

STATE SCHOOL PLAN FOR U. OF P. OPPOSED

Alumni Magazine Voices Disapproval of Proposal to Change Status

"NO SURRENDER," IS CRY

An editorial in the current Alumni Register, the graduate magazine of the University of Pennsylvania, vigorously opposes the suggested plan that Penn become a state university...

In considerable inquiry among the alumni we have not found one who would send his child to an institution and many have stated with vehemence that they would repudiate their allegiance...

Mayor Orders Probe of Brines Fiasco

Continued from Page One

Of Brines was made without the knowledge of the city detectives who were working on the case...

Wynne Handled Case

"We did all we were able to do," Belshaw is said to have told the Mayor...

Cabinet Meeting Important

The special meeting of the cabinet was devoted to a carefully planned discussion of the case...

Accidental Shot Is Theory

Here the boys went out together. It has been found that the automatic which Brines was carrying...

Is It True?

It is true that Brines was shot in the chest and that the bullet struck him in the chest...

Surrender Arranged

"An hour after Wynne called on Mrs. Brines, Mr. Gray, a city detective, called to see her...

Exit Brines Mustache!

The carefully waxed mustache of Brines is gone. The mustache that was so much commented during the trial of the case...

"Missing Links" in State Case Against Brines

The state failed, Judge Ferguson said, to show the students were together at or about the time of the death...

Brines and Drewes, on the Saturday Night Dances

"As a matter of fact," he said, "we had two witnesses who did not dare put on the stand...

Says "Case Is Closed"

"I would not have done a bit of good to have looked Brines up at Central Park...

Gordon Denies Fricton

Assistant District Attorney Gordon said today that there had been no harmony and accord between the city detectives and those of the county office...

Judge Says Evidence Was Insufficient

Evidence presented at the trial of William Brines, might appeal to some persons as showing "probable" or "possible" guilt of Brines...

LASKER BARRED FROM U. S.

German Chess Player Denied Permission to Visit America

Washington, Jan. 29.—(By A. P.)—Emmanuel Lasker, noted German chess player, has been denied permission to visit this country...

NEWSPAPERS RAISE PRICES

San Francisco and Oakland Dailies Increase Subscription Rates

San Francisco, Jan. 29.—(By A. P.)—The morning dailies of San Francisco will be \$1.15 per month instead of ninety cents...

LONG TERM FOR FIREBUG

19-Year-Old Youth Must Serve From 48 to 85 Years

Uniontown, Pa., Jan. 29.—(By A. P.)—Albert Smith, the nineteen-year-old son of a wealthy real estate owner of Fairhope, Pa., today pleaded guilty in criminal court here to thirteen charges of arson...

BRINES HAS PLENTY TO SAY WHEN LAWYER PERMITS HIM

Will "Talk Like Talking Machine" When Counsel Says He May. Says Youth Acquitted of Drewes Murder. Goes Shopping With Mother

"The first minute that Mr. Gray permits me to talk, I'll talk like a talking machine, for I have plenty to say."

This was "Billy" Brines' promise today when he came to the door of his uncle's home at 40 West Walnut lane, Germantown...

The young Penn graduate, acquitted of the killing of his friend, Elmer C. Drewes, Dartmouth College senior in a rear-chamber motor car, answered questions about the murder trial, which ended suddenly and unexpectedly yesterday in the withdrawal of the case from the jury...

"Just a minute," he said, "I have to go to some errands. I'll be back right away."

In a few minutes he reappeared, carrying some packages of groceries and a bottle of milk under his arm.

"What's this?" he asked laughingly as he approached. "This isn't in the nature of a stick-up, is it?"

He took off his hat and stopped to talk a moment, but said nothing about the case.

"You'll have to excuse me," he said, "I must be going in. We're making preparations—He didn't finish the sentence."

"To go away?" he was asked.

"No," he smiled, "for lunch," and held up the bottle of milk. Then he started for the house.

"One thing more," he was asked.

