

NEWS OF FINANCIAL WORLD—NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA STOCK QUOTATIONS LOCAL MARKET EXTREMELY DULL, SOFT IN FEW SPOTS

FURTHER HEAVY SELLING OF SPECULATIVE ISSUES

Jacking of the Call Loan Rate to 15 Per Cent Brought Credit Situation in Limelight

New York, Feb. 25.—The credit situation in the money market today is dominated by the jacking of the call loan rate to 15 per cent. All other considerations were again relegated to the background by the prospects of tighter money market conditions and much higher money rates. The four per cent advance in the latter was partly fulfilled in the opening or renewal rate for call loans at 7 per cent, which was subsequently followed by a further advance by midday to 15 per cent.

At the same time attention was drawn more closely to the monetary conditions by reason of the overnight continuation of the Federal Reserve board's proposal for an amendment to the reserve act, providing for an increase of discount rates on a sliding scale for member banks which exceeded a prescribed limit of credit, and which was accepted as foreshadowing a further enforced liquidation of loans.

It also developed that much of the new call loans made at 15 per cent were offered by some of the larger houses having surplus funds rather than from the loaning institutions.

The higher interest industrial speculative issues were again the more vulnerable spots of the lists. The weaker features included Republic, Lackawanna and Erie Steels, Chandler and Gen-

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Table with columns: Bid, Ask, High, Low, Today's Net Change, etc. Lists various stocks like Advance Rumely, Alaska Gold Mines, etc.

LOCAL MARKET EXTREMELY DULL, SOFT IN FEW SPOTS

General Asphalt Preferred Dropped 86—Fresh Liquidation in Electric Storage Battery

There were several developments in connection with the money market, which served to cause the local market community to take more notice of the credit situation. These developments had the effect of bringing the trading in with the acute conditions prevailing.

The first of these events was the action of the directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia in increasing the discount rate on loans and discounts to 5 per cent.

It has been generally known outside of their own clients the banks were practically out of the market for the time being. Every effort is made to meet the requirements of the commercial paper had been 6 per cent, which with commissions was equivalent to 6 1/2 to 6 3/4 per cent.

Marketwide there was no discernible effect other than a further curtailment of operations. Extreme dullness prevailed throughout most of the session. Some weak spots developed which, however, were without local significance.

The stiffer money rates unquestionably answered for the renewal liquidation in Electric Storage Battery, which carried the stock down to 100 1/2, a decline of \$5.50. This, however, is \$10 above the low mark made in previous break several weeks ago.

The Insurance Co. of North America warrants were again on tap and freely supplied, causing a further drop of over \$1 to 7 1/2, which also was a new local record.

Most of the purely local stocks stood well, American Stores continued to display exceptional strength, scoring a substantial fractional advance.

MONEY GOES UP, STOCKS DOWNWARD

Many Reasons Accounted Amply for the Hardening of Loaning Rates

BEARS IN THE SADDLE

New York, Feb. 25.—The New York Evening Sun's closing financial review today says:

Wall street has again lapsed into a state of mind which the bear traders have not been slow to seize upon to work prices of stocks lower. This may be only a temporary aberration, neither as broad in its concentric circles of influence nor as deep-seated as to cause a loss of confidence in the late period of depression.

Those who have wrapped themselves to the eyes in the black cloak of despondency and desire the attempt to penetrate the clouds for such lining of silver there may be, have become disproportionately numerous. The result has been and still is a harvest for a number of profitably turned speculators.

Trading today was, in fact, almost wholly professional. Despondency, however, was not confined to the bearish elements of the market, while there were intervals of stiffening, they were not accompanied by such half-hearted conviction.

Losses were not as extensive as yesterday, but such as they were—1 to 6 points or more—they involved industrials and rails alike. There was perhaps somewhat more of reality as well as of resistance to pressure, but the whole performance was singularly uninspiring.

The financial situation was the ruling factor for the first time in a week or so, and it was not long after the opening market session that the rate for fresh loaning advanced to 15 per cent.

