

THE WEATHER Fair today with... about 25 degrees; increasing cloudiness Saturday, becoming unsettled by night.

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SCHUCK PLEADS FOR OWN LIFE; BLAMES JAMES

Drawn and White, He Takes Stand to Tell His Story of Paul's Murder

SAW BUT TOOK NO PART IN SLAYING IS DEFENSE

Wolverton Puts Defendant on Merciless Rack and Brings Him Near to Collapse

"MARRY" APPEARS AGAIN Prisoner's Sweetheart Goes to Camden Courthouse, but Probably Will Not Testify

Facts in Schuck's Trial for Murder of David Paul

The defendant—Raymond W. Schuck, member of well-known Camden family, former manager of a Camden telephone office.

The victim—David S. Paul, messenger of Broadway Trust Co., Camden, who disappeared October 4 when carrying \$40,000 in cash and \$50,000 in checks.

The charge—First-degree murder. Schuck is accused as accomplice in the killing of Paul. Frank J. James has already been convicted.

The judges—Supreme Court Justice Katzenbach, of Trenton, and Judge Kates, who opened the trial Monday.

Opposing counsel—Prosecutor Wolverton, and J. Russell Carrow.

Raymond W. Schuck, drawn and white, with head sunk on his chest, walked slowly to the witness stand in Camden at 10:34 o'clock this morning and began his last battle for his life.

Schuck, charged with the murder and robbery of David S. Paul, Camden bank messenger, was put on the stand so that he might tell his own story of the murder for which Frank J. James already stands convicted.

J. Russell Carrow, his attorney, in his opening address to the jury, promised to prove by Schuck's own testimony and corroborative evidence that, while the defendant had been in James' automobile the day Paul was killed, and had been seated at the disposal of the body, he had acted under fear and duress, and was not guilty of the actual crime.

Schuck, having been sworn, denied entirely the story of the murder of Paul and the motives behind it as told by James on the witness stand yesterday.

Schuck asserted that he never knew Paul until he was introduced to him by James between 1 and 2 o'clock in the afternoon of October 5, the day of the murder.

Denial Plot With James He declared that he had no arrangement to meet James that day, and had not met him by accident as he left his office to eat lunch.

He also said that when Paul went into the First National Bank to deliver some checks, he left the brown paper package, containing \$40,000, lying in the automobile, where they easily could have made away with it had they wished.

The most dramatic moment of Schuck's testimony came when he was asked: "When you drove the car down to the ferry back of the sheds, had you any reason for doing so?"



RAYMOND W. SCHUCK Who was put on the witness stand today at his trial for the Murder of David S. Paul

WALL STREET EXPLOSION CALLED DASTARDLY CRIME

Grand Jury Finds Outrage Was Intentionally Committed

New York, Feb. 18.—(By A. P.)—The Wall Street explosion last September, which took a toll of thirty-nine lives and injured nearly 200, was "a dastardly crime intentionally committed," in the opinion of the grand jury which investigated the disaster.

Dismissing the theory of an accident in a presentation filed upon its discharge today by Judge Muscogee, General Sessions, the jury expressed conviction that "an infernal machine was brought to Wall Street in a wagon and there abandoned."

Those Who Got the Message The Philadelphia members of the committee are Messrs. Campbell, Lafferty, Bull, Connor, Drinkhouse, Disher, Dunn, Heffernan, Perry, and Smith. They represented the Vore men, Republican Alliance and Independent interests.

ASK MILITARY "VACATION" Wrightstown Friends Favor Curtailment of Army and Navy Program

Washington, Feb. 18.—Representative Watson, of the Eighth Pennsylvania district, has introduced a petition from the Wrightstown Monthly Meeting of Friends favoring curtailment of the army and navy programs and inauguration of the five years' "vacation" plan.

IT ALIEN SHIP HERE Ferdinand Palasciano Given Clean Bill of Health by Doctors

The Italian steamship Ferdinand Palasciano, from Naples and Genoa, gives a clean bill of health by the authorities, sailed up the river today and docked at Pier 19, North Wharves, at noon.

ORDER ALIENS TO HOSPITAL Officials at New York Detain Vermifera-Infested Immigrants

New York, Feb. 18.—(By A. P.)—Fifteen immigrants, including a child, suffering from a disease other than typhus, who arrived here today after having been admitted to this country at Boston, were ordered to a hospital by health authorities.

James Tells His Mother Schuck's Tales Are Lies

Frank J. James and his mother had a few minutes together after "Ray" Schuck's trial adjourned for lunch.

"My poor boy," the mother said, "try to bear up."

"Everything's right with me, mother," her son answered. "Don't you worry. See you again this afternoon."

He added, as he was being led out of the courtroom, "Did you hear the pack of lies he told?"—referring to Schuck's testimony.

"Ed" Vore, Remounted, Takes Combine Into Camp

Issues Orders From Capitol Hill as He and Former Enemies in Alliance "Kiss and Make Up"—Planning Fall Election Scoop

Harrisburg, Feb. 18.—The most striking feature of the new political deal in Philadelphia, the Vore-Cunningham-Brown junta, is that Senator Edwin H. Vore has personally assumed the leadership and is directing the work of his new combination in Harrisburg.

