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To the Stockholders of

SINCLAIR CONSOLIDATED OIL CORPORATION

The development and growth of your company during the past three years have been so far-reaching that at this time it seems fitting you should be advised as to its present condition and have briefly summarized the policy and plan of development that have been followed up to this time, as well as the expected results after the expenditures of the proceeds of the contemplated financing through an issue of \$50,000,000 five-year 71/2% notes.

From the inception of the corporation your board of directors and executive officers have steadily had in mind that a Company engaged in the oil industry under modern conditions, in order to attain the largest measure of permanent success, must combine in a balanced and complete operation the four main divisions of the industry-namely: production, transportation, refining and distribution. Furthermore, that each must be on a large enough scale to successfully maintain its position in competition with

With this fundamental idea always before them they have guided your company along these lines until today the conditions are, broadly speaking, as follows:

Taking the above four divisions in their logical sequence:

Production-Your company has more than 90% interest in approximately 500,000 acres of oil and gas leases in the principal oil fields in the states of Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, Louisiana and Wyoming. It is therefore not dependent on one field or locality for its crude oil supply. The production is considered settled and staple, the oil at this time being produced from 1,860 wells.

A large percentage of your producing properties purchased in the United States were purchased at a time when oil was selling at about \$1.00 per barrel, as compared with the present price of \$3.50 per barrel.

Many valuable properties have been created since the organization of your company by development work on oil and gas leases which were not producing at the time of organization.

In addition to its oil and gas leases in the United States, your company owns approximately 150,000 acres of oil and gas leaseholds in the republic of Mexico. The greater part of this acreage is in proven oil territory, which is being further developed at the present time. From this developed acreage your company is producing and exporting in its own facilities approximately 20,000 barrels of oil per day and has a potential production of approximately 100,000 barrels per day.

The Mexican Seaboard Oil Company, in which your company has a substantial interest, owns a large acreage of oil and gas leases in Mexico and is, at this time, actively developing a considerable part of its acreage and producing and selling approximately 36,000 barrels of oil per day.

Your company owns concession for the exploration of approximately 1,000,000 acres of possible oil lands in the republic of Costa Rica and a like number of acres in the republic of Panama. A geological examination has been made of these properties and two wells are now drilling, one in Costa Rica and one in Panama.

In addition to the above oil and gas leases, your company has recently acquired an undivided one-half interest in the Compania De Petroleo De Angola, a company having an oil concession of approximately 75,000 square miles, located in West Africa, upon which considerable development work has

Your company has in the oil fields and at other points storage capacity in excess of 15,000,000 barrels.

In regard to the second division, namely, transportation, your company has approximately 2,800 miles of trunk and gathering pipe lines with complete modern machinery for handling crude oil.

The trunk lines extend from the various producing fields in Northern Texas, Oklahoma and Kansas to your company's refineries located in the midcontinent field, Kansas City and Chicago. The field and gathering lines of the Sinclair Pipe Line system extend throughout practically all the principal oil-producing districts of Kansas, Oklahoma and Northern Texas wherein it produced approximately 65% of all the light crude oil produced in the United States. Your Company's pipe line system reaches approximately 90% of this territory. With the crude oil producted and purchased since May 1st, 1916, your company has supplied its own refinery requirements, built up a reserve supply of light grade crude oil amounting to approximately 6,000,000 barrels and during this period has sold to other refineries millions of barrels of crude oil which it has frequently transported direct to the purchaser through its own pipe-line system. It is believed that the pipe-line system of your company is the most

Your company owns or controls in the following manner 154,588 tons dead weight of marine equipment:

32,159 tons exclusively owned and in operation.

17,329 tons under long-term charters at pre-war prices.

86,500 tons under construction in the United States. 18,600 tons, 50% ownership, under construction in France.

With the completion during 1920 of all marine equipment under construction, the movement of fuel oil between Mexico and the present existing bulk oil-fuel terminals will be increased to approximately 15,000,000 barrels per annum, thus making available to the already developed markets the large quantities of crude oil now available from your company's producing properties in Mexico.

