

THE WEATHER

Fair and continued cool tonight and Saturday, with probable light frost on lowlands tonight; gentle winds.

TEMPERATURE AT EACH HOUR

8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5
62	49	40	40	50	52	53			

# Evening Public Ledger

NIGHT EXTRA

VOL. VI.—NO. 208 Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Postoffice at Philadelphia, Pa. Under the Act of March 3, 1879. PHILADELPHIA, FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1920. Published Daily Except Sunday. Subscription Price \$6 a Year by Mail. Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company. PRICE TWO CENTS

## LIMEBURNER DID NOT DEMAND MONEY, SAYS SCHMIDT

### Reorganization of Navy Department Planned as Result of Daniels-Sims Controversy

#### CHICAGOAN 'NOT CLEAR' ON WHAT COUNCILMAN SAID OF BRIBE-SEEKER

Sears-Roebuck Manager, Over Long-Distance Telephone, Asserts City Official Did Not Ask Him for Cash or Advertising

#### MAYOR AND SMYTH CONFER; ROTAN IS BEING KEPT INFORMED OF SCANDAL DEVELOPMENTS

Councilman Alexis J. Limeburner never asked him either for money or advertising to get the Roosevelt boulevard ordinance through Council, A. B. Schmidt, eastern manager of Sears, Roebuck & Co., asserted today at Chicago.

Thomas E. Mitten, president of the Rapid Transit Co., testifying yesterday before Council's self-investigating committee, quoted Schmidt as telling Limeburner had advised payment of the \$25,000 "tribute" suggested by a mysterious "Rosenbach" or "Rosenberger."

"Do you deny Mr. Mitten told the truth?" Schmidt was asked over the long-distance telephone this morning.

"I will not say so," replied Mr. Schmidt.

#### Visit Only 'Friendly Call'

When Schmidt testified under oath at the committee's first hearing, he told of the "mystery man's" visit to him. Replying to a question he declared no councilman had approached him in the matter.

He said Mr. Limeburner was the only councilman who had called on him individually, but that the visit was merely a friendly call.

Mr. Schmidt today was asked two direct questions.

"Did Councilman Limeburner ask you for money?"

"He did not," replied Mr. Schmidt.

"Did Councilman Limeburner ask you for advertising?"

"He did not."

Director Cortelyou has said that Limeburner told him this was the object of his call.

Mr. Schmidt was extremely reluctant to answer questions. "I gave my testimony," he said, "under oath and I am through."

#### Will Return When Wife Recovers

"Will you return to Philadelphia and again appear before the Council committee?"

"I will," was the reply, "when my wife recovers from her illness."

"How soon do you expect Mrs. Schmidt to recover sufficiently for you to come to Philadelphia?"

"Well, it will be at least four or five weeks. She has just undergone an operation on her throat."

"Mr. Schmidt, Mr. Mitten says that you told him that Councilman Limeburner advised you to do what the mysterious man asked for in exchange for the passage of the Roosevelt boulevard ordinance."

"I gave my testimony," was the reply, "under oath. I cannot be responsible for what Mr. Mitten's understanding is of my conversation with him."

"Do you deny that Mr. Mitten told the truth?"

"I will not say so," replied Mr. Schmidt.

"Did you tell all the truth to the Council committee?"

"I did," was the answer.

"Then," he was asked, "how do you account for what Mr. Mitten says you told him?"

#### Recollection Not Clear

"My recollection," replied Mr. Schmidt, "is not clear as to just what Mr. Limeburner said in regard to the call of the mysterious stranger."

"Mr. Mitten says he advised you to see your lawyer, George Wharton Pepper, did you do so?"

"I did not talk with any attorney," replied Mr. Schmidt. Again Mr. Schmidt was asked what Limeburner had said to him with reference to the "mystery man's" demand for \$25,000.

#### Day's Developments in Bribery Scandal

A. B. Schmidt, at Chicago, asserted Councilman Limeburner had not asked him either for money or for advertising in Limeburner's small periodical order to push the Roosevelt boulevard ordinance through Council.

