

BRITAIN PREPARES TO CRUSH SINN FEIN

Every Available English Soldier to Be Sent to Ireland Immediately

TROOPS TO BE PROTECTED

Special Cable Dispatch, Copyright, 1921 London, June 23.—It now promises to be war to the finish between England and Ireland. Every available soldier in the British army is being sent to Ireland. Martial law is probable.

This situation is made clear in a pronouncement yesterday by Worthington Evans, Secretary of War in the House of Commons during the debate on the Irish question.

"We are sending more troops," said Mr. Evans. "Extra battalions went last week and more are going as quickly as they can. It is necessary to support the troops in Ireland, who are doing duties which must often be distasteful to them, with the full weight of England. Therefore all troops available will be sent to their support."

Mr. Evans said he had been urged to extend martial law to Ireland. He could not discuss this, but added that the House that it is one of the matters being considered. It is the intention of the Government to do everything in its power to protect the soldiers in Ireland.

Hopes that the King's visit to Belfast would be made the occasion for a Government renunciation of a more liberal policy towards Ireland, was frustrated by defeat in the House of Lords of Lord Donoughmore's motion to grant Ireland fiscal autonomy. Defeat was by a small margin, as the Government's resolution was voted by 60 to 57 votes.

Lord Birkenhead's speech left no doubt in the minds of his hearers that unless a settlement is reached, and unless the Southern Parliament functions there will be a military domination campaign of a character similar to that employed in South Africa against the Boers. For the first time a British statesman, speaking in behalf of the Government, admitted there is a war in Ireland, and furthermore that the British military has been called upon.

"That it is the intention of the Government to employ every ounce of its power in shattering the Sinn Fein force plainly was indicated in this sentence: 'Whatever efforts are required to deal with the actual situation in Ireland will be forthcoming.'"

Belfast, June 23.—(By A. P.)—The Viceroy has received the following message from the King: "I am profoundly touched by the intense loyalty and enthusiasm with which you were welcomed by the vast numbers assembled to greet us in the honorarium of the Viceroy of Belfast. We carry away with us the happiest and what will be lasting memories of this great and imposing occasion in the history of Ireland."

Both houses of the Ulster Parliament adjourned today until September 20. The Senate, before adjournment, nominated six members, including a peer and a Laborite, to the Council of Ireland, to be established under the Home Rule bill.

LONDON JOURNALS LAUD KING'S SPEECH

London, June 23.—(By A. P.)—Relief over the safe return of the King and Queen Mary from Belfast was expressed by this morning's newspapers, which also voiced appreciation of their courage in making the trip to Ireland.

Editorial warmly approved the King's address, especially his plea that the Irish "forgive and forget, and join in making for the land they love a new era of peace, contentment and good will."

The Daily News, however, strongly criticized the Government's general speech, "simultaneously making a mockery and reproach of these moving words" by its decision to send more troops to the south of Ireland.

The London Times denounces the Government for "dashing all hopes by decreeing intensified warfare in Ireland and the bitterest of the Irish people."

The Government of failing to give the game with the King, who was said to have done all he could.

Belief was strongly expressed by some papers that the opening of the Ulster Parliament might lead eventually to the harmonious establishment of a Parliament for united Ireland. Commentators reassured that to grant independence to Ireland was "utterly impossible," but they declared that Great Britain was entirely willing to allow the Irish to manage their own affairs in their own way.

What purported to be a copy of a letter Field Marshal Sir Henry Hughes Wilson, chief of the Imperial General Staff, sent to Prime Minister Lloyd George, giving his reasons for not accepting the Premier's invitation to attend yesterday's opening of the Ulster Parliament was circulated today in Irish quarters here. The Field Marshal's reasons for declining to go to Belfast were given as follows: "Being the senior officer of the British Army, I do not think it right or proper for me to be present. In view of the fact the Government appears determined to increase its pressure on the south and west of Ireland to bring the Sinn Fein rebellion to an end, and that orders for all troops to go over will emanate from me, I think it inadvisable to bring me to the attention of the British public, or to be seen in the company of a fanatic can ignore the significance of the Northern Parliament."

"A truce is called for by the King, declared the Freeman Journal. This is essential in order that the King's appeal should be listened to, and a fair field be given to peace-makers to realize his desires, which are, equally the desires of the Irish nation."

