

ELWELL ATTACKED BY UNKNOWN MEN

Pollies Seek Two Persons Believed Implicated in Turfman's Murder

NEW MYSTERY DEVELOPS

New York, July 13.—That Joseph Elwell was assaulted by two men on the sidewalk six hours before his death near the New Amsterdam theatre on Forty-second street is the latest story being investigated by New York police.

Elwell, according to the story, jumped into a taxicab to escape from his assailants. One of them hailed another taxi and ordered the driver to take him to Elwell's home.

This assault is said to have taken place after Elwell had heard from Mrs. Walter Lewisohn, Miss Viola Kraus and Mr. Octavio Figueroa, with whom he had been spending the evening.

It has been learned that the story reached the police some time ago and that they have been investigating it secretly. The men who committed the assault are said to have been seen in the vicinity of the Elwell home at the Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic performance at the New Amsterdam.

The story is that these men had one or two women in their company and that when Elwell's friends left him in front of the theatre they left both women and attacked him.

The women, it is said, tried to interfere, and this gave Elwell a chance to board a taxicab and escape. One of the men remained with the women while the other gave chase to the bridge whist expert.

Motive for Attack Unknown Just what motive the party should have had for the attack is not known, but it has been surmised that the two men had cherished some grudge of long standing. Their meeting on the theatre roof is believed to have been accidental.

In the statements which various persons have supplied the officials there are certain instances which seem to corroborate this story. There is, for instance, the statement of a negro taxicab driver who said that he took a man in a brown business suit from Broadway and Forty-second street to the Elwell residence at about 2 o'clock on the morning on which Elwell was slain.

It was at first supposed that this chauffeur had taken Elwell home, but Elwell wore a dinner coat in this suspicious appearance on his face to be conspicuous. It was also recalled that this chauffeur had stated that his passenger at first told him to drive him to 204 West Seventieth street, and upon arriving at that house discovered that it was the wrong address and asked to be taken to the house "two doors west of the big apartment," which was 244, where Elwell lived.

New Mystery Develops A mystifying feature of the story lies in the fact that Elwell was not slain until about 8 o'clock, and officials find it difficult to imagine why a man who followed him home at 2 a. m., if that was the slayer, should have waited six hours before killing him. It was pointed out yesterday if this man saw something which indicated that there was another person on the premises he might have waited until that other person's departure.

"Suppose," an investigator said yesterday, "that one of Elwell's racing associates happened to be in the house and that Elwell came downstairs to let this associate out of the house at about 8 o'clock, that he thereupon picked up his mail and sat down to read it. It would be the most natural thing for the man who had been watching the house to enter at this moment, slay Elwell and leave. There are any number of ways in which he might have obtained admission. It is also easy to see why the man who had spent the night with him should hesitate about admitting the fact. If he said that he left Elwell's house at 8 o'clock and Elwell was found murdered at 8:25, suspicion would naturally fall upon him. The innocent man might reasonably be expected to try to keep his visit to the place a secret."

BLANKS IN MEXICAN PRESS

United States Postal Laws Cause Batches of Unprinted Paper Mexico City, July 13.—(By A. P.)—Reports reaching this city indicate that the receipt of Mexican newspapers in the United States has given rise to rumors that the censorship is again in operation. This was due to the fact that large blank spaces appeared in several issues of journals printed here. Publishers of this city explain these blank spaces by saying the United States postal laws forbid the circulation of newspapers carrying letters advertisements, and special editions from which these advertisements had been withdrawn, were printed for subscribers across the international frontier.

Community House for Shore

Atlantic City, July 13.—A Jewish community house, the first of its kind to be erected at a cost of \$250,000 by an association of which William A. Gerson is president. A site has been purchased at Pacific and Maryland avenues. The building will contain a Jewish school, where sessions will be conducted daily, and Sunday, with religious services on Saturdays.

Advertisement for Sunday and Thursday Excursions to the Upper New Jersey Seashore. Includes prices for Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Long Branch, and other locations.



Central News Photo. OLIVER P. HOPKINS of Pennsylvania, who has been appointed assistant director of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce

REVOLUTION IN BOLIVIA

Government Headed by President Guerra Overthrown Lima, Peru, July 13.—(By A. P.)—A revolution has broken out in Bolivia, according to dispatches received from La Paz. The government, headed by President Jose Gutierrez Guerra, has been overthrown, and the president and members of his cabinet have been made prisoners. Baptista Savendra has assumed power being supported by the army, and is said to have appointed Jose Carrasco, former Bolivian minister to Brazil, chancellor. Newspapers here, in commenting on the news, say the revolution is a "crushing defeat of the pro-Chilean policy pursued by the Bolivian government, and vindicates the community of interest existing between Peru and Bolivia."

