STILLMAN PAPERS TO REMAIN SEALED

Counsel Heed Judge's Warning That Opening Would Mean Publicity

BANKER TO PAY IN 30 DAYS

By the Associated Press

White Plains, N. Y., April 4.—Counsel for both sides in the Stillman divorce proceedings agreed this morning after spirited discussion before Supreme Court Justice Morschauser and a caution by the latter that unsealing of the papers in the case could have but one result—publicity—that [illegible] documents, including letters said to have been written to Mr. Stillman by Lyda Beauvais, Indian guide, and the alleged "confession letter" of Mr. Stillman to her husband, should not be opened when they are filed in the Putnam county courthouse at Carmel.

Justice Morschauser signed an order directing that payment of alimony and counsel fees in the divorce proceeding brought by James A. Stillman, New York banker, against Mrs. Stillman be made with a [illegible] and that meanwhile no [illegible] hearings [illegible] be stayed.

The order provides that no further hearings be held before the return [illegible] Mr. Stillman has paid to his wife $15,000 alimony for March and April, counsel fees of $25,000, and $12,500 for expenses. The entire amount is to be paid in thirty days.

Wants Beauvais Letter Admitted

Counsel for Mr. Stillman announced that an appeal would be taken to the Supreme Court in Brooklyn today against Justice Morschauser's decision last week in excluding from the record the letters said to have been written by Mrs. Stillman and the Indian guide.

The latter's son, Mrs. Stillman's husband, was barred from the proceedings on the ground that it was confidential between man and wife, and therefore privileged. Letters said to have been written to Lyda Beauvais by the guide were barred on the ground that they were presented with an affidavit by Mr. Stillman, who was not permitted to testify in the case. The court indicated that the Beauvais letters would be admissible if presented with affidavits by some one else than the plaintiff.

The court's ruling was preceded by a lively discussion among the lawyers.

Stillman's attorneys opposed an order served on them by the defense last Saturday seeking to make effective immediately the court's award of $800,000 a year alimony, with counsel fees and expenses.

Referring to the court order on alimony and counsel fees, John F. Brennan, of Yonkers, of counsel for Mrs. Stillman, said:

"We want a settlement of this order immediately whether there is an objection to it or not."

Declares Alimony Order Too Heavy

Ogden Hoffman, representing the plaintiff, then arose and objected to serving of the papers without notice last Saturday afternoon. Saturday afternoon, he said, was considered by New York attorneys "dies non."

He objected also to the order on the ground that it did not conform to the court's award. The defense, he said, wanted payment within three days of $625,000. Mr. Stillman, he added, was ready to pay within that time $475,000, or two months' alimony, but desired the remaining $475,000 to be spread over installments, the first not to begin before ten days.

"The richest man in the world could not raise such a sum within such a short time," he said.

Attorneys for the Stillman [illegible] tacked sheets to the defense papers after the court had further hearing before the referee in the case until May 17. A provision, to the effect that [illegible] was contained in the order signed Saturday and [illegible] was attacked as an attempt to bring in by the court a stay of proceeding.

Judge Cautions Plaintiff on Publicity

[illegible] of certain letters from the case. Turning to Justice Morschauser, [illegible] said:

"There is nothing in [illegible] ruling [illegible] law."

At this point [illegible] and impressing counsel to confer on the [illegible] order.

"I am going to seal [illegible] papers," said the justice. "You have the right to examine them. Even [illegible] the seals I have placed on them [illegible] public. [illegible] but also to avoid scandal."

Continuing, he said he [illegible] the idea.

"I want to impress [illegible] letters [illegible] purpose [illegible]

This Mrs. Harriet [illegible] the daughter of [illegible] court [illegible] the amount of the alimony [illegible]

"I [illegible] was [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] come [illegible]

Here Mr. [illegible] hearings [illegible] counsel [illegible]

"The [illegible]

The Justice then [illegible] to confer [illegible]

Bribe Advised by Mrs. Blake

Friends of Mr. Stillman testified yesterday she on [illegible] fighting [illegible] advice of a [illegible] Mrs. Joseph A. Blake, friend of the [illegible] Mrs. Clarence H. Mackay.

