BANKERS URGED TO AID FARMERS

Should Help to Estabish Co-operative Warehouses, Says Hirsch

AGAINST M'FADDEN BILL

By the Associated Press

Washington, Oct. 21.—Bankers can and should aid farmers by assisting in the establishment of co-operative warehousing and selling organizations, Chairman Joseph Hirsch, of the Agricultural Commission of the American Bankers' Association, declared today in presenting the report of the commission to the convention.

"Many of us have been fearful of entering the field of marketing because in doing this we have been afraid we would come in conflict with our own customers, the middlemen, who are buying the farmers' product," the report said. "But it is high time for the bankers of the country to realize that a more economical method of distributing our food products is absolutely essential to the success of American agriculture; that unless farmers can produce and sell their crops with some reasonable assurance of fair profits there will be an increasing tide of men drifting from the farms to the cities.

McFadden Bill Adversely Reported

A special committee appointed by the association to study the McFadden bill, proposing a tax on gold used in industry and the arts, to be paid in turn to the mining companies to stimulate production, submitted a report vigorously opposing the measure as an attack on "a basic element of the gold standard."

The committee contended that gold miners were only one of the many industrial sufferers from the war and might well look forward to a return of an industrial situation which would more than compensate for their present stringency.

Representative McFadden, author of the bill, defended it, declaring that the addition of new gold to the nation's reserve would assist deflation and stimulate a healthy return to normal. He declared the average cost of raw materials in all industries during the war period had increased 112 per cent, while the users of gold in the industries continued to obtain their raw material at the pre-war price fixed by the government. This, said Mr. McFadden, made gold unique in that it was the only material which was prevented by the government from being affected by the natural law of supply and demand.

Mr. McFadden denied the committee's contention that the proposed bill was a blow at the gold standard, maintaining that its enactment would be accepted abroad as evidence of the determination of the United States to strengthen its gold reserve.

A motion that Mr. McFadden's remarks be received with thanks and filed with the reports of the convention was defeated. The convention then adopted a motion that the entire question be referred to the economic policy committee.

Defer Fight on Check Collection

Final action by the association on the controversy over charges for the collecting of checks was deferred again, and an expected bitter fight avoided. The question of par clearance was referred back to the special committee, which has had it under consideration for more than a year.

The state banks section adopted resolutions yesterday attacking the Federal Reserve Board for enforcing the handling of checks without charge for collection and opponents and proponents of the Reserve board's par clearance plan are prepared to fight when the report of the special committee was made. Leaders of the opposition were prevailed upon, however, to withhold further attacks on the arrangement.

A three-year thrift campaign to reach every family in the country that has no bank account was proposed by the committee on public and private thrift.

American business must purge itself of its own "misdemeanors" before it can hope to exert the fullest influence in the affairs of the nation, Joseph H. DeFrees, president of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, declared in an address.

The time has now arrived when many mistakes must be corrected if the United States is to return to its previous financial stability and prosperity, Sol Wexler, of J. S. Bache & Co., of New York, told the association.

The following officers were elected: President, John S. Drum, president of the Mercantile Trust Co., San Francisco; vice president, Thomas B. McAdams, vice president of the Merchants' National Banks, Richmond, Va.; second vice president, John P. Puelicher, vice president of the Marshall & Ilsley Bank, Milwaukee.

MOSCOW REVOLT "HUMBUG"

H. G. Wells Finds Order Coupled With Hunger and Want

London, Oct. 21.—(By A. P.)—Conditions in Petrograd were summarized in one phrase: "Hunger and want, but order," by H. G. Wells, the British author, when he arrived here last night from Russia. He implied that similar conditions prevail throughout Russia.

In a conversation with a representative of the Daily Mirror Mr. Wells said he had a chat with Premier Lenine and went about freely without a guide, in Petrograd and Moscow, as well as other places.

He said he was able to see and judge things for himself, but declined to give any general conclusions because his observations are not as yet digested. He declared he had been amused when he read of disturbances and insurrections in Russia, adding:

"All that is just humbug."