"A division in Ireland is fostered by Great Britain for her own ends," says the Irish Independent. "If there was harmony in British politics it is the policy of the King's cabinet desired to apply the principle of statesmanship, and not force a remedy, strife would be ended and discontent would be allayed in Ireland."

Mixed Jury Acquits Woman

Pottsville, Pa., June 23.—Four women and eight men on a jury yesterday acquitted Mrs. Helen Mease of Schuylkill Haven, of assaulting Constable Butz when he went to her home to serve a summons on her for alleged truancy of her son, Constable Butz said the woman hit him so hard he was the most wounded. The jury placed the blame on the man who was riding

WOMAN PRESIDES OVER HOUSE



For the first time in the history of the American Congress a woman recently presided over the deliberations of the House of Representatives. She was Miss Ailee M. Robertson, member from Oklahoma, who was called to the chair a few days ago, receiving the gavel from former Speaker Joseph G. Cannon, of Illinois.

Her first public statement as to his platform, Mr. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers, said: "I stand for Government ownership of the railroads and nationalization of the mines, and other progressive legislation which will give the workers of America the freedom and justice in industry they deserve."

Health Insurance Demanded "I stand for health insurance, old age pension and unemployment insurance—all progressive measures for the relief of the working masses. The enactment of laws covering these subjects would give the workers adequate protection and reward for the service that they have rendered industry."

Mr. Lewis said he had taken no definite stand on the subject of relations with European trade union movements, adding: "I believe, however, that some logical proposition can be worked out by which the American labor movement again can be affiliated with the International Federation of Trade Unions. Of course, the autonomy of the American organization must be fully guaranteed."

"In any event, I believe we should not lose contact with the European labor movement, and we should be in communication with that body." "All my policies," he continued, "will be formulated on a sane and common-sense basis, and will be designed to meet and adequately dispose of the issues that confront organized labor as they exist today."

Gompers Stands on Record While President Gompers issued no statement, supporters in his behalf declared that the subject of relations with European trade union movements, adding: "I believe, however, that some logical proposition can be worked out by which the American labor movement again can be affiliated with the International Federation of Trade Unions. Of course, the autonomy of the American organization must be fully guaranteed."

Line-Ups Virtually Unchanged Supporters of both candidates continued their campaigns at top speed today, carrying their electioneering to the floor of the convention, where they went for their respective groups of delegates and their support. Little change, however, was shown in the line-ups for the candidates.

The Lewis boomers made public a telegram sent by John Hasler, president, and William Mitch, secretary of the Indiana district, United Mine Workers, of Evansville, president of the Illinois district; Robert H. Hant, president of the Washington district; and Alexander Howat, president of the Kansas district, urging them to vote for the miners' leader. All three of these district mine leaders are delegates to the convention and are reported opposed to Lewis.

The telegram said that the executive board of the Indiana district had held a meeting and canvassed the situation, and it was "convinced that the great masses of Indiana miners overwhelmingly favored a change in the presidency of the American Federation of Labor."

The railroad organizations up to today failed to declare which candidate they would support. If they reach agreement, labor leaders said, their vote probably would decide the election.

Resolutions Adopted Among the more than a score of resolutions adopted yesterday were included the following: Urging passage of the Nolan bill to make the minimum wage for Government employees \$3.

Supporting the executive council's report on adverse court decisions and urging enactment of a national anti-injunction law.

Supporting efforts of seamen to get seamen's compensation and accident insurance.

Supporting the United Mine Workers in their court cases growing out of the coal strike.

Opposing the Calder Coal bill in the United States Senate.

Approving the Massachusetts law relating to formation of co-operative banks and credit unions.

Requesting large appropriations for the Federal Employment Bureau.

Approving the executive council's report condemning the "new big union" and urging international union with members in Canada to affiliate with the Canadian Trades and Labor Congress.

Approving a court of adjustments for civil service employees to settle disputes.

Referring to the executive council for investigation and action a proposal to ask for reduction of railroad executives' salaries.

U. S. RAIL CONTROL FAVORED BY LEWIS

Nationalization of Mines Also Advocated by Candidate for Federation President

GOMPERS POINTS TO RECORD

By the Associated Press Denver, Col., June 23.—Government ownership of the railroads and nationalization of the mines are the two major issues on which John L. Lewis hopes to win the presidency of the American Federation of Labor, it was learned today. On the other hand, President Samuel Gompers was striving for reelection upon his record of the last forty-one years as a leader in the American labor movement.