Mayor Moore conferred for two hours on the bribery case with City Solicitor Smyth. The Mayor will confer later with former Judge James Gay Gordon. Mr. Moore said Director of Public Safety Cortelyou and District Attorney Rotan are watching developments.

Councilman Limeburner repeated the declaration he made yesterday, under dramatic circumstances, that he had absolutely nothing to do with the bribery case and that Schmidt's testimony was true.

District Attorney Rotan said he was not investigating the rumors. He is in touch, he said, with the proceedings before the councilman's committee.

#### MEAT PRICES REDUCED

McClain Says "Eat-Less-Beef" Move Is Having Tangible Result

The failure of Europe to buy great quantities of meat and the lessened consumption by housewives here has brought down prices for beef on the hoof to a point where farmers were losing \$100 a head on winter-fed cattle. F. B. McClain, fair-price commissioner, said today.

The reduction in the price of the hoof, he said, has made some slight change in the wholesale and retail prices of beef.

Reports from investigators show, Mr. McClain said, that labor shortage is likely to curtail the wheat crop.

#### FORM STATE LABOR PARTY

Miss Frieda S. Miller, of Philadelphia, Chosen Secretary-Treasurer

Altoona, Pa., May 14.—Organization of the Labor party of Pennsylvania was completed today by delegates to the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor, Charles Kutz, machinist, Altoona, was elected president, and Miss Frieda S. Miller, textile worker, Philadelphia, secretary-treasurer.

The national labor party platform was adopted, including these planks: No more war, laws preventing profiteering, 10 per cent tax on banks, limiting powers of Supreme Court, national referendum, government insurance for all persons, free speech and press and right of assemblage.

#### 4 THIEVES ESCAPE WITH \$2000 LOOT AFTER GUN FIGHT

Mounted Patrolman Surprises Men in Act of Robbing Chestnut Hill Tire Shop

#### GREET ORDER OF ARREST WITH FUSILLADE OF SHOTS

Policeman Pursues Auto, Which Disappears in Darkness of Fairmount Park

Four thieves, using an automobile, caught in the act of robbing the Chestnut Hill, Repair-Shop, 3432 Germantown avenue, escaped this morning after a revolver fight with Mounted Patrolman Roy, who pursued them for two miles.

The driver of a United States mail truck also joined in the chase, and during the pursuit several bullets fired by the fleeing thieves whistled close to the ears of the pursuers.

The robbers stole a quantity of tires valued at more than \$2000.

Roy, who is attached to the Chestnut Hill station, was on the way to the station house to report off when he noticed an automobile in front of the repair shop with all lights out.

Draws His Revolver

Dismounting from his horse, Roy drew his revolver and watched as his eyes became more accustomed to the intense darkness. Roy saw two men standing near the door of the shop. A few minutes later two more came out with tires thrown over their shoulders.

The tires were thrown in the car, the engine of which was kept running and all four men jumped in. Just as the driver was about to start, Roy jumped out and ordered the men to throw up their hands.

A derisive laugh was their answer and was followed by a fusillade of shots.

Bullets Miss Mark

The thieves then turned the car sharply and drove south on Germantown. Roy, who was on horseback, quickly jumped on his horse and gave chase. Two or three vehicles coming in the opposite direction made the fleeing robbers turn out several times. Roy was gradually gaining on them. When he was within fifty yards they opened fire on him. Several bullets came close to the policeman, but all missed their mark.

Roy fired several shots in return. He noticed a moment later that the occupants of the car were bending low. He fired but three men in sight instead of four. It was evident that one of the men was hit.

Truck Joins in Chase

The driver of the mail-truck, which was nearby, was attracted by the shots and joined in the chase.

The chase continued until the entrance to Fairmount Park near Mermaid Station was reached. There the truck disappeared in the darkness and all trace of them was lost. Several mounted policemen were sent to scour Fairmount Park. All city hospitals are being watched.

The shop which was robbed is conducted by Charles Grimm. He received a new supply of tires yesterday and it is thought that the thieves may have been aware of this.