Daughter Is Married as Mother Dies

Altoona, Oct. 20.—Half an hour after Mrs. John C. Ivory, wife of a contractor, died today her daughter, Miss Madeline, was married to Ralph C. Stoltz in St Leo's Catholic Church.

The wedding party was just leaving the house when death occurred. It was Mrs. Ivory's wish that her illness should not interfere with the wedding.

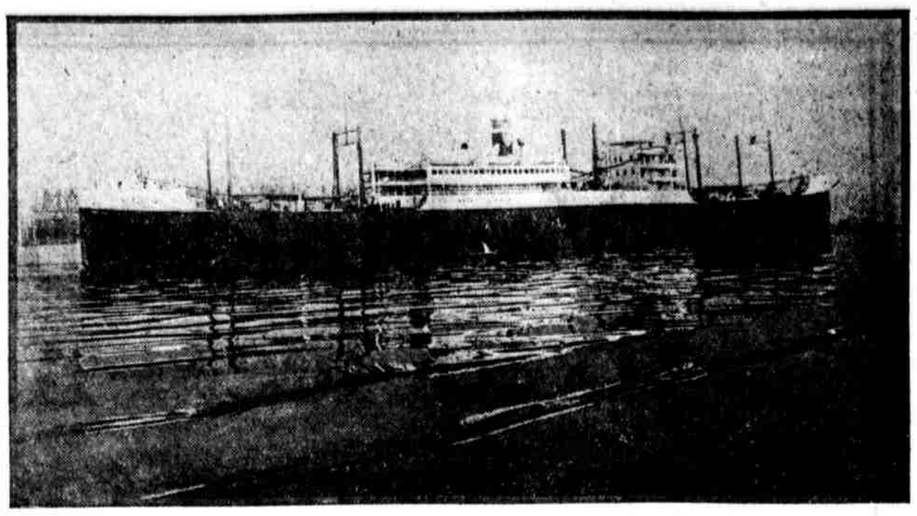
MACKEY AT FRANKLIN CLUB

Harry A. Mackey, chairman of the Workmen's Compensation Board of Pennsylvania, addressed the Ben Franklin Club at its meeting last night in the Bellevue-Stratford. He explained the theory behind the workmen's compensation act, saying that "It has been the real woof and warp of our industrial revolution such as the world has never seen."

Three Trainmen Killed

Batavia, N. Y., Oct. 21.—(By A. P.)—Three trainmen were killed when the boiler of a New York Central Railroad engine exploded a mile east of here today.

GOES INTO SERVICE IN RECORD TIME



New York Shipbuilding Corp.

The Old North State was docked yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock at the New York Shipbuilding wharves in Camden, following its successful trial trip that ended earlier in the day. This morning at 9 o'clock the 21,000-ton passenger and freight steamship will be delivered to the United States Shipping Board. It will be taken to Pier 19, North Wharves, for its first cargo, and is due to sail on Saturday at 10 a. m. for New York to complete its cargo and passenger list for a European port

WOMAN, IN PUBLIC PLEA, ASKS PITY OF NEIGHBORS

New Castle Resident, Denounced by Minister, Confident Majority of Her Friends Have Forgiven Her Indiscretion

New Castle, Pa., Oct. 21.—This city is divided between sympathy for and condemnation of Mrs. Ada McIntyre, under bail here as a material witness in connection with the death of J. C. Abraham, traveling salesman, who was murdered while in the company of Mrs. McIntyre. Mrs. Harriet Olds and the latter's brother, Ray Phillips. She is the wife of an Englishman of this city and the mother of a twenty-month-old baby. Last week she made an appeal for mercy to the people of this city in a public letter, in which she says:

"My connection with this case is a matter of public record and needs no review in this letter. Granted that my actions have been indiscreet, is that any justification for the Christian people of New Castle to shun me as a pariah, to make me as one who has gone beyond the pale of decency? Since the night of the regrettable occurrence I have been subjected to treatment from the people of New Castle that is almost provocation enough to embitter one toward the world.