"Are you back to Penn?"

"Don't know yet," he replied cheerily. One final question was concerning his mother's condition after the strain of the trial was over.

"I'll take her to a talking machine, for I have plenty to say."

He was reminded that Mr. Gray's responsibility had ceased, since the trial was over and Brines' freedom was assured.

I've found it a pretty good thing to obey Mr. Gray in the past and I'm going to continue to obey him," he answered smilingly.

A little later Brines went out with his mother, Mrs. Annie Brines, to do some shopping at nearby stores. On their return Mrs. Brines entered the house and "Billy" stopped a moment to talk to reporters.

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Wedding Plans Off at Guests Are Waiting

Continued from Page One

Laveland said but according to her story of the blighted romance, he was unable to raise any money.

"I became disgusted then and went home," she said, "I didn't know what to do."

There was the house, all decorated for the reception. Our wedding gifts had arrived. It was too late to cancel the bride and groom's guests. There was nothing else to do but make the announcement at the church.

"I thought I loved that man. Now I know it was only infatuation. I wouldn't marry him on a bet after all this. Nor will I see him. There is nothing to see for. I had known him for a year and one-half."

She was in the parlors of the Bodine street. He was in the parlors of the Bodine street.

"My friends didn't know what to think of the way things came out. They wouldn't talk back their wedding gifts. I still have them."

Schupp refused to discuss the wedding that might have been, when seen at his home today. His arm was in a sling, but it appeared to be limp at his side.

His mother was not so reticent.

"The story my boy was out of work," she said, "I don't blame the girl, but I do blame her sister, Mrs. Schaefer. She wanted a big wedding and she wanted my son to pay for it. The expense, even though she knew he is not at present employed."

Schupp went to the home of Miss Laveland in Thurgate street, but failed to "patch things up."

St. James' Church 22d and Walnut Sts. The Rev. John Mockler, D. D., 1921 SUNDAY, JAN. 30, 1921

8 A. M. Holy Communion. 11 A. M. Morning Prayer with Sermon.

SPECIAL SERVICE FOR THE PHILADELPHIA ALUMNI CLUB, SAT. JAN. 30, 8:30 P. M. With special hymns and anthems as usual.

WEST BLDG.—8th & Sanson Sts. Speaker: REV. D. L. LITTON, D. D. Topic: "The Four-Cornered Synagogue."

NORTH BLDG.—1013 W. LEHIGH AVE. Speaker: REV. WM. H. MAIN Topic: "The High Priesthood of Living."

THE Y. M. C. A. OF PHILADELPHIA RELIGIOUS NOTICES

LOGAN CHURCH, 13th and Bookland ams. 11:30 A. M.—Rev. W. F. Stull. 7:30 P. M.—Rev. Wayne Chappel.

THE TEMPLE Broad and Berks sts. (2900 N.) 10:30 A. M.—Rev. W. F. Stull. 7:30 P. M.—Rev. Wayne Chappel.

Home of the Grace Baptist Church 11th and Locust sts. 10:30 A. M.—Rev. W. F. Stull. 7:30 P. M.—Rev. Wayne Chappel.

WILLIAM DYRE McCURDY, Associate Pastor. Dr. J. Marvin Hanna, Musical Director, Frederick E. Starke, Organist.

Worship at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. "What is Your Call?" combined chorus of 300 voices, assisted by NICHOLAS DOTY, will sing "Crossing the Bar" by Henry "Thru" Love, and "The Lord is My Strength" by Henry "Thru" Love. "The Lord is My Strength" by Henry "Thru" Love. "The Lord is My Strength" by Henry "Thru" Love.

DAK LANE BAPTIST CHURCH 11th and Locust sts. 10:30 A. M.—Rev. W. F. Stull. 7:30 P. M.—Rev. Wayne Chappel.

BROAD STREET THEATRE 11th and Locust sts. 10:30 A. M.—Rev. W. F. Stull. 7:30 P. M.—Rev. Wayne Chappel.