Mrs. Stillman, [illegible] who received [illegible] only one [illegible] reserve and night [illegible] weapons [illegible]

Among [illegible] daughter of [illegible] got for [illegible] mitted [illegible] to Mrs. [illegible]

James [illegible] to Ann [illegible] against his [illegible] circumstances. He [illegible] turned a rule [illegible] Christmas [illegible] which [illegible] language.

Denies Living With Wife

Mr. Percy A. [illegible] Isabel G. Stillman, son of James A. Stillman, testified he [illegible] twenty-eight months and [illegible] man. Stillman [illegible] this remark to Lyda [illegible]

"I did not [illegible] more than a year before [illegible] While people thought I was living in New York or Pocantico Hills, I was really residing with my father, Mr. Rockefeller, and for his health.

Almost without funds and in a pitiable condition nervously, Mrs. Lawrence H. Leeds, mother of Stillman's alleged son, "Jay, Junior," is expected to arrive in the North this week—prepared to protect her rights and those of her son.

MRS. IMOGEN B. OAKLEY
Who was called today for jury duty in Criminal Court No. 2

WILL EXEMPT CITY FROM HOUSING ACT

Subcommittee Accedes to Wishes of Builders After Hearing Here

Philadelphia would be exempt from the provisions of the Edmonds housing bill, according to a decision made by a subcommittee of the committee on housing and sanitation of the State Legislature, which held a hearing on the proposed code today at City Hall.

The hearing brought out strong opposition to the code on the part of builders, architects and others, who said it was academic rather than practical, and would be difficult, if not impossible, of enforcement. The building of an adequate number of new homes in this city to meet the workers' needs.

Duncan Sinclair, of Fayette county, presided at the meeting. Other members of the committee were Howard H. Spohn and Robert Boyers, of Philadelphia, William McCann, of Allegheny, and W. W. Jones, of Lackawanna. Several other members of the Legislature were present.

C. L. Wendle, jr., of Pittsburgh, director, representing [illegible] the Carnegie Land Co., came to speak in advocacy of the bill. Harry W. Bauer, a member of the Philadelphia Operative Builders' Association, spoke against it. Mr. Bauer called the bill "nationally," and said the passage would interfere [illegible] with the purchase of homes by people in modest circumstances, as it would greatly change the cost of building.

Major Alfred M. Collins, president of the Main Line Citizens' Association, urged that the bill be passed, saying that while he would like to see costly redigest be considered public health more important. A letter was read from T. DeWitt Cuyler, saying he sympathized with the bill and was sorry he could not be present to speak in its interest. Mayor Moore mentioned several other prominent men who had written approving letters. Mrs. William B. Abbey, of the chairwomen's housing committee, said: "We want more light and air. We want to have a law so that builders may not put up just any kind of building."

Elliott T. Pratt, prominent architect, discussed the bill and said it would work many hardships. Mr. Pratt stated that under its provisions the Pennsylvania Health Department could decide that the Philadelphia authorities were not living up to the code, and a big gang of workmen in to make changes. And then it can tear the city up by the roots. He said that provisions of the bill regarding air space would, if enforced, forbid tallest buildings and prevent child [illegible] of a number of present small houses [illegible]. He said that windows [illegible] would forbid the [illegible] of attics and [illegible] the crowding effect of dormer windows and Colonial architecture.

Robert J. Newman, of the Housing Association, said it would be [illegible] to put the bill to cities other than Philadelphia. A representative of the mayor's office said the Zoning Commission would be satisfied to see Philadelphia exempt, and no change [illegible] of the subcommittee. Mr. Sinclair said the committee would act on the bill.

MASTERS HIT VULGAR DANCE

Committee Will Ask Mayor to Help Curb Patrons

[illegible]

BATTLESHIP DELAYED

Crippled Pump Holds Up U. S. S. Connecticut

[illegible]

PAROLE BILL ADDS TO BROWN'S POWER

Amendment to Dithrich Measure Would Extend Privilege of Freeing Prisoners

COVERS THE COUNTY JAIL

By a Staff Correspondent

Harrisburg, Pa., April 4.—Increased powers and prestige for the already powerful Municipal Court of Philadelphia, of which Judge Brown is the presiding genius, are liberally provided for in two bills which are before the Senate this week for consideration.

One of the bills which is up for second reading in the upper chamber tonight, in the opinion of those who have watched the rising political star of Judge Brown, would greatly enhance the parole powers of the court.