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BAPTIST MISSIONS DOING GREAT WORK

Notable Progress Made Among Negroes and Indians, Says Report to Convention

BEGINNING MADE IN MEXICO

By the Associated Press Des Moines, June 23.—Notable progress in educational work among Negroes and Indians in this country and among the people of Central America and the opening of an international Baptist summer school in Mexico were reported to the annual report of the American Baptist Home Mission Society, presented by Dr. L. White, executive secretary, at the Northern Baptist convention here today.

Schools for Negroes and Indians have been taxed to their utmost capacity, according to Dr. George R. Hoover, of the Education Department. Through gifts from the General Education Board and John D. Rockefeller, the salary of teachers in these schools is being increased and new buildings provided. Need for further extension of this educational work is urgent, declares Dr. Charles A. Brooke, in charge of Negro missions.

In the United States, says Dr. Lemuel Call Barnes, the society is co-operating in 106 towns and cities in missionary and church extension work. Recommendations are made for more aggressive organization for smaller cities. In sparsely settled areas six general missionaries, forty-three assistants and 100 missionary pastors have had charge of 220 churches and covered a vast territory where there is no church.

Among the foreign born an attitude of bitterness, due to suspiciousness and indiscriminate charges of radicalism, to the coming of prohibition and propaganda about Sunday restrictions, Dr. Brooke reports, has hampered Americanization. On the Pacific Coast much has been accomplished among Orientals, workers being sent among Chinese and Hindus. Many, too, have responded to the coming of prohibition and propaganda about Sunday restrictions.

Police raided a house where they claim to have found printing presses equipped with plates ready for printing light tickets. Three more arrests were made, bringing the total to eight. The counterfeiter was traced when a resident of Reading, Pa., who had bought tickets from one of the men, wrote to Tex Rickard, promoter, asking for more tickets "in the same way." No tickets having been sold for the row in question, Rickard communicated with the police.

The first five men were arrested after one of them is alleged to have negotiated for the sale of \$3750 worth of tickets to Detective August Myer. A large quantity of bogus tickets, police said, was found in the possession of the men.

Saxon Communist Sentenced for Life Berlin, June 23.—Max Hoels, the Saxon Communist, was yesterday sentenced to penal servitude for life, with loss of civil rights.

LOVE, LIQUOR AND THEFT

Paraphrase of "Wine, Women and Song" in Chester Court

WILLIAMS STEAMSHIP CO., Inc. "Ship By Water"

LOS ANGELES, SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE and TACOMA

SEAGER LINE PHILADELPHIA to Christiania, Copenhagen, Gothenberg, Stockholm, Helsingfors and Reval U. S. MAIL STEAMERS

EARN-LINE U. S. Shipping Board Steel Steamers Regular Freight Service PHILADELPHIA to HAVANA

NAWSCO LINES S. S. West Isleta—Now Loading S. S. Artigas—Sailing June 28

SEATTLE TO THE ORIENT NEW AMERICAN TRANS-PACIFIC PASSENGER SERVICE between SEATTLE and YOKOHAMA, KOBE, SHANGHAI, HONG KONG and MANILA via the SHORT ROUTE.

CUNARD ANGLOR Passenger and Freight Services From New York

PHILADELPHIA to SPAIN, MARSEILLES, GENOA S/S "SILENE" July 10

Earn-Line Steamship Co. 139 South Fourth St., Phila., Pa.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE New York to Rotterdam

CAREY ROLL ROOFINGS Carey Roll Roofing is for all pitched surfaces on factory, farm and commercial buildings. It is the cheapest and best thing for the purpose. Easy to apply and long lasting. It is thinny but sufficiently surfaced with crushed mineral to make it spark-proof, but it is 90 per cent body material. That is to say it is 90 per cent real waterproofing material. The Carey roofing we have sold to your neighbors is its own best recommendation.

NAGARA FALLS EXCURSIONS THURSDAYS July 7, 21, August 4, 18, September 1, 15, 29, 1921. Round Trip \$16.80. Niagara Falls, N. Y. Excursions, Thursdays. \$16.80 Round Trip. From PHILADELPHIA. Tickets good in parlor or sleeping cars on payment of usual charges for space through beautiful Susquehanna Valley.

AMERICAN INSULATION CO. Exclusive Distributors of CAREY PRODUCTS ROBERTS AVENUE AND STOKLEY STREET PHILADELPHIA