The approach of the March obligations, to be followed closely by federal and state tax payments, associated with the low ebb of the volume of government deposits remaining in the banks, accounted amply for the hardening tendency in that quarter.

Want of material reduction in commercial borrowings and a consequent other indications of a positive corrective credit inflation have served to add to the prevailing uneasiness. A careful study of the Federal Reserve Board bulletin and notice that the board's report will be brought before the Senate on Thursday and kept there until upon should be constructive influences, which is, conceivably, may turn the tide of pessimism.

Meanwhile the professional bears have things much their own way. Although the railroad bill may be delayed for a few days in reaching the President's signature, the temper of the street has been rather too easily imposed upon by the attitude of labor and the petition to the White House for a freezing of the economy.

It was thought that the stock list had advanced nearly every adverse development which could be foreseen. A large stock list had been built up and there were not lacking those who looked for better things soon, if only on the basis of covering operations.

Receipts were disappointing, with the breaking up of roads in the country imminent. Occasional loans of a moderate amount are being had at 9 per cent for sixty and ninety days on industrials and at 8 1/2 per cent on good mixed securities.

Prime bank acceptances are unchanged at 5 1/2 per cent. Business was moderate.

Philadelphia Stocks

Table listing Philadelphia stocks with columns: Bid, Ask, High, Low, etc. Includes stocks like S. Allis, 360 Atlantic, etc.

IRREGULARITY MARKS TRADING IN CORN PIT

Initial Losses Quickly Recovered—Cash Article Strong. Profit-Taking in Oats

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—A good deal of irregularity attended the trading in corn today. The start was mixed, May and July ranging downward, while September was steady. Local operators sold at the outset, but withdrew immediately when a demand developed through commission houses.

The initial losses were recovered quickly. May, later, showed the most strength because of changing operations. Many commission houses having May to buy and July to sell. Offerings of local positions became liberal on balance, but there was support on the part of the cash article.

The cash article was stronger, and there was concern among some bears over the maintenance of fancy premiums, particularly as the period for accumulation is passing rapidly.

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PHILADELPHIA—Call, 6 per cent; time, 6 to 6 months, 6 per cent.

Reserve Banks' Discount Rates

The first column gives rates for all periods up to and including a fifteen-day maturity, the second for a period of sixteen to thirty days. The third and fourth columns give the rates for discounts for collateral loans secured by government bonds or notes.

BANK CLEARINGS

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at prices to yield from 6 1/2% to over 8%

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To those who are well informed, an opportunity is now at hand to purchase strong railroad investments on a basis which compares favorably with almost any other time within the last five, ten or fifteen years.

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The Present Market Price of Securities

Many investors owning securities which show either a substantial profit or a substantial loss are hesitating as to the advisability of selling and re-investing. The depreciated purchasing value of the dollar makes it possible to reinvest at high interest rates. Owing to this condition many of the best bonds are today selling at exceedingly low prices.

Foreign Bonds

A comparison between the cost of Internal Bonds of certain countries bought at par prior to the War with the cost now, due to the extreme low prices for Foreign Exchange, shows:

West & Co. 1417 Chestnut Street

Kingdom of Norway 6% Gold Bonds. Due February 1, 1923. They are direct general credit obligations of the Kingdom of Norway—free from Norwegian taxes or impositions. Price to Yield About 7 1/2%.

The National City Company. Philadelphia—112 Chestnut St. Atlantic City—Chaffin Block 1225 Boardwalk.

European Internal Loans. French Government 4s of 1917. Par value at normal exch. \$193. Market value Feb. 24, \$55.

British Government War Loan 5s, Due 1947. Par value at normal exch. \$486. Market value Feb. 24, \$322.

NEWBURGER, HENDERSON & LOEB. Members New York and Philadelphia Stock Exchanges. 1410 Chestnut St.

FOREIGN INVESTMENTS. Complete information furnished regarding Foreign Government, Municipal and Corporate Issues.

Edw. G. Budd Mfg. Co. 1st Mtge. 6s. Free of Penna. State Tax. Free of Normal Income Tax.

Securities for Investment. Joseph W. Gross & Co. 1421 Chestnut St.

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