Politicians remarked that it was a handy thing to have control over the paroling of prisoners. It is regarded as significant that this particular bill was not made to apply to Judge Brown's court until the bill had passed the House and been considered in a Senate committee.

"Other Courts" Included

As originally offered by Representative Dithrich, of Allegheny county, the bill proposed a rather technical amendment to the statute relating to the parole powers of judges of the Courts of Quarter Sessions and of Over and Terminer. In the Senate committee, some one laying Judge Brown's kind of court in mind, amended the statute, so as to include "other courts of record having jurisdiction" "Other courts," in this connection, would of course include the Municipal Court.

Thus the Philadelphia Municipal Court would be authorized by this special amendment, after due inquiry, to release on parole any convict confined in the county jail, House of Correction, or workhouse and place the prisoner in charge of a probation officer. It was noted today that the amendment went so far as to specify that this power of parole should refer to prisoners in houses of correction. This was to include the Philadelphia House of Correction, which is in charge of the Department of Public Welfare under the Moore administration.

The second of the two bills was offered in the Senate last week and is now in a Senate committee. This would increase the jurisdiction of the Municipal Court, in civil suits, from a maximum of $800 to a maximum of $1500.

Salary Raisers Up

Salary raisers offered by Representative Brandt, of Judge Brown's ward are on the House and Senate calendars tonight for decisive action. His bill increasing the salaries of all tipstaves in his city, including those in the Municipal Court from $2000 to $2500, is up for second reading in the upper chamber after having passed the House. Another of his bills is up for final passage in the House. This increases the salaries of assistant clerks in the Orphans' Court as follows: First class, $2500 to $4500; second, $2500 to $3000, and third, $1800 to $2500.

RIGHT WRONG LAWS, SAYS NEW PASTOR

The Rev. Dr. J. E. Crowther Urges Curb on Criticism of Public Officials

"If laws are wrong we must do our best to right them and we should refrain from unreasonable criticism of law offenders."

This suggestion was made by the Rev. Dr. J. E. Crowther, who arrived here today to take the pastorate of Arch Street Methodist Episcopal Church. Dr. Crowther comes from the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Seattle, Washington, where he made an excellent record.

Dr. Crowther was accompanied by Mrs. Crowther. They were met at the Baltimore and Ohio Station by the Rev. Dr. C. S. Fryer, representing the bishop of the church here, and the Rev. Dr. George R. Wood, president of the board of trustees.

Says Much in Few Words

Dr. Crowther is a man of medium height and [illegible] build. He has black [illegible] and [illegible] and seems to look [illegible] question him. His [illegible] courteous and he has the [illegible] a great deal in a few words.

Regarding questions concerning his views [illegible] "First of all my work is as a pastor. I do not think the church should [illegible] politics, except when it [illegible] the way of suggestion. I have been interested in affairs in Pittsburgh and have been watching [illegible] for some time. Of course, I am strong for prohibition and as the pastor of [illegible] Methodist Episcopal [illegible]

"As to Congress, I experienced a very hard fight against the authorities in Seattle when I started to clean that city up in 1917. He was questioned regarding his experience there.

"[illegible] dance halls and [illegible] I finally offered the Mann Bill 1000 men in the city [illegible]

Mayor Gill [illegible] my office," said Dr. Crowther. "And I told him at the [illegible] I was whose servant he [illegible] and I told him for the [illegible] He worked hard for good government in the next election Mayor Gill was defeated.

Mrs. Crowther is a plump woman of pleasant appearance. Her hair is slightly [illegible] gray. She expressed delight at coming to Philadelphia [illegible]

5TH WARD DEFENDANT DIES

Clarence Hayden Served Six Months for Election Conspiracy

Clarence Hayden, formerly Negro [illegible] of the Fifth Ward, who served six months in the West Chester [illegible] in connection with the Fifth Ward [illegible] died yesterday at a rooming house at 1617 South [illegible] Street.

He was entered Moyamensing Jail [illegible] 1919. He was convicted with others for participating in the primary [illegible] which culminated in the murder of Detective George [illegible]

Beginning on Thursday, April 7, [illegible] would have prevented the murder of [illegible] he had wanted to. It was to [illegible] allowed Mascia, the gangster, to live in Egypt without interfering.

Hayden was released from prison February 5, 1920. He was termed a "model prisoner" by the warden. He was the first of the Fifth Ward prisoners to complete his sentence.