#### WASHINGTON SLOTH WET-BLANKETS PLAN TO BUY HOG ISLAND

Some Influence Seems to Be at Work to Discourage Private Capital, Col. McCain Declares

Colonel George Nox McCain addressed the Business Science Club at the weekly luncheon in the Hotel Adelphi today. After outlining the advantages of Hog Island to the city, he said:

"What is the future of Hog Island? It has been definitely decided that the city will not take it over. The state likewise declines to raise money by bond issue or appropriation for the purpose. Its acquisition is, therefore, an investment for private capital.

"I know, and can assure you, that honest and long continued efforts have been put forth to accomplish the purchase of Hog Island from the United States Government. But thus far without success.

"Delay, indolence and a seeming reluctance to approach the subject on the part of the government at Washington, or its representatives, have marked the progress of attempted negotiation.

"There the matter of a great terminal rests.

"You may well ask as to the cause of this delay or reluctance on the part of Washington, who ever has been entrusted with the negotiations for its sale.

"It is a question I cannot answer. I can only state the fact. There is every indication that some influence is at work, for some ulterior purpose, to discourage those contemplating the purchase of this property."

#### ACQUIT N.Y. POLICE OFFICIAL

Inspector Henry Charged of Neglect in Vice War

New York, May 14.—(By A. P.)—Police Inspector Dominick Henry, formerly commander of the "Tenderloin" district, today was acquitted by order of Judge Malone of a charge of neglect of duty in connection with New York's vice crusade.

The judge directed the jury, which heard allegations that Henry failed to close hundreds of vice resorts, to bring in a verdict of not guilty, after seven character witnesses had testified in defense counsel had moved to acquit.

Police Commissioner Enright immediately ordered Henry reinstated to command of his old inspection district.

#### SPURNED, GIRL SHOTS SELF

Uses Revolver When Her Leap-Year Proposal Is Rejected

Chicago, May 14.—(By A. P.)—Miss Mary White last night shot herself after her leap-year proposal had been rejected by Joseph Keller, a friend for several years' standing. Her wounds are not serious.

Miss White invited Keller to dinner, took him to a picture show and suggested a walk in the park. There she proposed marriage, and announced she had furnished an apartment for Keller.

"It is a question I cannot answer. I can only state the fact. There is every indication that some influence is at work, for some ulterior purpose, to discourage those contemplating the purchase of this property."

#### SOCIALISTS SEE PALMER

Petition Government for Release of Debs From Prison

Washington, May 14.—(By A. P.)—The Socialist committee appointed to petition the federal government to release Eugene V. Debs, nominee for President, from the Atlanta Penitentiary, was received today by Attorney General Palmer.

Later the delegation was to call on Secretary Tamm at the White House to present a formal petition addressed to President Wilson.

#### BERLIN LAYS DOWN TERMS

Germany Won't Attend Conferences Unless French Quit Main District

London, May 14.—(By A. P.)—The German cabinet, after a full discussion of the ministers of the federal states, decided unanimously that Germany should not send representatives either to the Spa or Brussels conferences unless the French troops are entirely withdrawn from the Main district by May 16, according to a Central News dispatch from Berlin today.

#### Latest Developments in Presidential Race

Hoover declares that the G. O. P. should support the League of Nations with reservations.

Indiana will send ten delegates to the Republican convention instructed for Wood; four instructed for Johnson and sixteen uncommitted.

Debs, serving a term in federal prison, has been nominated for President by the Socialists.

#### HOOVER DECLARES FOR PRINCIPLES OF "OPEN SHOP"

Tells Senators Injunction and Industrial Courts Are Poor Solution of Workers' Problems

#### MEN'S RIGHT TO FORM UNIONS IS RECOGNIZED

Voluntary Plan of Second Labor Conference to Settle Disputes Given Approval

By the Associated Press

Washington, May 14.—"The principle of individual freedom requires the open shop," Herbert Hoover declared today in testifying before the Senate labor committee at hearings on proposed legislation for the settlement of industrial unrest.

Mr. Hoover, who was a member of President Wilson's second industrial conference, said he did not believe the relationship between employers and employees could be settled "by any form of legal repression, whether it be by injunction, compulsory arbitration or industrial courts."

"Fundamentally," he declared, "all such effect leads inevitably to the use of jails as a solution for disputes as to respective participation in profits and capital in industrial profits, and proceeds swiftly toward compulsory labor, or compulsory wages, or martyrdom."