"Because of one mistake must I be forced to submit to the ridicule and scorn of people forever? On September 29 the owner of the property in which my husband I reside gave us notice that we would have to vacate. We have been living in this house for eighteen months, have always been law-abiding tenants and have always paid our rent. Now we are ordered out. Where we can go I don't know. We cannot find rooms, and unless we move my husband and twenty-month-old baby and myself will be turned out into the street.

"I do not ask to be excused from what little participation I had in the case of Mr. Abraham. Time will show that I was the victim of unfortunate circumstances in being in the party. But I do ask that the people of New Castle show some measure of pity and charity. Can they conscientiously censure me and at the same time remember the injunction "Judge not, that ye be not judged?" "

This brought forth many expressions of sympathy from kind-hearted citizens, and some of the church people took up her case and attempted to sway public expression in her favor until one of the pastors, the Rev. T. F. Irvin, thundered from the pulpit a condemnation of the woman on Sunday night. He said: "She asks forgiveness from you men and women, and has told you publicly that her soul was tortured by just condemnation. I say to you that she is not a Christian woman and is wandering blindly in outer darkness."

Today Mrs. McIntyre announced that she was satisfied that a majority of the fair-minded people of New Castle had forgiven her, but that owing to the notoriety which she has gained she and her husband had decided to leave the city. However, she is under bail and cannot leave the county, and it is not likely that the coroner will allow her to leave the city limits.

No one accuses Mrs. McIntyre of having anything to do with the murder. They criticize her only for being in the party.

RECEIVERS ARE NAMED

Effort Made to Tide Tube Concern Over Temporary Stringency

After a bitter legal contest between opposing interests District Judge Thompson today appointed J. B. Colahan, 3d, and Luther D. Loveland, receivers for the Tindel Morris Co., manufacturers of tubing and cylinders, Eddystone, Pa., under a joint bond of $500,000.

The Tindel Morris Co. is declared to be solvent, but unable to continue the business because of lack of working capital. The assets are declared to be $2,274,191.68, and the liabilities $2,273,259.61. The receivers are to operate the company in the hope they may be able to relieve it of temporary financial embarrassment.

"WETS" SEEK NEW TRIALS

Attorneys for Schott and Others to Argue November 1

Motions for new trials by saloonkeepers who were convicted at the September term of the Federal District Court will be argued before Judges Thompson and Dickinson on November 1.

Five saloonkeepers, one of whom was George W. Schott, Twelfth and Filbert streets, were found guilty of selling whisky contrary to prohibition. Motions for new trials were made and the defendants were allowed to renew bail pending final disposition of the cases. The criminal term of the court is concluded and the next trials of saloonkeepers will be held in December.

COMMONS REFUSES TO PROBE IRELAND

British Government Ends Debate on Reprisals by Vote of 346 to 79

ASQUITH URGES INQUIRY

London, Oct. 21.—A motion made in the House of Commons yesterday calling for a public inquiry into reprisals in Ireland was withdrawn last night after heated debate, which was finally shut off by a vote of 346 to 79.

The government which had firmly resisted the demand for inquiry had a large majority in the House at the time of the withdrawal.

The debate on the motion, which was introduced by Arthur Henderson, former Labor member of the cabinet, resolved itself into a duel between the opposition and the government, the former demanding and the latter resisting an independent inquiry into the reprisals.

The defense of the government set up by Sir Hamar Greenwood, chief secretary for Ireland, was that "while the Asquithians put the emphasis on the reprisals, I put it on the provocation." He insisted that no case had been made out for what he characterized as Mr. Henderson's insulting resolution. He incidentally remarked that America was no longer welcoming emigration from Ireland because it did not desire to swell the vast total of disturbing elements in the republic, and he declared his intention to rake Ireland from end to end, including Ulster, in the search for arms.