LAID OFF AFTER FOUR AND A HALF YEARS, HE WINS $100 FIRST DAY

Theodore Buckalew, of Wilmington, Took Trouble to Read Instructions and Found Out Where He Had Been Falling Down

One Hundred Dollars Daily

For the Best Last Line Supplied by Any Reader of the Evening Public Ledger to the Incomplete Limerick Which Appears Below

RULES OF THE LIMERICK CONTEST

1. Contest is open to anyone. All that is required for you to do is to write and send in your last lines to the Limerick, using for convenience the coupon printed below. Please write carefully, and be sure to add your name and address.
2. All numbers to the Limerick which is printed below must be received at the office of the EVENING PUBLIC LEDGER by 8 p. m. Wednesday. Address Post-office Box number given on coupon. Answers left at the office of the Evening Public Ledger will also be admissible.
3. The winner of the ONE HUNDRED DOLLAR prize for the best last line to each Limerick will be announced one week after the Limerick is printed.
4. In case of ties $100 will be awarded to each successful contestant.
5. The decision of the judges in each Limerick contest will be final.

THE WINNER OF TODAY'S CONTEST WILL BE ANNOUNCED ONE WEEK FROM TODAY

Cut Out and Mail

EVENING PUBLIC LEDGER,
TO THE LIMERICK CONTEST
P. O. Box 1555, Philadelphia.

LIMERICK NO. 97

While doing a perilous scene
For a movie, Miss Hazel Bodine
Was shot in the finger.
Cried she, "I can't linger—

(Write your answer on the line)

Name .....

Street and No. .....

City and State .....

SEPARATE SLIPS!
To make consideration of individual ideas easier, hereafter send each one on a separate slip with your name, address and telephone by which you may be reached.

Today's winner was chosen by the Senior and Intermediate Young People's Societies, Seventh United Presbyterian Church, Orthodox and Leiper streets, Frankford, at a joint entertainment given there. See photo of tellers on back page.

Tomorrow's winner was chosen by the Mystic Thirteen Fraternity, Fifteenth street and Snyder avenue.

"I wrote that line on Monday, the first day I had been laid off after working for the Pusey & Jones Co. four and a half years," said today's winner. "I don't think $100 was such a bad day's pay for a man on vacation.

"For a long time I thought I had been sending in lines that were as good as those that got on the ballot. Then I discovered what was wrong. I read your additional instructions last Monday, which demonstrated to me that I had not been placing my accents properly.

"Since I've won a good many prizes and contests, including puzzles, parade costumes and many others, I thought I'd have to win, and I've been keeping at it for a month now. I'm married, and so forth. In fact, there are five so-forths. And my family have had confidence in their dad."

Just here the public might as well know that Mr. Buckalew wasn't so sure somebody wasn't borrowing him. He had got out of bed to respond to the telegraph company's phone delivery of our message, however, and he thought he would go to Philadelphia "on a shopping trip," out of curiosity.

"Shopping in Philadelphia," was what Mrs. Buckalew said he was doing, when she was reached by telephone the next morning.

An hour or so later Mr. Buckalew warned that it wasn't a hoax.

"What will I do with this hundred?" he said. "Well, I've been in "bad company" to see in the contest, and now that I've won, since I'm not working, I guess this prize will add several long breaths to my last gasp."

Mr. Buckalew had a son in the navy during the war, and another is still in the First Surveillance Group, U. S. Aviation Service, at El Paso. He is a clerk, but has made his ready wit and native ability earn him a good many extra rewards for application and perseverance.

When last seen, Mr. Buckalew was headed toward Wilmington, prepared to tell his wife that his "shopping" had been successful.

The jury which chose the winner was composed of all persons over sixteen years of age who attended a joint April Fool festival at the Seventh United Presbyterian Church, Frankford. There were sixty-two voters in all, and a representative group of nineteen, including the pastor, was chosen to gather the ballots and count them. Photographs of the tellers appear on the back page, with their names.

The winner, then, is

THEODORE H. BUCKALEW,
2407 Tatnall Street,
Wilmington, Del.

His winning limerick:

A dancing young girl named Janette
Desired to be married, and yet,
"Dear Walter, I'd falter,"
She said, "at the altar—
While you're solo in dough, don't du-et."

Mr. Buckalew's limerick was No. 10 on the ballot. Others were:

No. 1. **"That belle's phoney, her 'ring' brings regret."** George D. Newman, 2706 South Tenth street. One vote.

