer to the question; What does every sin deserve?"

contradiction of:

Answer: "Every ain deserves the wrath and curse of God." Very few children are taught that nown-days, which is sufficient proof that the world is growing a better place in which

In response to the desire of those who

fent that a conference known as a Dis-armament Conference may really take steps loward disarmament, why not call it a Cut-Rate Confab? Suzanne doesn't understand why Americans don't like baseball umpires. They are such nice men, she says. That's just it,

It is not on record that the Southampton, N. Y., host who put sait instead of sugar into ninety cocktails tried to save his face by serving it as said dressing on lettuce and peppers.

Their unpopularity rests on their

## CARTOONS OF THE DAY



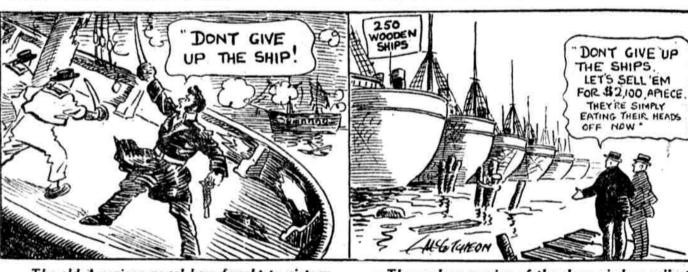
The modern young lady who gives thought to her appearance-

-will refrain from cocktails and cigarets after hearing they stimulate the growth of mustaches on feminine lips.



The first two knickerbockers for street wear create a great stir when they appear-

-although we have long since become accustomed to much more revealing fashions.



foggy idea of what it is and how the artist

ropean nations, during happier days of in-ternational peace, not threatened by internal

political or factional troubles, were engrossed

only by a sense of emphation and the desire

of predominating over each other in the attainment of the highest intellectual stand-

ard. Every thought, every energy was de

voted to the moral and educational develop-

"At all times in the world's history there

have been associated with the true, sincere men who have co-operated in initiating

civilizing, progressive and evolutionary

critical mask of selfishness and possessed by the desire of enriching themselves at the ex-

pense of those acting in good faith and nobility of soul, take advantage of similar

"Owners of genuine works of art, deeply

concerned about the intellectual welfare of

their countrymen, generously offered them

were also rich, noble people, very fond of

artistic productions of the ancient times

who began searching everywhere for paint

"The collectors were increased in number

and the genuine works of art became scarce and rare. Hence the art dealer appeared.

"While the unscrupulous one often had, perhaps, good specimens of the skill of well-

known masters, he also had bad examples-

the work of copyists, initators and the like

prices became higher, the appetite for en-

richment developed, and then manufacturers of old masters became established in Brus-

sels, Amsterdam, Paris, Rome, Florence

Many Just Fill Wall Space

"The pictures having been long in the

hands of the original owners, unappreciated, valued, not for their artistic qualities, but as a means for filling wall space or because

they represented ancestors, remained up

touched, uncleaned. Being found darkened

by the accumulation of dust, affected by the

humidity of a close atmosphere, they acquired a progressive "mysterious" tone, in-

reasing evermore in intensity by the addi-

tion of smoke produced by the old-fashioned focolori (fireplaces) and camini (mantel-

pieces), in which wood of all kinds was

sed in making fires, thus producing gases

of different natures.
"It was impossible to discern beneath

such an ever-increasing thickness of hetero-

geneous substances, together with superim

posed layers of stained varnish, linseed oil or stained wax, the brilliancy and purity of

tints, the contrasting bright colors, harmo-niously blended, of the paintings as they

appeared when their authors gave to them

imposed fereign substance, but whoever at-tempted it in those remote times, ignorant

of the proper method to be employed for

such a purpose and failing to accomplish that which he desired, left things be after

"The picture thus treated appeared more spotted, more visibly cracked and still re-

tained the smoky yellow tone which it had

in the mind of the general public that 'age,

atmospherical chemical agencies, dampuess, smoke or sulphurous vapors produced the

alterations of the original 'materia prima'

'old masters' by imitating very closely the

'mysterious darkness' of their canvas and multiplying the original works. In satis-

fying the demand of the collectors they fattened the purses of the dealers, who thus

solved, too, the problem of their own living

"Therefore the responsibility for the ex-istence of so called counterfeit works of art

of the present day is to be attributed to the

dishonest art dealer, to the artist who, being

unable to create, devotes himself to copying

Then we had skilled copyists reproducing

and the subsequent change of tints.

"These conditions led to the conviction

causing a change in the general tonality

"An effort was made to remove the thick cont of that continuous, successive, super

last stroke of the brush.

been the intention to remove.

The demand for genuine works increased

movements for self-aggrandizement,

to the Nation. Others sold them.

ings, sculptures, curios and other

and with him the forger.

Naples and elsewhere.

ovements those who, covered by a hypo

ment of their people,

"This practice sprang up when the Eu-

The old American naval hero fought to victory under this slogan-

-The modern version of the slogan is less gallant, even if more practical.

## NOW MY IDEA IS THIS

Daily Talks With Thinking Philadelphians on Subjects They Know Best

## PASQUALE FARINA

On Art Faking

THE forging of the old masters' works has L become so highly developed an that no one but the expert can detect the original, according to Pasquale Farina, an authority on old masterpieces. Yet, says Prof. Farina, there are limitations of the orger or copyist that make it possible for one who studies their subject to detect these

"No matter how much an actist might vary his style," says Prof. Farina, "he must, and will lay down, somewhere or other, in almost every one of his pictures. some note of color or detail that he has been fond of since he first painted a canvas This happens more surely if the artist is werking by inspiration.