Jose Gutierrez Guerra was elected president of Bolivia on May 7, 1917. The government which has been overthrown was formed on March 15, 1920. Baptista Savendra was formerly minister of public instruction, having been appointed to that office August 13, 1909.

INVENTOR RISKS LIFE

Locked in Nonsinkable Safe, Italian Is Tossed into Ocean

Boston, July 13.—Menotti Nanni, a Chicago inventor, to prove the utility of his nonsinkable safe for use on sea-going ships, was locked in his five-ton steel strong box and lowered to the bottom of Boston harbor at the risk of his life yesterday afternoon. Three minutes after the gigantic cylindrical tank touched the bottom, while 35,000 spectators waited in breathless expectancy, the inner compartment of the tank about to the surface with Nanni inside, from which he issued forth smiling and waving American and Italian flags.

Nanni attached to his head a specially prepared oxygen helmet with sufficient air in it to last fifteen minutes, then bade good-by to his wife and children and, as the tumblers of the combination lock clicked on the airtight cell, Mrs. Charles V. Morris, wife of former United States Deputy Marshal Morris, broke across the side of the tank a bottle of champagne. Nanni and his family will shortly leave for Italy and present his invention to his native land.

RUSSIAN HORDES CAPTURE MINSK

Bolsheviki Announce Seizure of Big City From Poles; Vilna Endangered

RELIEF WORKERS RETIRE

By the Associated Press London, July 13.—Minsk has been captured by Russian Bolshevik forces, according to an official statement received here from Moscow, which says the soviet troops occupied the town on the morning of July 11. The communists also announce the capture of the town of Sventitskoy, nine-and-a-half miles south of Minsk and fifty miles northeast of Vilna. The statement continues: "In the direction of Ushitzka we captured a section of the railway from Gukhovich station to Bobrovka station. In the Rovno region our cavalry, pursuing the enemy, occupied Olyka village. In the direction of Tarnopol we captured the station of Charna-Ostrov (fifty miles east of Tarnopol), capturing an armored train."

Minsk is the capital of the Russian government (state) of the same name, and is situated on a branch of the Berezina river, approximately 250 miles northwest of Warsaw. For some time the Russian soviet forces have been converging on Minsk from the north and south, and the position of the city has seemed to be serious.

The fall of Minsk would seem to indicate that Vilna, about 110 miles to the northwest, is in imminent danger of capture by the Bolsheviks.

Spa, July 13.—(By A. P.)—The Russian soviet government had not replied up to this afternoon to the request of the Allies that an armistice be arranged with Poland. The message was sent by wireless to the soviet authorities through the British Government, because of the relations already existing between Premier Lloyd George and Leonid Krassin, the Bolshevik minister of trade and commerce.

Ladislav Grabki, the Polish premier, is due to arrive in Warsaw today from Spa, bearing the assurances of the Allies that ample arms and munitions will be supplied Poland in case the Russians do not agree to be an armistice or unduly delay their reply.

General Pilsudski, head of the Polish state, has taken no steps on his account toward an armistice, according to the Polish delegation here, the matter being left in the hands of the Allies.

The Polish military authorities have informed the Allies that they can put in the field an army of 1,000,000 men, but that they need 400,000 rifles, 5000 machine guns, 1000 field guns and armored cars and tanks, together with a great variety of munitions.

The Poles count upon the Allies supplying this material, the deliveries beginning in about fifteen days, unless the soviet government immediately accepts an armistice.

Warsaw, July 13.—(By A. P.)

Although American relief workers have been forced to flee from cities and towns near the battle lines, where Russian Bolshevik and Polish forces are engaged in a terrific battle over a wide front, the children who have been aided will not be permitted to suffer, according to advices received by American relief officials here. The work of providing for the destitute has been taken up by Bolshevik organizations in areas

SUFFRAGE HARD HIT BY CLEMENT'S ACT

Vermont Governor's Refusal to Call Legislature Stuns Republican Leaders

COURT TEST IS UP TODAY

New York, July 13.—When informed of Governor Clement's refusal to call a special session of the Vermont Legislature to pass on the federal woman suffrage amendment, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, issued the following statement: "If it is correctly quoted the decision of Governor Clement is so contrary to the dictates of justice, common sense and political expediency that it convinces me that there is a sinister and far-reaching influence behind it. To uncover that influence is one of the immediate tasks of the suffragists. The work of ratification will be pushed strongly forward in Tennessee and North Carolina."

Nashville, July 13.—Refusal yesterday of Governor Clement, of Vermont, to call a special session of the Legislature to act on the federal suffrage amendment caused supporters of the proposal to redouble their efforts to obtain favorable action by the Tennessee General Assembly.