No. 2. **"Notwithstanding, I'd kneel, you can bet."** Mrs. Herman Schenkel, 5320 Spruce street. Five votes.

No. 3. **"For I wedded the last guy I met."** F. F. Rose, Jr., 950 Park avenue, Collingswood. Seven votes.

No. 4. **"I vow 'aisle' get 'rector' upset."** Reese F. Matson, 324 West Eighth street, Chester. Two votes.

No. 5. **"It's a-part-ment for two, don't forget."** Mrs. Oliver W. Patten, 1430 North Fifty-seventh street. Twelve votes.

No. 6. **"Wait said 'Honey, that strain can 'bee' met,"** J. A. Duvall, 517 Kentucky avenue, S. E., Washington, D. C. Three votes.

No. 7. **"Pipe that tune, note the strain on me, pet."** Marion Rotan, Sewell, N. J.

No. 8. **"If he 'leads,' she won't 'feint,' you can bet."** Katherine Cuffe, 1215 Market street. Four votes.

No. 9. **"Are you the right one? I forget."** Aden R. Clawson, Powelton Apartments. Two votes.

LLOYD GEORGE ACTS IN MINERS' STRIKE

Presides at Cabinet Meeting To Present Policy in Commons Today

By the Associated Press

London, April 4. The coal strike situation continued the foremost topic of discussion throughout Great Britain today, with labor, commerce, trade and finance deeply agitated over the critical condition into which the country has been plunged by the shutdown of the mines. Every one was awaiting the expected statement by Mr. Lloyd George, the prime minister, in the House of Commons late this afternoon, which it was hoped would have a clarifying effect.

Mr. Lloyd George presided at a cabinet meeting this morning, at which the situation was considered. The government's position, it was anticipated, would be clearly defined in the prime minister's statement.

From the colliery districts the best news was that the rush of water into many of the pits was being checked by the engineers, with the help of volunteers, manning the pumps. In other mines, with the volunteers assisting, the waters were gradually gaining on the workers.

In the Shewardeat colliery, in Wales, a fire was reported burning which it was feared would destroy the workings. Some of the Lifeshore colliers were forced to quit by striking miners, but disaster on the fire has been averted not only in the South Wales, but in the Yorkshire, Nottinghamshire and Northumberland districts.

Authorities at London were proceeding today with their arrangements for the provisioning of the people of the country if the meetings called for Tuesday and Wednesday resulted in the railway men and transport workers deciding to throw in their lot with the miners and join them in striking.

Announcements that additional log industrial works were preparing to suspend were followed by fears of total closing and the dumping down of the furnaces, came during the morning. In line with other measures restrictive of ordinary activities because of the strike, the races scheduled to be held at Lingfield were abandoned.

Trick Amendment Found as Election Measure Is on Third Reading

By a Staff Correspondent

Harrisburg, April 4.—The "trick" amendment to the Phipps primary election bill, which was designed to grant assistance to voters, it appears today, is too tricky and consequently may result in defeating itself.

As the bill passed the Senate, it provided merely for certain disposition of ballot-boxes, especially in rural districts. In the House committee of elections, however, the bill was amended so as to make it possible for assistance to be given a voter without an affidavit that the voter is physically unable to mark his own ballot.

Representative Leopold C. Glass, Vare leader in South Philadelphia, says that he was not the author of the amendment, although he favors its purpose.

Legislative experts pointed out today that according to the constitution and the rules of the House and Senate, no bill can be so altered as to change its original purposes. It is clear, it was explained, that the amendment to the Phipps bill has changed its original purpose.

"It looks like some one was trying to kill my bill," Senator Phipps said today. "I am going to see the members of the House responsible for that Philadelphia amendment. I don't think that they can go through with that idea. Certainly it is not my original bill."

This trick amendment, regarded as favoring the system of mass voting in contested wards in Philadelphia, was discovered in the House last Thursday by Representative Edmonds, of Germantown. The bill was then on final passage. But for Edmonds' quick work, the bill would have passed finally as a matter of routine and today be in the hands of the Governor. On Edmonds' motion, the measure was placed on the postponed third reading calendar.

"So far as I am concerned, that 'snake' will be scotched," Senator Phipps said.