As to the third division, namely, refining, your company owns 10 oil refineries of an approximately Jaily capacity in excess of 45,000 barrels per day.

With the ever-increasing demand for the products of petroleum the economic necessity of conserving a natural resource by increasing the yield of the most desired by-products from crude oil becomes more important. This has been accomplished by equipping oil refineries with complete installations, and, in addition, installations for cracking processes. With these installations the more valuable by-products are secured from crude oil and a much larger percentage of gasoline is secured from residual oils; the more valuable by-products from crude oil are lost when the skimming method of refining is used.

The cost of a completely equipped refinery is many times greater than a skimming plant, but the efficiency and returns from its operations are more than commensurate with the additional investment required.

The cracking process used by your company is exclusively owned by it. It has been investigated by petroieum and refining engineers and has been judged by them to be the most efficient.

It is intended to use part of the contemplated financing for such extensions as will enable the company to increase the output of its refineries to in excess of 55,000 barrels per day and enlarge the present cracking process

installation, thus bringing the refining capacity of the mid-continent, Kansas City and Chicago refineries up to your pipe-line capacity. The company owns ten casinghead gasoline plants with a capacity of 45,000 gallons per day. The use of these plants has made available the utilization of a product from which is secured gasoline. Prior to the devel-

opment of casinghead gasoline plants there was no practical method by which the casinghead gas could be utilized. The casinghead gasoline department of the Sinclair Company is now one of its most profitable departments.

In regard to the fourth and last division, namely, distribution, your company has distributing and marketing casilities for gasoline because believed to the fourth and last division, namely, distribution, your company has distributing and marketing casilities for gasoline because believed to the contract of the contract facilities for gasoline, kerosene, lubricating oils, and other by-products in Kansas, Colorado, Missouri, Oklahoma, Nebraska, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Ohio, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New York, New Mexico, Arkansas, Iowa and Texas. Through these distributing and marketing facilities, it markets direct to the consumer a large percentage of the gasoline, kerosene, lubricating oils, and other by-products manufactured by it, thus being assured of a direct and continuous market for its products at point of

Your company has bulk oil terminal facilities at Tiverton, Rhode Island; Tremley Point, New Jersey; Mar-Hook (Philadelphia), Pennsylvania; Jacksonville, Florida; Mareaux (New Orleans), Louisiana; Weswego, Louisiana, and at the following ports in Cuba: Havana, Matanzas, Neuvitasa, Manati, Beliz, Cienfuegos, with terminals nearing completion at Antilla, Santiago, and extensive terminal facilities in Mexico on the Panuco river. These bulk oil terminal facilities are of modern construction and located tributary to a large and ever in-

creasing fuel oil market. The company is the largest distributor of fuel oil in the republic of Cuba. The private ownership of tank cars is essential to the proper distribution of gasoline, kerosene, lubricating oils and other products manufactured by your company, and your company owns 4,234 steel tank cars of modern

Depletion, depreciation and amortization reserves set aside since 1916 approximate \$23,000,000.

RESULTS FROM OPERATIONS

Gross earnings for fiscal year ended December 31, 1919, after deduction of intercompany sales, and service charges of transportation companies for the use of pipe lines, tank cars and marine facilities, were \$76,970,958.00. The net earnings from operations amounted to \$22,670,898.00, which after the deduction of interest and discount and federal taxes of \$5,069,662, leaves net income for the year, available for surplus and reserve, of

During that year, your company invested out of earnings or from other sources approximately \$60,000,000.00, from only a small part of which could any earnings be reflected. In this calendar year, however, the results of this financing should begin to show.

CONCLUSION

The above is a brief summary of what your management, pursuant to the broad policy laid down at the outset and steadily adhered to, has accomplished to date. While there remain several operations to be further developed, your company is today well rounded out.

Until the comparatively recent past, the development of your company, as your directors have conceived it, with the idea that it should operate extensively in all branches of the industry, has necessitated the creation of each of the four divisions on a large basic plan, with the result that until each unit was complete, they were more or less out of relation to one another, and from no one division could the full potential earning power be realized In order to obtain the maximum earning power from the investment already made, it is necessary that the refineries be completely equipped to produce out of the crude oil all of the by-products obtainable. They are being increased to take full advantage of the company's pipe line capacity.