MacSwiney Question Raised

On a motion to adjourn Commander Joseph M. Kenworthy, Independent Liberal member for Hull, raised the question of Lord Mayor MacSwiney, who is a hunger striker in Brixton Prison. He said he had received a telegram from the lord mayor's wife and sister saying the prison doctor had threatened the patient with forcible feeding with lime juice.

Edward Shortt, secretary for home affairs, replied he had no information, but if the doctor thought lime juice would ease MacSwiney and help him to live and give him another chance of seeing his senses, the doctor would be justified in trying to induce him to take it, and, indeed, in forcing it upon him.

Mr. Shortt added that he was aware that the prisoner had taken light medicines from time to time, but that he was not aware whether he taken lime juice.

BUILDING PROBE WITNESS BALKS

Lawyer Testifying Before N. Y. Legislative Committee Withholds Records

DECLARED IN CONTEMPT

By the Associated Press

New York, Oct. 21.—Senator Lockwood, chairman of the joint legislative committee investigating the alleged building materials trust, today declared John T. Hettrick, a lawyer testifying before the committee, in contempt.

This followed the refusal of Hettrick to produce records relating to the volume of business done by master plumbers, stone cutters and heat and ventilating contractors through his office.

Samuel Untermyer, at the stormy opening of the investigation yesterday, had produced index cards which he asserted represented secret membership in "an unlawful scheme to throttle competition." Hettrick was directed today to produce the key to these numbered cards.

When Hettrick declined to produce his records on advice of counsel, on the ground that they related to correspondence between an attorney and his clients, Mr. Untermyer said: "It is the most preposterous pretext I have ever heard."

Chairman Lockwood declared Hettrick in contempt after giving him five minutes in which to make reply to Untermyer's questions. Hettrick consulted a lawyer by telephone and announced his final refusal to answer.

Hettrick admitted under cross-examination that his activities had been investigated by agents of the Department of Justice and examined by the United States district attorney.

Mr. Untermyer questioned the witness about an alteration job at a public school, producing a green index card with notations which Hettrick recognized.

"That card," Hettrick said, "was stolen from the United States mail on the morning of September 22."

The card bore the bid of the contractor, but instead of bearing the contractor's name the card was numbered. A note on the card reminded Hettick that he should "consult with the contractor."

"U. S. WAR WITH AUSTRIA DUE TO ME," ENVOY WROTE

Widow of Count di Cellere, Former Ambassador to Washington, Gives Husband Credit for Influencing Decision

By the Associated Press

Rome, Oct. 21.—The Countess Macchi di Cellere, widow of Count V. Macchi di Cellere, former Italian ambassador to the United States, is publishing a book dealing with her husband's work in Washington. The countess says the ambassador wrote to Tomasso Tittoni, then Italian foreign minister:

"America's declaration of war] to Austria is due to me," and adds that the success she says the count attained was all the more notable because Austria had avoided any friction with America.

The countess affrms that the ambassador obtained the first loan made by the American treasury to the Allies, that given to Italy, and says:

"Italy might also have had American troops, which Ambassador Page (Thomas Nelson Page, former American ambassador to Italy) was the first to offer."

The book contains an interesting diary of the Paris Peace Conference which Count di Cellere wrote daily without knowing it would be printed. In it the count rendered homage to what he termed the straightforward policy of Baron Sonnino, of the Italian peace delegation.

The countess recalls the evening of October 20, 1919, when, although ill, the count dictated to her from his sickbed a telegram for Signor Tittoni, who was then in Paris striving to obtain a solution of the Fiume question acceptable to Italy; that is, territorial contiguity between Fiume and the mother country.

Signor Tittoni had intrusted Count di Cellere with the task of overcoming President Wilson's reluctance to such a solution, the countess declares, adding that the count worked indefatigably to attain his object in several conversations with Robert Lansing, "who was always the enlightened and faithful friend of Italy."