HARDING CONFERS WITH UNION HEADS

Leaders Summoned to Give Views on General Railway Situation

OTHERS TO BE CALLED

By the Associated Press

Washington, April 4.—B. M. Jewell, president of the railway department of the American Federation of Labor, and A. B. Garretson, president of the Order of Railway Conductors, were called into conference today by President Harding, who is studying the general railway situation.

It was understood that the two leaders were summoned to give their opinions not only regarding wage schedules, but also to the broader question of general railway rehabilitation. They were given separate appointments, and it was indicated that other labor leaders and representatives of the railway managers would be asked to see the President later.

Chicago, April 4.—(By A. P.)—W. G. Besler, president of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, was the first witness called before the railroad labor board today in the hearing on rules and working conditions. He is a member of the labor committee of the Association of Railway Executives.

Previous to Mr. Besler's testimony a letter was read from E. E. Loomis, president of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, stating that he had no information that would throw any light upon the national rules.

The board announced that Frank McManamy, formerly assistant director of operations of the mechanical department of the United States railroad administration would be called as a witness Wednesday morning, after Frank P. Walsh, counsel for the railroad unions, had requested that Mr. McManamy be asked to testify. Mr. McManamy was the government representative on the committee that drew up the national agreements.

Asked by Mr. Walsh what rules the railroad operated upon, Mr. Besler answered: "We had no agreements or rules. We had a staff of competent officials and placed responsibility in them."

After going through the national agreements, rule by rule, Mr. Besler said that fifteen of the 184 rules of shop crafts agreement, in substance, were in force on the railroad prior to federal control, and were satisfactory to the railroad management.

Pittsburgh, April 4.—(By A. P.)—Representatives of the shop crafts employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad met the general managers' committee here today in the third of the series of conferences on proposed wage reductions.

The shopmen, who include machinists, sheet metal workers, blacksmiths, boilermakers, electrical workers and railway car men, were represented by a committee of Pennsylvania System Federation No. 90. C. S. Krick, of Philadelphia, is head of the managers' committee.

New York, April 4.—(By A. P.)—Ways and means for putting into effect a general wage reduction for all railroad employes were discussed here today at a conference between representatives of interests owning more than $12,000,000,000 worth of railroad securities and officials of the "Big Four" railroad brotherhoods.

S. Davies Warfield, president of the National Association of Owners of Railroad Securities, who called the meeting, declared before the meeting started that wage reduction was the principal issue to be considered. The conference was held behind closed doors.

FIND SUICIDE IN ALLEY

Man Discovered With Throat Cut. Had Been Despondent

Charles Bassler, fifty-three years old, was found with his throat cut in an alley in the rear of his home, 2346 Melon street, at 7:40 o'clock today.

Physicians at the Hahnemann Hospital said the man had been dead several hours. His brother, John Bassler, of 2516 North Tenth street, identified him. He said Charles had been despondent over recent illnesses and undoubtedly took his own life.

A razor lay by his side when he was found, and in his pockets was $1.03. He was discovered by Oscar Leatherbaum, a neighbor.

William Eccle, fifty-five years old, was found dead in his home, 4220 Brown street, early this morning. He committed suicide by hanging.

TO ATTACK SUNDAY BILL

Harrisburg, April 4.—The Rev. T. T. Mutchler, of Philadelphia, head of the Lord's Day Alliance, is here today to marshal his forces against the McCann bill, providing for local option on Sunday playing of amateur baseball and football. This bill is a special order for final passage in the House tonight. Dr. Mutchler says the bill will be crowded under by upward of 125 votes.

DEATHS

MYERS. April 2, 1921, ARTHUR L. MYERS, husband of Anna Myers (nee Unger) and son of the late William H. and Adelaide Myers (nee Jackson), aged 32 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services, Wed., 2 p. m., late residence, 5115 Haverford st. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers. Viewing Tuesday, 8 to 9.

GUNNY. April 3, James M., son of the late Joseph and Martha Gunny, aged 54 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services, Tue., 2 p. m., late residence of Andrew J. Hoff & Son, 59th and Haverford ave. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

KERR.—April 3, MARGARET J. KERR. Funeral services, late residence, 2107 McClellan st., Wed., 2 p. m. Interment private.

GLENDAY.—Suddenly, April 2, ELLIAM E., husband of Carrie R. Glenday (nee Conner). Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services, Tue., 2 p. m., at his late residence, 521 Morris st., Glenside, Montgomery ave. Interment Hillside Cemetery, Burlington, N. J. Friends may call Tuesday evening.