One year ago Senator Vore was out in the cold. Metaphorically he was in the middle of the road with saddle and bridle in his hands and no mount in sight. Today he is up and astride, leading the van of his new combination. He is directing its energies and planning battles for the coming fall, when the county ticket is to be elected; always, to be sure, with the aid of Messrs. Cunningham and Brown.

Shrewd political observers have sensed the situation for some time. The proof came last week when Senator Vore gave visible evidence of his return to power. It demonstrated that the other two in the combine had either delegated to him the power of directing their interests, or he had seized the reins uninvited.

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Physicians Deny Rumors of Operation and Voice Is Said to Be Unimpaired

BUCHHOLZ INTIMATES FIGHT ON GERMANTOWN TOWN HALL BILL IS AIMED AT ROPER

How Council Voted on the Court Measure

CONCILIATION TACTICS SCORED

COMFORTED BY MESSAGES

CONVICTED SOCIALIST DEPUTY RETURNS TO ITALY

TO GUARD AGAINST TYPHUS SPRINGLIKE DAYS TO END

LADYFINGERS BY JACKSON GREGORY

TOMORROW! TOMORROW!

DR. FURBUSH SAYS U. S. MAY BE ASKED TO TAKE PRECAUTIONS ABROAD

Special Forecast From Washington Says the Worst Is Yet to Come

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BUILDERS ARE TOLD UNION LABOR MUST GET HIGHER WAGES

Workers' Officials Tell Employers at Conference They Are Not Acting Openly

SAY DEMAND FOR 24 P. C. PAY CUT IS NOT JUSTIFIED

There must be no reduction in wages to union labor.

That was the verdict of representatives of unions appearing today before the conference on the building industry in the auditorium of the Chamber of Commerce, Widener Building.

The statement was almost unanimous that workmen, instead of receiving too much pay, should have higher wages.

Say Employers Hold Out

Will Let Present Pay Stand

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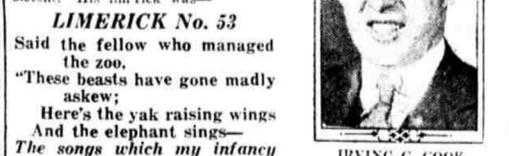
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Proves Country Towns Can Win \$100

All his friends told Mr. Cook, of Avondale, Pa., that "he could NEVER win the \$100 prize, because the people living in small COUNTRY TOWNS did NOT have a chance."



IRVING C. COOK Avondale, Pa.

There's Another Limpin' Lim'rick Today—See Page 2

DEMANDS GERMANY WOMAN PUNCHES PAY TO ITS LIMIT WOULD BE BANDIT

Reparation Commensurate With Capacity to Settle, Says Lloyd George

By the Associated Press

London, Feb. 18.—Mr. Lloyd George, the prime minister, declared in the House of Commons today that he stood by his pledge that Germany must pay to the limit of her capacity.

The prime minister was discussing the German reparations question in answering Horatio Bottomley's arraignment of the government's policy of alleged ineptitude with regard to forcing Germany to comply with the reparations demands, the provision for the payment of reparations in kind, and other portions of the peace treaty.

"There is a great difference," continued the premier, "between Germany paying for the whole cost of the war and paying to the limit of her capacity."

The whole point is as to the limits of Germany's capacity to pay.

The Allies, continued the premier, had taken the best advice available and had summoned the ablest men to be consulted on the subject.

Germany, he pointed out, had delivered bonds to the Allies for the value of these bonds depended upon the value of the German security at the present moment.

The Germans argued, continued Mr. Lloyd George, that if the Allies took the value of the raw material at the time it was delivered the sum amounted to more than the 20,000,000,000 marks named in the peace treaty.

Acquits Judge of Murder

Mixed Jury Frees McGannon After Deliberating Twenty-one Hours

Cases of Typhus in Cortland, N. Y. Family Here Have been Found to be Suffering from Typhus

Convicted Socialist Deputy Returns to Italy

EMERGENCY TARIFF, ONCE FIXED, WOULD BE HARD TO LOWER

Many Senators Favoring Moderate Rates Compromise in Order to Retain Prestige

FORDNEY BILL AIDS FARMS AND INFANT INDUSTRIES

By CLINTON W. GILBERT Staff Correspondent of Evening Public Ledger

Washington, Feb. 18.—Customs duties by resolution of both houses of Congress mean a high tariff.

So if Representative Fordney secures President-elect Harding's approval of the plan to establish the duties contained in the bill which he is to report in the special session—and this seems likely as the only way out of the middle into which Congress has got—the prospects are for a tariff as a whole higher than that of Payne-Albright tariff.

Here's the way it works: The basis of the forthcoming Fordney bill will be the Payne-Albright law. But conditions have changed as a result of the war and the increased cost of agricultural production.

To Aid Farmers and New Industries Thus the tentative Fordney plan will be the Payne-Albright law plus the emergency tariff bill, which will probably be vetoed by President Wilson.

Hard to Lower Legal Rates Once you have higher rates on the statute books by resolution it is going to be hard to get them down.

Penalty Forced to Compromise Senator Fordney came down from Philadelphia on the morning of May 8, 1914, after a conference with the senators representing certain agricultural states, who were demanding high duties on farm products.

Moreover, Senator Fordney knows of certain products of Pennsylvania which are in heavy demand in the foreign market.

That is one factor—the necessity of trading on the part of the representatives of the big industrial states interested in the foreign market.

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