CONFERENCE 15th and Race sts. 11:45 A. M.—Rev. W. F. Stull. 7:30 P. M.—Rev. Wayne Chappel.

Worship at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. "The Lord is My Strength" by Henry "Thru" Love. "The Lord is My Strength" by Henry "Thru" Love. "The Lord is My Strength" by Henry "Thru" Love.

REMARKABLE REVIVAL SERVICES IN PROGRESS. THIRD WEEK. GREAT INTEREST. EVERY AFTERNOON AT 3 O'CLOCK. THIRTEEN SPEAKERS. GOD'S GRACE IS BEING MANIFEST.

ARCH ST. CHURCH OF THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH 10:30 A. M.—Rev. W. F. Stull. 7:30 P. M.—Rev. Wayne Chappel.

Worship at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. "The Lord is My Strength" by Henry "Thru" Love. "The Lord is My Strength" by Henry "Thru" Love. "The Lord is My Strength" by Henry "Thru" Love.

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Jeek Public O. K. to Rail Wage Cut

Continued from Page One

said to have favored "putting it straight up" to the railway brothers to agree to the wage cut within the next thirty days, and in the event of a failure to obtain their consent, he was forcing the case immediately before the railway wage board by an appeal for "emergency relief"—the base by the way, of the union's drive for the last wage increase.

Others counseled taking the public into confidence of the management by broad publication of the "payroll secret" and the making public of the "secret diplomacy" which resulted in the passage of the Adamson law and the resultant pyramiding of railroad wages.

At least one voice was raised, it is reported, in favor of an appeal to the "good old law of supply and demand" and the use of the old-fashioned method of laying off the high-priced men, curtailing activities and then filling vacancies with members of the "army of unemployed hungry for any kind of job." This proposal, it is understood, didn't receive much consideration from the committee as a whole.

Opening Address of Samuel T. Bodine, President of The United Gas Improvement Company, before the Commission appointed by the Mayor of Philadelphia

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission:

The appointment of this Commission is of great importance not only to the City of Philadelphia but to the gas industry of the United States, for it presents an opportunity to consider in detail the results of the only attempt that has been made on a large scale to combine Municipal ownership with private management and operation of a public utility.

These results may be briefly summarized as follows:

The price charged for gas to consumers since the date of the lease by The United Gas Improvement Company has been \$1.00 per thousand cubic feet, of which the Company has paid to the city, as collected:

On all gas sold to January 1, 1908, 10 cents per thousand cubic feet.

On all gas sold from January 1, 1908 to January 1, 1913, 15 cents per thousand cubic feet.

On all gas sold from January 1, 1913 to January 1, 1918, 20 cents per thousand cubic feet.

On all gas sold since January 1, 1918, 25 cents per thousand cubic feet.

And as additional rental, has furnished to the City, without charge, gas for illumination for City Buildings and street lamps, the maintenance and operation of said street lamps, and will at the end of the lease, December 31, 1927, deliver to the City without charge or cost the plant of the Philadelphia Gas Improvement Company, and all alterations, extensions and improvements made to the manufacturing and distributing systems of the Philadelphia Gas Works.

As of December 31, 1920, these items are as follows:

Paid in cash to the City \$30,701,742.34

The appraised value of the Philadelphia Gas Improvement Company's property at beginning of lease . . . . . 1,060,000.00

Expended by The United Gas Improvement Company in the alteration, enlargement, removal, extension, betterment and improvement of the manufacturing and distributing plants . . . . . 24,569,663.93

The value of free gas furnished to City Buildings and to street lamps . . . . . 11,284,023.52

The cost of maintenance and operation of free street lamps . . . . . 4,095,433.60

Totaling an aggregate to December 31, 1920, in cash, property and service of . . . . . \$71,710,863.39

The cash income paid to the City for the year 1920 was . . . . . \$3,592,863.92

This may be contrasted with the results under municipal operation for the four years prior to the lease, when the price of gas was the same, which showed an average annual cash loss to the City of \$245,411.00, made up by taxation, and a steady deterioration in the physical condition of the plant.