A forger, used to copying or imitating, might lose his tricky characteristics in an effort to make his copy a geometrical rather than an artistic work. But he will never make a copy or imitation so perfectly as to deceive an expert who devoted bimself to the study of the peculiar manuer and style of any picture under consideration. ough, careful and close examination by such an expert will invariably convince him that he has before him a forged work. "A genuine picture is in relation to a

forged one as a genuine diamond is in contrast with a chemical imitation. It is not possible for the copyist to get any such effect as absolute freedom of brush movement especially in high lights, 'alla prima' as the creator sees his subject as he spontaneously produces on the canvas what he sees at the very justant of sincere inspiration,

Find Uncertainty of Treatment "In the work of the copyist we find always a certain uncertainty of treatment which gives to the expert called in to judge the work a subtle, sudden inspiration that the picture is an 'unpleasant whole.' Their outlines lack firmness, and often they duplicate them here and there. We will ever find dulless, opacity, intransparency in his worklack of luminosity, too, no matter how skillful he is. Artistic history shows us that the replica never equals the original picture. In spite of the fast that many friends

of dead American artists are still living, that their pictures are popular in this country and that the collectors are more or less inrelligent conneisseurs of the technique, style and manner of each, the forger of American paintings did not besitate to produce ions of work by Homer, Martin, Inness and Wyant.

d Wynnt. "Some dealer, eager to increase his bank secount, accepts and sells the imitation as genuine, knowing at the same time-espeinly when they are forged at his order that he is exploiting the good faith of the buyer for his own exclusive benefit. In view of such clever but dishonest

practices in connection with the production

of native works of art, we should not be surprised to notice so many spurious old masters in public and private collections. 'In European art galleries we see some of the pictures very dark, almost colorless or of a dirty, smoky, indefinite, brown yellow tonality, which causes them to ap pear as though covered by a mysterious yell This, we are assured, is the effect of the ravages of time. By an effort of the imagination we try to perceive, beneath this covering, some of those ideal pictorial qualities about which we have read so much in nit books of all descriptions.

"The remainder of the collection, con-stituting 90 per cent of it, in spite of being equally brown in tint, is sufficiently clear to enable any one to readily distinguish the composition of the subject, the composition as a whole and the outlines of the figures. or those of any other object portrayed, accountry, on the contrary, we find not a fev but very many toned down to a complete "The 'ravages of time' never, absolutely

never, reduces any painting, no matter how primitive it may be, to so dark a tone as to make it almost impossible to discover what was the object conceived, or what kind of colors were used by the original painter. "The blackening of a picture to such

dark tone is due solely to a very old prac-tice of 'toning it down,' with the result that those who look at it have a very confused,

## SHORT CUTS

John Bull continues to see Erin errin'.

Peace Day seemed to lack the zip of Armistice Day. "Peace has its tragedies no less than war," Witness the ZR-2.

"Angora Is Greek Objective."-Headline. Still after that goat.

Mr. Bryan would be willing to omit Page's history from history's page.

Revenue officers are of the opinion that good bookbinder should know his little

ding acquaintance with the Treaty of Ver-

The Berlin Treaty has at least a nod-

"Poor Director Appointed."-Head-Well, that's the way they come some-

John Q. Compromise is said to have done an effective piece of work with the

ZR-2 disaster is how to prevent the same thing from happening again. The filibusters having choked the Beer Bill, drys are wroth. The bill was by ob-

The first reaction of navy men to the

struction bilked; the beer obscured by froth. Procenstinators get the goat of Duty are owing to. They never do a thing they are owing to. worth while, but always they are going to.

As a statesman Congressman Herrick appears to be a great ballyhoo artist, with the firm belief that the greatest show on earth is himself.

Panama in mourning for a period of one month is a theatric gesture that gets the

The order of President Porras putting

It is now apparent that the frequency with which the ZR-2 visited the repair shop was indicative of preliminary noise that foretold a great disaster.

Panama's backing down is quoted as a notable success for American dinlomacy. Yes, indeed; the diplomacy of a policeman's club in a righteous cause. In the obituary notice of an actress in a New York newspaper it is stated that she played with the Barrymores in "Clara De

Admirers of "Clair de Lune" may

come to the conclusion that Clara is sister of the Man in the Moon.

played with the Barrymores in

## What Do You Know?

QUIZ

What language is to prevail at the coming disarramment conference?
Where is Manchuria?
What is uliage?
What is punkah?
What is the largest city in the Pacific Occan? 7. What American State is noted for its production of peanuts? 8. Name there Presidents of Mexico since.

Portirio Diaz.

9. What is the literal meaning of the expression "rule the reast"?

10. In what year during the Civit War was the battle of Fredericksburg fought?

# Answers to Yesterday's Quiz

Alexander is the present King of the Serbs, Croate and Slovenes.
 Ethan Allen is noted for his daring cap-ture of Fort Ticonderoga in the Ameri-can Revolutionary War.

can Revolutionary War.

3. The estimated population of the earth is about 1.702 000,000

4. In the United States legal holidays are fixed by State and territorial legislation.

5. A blue and white weather flag indicates 6. Maurice Maeterlinek, the noted poet and

6. Maurice Maeterlinek, the noted poet and playwright, is a native of Belgium.
7. The major component of air is nitrogen.
8. A million is written in Roman notation by placing a dash l'ine over the letter. M. which multiplies this character, meaning a thousand, by one thousand.
9. The raven is the longest lived of birds, sometimes attaining the age of 16

the works of others, and to those art col-lectors who, being ignorant in the matter of art production, buy for the 'fashion' of having an art gallery and for no other known acceptable or laudable reason." sometimes attaining the age of 100 years.

10. Gold was discovered in California in 1848.