

### N. Y. SENATE VOTES 2.75 BEER LEGAL

#### Anti-Saloon League's Enforcement Bill Fails to Pass by 21-to-29 Ballot

### TEACHERS GIVEN RISE

By the Associated Press  
Albany, April 24.—The New York Senate today passed a bill to legalize 2.75 per cent beer by a vote of 27 to 23. The bill was sent to the Assembly for concurrence. The Anti-Saloon League's enforcement bill, a measure patterned after the Volstead federal prohibition enforcement act, failed of passage, 21 to 29. A bill to legalize 4 per cent beer and 12 per cent wine failed of passage, 23 to 26.

The Walters-Cearon anti-Socialist bills were passed in the Senate by a vote of 33 to 14. The Assembly passed both measures a few days ago.

The Lockwood-Donohue bill, designed to give substantial salary increases to the school teachers of the state, was passed by the Senate by the vote of 50 to 1. The measure is aimed to provide for a direct tax of one and one-half mills on real property and to give increases of 40, 30 and 20 per cent, according to a schedule of salaries.

The Fowler bill repealing daylight saving was passed in the Assembly yesterday by a vote of 78 to 58. It passed the Senate two weeks ago. The repeal bill contains a provision by which localities may have their own daylight-saving ordinances. Consequently, the New York city daylight-saving plan is not directly affected.

Johnstown, Pa., April 24.—(By A. P.)—By mutual consent, as inferred from votes of employees, Cambria Steel Co., the Johnstown Traction Co., banks and others yesterday announced that this vicinity will go to work an hour earlier beginning Monday. Last night the entire day force of the traction company's employees refused to accept the new summer schedule, some mill departments were vigorously objecting, and mothers were asking the school board to reject daylight saving.

Boston, April 24.—Massachusetts and numerous cities in other New England states were preparing today to enter upon a five-month period of daylight saving. Timepieces will be moved ahead one hour at 2 a. m. tomorrow. Railroads have announced revised schedules to conform with the change.

### German 'Nationalism' Plots Against Treaty

Continued from Page One  
wehr, without firing a shot, took Essen from the radicals, the strikes in Strasbourg and Metz continued just the same, and even today the movement shows no signs of abating.

#### Real Ground for French Fears

There has resulted in Alsace-Lorraine a situation of some gravity. Frenchmen do not like to speak about it, although it is due entirely to Germany's sinister machinations and the many administration is in no way to blame for it. But it seems to me that the facts should be known in America, so that Americans may understand France's fear and distrust of Germany, and not accuse their historic ally of "imperialism," when she is merely defending herself against intangible aggression, infinitely more dangerous than open attack.

Plenty of evidence is to hand proving that the movement in Alsace-Lorraine is not an ordinary labor movement, nor even a Bolshevik conspiracy of the usual type. Its anti-French character is far more pronounced than its communistic tendency. Its agitators employ socialist phraseology, but they use it to excite the workers against France and French institutions.

On the first day of the general strike in Strasbourg numerous soapbox orators appeared in the streets, essentially hiding the masses to compare conditions under German rule before the war with the present high cost of living and insinuating that the French authorities were responsible for the defeat. They exhorted themselves in praise of German organization and denounced French incompetence.

In the speeches of these extraordinary "Communists," the old days, when the Prussian sabre ruled in Strasbourg, were made to appear like a lost paradise.

"Proletariat" Rule in Strasbourg  
For twenty-four hours Strasbourg was practically subjected to the "dictatorship of the proletariat." During this time the "Communists" looted a few stores and mobbed a number of "bourgeois," but concentrated their fury against French officers and soldiers in uniform, who were everywhere assaulted and ill-treated. A French military doctor was knocked down and so severely injured that he will lose his eyesight. French privates, whom genuine radicals would certainly have tried to win over by friendly advances, were everywhere insulted and pursued through the streets.

Incidents of this nature occurred in all the Alsace towns, but chiefly in Strasbourg, Metz, Colmar, Mulhausen and Haguenau. In Colmar, French cavalry was forced to charge the strikers. Infantry with machine guns finally restored order in Strasbourg. However,

all danger is by no means over and fresh outbreaks seem imminent.

#### Germans Behind Labor Unrest

The French authorities are convinced that the movement has its origin in instructions sent by the German radicals to the Alsace labor leaders. A prominent Alsacean deputy, with whom I talked here, confirms this opinion, declaring:

"There can be no doubt that Germany is behind this so-called labor movement in Alsace-Lorraine. It is more than a coincidence that the strikes broke out simultaneously with the general strike order issued by Herr Ebert and his ministers in Germany. It must be remembered that there are still 200,000 Germans living in Alsace-Lorraine today, who are ready blindly to obey any orders coming from Berlin."