WILDE. April 2, 1921, [illegible] Wilde, aged 65 years. Funeral services at Mt. Airy Presbyterian Church, Germantown ave., Wed., 2 p. m. Interment private.

DYNES. On April 2, 1921, [illegible] Dynes, aged 72 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services, Wed., 2:30 p. m., at the residence of her nephew, Dr. [illegible], Lansdowne, Pa. Interment private.

HOLCOMB. April 2, CATHERINE, widow of William H. Holcomb and daughter of William and Catherine Cline. Funeral services, late residence and Friday, at 10 a. m., Second street and Lehigh ave. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery.

WESTON. At the Germantown Hospital, April 3, 1921, CATHERINE E., widow of [illegible] Weston. Services at her late residence, 2409 N. Lawrence st., Germantown, on Tue., 2 p. m. Interment private. Friends may call Tue. afternoon. Kindly omit flowers.

MYERS. At his late residence, 101 Walnut st., on April 3, 1921, ABEL L. MYERS. Relatives and friends are invited to the services on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock, at the residence of his nephew, Dr. H. Hale Bradford, 1820 Chestnut st. Interment private. Friends may call Thursday morning.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, used to dictating, capable of taking accurate notes on conference of large industrial concern in Kensington; real opportunity for person neat, dependable and ambitious. Protestant preferred; 28 or more years of age. P. 1152, Ledger Office.

E. B. CROSLEY
Vice president of the Philadelphia and Reading Railway, in charge of traffic, who died yesterday

Deaths of a Day

EDWARD B. CROSLEY

Traffic Vice President of Reading Railway Dies in Abington Hospital

Funeral services for Edward B. Crosley, vice president in charge of traffic of the Philadelphia and Reading Railway, who died at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Abington Hospital at the age of fifty-six years, will be held at the family residence at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Interment, in Ivy Hill Cemetery, will be private. His home was at 1012 Stratford avenue, Melrose Park.

The illness of Mr. Crosley was of short duration. He was operated on on Thursday for an intestinal trouble. He never rallied.

Mr. Crosley, one of the best-known railroad men in the East, was born in Illinois. His career began in Indianapolis, where he was auditor of the Indiana, Bloomington and Western Railroad. From that post he went to the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Co. at Pottsville.

In 1897 Mr. Crosley came to Philadelphia in the employ of the railway which he was serving at the time of his death. His first position here was that of assistant general freight agent. In a short time he was made coal freight agent, then coal traffic manager. On March 1, 1920, when the railroads were turned back to private ownership, Mr. Crosley was made vice president in charge of passenger, freight and coal traffic.

Mrs. Charles J. Thomson

Mrs. Charles J. Thompson died on Saturday, at her home, 2017 North Fifteenth street, after a lengthy illness. She was the daughter of the late Henry L. Sinexon, a well-known merchant in his day and member of an old Philadelphia family. Mrs. Thomson was very active in church and charitable work, and for many years was treasurer of the Home for Aged Couples and Single Men at Bala. She is survived by her husband, a former member of the William D. Rogers Carting Co., and three sons, William Rogers, Charles J., Jr., and John. Services will be held at her home tomorrow at 2 o'clock.

Luke Fox

Luke Fox, supervisor of the Port Richmond branch of the Reading Railway and for thirty-nine years an employe of that company, died yesterday at his home, 3909 East Lehigh avenue. He was sixty-five years old and for more than thirty years had been a resident of the northeast section, where he took an active interest in civic and social affairs. His widow survives him. The funeral will be held Wednesday morning with requiem mass in St. Ann's Church.

TWO RESCUED FROM FIRE

Hoseman Helps Burned Man and Woman Down Ladder

Two persons were overcome and received severe burns of the hands and arms early this morning when fire destroyed a two-story brick house at 1434 Poplar street.

They were Fannie Johnson and Franklin Barnes, both colored. They were asleep on the second floor when the fire started, and were trapped when the flames blocked the stairway. Barnes started to jump from a front window, but was prevented by Hoseman Joseph Pancoast, of Engine Company 26, who brought a ladder and helped the man and woman down to safety. They were taken to St. Joseph's Hospital to have their burns treated.