Admits Right to Organize

"No one doubts that the modern consolidation of the employers over large units of employees gives every justification and right for the organization of the employees similarly into units for the exerting of equality in bargaining powers. Such organization has a right to present its own representatives in bargaining. On the other hand, there should be no compulsion to join such an organization. The principle of individual freedom requires the open shop."

Mr. Hoover heartily approved the plan of the second industrial conference for voluntary settlement of labor troubles through co-operative agreement.

"It avoids the pitfalls," he said, "to my mind it is the best and only step to be taken toward a whole broad question between employer and employee has developed."

President's Views Withheld

Chairman Kenyon said that as the President had not communicated his views on the industrial conference reports to Congress there was no way of knowing what he thought. He asked Mr. Hoover if he knew what the President thought.

"I have not the remotest idea," he replied.

Senator Jones wanted to know if labor had been not disturbed by excessive profits.

"It has," replied Mr. Hoover, "but it is difficult to say how much. It has helped to cause industrial unrest, not with the rising cost of living.

"There is no question as to the enormous increase in profits, but what we want to give the workers is a very careful attention. There has been a big increase in profits over the cost of labor, but I cannot say as to proportion."

European Strikes Alarming

On the question of strikes, Mr. Hoover said a distinction should be drawn between conditions in this country and Europe, declaring that strikes for political ends had been resorted to in Europe, which had caused unnecessary alarm in this country.

"There has been no taint of such strike order in this country," he declared. "No attempt has been made by leaders of organized labor in the United States to bring about a general strike. Leaders have discouraged that. There seems to be a misapprehension as to whether the strike may develop into a political weapon. But certainly that has not been the case in the United States."

Injunction Poor Solution

"There are some things which underlie the whole relationship between capital and labor," he declared. "I don't believe this relationship can be settled by injunction, as this leads to the cost of the attempted solution of disputes.

"Collective bargaining must take the form of an agreement as to standards and conditions of labor. It is not an agreement as to employment on either side. Collective bargaining cannot stand if there is to be a constant violation of confidence.

"Mr. Hoover thought it was almost impossible to legislate as to hours of labor. Wages, he said, should take into account the cost of food, clothing, housing, education, savings and the enjoyment of all benefits of the civilization of the time.

Workers' Opposition to Bonus

Senator Phillips called attention to the bonus paid employees by many industrial enterprises and to reports that labor leaders felt it should be discouraged.

"In the actual practice of the operation of the various devices they fall into two general classes—sharing of profits and sharing of savings," Mr. Hoover said. "It is difficult to reach a fair basis of settlement. The occasional misuse of the system has led to the opposition of organized labor.

"If profit sharing is to be based on the conception that wages are to be just and that profits are to be an addition to pay, then it would be in proper form, but not when used as a weapon to hold down a man's pay. The intangible agitation in industrial life concerns the question of a division of surplus, and not the question that employees want to manage the business."

#### HOOVER'S VIEWPOINT ON LABOR

The principle of individual freedom requires the "open shop." The Kansas industrial law cannot prove a success. Court injunction is a poor solution of the disputes between labor and capital. Collective bargaining cannot stand along with constant violation of confidence. Profit-sharing should not be used to hold down a man's pay.

#### UNDERWOOD AND HEFLIN WINNERS IN ALABAMA

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 14.—Official returns from sixty-five of the sixty-seven counties in the state in Tuesday's Democratic senatorial primary gave Senator Oscar W. Underwood a plurality of 10,381 over L. B. Musgrove, the Union labor candidate. For the short term in the Senate, Representative Heflin has a plurality of 12,224.

#### AFFIRM BRITAIN'S SUBMARINE OFFER TO CHILE

BUENOS AIRES, May 14.—Dispatches from Santiago say official confirmation has been given of reports that the British government has offered Chile a number of submarines of the latest type. The price for the submarines will be low, the dispatches add, and Chile will be given easy terms in payment for them.