It is primarily for this purpose, and also for further development of Mexican properties, and for additional

working capital to adequately care for the rapidly expanding ousiness that the present financing becomes necessary. With the stage of development that your company has already reached, it is my belief that the proceeds of this financing will produce an earning power largely in excess of any charges incurred, and furthermore will increase your net earnings applicable to dividends in greater proportion than any equal amount of money heretofore put in your company.

H. F. SINCLAIR



By Robert J. Graf, Secretary. TO THE HOLDERS OF THE
Three-Year Six Per Cent Mortrage Notes of
Empire State Railroad Corporation
Notice is hereby given that Empire State
Railroad Corporation has elected to pay all
of the aforesaid notes outstanding on the
let day of May, 1920, together with the inisrest thereon maturing on that day under
the terms of said notes. Interest will cease
on said 1st day of May, 1920, hereby fixed
for said payment. The undersigned requires
that the notes be presented on May 1st, 1920,
for payment at the office of The Equitable
Trust Company of New York, as trustee,
at No. 3T Wall street, in the city of New
York, N. Y. CTOPPING waste is al-No. ST Wall Birest, in March 30, 1920.

Dated Syracuse N. Y. March 30, 1920.

EMPIRE STATE RAILROAD

CORPORATION

By S. C. STIVERS,

Secretary.

Annual Meetings
Library Co. Of Philadelphia. N. W.
Cor. Locust and Juniper sts., Philadelphia.
The Annual Election of Directors and a
Treasurer of the Library Co. of Philadelphia, will be held at the Library on Menday,
the third day of May next, at 3 o'clock in
the afternoon, when the Treasurer will attend to receive the annual payments.
As there are several shares on which fines
are due, the owners of them or their representatives, are hereby notified that they will
be forfeited agreeably to the Charter and
Laws of the company, unless the arrears are
pid off on the third day of May or within
ten days thereafter.

FRANCIS RAWLE.
Secretary. Annual Meetings

That is patriotism of the best kind.

THE WILLIAM CRAMP & SONS SHIP AND ENGINE BUILDING COMPANY
Richmond and Norris Streets
Philadelphia, April 14, 1920.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the William Cramp & Sons Ship and Engine Building Co. will be held at the office of the company, Richmond and Norris streets, in the city of Philadelphia, on Thursday, April 29, 1920, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may be broughly before the meeting. Cut out that dangerous Special Meetings

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of Union Traction Company of Philadelphia will be held at the office of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, 810 Dauphin street, Philadelphia combons, April 26, 1920, at 12 of lock noon to consider and take action upon the consideration upon the consideration that the consideration that the consideration upon the consideration upon the consideration that the consideration upon the considera CHARLES T. TAYLOR.

may be brought before

PROPOSALS

BUREAU OF FIRE-Furnishing one or

BUREAU OF FIRE—Furnishing one or more self-propelled gasoline pumping engines, one or more motor-driven combination chemical and hose wagons, and one or more self-propelled gasoline pumping engines, one or more motor-driven combination chemical and hose wagons, and one or more serial hose and ladder trucks, and general construction improvements required at Fire Headquarters, 1328 Race Street, and general construction improvements to roofs of the following stations:

Engine No. 1, 1837 South Street; Engine No. 3, 117 Queen Street; Engine No. 4, 1828 Sansom Street, Engine No. 12, Main Street above Green Lane, Manavunik, Engine No. 13, Howard and Turner Streets; Engine No. 15, Howard and Turner Streets; Engine No. 16, 44th Street below Girard Avenue, Engine No. 21, 42th Pine Street; Engine No. 23, 2031 North 7th Street; Engine No. 24, 20th and Federal Streets; Engine No. 26, 1012 Buttonwood street; Engine No. 27, 2007 Columbia Avenue; Engine No. 31, 2712 North 2d Street; Engine No. 33, Richmond and Kirkbride Streets; Engine No. 32, 239 South 6th Street; Engine No. 33, Richmond and Kirkbride Streets; Engine No. 35, 4214 Ridge Avenue; Engine No. 40, 4310 Market Street; Engine No. 41, 2035 Grays Ferry Avenue; Engine No. 48, 7th and Carlienter Streets; Engine No. 48, 7th and Carlienter Streets; Engine No. 50, Marshall and Eric Avenue; Engine No. 51, 430 August Avenue; Pine Line No. 2, 8th and Lehigh Avenue; Pine Road Street; Frain No. 50, Marshall and Eric Avenue; Engine No. 51, 7th and Carlienter Street; Frain No. 51, 7th and Carlienter

those engaged in

RECONSTRUCTION OF SETTLING BASIN
Moorrestown, New Jersey
April 18, 1920
Sealed proposals will be received until
8 P. M. Monday, April 28th, 1920, by
the Township Committee of Chester Township, for furnishing all materials, machinery, plant and labor for the reconstruction of the concrete settling basin at the
pumping stating of the Water Department
of Chester Township, Moorestown, New
Jersey. of Chester Township, Moorestown, New Jersey.

The work comprises approximately 286 cubic yards of re-enforced concrete and 75 cubic yards of sexuauation.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check for one thousand (\$1,000.00) dollars, payable to the order of the treasurer of Chester Township.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of William H. Boardman, consulting engineer, No. 426 Wainut st., Philadelphia, Pa., or Henry J. Sherman, township engineer, No. 300 Temple Building, 415 Market st., Camden, N. J. Complete sets may be obtained upon payment of five dollars (\$1,00) thorefor.

The township reserves the right to refect any or all bids.

CHARLES LAESSLE.

PROPOSALS FOR GASOLINE. OLLS AND Greases Raw Materials and Paints Branch. Office of the Quartermaster General. Director of Furchase and Strage. Regular Supplies Division. Munitions Huilding. Washington. D. C.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 10 A. M. May 20th, 1920, and then opened, for furnishing rasoline. Serosene, lubricating olls. fuel oil and greases required by the Army during July, Ausust and September, 1929. Further information on amplication. effermation on annihilation.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE rebuilding of Messiah Letheran Church. 16th and Jefferson sta., can now be obtained at the office of R flex Stackhouse, 12c 5. 5th st. Bids will be opened May 11, 1926.

D ways patriotic, - and one of the biggest items of waste in America is the buildings that are destroyed by preventable fires, many of them just because they have wooden sheds or additions, which ought to have been built of

All-brick buildings would save millions of dollars by fire every year; and these wasted millions, if saved, would save thousands of children now starving in Poland and Armenia.

frame laundry and bay window, that so often catch fire and spread it. Be patriotic, - build of solid brick throughout. Then when the Fourth of July comes, you can hang out the flag with a clear

Nicetown Lane and E St. FRANKFORD BRICK WORKS
Torresdale Avenue KEYSTONE BRICK CO. Godfrey near Second St. Pike NORTH PHILA, BRICK WORKS Rising Sun and Luzerne F. SELTTER'S SONS Nicetown Lane and G St. H. M. & C. B. SINER Church and Tagony JOS. T. BYRNE EST. 29th and Clearfield

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Cuba Cane Sugar 7s, 1930 B. F. Goodrich 7s, 1925 Mahoning & Shenango Ry. & Lt. 5s & 6s,1920 Penna. R. R. 7s, 1930 Empire Gas & Fuel 6:, 1924-26 Consol. Cities Lt., Pr. & Tr. 5s, 1962 N. Y. Central Equip. 7s, all issues
United Gas & Elec. Corp. Stocks and Bonds
Bought—Sold—Quoted

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1618 REAL ESTATE TRUST BLDG. investigate and adjust partnership and corporation accounts. A's prepare U. L. Income Tax Returns.