Although Governor Roberts has announced he would convene the Legislature on August 9, he has not yet issued a formal call for the session.

The House is generally considered to be for ratification of the suffrage amendment by a safe margin, while the Senate is regarded as close. The state suffrage law, enacted in 1919, passed the House by a majority of twenty and the Senate by a one-vote margin.

Washington, July 13.—The refusal of Governor Percival W. Clement of Ver-

mont, to call an extra session of the Vermont Legislature to act upon the ratification of the suffrage amendment, stunned Republican leaders here who thought that the Vermont governor had given Senator Harding, Republican presidential nominee, every assurance that Vermont would act within a few days of the conference between the two men in Washington.

Close friends of Senator Harding said yesterday that following the meeting with Governor Clement the nominee was satisfied the action would be taken in Vermont, and that a Republican state would be the thirty-sixth to approve the right of women to vote in all elections. So confident was that feeling that several men attached to the Harding organization predicted on the night of the conference that the call would be issued during the three succeeding days.

The court test of the validity of the ratification comes today when the District Supreme Court hears the motion for an injunction sought by the antisuffragists. Members of the National Woman's party have been assured by officials of the Department of Justice that the government will make every effort to prevent the granting of an injunction.

Pensacola, July 13.—Governor Catts has refused to call a special session of the Florida Legislature to take action on the federal woman suffrage amendment, local suffrage leaders announced last night.

They said the governor contended such action would be useless.

Electric Rate Rise Approved Trenton, July 13.—The Public Utilities Commission announced today that it had decided that the Atlantic Coast Electric Co. is justified in increasing its base rate, as proposed by the company to the board, and in imposing a connection charge, the latter being credited or rebated to all customers who continue as such after a period of six months. The new rates will become effective with the July bills of the company. The board stated that costs for labor and material required in operating and maintaining the system of the company have continued to increase, and that the company's application was based upon the necessity for meeting the increased costs.

DEFECTIVE GIRLS GOVERN SELVES

Experiment Made in New Jersey Institution Proves Great Success

DEFINITE POLICY URGED

Special Dispatch to Evening Public Ledger Trenton, July 13.—Student government among girls between the ages of ten and fourteen years has worked successfully in the New Jersey State Home for Girls here, according to the fifth annual report of the board of managers and superintendent of the institution, Lieutenant Edgar A. Doll, psychologist of the Department of Institutions and Agencies, incorporated in the report a statement comparing with the public school girls of Trenton the inmates of the institution who are from two to three years retarded in general intelligence. "It would be a conservative estimate," Lieutenant Doll declared, "to predict that from 20 to 30 per cent of the state home girls will prove to be feeble-minded when diagnostic mental examinations have been made. On the other hand, only about 5 per cent could be considered as above average in intelligence.

"It is earnestly recommended that the board of managers and the executive management in the state home formulate policies regarding feeble-minded inmates. The presence of feeble-minded girls in its population defeats the fundamental aims of the institution. A typical feeble-minded girl cannot be returned to society with any expectation of being self-supporting or self-controlling in a normal way. Such girls also ordinarily come from a home environment which is so defective that if the girl is returned there she has no prospect of success. Moreover, it is difficult to place feeble-minded girls either in industry or in service with restrictions. At present the outlook for the transfer of mentally defective girls is most discouraging. Most of the mental states can be successfully combated by modern methods of mental hygiene. Definite educational and disciplinary devices are available for the amelioration of such conditions."

It was stated in the report that statistics show a total of 651 inmates at the home during the year, of whom 202 were either paroled, transferred, recalled or discharged, and that during that period 165 girls were paroled, making a total of 284 on parole on June 30 last. The financial report of the institution showed receipts of \$107,454.61, all of which, with the exception of \$800, was expended. The proceeds of \$900 in private bequests, inventories filed were: Estate of Samuel F. Shaw, \$110,863.16; Charles H. Kuesler, \$40,076.32.

One Will Probated Today

The will of Virginia McMullen, 2017 Decatur street, probated today, disposed of \$9000 in private bequests. Inventories filed were: Estate of Samuel F. Shaw, \$110,863.16; Charles H. Kuesler, \$40,076.32.

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Advertisement for Library Bureau featuring 'The white elephant' metaphor. Includes text about card systems, library equipment, and contact information for M. W. Montgomery at 910 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Large advertisement for Victrola gramophones. Features the headline 'Get one of these portable Victrolas for outings for the home' and images of four different models: Victrola IV (\$25), Victrola VI (\$35), Victrola VIII (\$50), and Victrola IX (\$75). Includes the 'His Master's Voice' logo and contact information for Victor Talking Machine Company in Camden, New Jersey.