#### KILL TRAIN ROBBER; RECOVER \$100,000

Lone Bandit Battles to Death When Trapped by Chicago Rifle Squad

Chicago, May 14.—One of the most daring train robberies in the middle west in recent years ended today in the death of a bandit who last night looted the mail car of the Illinois Central New Orleans limited of currency estimated to total about \$100,000. The money was recovered.

One policeman, shot by the bandit, died later in a hospital. Another policeman was wounded dangerously.

The bandit was identified as Horace Barlow, aged thirty-two, of St. Joseph, Mo. He fell with four bullets in his body after barricading himself in his apartment and fighting with more than 100 policemen, including several picked rifle squads.

Walton boarded the train at Gilman, a few miles from Kankakee, last night, taking a seat in a Pullman. A pouch containing a shipment of \$100,000 from a Deatur bank was taken on the train at Gilman.

Commands "Hands Up"

As the floor pulled out of Kankakee Walton stepped into the mail car and announced that he was the postal inspector. He walked toward Elmer F. Harris, chief clerk, who was sitting at the desk, then suddenly drew a pistol and commanded "Hands up!" The clerk obeyed.

Harris and three of the clerks were ordered to lie on the floor. James E. Barlow, another clerk, was forced to bind their hands behind them. Walton then seized Barlow's hands and set about in leisurely fashion sorting the mail pouches.

Armed with the clerk's key he picked out and rifled the bags which contained shipments of money, remarking "It's easy when you have inside information."

Fifteen minutes later Patrolmen William A. Roberts and John Kendrick stepped in with a bag he carried and Roberts arrested him. He was taken to the station, where he was held in a cell. Walton, with revolver in his pocket, fired through his coat. Roberts fell, shot in head and side.

Walton leaped into the area-way of an apartment building, while Kendrick and opened fire. After an exchange of shots the policeman dashed forward and grappled with the man. Walton dropped the bag and fled.

Police rifle squads, summoned by neighbors, soon had the man in an apartment house a half block away. They surrounded the building and for more than an hour poured hundreds of bullets into Walton's apartment.

Returns Fire With Two Guns

He returned the fire steadily, using two guns, they suddenly stopped. Patrolman Chief Rooney led a dash on the room. Walton was found on the floor, dead, with four bullets in his body.

A membership card issued by the St. Joseph, Mo., A. O. U. and a letter addressed to Mrs. L. V. Walton, St. Joseph, were found in his pocket.

Patrolman Roberts was rushed to a hospital where he died in an apartment house. He is survived by a widow and five children. Patrolman Thomas Secora also was wounded, but probably not fatally.

Brewer Dies of Apoplexy

Detroit, May 14.—(By A. P.)—Edward W. Wright, widely known brewer, died at his home here this morning following a stroke of apoplexy.

When you think of writing, think of WELTON—Ad.

#### SIMS OVERSTATED CHARGES AGAINST NAVY, FRIENDS SAY

Many of Admiral's Supporters Alienated by Sensational Method of Criticism

#### HIGH OFFICERS RESENT HIS PRO-BRITISH ACTS

Agree, However, That Defects of Department Cry for Correction

By CLINTON W. GILBERT Staff Correspondent of the Evening Public Ledger

Washington, May 14.—A commission is likely to be appointed to reorganize the Navy Department as a result of the Sims-Daniels controversy. It would be appointed by Secretary Daniels himself or by the President at his request.

There is a general feeling in the navy that the protest opinion since the outbreak of the war, has outgrown the Navy Department. The navy learned many things during the war and these lessons cannot be absorbed without some department reorganization. Moreover, there is too much looseness in the relation of the secretary of the navy, the bureau chiefs and the general board.

This move for a reorganization and for applying the lessons of the war will be a recognition that there was a certain justice in Rear Admiral Sims' criticisms, but the general opinion in navy circles is that Sims overstated his case, impaired his own usefulness and gave Secretary Daniels an opening for a counter-attack that has seriously damaged the admiral.

Friends of Sims Alienated

From a source once very friendly to Sims but critical of him since the inquiry developed, it was learned that the opinion of the navy has turned against the protest opinion since the charges. At the outset most of the high officers were with Sims and believed that a public inquiry would reveal defects of the navy and lead to their correction. It is said, not a correct opinion, that Sims, who has associated a few captains, rather closely associated with him.