Moreover, many leaders of the Alsace Socialist party are old personal friends of German Socialist chiefs, and while it would be unjust to denounce all of them without exception as traitors to France, it is absolutely certain that Germany is in a position to control the labor movement in Alsace-Lorraine and to direct it according to her interests. The German plan is, at least for the present, not to reunite Alsace-Lorraine with Germany, but to establish an "independent" Socialist state, strictly in accordance with the principles of "national self-determination," which the Germans are past masters in exploiting. The Alsace Socialist, naturally enough, are seduced by the prospect of ruling over their country, not dreaming that they are being duped by the German radicals, who in their turn are but the dupes and agents of the Prussian militarists, determined at all costs to tear down from the cathedral towers of Strasbourg and Metz the gay tricolor that is the visible symbol of their defeat.

#### Tenton Treachery in Denmark

Wherever in Europe Socialist parties exist and are able to exercise political power, Germany controls and directs their action through her radicals to break the peace treaty. The recent crisis in Denmark has unmasked the Danish Socialist cabinet as a gang of German agents who deliberately sabotaged the plebiscite in the second zone

of Schleswig in order to save this territory for Germany. When the king of Denmark found these traitors to resign, the entire German press denounced his action as an autocratic coup d'etat, and the Danish Socialists were ordered by Berlin to proclaim a general strike to overthrow him.

The Freiheit, the organ of the German Independent Socialists, exhorted the Danish workers "to follow the glorious example of their German comrades," while the Lokal Anzeiger, the leading newspaper of the Pan-Germans and Prussian militarists, openly menaced Denmark with war unless she restored to Germany a part of the first Schleswig zone, where the Danes had carried the plebiscite by a vast majority.

Thus, at the very moment when they were fighting each other with machine-guns in Germany, the Prussian militarists and the Independent Socialists united in the attempt to wrest Schleswig from Denmark.

#### Sinister Influences in Upper Silesia

Polish diplomats are convinced that Germany will try the same tactics in Upper Silesia before long. East Prussia, the stronghold of the Junkers and home of Director von Kapp, may be expected to "go Bolshevik" any day, in order that Germany may be "forced" to send troops through Polish territory to "restore order." Travelers coming from Danzig report that the radicals are showing signs of increased activity there also. Trouble is brewing in all the territories Germany has lost, and all the countries she wishes to weaken.

Germany deals ruthlessly with her radicals, as recent events have shown, when they threaten to get out of hand. But in the main she regards their activities with complacency. They will always be, like the Russian Bolsheviks, invaluable allies and agents of Prussian militarism.

#### New Chief of Agriculture Bureau

Harrisburg, April 24.—Commissioner of Forestry Gifford Pinchot will recommend the appointment of John W. Keller, lately in charge of state forests in Center county, to the State Forest Commission as chief of the Bureau of Agriculture to succeed J. S. Illick, assigned to make special scientific and research work in state forestry work. Mr. Keller is a son of ex-Judge J. N. Keller, of Juniata county. He has been in charge of state forests in Tioga and Center counties and handled extensive tree planting.

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### TO HEAR RATE PROTESTS

Objections to Telephone Increase Scheduled for May 5  
Plans for hearing complaints against the new rates of the Bell Telephone Co. will be arranged by the public service commission Monday, in Harrisburg.

The hearings have been scheduled to begin May 5. About sixty complaints have been entered.

The commission will hold hearings in this city Wednesday, on the Philadelphia transit and the steam heat cases; the Springfield Water Co.'s application to increase rates on Thursday, and the advance in electric rates in the Northampton county district on Friday.

TEA served 3 to 5.30 p.m.  
DINNER 6 to 7.30 p.m.

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"The world needs a genuine religious revival," cabled the London financial editor of the New York Evening Post recently. And he added: "This is the view of hard-headed business men."  
What business men are now proclaiming the churches have always proclaimed. You must touch the spirits of men if you are to change their lives: only to the extent of their faith in each other can they work together. All remedies are makeshifts except the Golden Rule.  
Thirty denominations, knowing the need to be too great for any one denomination to meet alone, are cooperating in a nationwide campaign.

It is a campaign for deepening the spiritual forces of men; for enlisting their hearts, and their pocket-books too. And every man and woman who loves America will be glad of a chance to help.  
For the hope of America is Democracy and the Founder of Democracy was the Founder of the Church. It was He who first called men sons of God, and so made all men brothers.  
Not as employers and employees, not as members of parties or sects, but as sons of God and brothers all let us work out our problems together.

To strengthen the Church is our first great task; out of the Church flows Faith.



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