We will submit to you detailed statements, and give you opportunity to verify the same, showing the returns to the Company under the lease, and will ask you to consider that the large loss which we are now suffering is one of the problems confronting you in considering what must be done to secure to the City and to gas consumers the best possible results during the balance of the term of the lease, notwithstanding radical changes in conditions due partly to the developments of the great war and partly to other causes, which I will refer to later, and what plan should be followed after the termination of the lease for the operation, upkeep and betterment of this great, and at present, most profitable asset of the City.

In all industries there were marked increases in the cost of production as a direct result of the great war, which, in many cases, are now in course of read-

justment. The increase in the cost of making and distributing gas in Philadelphia for the five months ended December 31, 1920, over 1917 was 34 cents per thousand cubic feet.

In this particular industry there have been two additional special and most interesting and important developments, which must be considered as permanent in their effect upon the future of the business:

(1) The greatly enlarged use of gas: Twenty-three years ago the chief use of gas was as an illuminant, consumed through open flame burners. Today 81 1/2 per cent. of the gas sold in the larger cities of the United States is used for cooking daily food, heating water and other domestic fuel purposes, and in industrial establishments as a source of power and for various manufacturing processes requiring the direct application of heat; 16 1/2 per cent. is used to heat to incandescence mantle burners, and only about 2 per cent. is used through open flame burners, the substitution for which of incandescent mantles would give a greatly better light and cut in half the consumption of gas.

(2) The enormously increased demand for the distillates of petroleum, for the production of energy through internal combustion engines, which has compelled oil refiners to develop the process of "cracking" gas oil under pressure, thereby making it possible to convert into gasoline this product, so that the balance left for use in gas making becomes each year less than in the preceding year, and will unquestionably shortly become wholly inadequate to the demand. This means the gradual—perhaps rapid—disappearance of oil as an element to any material extent in the production of gas, and in the judgment of those who have carefully studied the subject and the situation—some of whom have kindly consented to appear before you—makes it necessary that the owners and operators of gas works should readjust their present operations and plan the extensions of their manufacturing plants so as to promptly reduce and eventually eliminate the use of oil.

What changes do these new conditions involve in the process of manufacture, in the character of the product, in its selling price, and in the contractual relations between the City and the Lessee?

After the lease has expired, shall there be established some co-operation between the municipal owner and a private operator? And, if so, will it not be possible that the enterprise shall have the benefit of the City's ability to finance the capital requirements of a self-supporting utility by longer term bonds at lower annual interest and sinking fund rates than it is possible for a private corporation to negotiate?

These are grave problems. The interest of the City, the welfare of the public, the satisfaction of the consumers, the convenience of life, demand that a solution shall be found, and no doubt it can be found, which will insure a continued and adequate service, a suitable and compensatory return to the City and to the operator, the continued development and upkeep of the Gas Works, and as low a rate for gas as the changing conditions of manufacture and cost will permit.

The United Gas Improvement Company feels a great pride in the Philadelphia Gas Works of today and has a very special interest in their continued prosperity, not only during the next seven years, but afterwards, even should it not be the privilege of the Company to take an active part in the management of the property after the expiration of the term of the lease. We feel it our duty and a privilege to place at the disposal of our home City, through you, any knowledge gained from our thirty-eight years' experience in the gas business which may be of value in solving these present problems and in constructing a plan for the wise future development and operation of the property.

Respectfully submitted,

The United Gas Improvement Co.,

By Samuel T. Bodine,

President.

January 28, 1921.

Fraud Is Charged to New Son-in-Law

Continued from Page One

other sums from residents of Frankford by posing as a wealthy Californian.

A query wired to Congressman Frank Henning, of Stockton, informed Dr. Mueller that Smith was an impostor, the physician said.

Mrs. Mueller Smith, Smith's wife, today explained how she met Smith.

"Three weeks ago I saw