Among the junior officers the set who "like to see the fireworks go off" are with him. It would be possible to name high officers who were pro-Sims at the outset, but who became angry as his testimony progressed and ended by taking the stand against Sims.

Several things have contributed to this change. First was his revelation of Admiral Benson's remark that "we should as soon fight the British as the Germans." His protest opinion as that this was a needless breach of confidence, which had not the excuse that any great public benefit would come from it.

Then there was Sims' disposition to exaggerate his own part in the war, "to hog all the glory," as it is said, and officers felt that Sims overstated the case against the navy, discrediting unjustly many useful and efficient officers.

Secret Dispatch Hurt Admiral

And finally, Secretary Daniels's revelation of his secret dispatch to the President that the British navy could be counted on, no matter what developed, hurt Sims gravely in the eyes of his fellows. The navy officers are not anti-British, but they have no sympathy with the British, their country's being always unavailing a sort of colony of England's.

As for Admiral Sims' motive in protesting the controversy, the view of his friends is that he was contented at the turn of affairs in the navy, and perfectly honest in doing what he did. He saw defects in the Navy Department, but the majority of naval officers sympathetic to the British at the outset, did not believe that these defects could be corrected without publicity.

The admiral is a believer in sensational methods. He produced an "explosion" in the days of Roosevelt, to the great disadvantage of the navy, and thought that another "explosion" was the only way to get any advantage out of the navy.

It is true his pride was hurt by what had happened here. He had been feted and esteemed in England. When he came back he dropped down in an ordinary place in the navy. He had had a controversy with Admiral Wilson abroad, after which Wilson was appointed to high command.

Sims protest at all.

When the King and Queen of the Belgians were here he was "accidentally" left by the Navy Department out of the list of their entertainers.

Sees Navy Department Defects

A number of things like this are supposed to have contributed to the support of the controversy. But fundamentally Sims saw certain real faults in the Navy Department, felt himself by the force of the public confidence he enjoyed to be the only man to bring about their correction, and plunged into the fray. Unfortunately, the real issues have been obscured in personalities.

Controversy will rage in the future over the value of Admiral Sims' services in England. The Senate inquiry has thrown some light upon what they were. The truth is not all out nor can judgment be pronounced. But fundamentally the administration, including the President, worked a cross purpose with Sims.

It is plain that Sims did not do Continued on Page 100, Column Four

#### MAYOR WANTS BACKING FOR ALL ADMINISTRATION CANDIDATES OR NONE

Mayor Moore apparently does not think much of Register of Wills Sheehan's offer to support him for delegate to the national convention.

The Mayor "warns the friends of good government of 'Greeks bearing gifts'" in a statement made today which is looked upon as a slap at Sheehan's offer of "yesterday," though Mr. Sheehan most certainly is not from Athens.

"Friends of the administration who are opposed to a perpetuation of the contractor combine should not be deceived by the offer of a delegate, but advised in support of the Mayor as a national delegate that does not carry along with their support for the anti-Vare candidates for Congress, the Legislature and the city committee," the Mayor said.

"The Mayor is anti-contractor combine all the way through, and warns the friends of good government that 'Greeks bearing gifts' are not friendly to the administration, for the Legislature and for the city committee who are running against the contractor-picked candidates, are not friendly to the administration."

"Philadelphia should be represented in Washington and in Harrisburg by men who are free from the contractor itch."

The Mayor was asked if he read the Sheehan statement in which the register of wills promised his support to the Mayor as national delegate, but added that he would work for Harry C. Ransley for Congress from the Third district.

"I read the headlines on the story," the Mayor said, "and they confirmed what Mr. Sheehan had said to me in person. It is fair, however, to say the support of the Mayor should carry with it support of those candidates who are running on a ticket in sympathy with his administration."

Sheehan, who is the Vare leader of the Twelfth ward, said today he could not possibly support Charles Delany, the administration's candidate for Congress from the Third district.

"I pledged my support to Mr. Ransley quite a while ago," he said, "and I must keep my word."

Sheehan, who left this morning for Atlantic City, spoke last night in the Twelfth ward in behalf of the Ransley candidacy.