The countess asserts the count's message to Signor Tittoni explained the details of his efforts. Twenty-five minutes after dictating the communication Count di Cellere died.

Oct. 2, 1920.

To Gas Consumers:

The experience of the last two months has proved conclusively that the Gas Service in Philadelphia under the New Standard is just as good as under the old. The troubles complained of by our consumers during this period have been largely due to dirt in the burners and appliances. These troubles have been handled to the entire satisfaction of our consumers, by a thorough cleaning out of the burners and appliances. We want the gas consumers of Philadelphia to know that we are continuing to do this work FREE OF CHARGE. If you have any trouble with your gas, telephone our nearest office and it will be promptly remedied WITHOUT COST TO YOU.

The United Gas Improvement Company

FREE

A 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent. Send coupon. Make this simple, pleasant home test. See for yourself the results.

We Invite You

To see how really clean teeth shine

Your teeth are coated with a film. When fresh the film is viscous—you can feel it with your tongue. Later it forms a cloudy coat. It enters crevices and stays. It dims the teeth, and now we know that it causes most tooth troubles.

There is now a way to end it. Write us today and we will send you a 10-Day Tube. Get it and see what it does for your teeth. Learn what film removal means.

Old ways don't end it

Old ways of brushing do not end film. Millions of people know that. Teeth discolor and decay despite the daily care.

The reason lies in film. It clings and hides, and very few escape its damage.

It is the film-coat that discolors, not the teeth. Film is the basis of tartar. It holds food substance which ferments and forms acid. It holds the acid in contact with the teeth to cause decay.

Millions of germs breed in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea. All these troubles have been constantly increasing—some have grown alarming. And all because we knew no way to daily fight the film.

A new dental era

Dental science has for years studied to combat film. Ways have now been found to do it. Able authorities have proved those methods by many careful tests. Now leading dentists everywhere are urging their daily use.

These methods have been combined in a dentifrice called Pepsodent. Millions of people have come to employ it. You can see the results wherever you look—in glistening teeth, in teeth you envy, maybe.

A new dental era has begun, due to these discoveries. And these are benefits everyone should share. So you are urged to let this 10-Day Tube show what Pepsodent can do.

Brings five effects

Pepsodent brings five distinct effects. All are apparent, some are quick. A few days' use will leave no doubt about them. And a little book will tell you what each one means to you.

One ingredient is pepsin. Another multiplies the starch digestant in the saliva to digest starch deposits that cling.

The alkalinity of the saliva is multiplied at once. This is to neutralize the acids which cause tooth decay.

Two factors directly attack the film. One of them keeps teeth so highly polished that film cannot easily adhere.

Every application brings the Pepsodent effects. Together they mean tooth protection like you never had before.

Watch these effects. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the viscous film. See how teeth whiten as the film-coat disappears.

Compare your teeth now with your teeth in ten days. Then judge this new-day method by what you see and feel and know.

Men who smoke

will see a quick, conspicuous change

Tobacco stains the film-coat on the teeth. So men who smoke will see a great change quickly. But millions of teeth have that same film-coat with a lesser stain.

Children's teeth are most affected by the film. Young teeth seem most subject to decay. Dentists advise that Pepsodent be daily applied from the time the first tooth appears. Otherwise, decay is almost certain.

Pepsodent brings to women whiter, prettier teeth. But that means cleaner teeth and safer. The luster comes from constant film removal and the high polish given to the teeth.

Pepsodent PAT OFF REG. U.S.

The New-Day Dentifrice

A scientific film combatant, acting in new ways. Approved by the highest authorities and advised by leading dentists everywhere. Druggists supply the large tubes.

Watch the change in a week

Send this coupon for a 10-Day Tube. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the viscous film. See how teeth whiten as the film-coat disappears.

These effects mean much to you. Cut out the coupon now.

10-DAY TUBE FREE

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ONLY ONE TUBE TO A FAMILY

Don't you hope she makes it?

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