Extra by Holland-St. Louis Sugar Co. Chiesge, April 20.—The Holland-St. Louis Sugar Co. declared an extra dividend of 3 per cent in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 3 per cent on the common stock, both payable June 15 to stock of record June 5.

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bonds are good and which are not? Why are the French 5s of 1931 and the French 4s of 1943 not due in the years mentioned? These and many other vital questions answered in our new

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U. D. O.

A Standard Unlimited Policy of Credit, Insurance providing for protection on losses due to insolvency of debtors and occurring during the Policy Period.

Guaranteed Collection Service obtains under both Policies and adjustments are made dur-ing the period of the Policies after excessive osses have occurred



SERVICE Established Eighteen Sixty-nine

LONDON GUARANTEE AND ACCIDENT COMPANY LTD. Issues Standard Unlimited Policie

R. A. IRVING, General Agent Philadelphia, Pa.

\$550,000

The Atlantic Coast Fisheries Company

Equipment Trust 7% Gold Bonds

Dated April 1, 1920 Redeemable on any interest date at 104

Interest April 1st & October 1st Denominations, \$1,000 and \$500

Free of 2% Income Tax. Pennsylvania Tax Refunded NEW YORK NATIONAL IRVING BANK, Trustee

THE Company is the largest distributor of fresh fish in the New York and surrounding markets, oper-I ating its own fleet of ships and cold storage plants.

The purpose of this issue is to finance the purchase of additional units for its flect.

The equipment consists of eight fishing vessels, four of which are completed and four under Title to the equipment securing these bonds will be vested in the New York National Irving

Bank, Trustee, and in all respects is similar to railroad equipment trusts. Adequate and proper insurance will be carried in a sum equal to at least 125% of the outstanding bonds. F. S. Martin, Esq., of New York, widely known marine engineer and surveyor, who was chairman of the Board of Surveys and Consulting Engineers of the United States Shipping Board

and member of the Ocean Advisory Board on Just Compensation, has appraised the entire equipment at \$1,273,700, or more than 21/2 times the amount of this issue. Actual operation of similar vessels in 1919 show annual net earnings for these boats after depreciation of \$250,000, or 6 1/2 times the greate t yearly interest requirement, without taking into

account earnings from other sources. In the issue of railway equipment trust notes, securities represent generally 75 to 80% of the value of the property. The total of this issue is approximately forty-five per cent of the value of the

Total net assets of the Company after giving effect to this financing are more than four times the amount of these bonds, and the Company agrees to pay no dividends upon its shares of stock if such payment will operate to reduce the net quick assets below 110% of the outstanding bonds.

The Company has no funded indebtedness other than this issue.

| MATURITIES | AND PRICES: |
|---------------|-------------|
| Maturities | Prices |
| April 1, 1921 | |
| Oct. 1, 1921 | 99.44 |
| April 1, 1922 | 98.91 |
| Oct. 1, 1922 | |

| Amounts | Maturities | Prices | Yields |
|----------|---------------|--------|----------------|
| \$55,000 | April 1, 1921 | 99.76 | |
| 55,000 | Oct. 1, 1921 | 99.44 | 7.25% |
| 55,000 | April 1, 1922 | 98.91 | 7.40% 7.60% |
| 55,000 | Oct. 1, 1922 | 98.66 | 7.60% |
| 55,000 | April 1, 1923 | 98.16 | 7.70% |
| 55,000 | Oct. 1, 1923 | 97.89 | 7.70% |
| 55,000 | April 1, 1924 | 97.30 | 7.80% |
| 55,000 | Oct. 1, 1924 | 97.01 | 7.80% |
| 55,000 | April 1, 1925 | 95.94 | 8.00% |
| 55,000 | Oct. 1, 1925 | 95.62 | 8.00% |

Legal details passed upon by Messrs. Gifford, Hobbs & Beard, of New York, for the Company and Messrs. Harrington, Bingham & Englar, of New York, for ourselves

We offer the unsold balance of this issue, amounting to \$250,000, with our recommendation

COBE, JOHNSTON & PRATT 82 Beaver Street

EDWARD V. KANE & CO. Morris Building Philadelphia