A police canvass of Sheehan's ward showed, it is said, that 275 men registered are not qualified to vote at Tuesday's election. If these men attempt to vote, it is said, they will be challenged.

#### ONE POLICEMAN SLAIN GIVES WARNING STATEMENT

Chicago, May 14.—One of the most daring train robberies in the middle west in recent years ended today in the death of a bandit who last night looted the mail car of the Illinois Central New Orleans limited of currency estimated to total about \$100,000. The money was recovered.

One policeman, shot by the bandit, died later in a hospital. Another policeman was wounded dangerously.

The bandit was identified as Horace Barlow, aged thirty-two, of St. Joseph, Mo. He fell with four bullets in his body after barricading himself in his apartment and fighting with more than 100 policemen, including several picked rifle squads.

Walton boarded the train at Gilman, a few miles from Kankakee, last night, taking a seat in a Pullman. A pouch containing a shipment of \$100,000 from a Deatur bank was taken on the train at Gilman.

Commands "Hands Up"

As the floor pulled out of Kankakee Walton stepped into the mail car and announced that he was the postal inspector. He walked toward Elmer F. Harris, chief clerk, who was sitting at the desk, then suddenly drew a pistol and commanded "Hands up!" The clerk obeyed.

Harris and three of the clerks were ordered to lie on the floor. James E. Barlow, another clerk, was forced to bind their hands behind them. Walton then seized Barlow's hands and set about in leisurely fashion sorting the mail pouches.

Armed with the clerk's key he picked out and rifled the bags which contained shipments of money, remarking "It's easy when you have inside information."

Fifteen minutes later Patrolmen William A. Roberts and John Kendrick stepped in with a bag he carried and Roberts arrested him. He was taken to the station, where he was held in a cell. Walton, with revolver in his pocket, fired through his coat. Roberts fell, shot in head and side.

Walton leaped into the area-way of an apartment building, while Kendrick and opened fire. After an exchange of shots the policeman dashed forward and grappled with the man. Walton dropped the bag and fled.

Police rifle squads, summoned by neighbors, soon had the man in an apartment house a half block away. They surrounded the building and for more than an hour poured hundreds of bullets into Walton's apartment.

Returns Fire With Two Guns

He returned the fire steadily, using two guns, they suddenly stopped. Patrolman Chief Rooney led a dash on the room. Walton was found on the floor, dead, with four bullets in his body.

A membership card issued by the St. Joseph, Mo., A. O. U. and a letter addressed to Mrs. L. V. Walton, St. Joseph, were found in his pocket.

Patrolman Roberts was rushed to a hospital where he died in an apartment house. He is survived by a widow and five children. Patrolman Thomas Secora also was wounded, but probably not fatally.

Brewer Dies of Apoplexy

Detroit, May 14.—(By A. P.)—Edward W. Wright, widely known brewer, died at his home here this morning following a stroke of apoplexy.

When you think of writing, think of WELTON—Ad.

#### ELEVENTH RAINY FRIDAY

Jinx Still on Job—Fair and Cool Tonight, Says Weatherman

For the eleventh time the weather jinx won a victory over the weatherman today.

It rained, and it rained here every Friday for ten weeks before this, and at noon, however, the skies cleared. The weatherman promises that tonight will be fair and cool. The day started in a cloudy fashion and rain fell shortly before 8 o'clock, continuing until nearly noon.

#### A'S IDLE AGAIN

Rain Causes Postponement—Tigers Here Tomorrow

This is another idle day for baseball in Philadelphia. Rain again caused the postponement of the game between the Browns and the Athletics. Two games were staged in the series, with an even break. The Mackmen won the first and St. Louis the second.

The Detroit Tigers will be here tomorrow. It looks as if the A's may shake the firm grip the Juncleers have on last place.

#### PENNSYLVANIA CAPITOL COMPLETED

A striking photograph of the architect's model shows the new building in its setting in the Pennsylvania Capitol grounds in Harrisburg.

#### REMARKABLE PICTURE OF THE DEPOSED MEXICAN PRESIDENT

Available in the new book, "The Story of the Mexican Revolution," published by the Public Ledger.

#### Continued on Page Two, Column One