The fire started from an unknown cause in the first floor of the building, which is occupied by the provision store of Nathan Grossman. The damage has not been estimated.

Bodies of 1224 Soldiers Arrive

New York, April 4.—The bodies of 1224 soldiers who died during the war arrived at Hoboken yesterday on the transport Cambrai.

GAS RATE BOOST OR LOAN, SAYS BODINE

U. G. I. Head Asserts $16,000,000 Thermal Unit Equipment Can Check Cost

OFFERS FINANCIAL PLAN

A largely increased rate for the twenty-two-candlepower gas called for in the lease of the city-owned gas works, or the expenditure of about $16,000,000 for new equipment to produce British thermal unit gas at a minimum cost, are the alternatives suggested by Samuel T. Bodine, president of the United Gas Improvement Co., in outlining a plan for the future development and operation of the gas works.

Mr. Bodine made his suggestion in answer to a request from the city gas commission which is to recommend a permanent policy concerning the gas supply in Philadelphia. Mr. Bodine's suggestions, it was said, were made regardless of whether the city would take over the gas plant in 1927 or lease the plant to an operating company.

Thermal Unit "Unavoidable"

Mr. Bodine described the British thermal unit gas standard as "now apparently economically unavoidable." The gas works, he stated, have been developed to meet the requirements for twenty-two-candlepower gas. The plant can be adjusted to the British thermal unit standard, he said, by providing new equipment.

To provide for new apparatus and methods of production, keeping in mind the future demands on the gas supply, Mr. Bodine told the commission an outlay of about $6,500,000 would be needed this year, and approximately $1,000,000 would be required every year thereafter up to 1927, an approximate outlay, including interest charges, of $16,000,000.

The results to be accomplished were outlined by Mr. Bodine in this way:

"The city's right to terminate the present or any arrangement at any time on predefined conditions. The continuance of the city's cash revenue and free gas and service.

"In lieu of opportunity for profit, provision for a suitable and defined compensation to the operating and financing tenant."

Financial Proposals

Mr. Bodine further suggested a means of financing the new equipment through equipment certificates with an amortization period long enough to discharge the principal at the lowest annual cost and to be so secured as to create a marketable security.

The plan amply safeguards the interests of the city and the public, Mr. Bodine said, and continues:

"The plan proposed provides alike for the improvements urgently required at once, and for the future development of the plant, along which will assure its permanent value and efficiency, and while it recognizes the necessity of looking to earnings as the only source available as a basis for financing the work, the estimated rates for gas are decidedly moderate when compared with rates elsewhere."

Develin Refuses Committee Place

Continued from Page One

which, if any, must chiefly fall upon me, renders my selection for the new committee manifestly incongruous; unless it is meant as an expression of disbelief in the charge, of which, however, there has been no sign.

"I, therefore, must request you to substitute some one else in my place."

Mr. Develin, in commenting upon this matter, said:

"Men who showed not the slightest interest in the preparation of the numerous bills affecting the city, and who made no contribution of any kind to them, have suddenly awakened to a lively anxiety concerning their fate which was not in the least danger, unless it might be from the factional opposition of their own friends.

"The member of Council who introduced the ripper resolution gave as the reason for it that nothing was being done to forward this legislation. He discovered this, he told the Council, upon a visit he made to Harrisburg.

"The insincerity of the whole proceeding may be judged from the fact that the visit in question was made on March 1, the very day, or the day after, when all the bills but one were introduced into the Senate."

"Premier of Minstrels" Dies

Columbus, O., April 4.—Alfred Griffin ("Al G.") Field, seventy-two years old, premier of American minstrels, died in his home yesterday of Bright's disease. He was born in Leesburg, Va., and was educated in Brownsville and Pittsburgh. Later he became interested in banking and farming. In 1886 he entered the theatrical business, organizing a minstrel show which has operated continuously since that time.

Silver Tea Sets

Recent Interpretations of Middle Georgian, Colonial, English Handmade, Louis Quatorze and Early French.

J. E. Caldwell & Co.
Chestnut and Juniper

A GOVERNMENT OF, BY AND FOR GOLFERS

The new borough of Tavistock, Camden county, is just that. "It's official seal is a brassie and its constitution is summed up in the words 'it shall be lawful to play golf on Sunday,'" said Michel Mok in a special story, which you should not have missed, in this morning's

PUBLIC LEDGER