

YUDENITCH BREAKS OUT OF REDS' TRAP

Most of His Defeated Army Is Extricated After Suffering Heavy Losses

KOLCHAK TO LEAVE OMSK

By the Associated Press Helsinki, Nov. 7.—The Estonian bureau learns that General Yudenitch has succeeded in extricating the greater number of his troops after suffering heavy losses, but that his forces in the region of Gatchina and Luga were completely cut off by Bolshevik cavalry. Bolshevik reports attribute the defeat of Yudenitch in this region to the cutting off of these troops.

Finland does not intend to discuss peace with the Bolsheviks and will not be officially represented at the Dorpat conference, the Associated Press is informed.

Nevertheless the feeling prevails in some circles here that if the Baltic states arrive at an understanding with the Bolsheviks and begin trade relations, Finland's commercial interests would be placed at such a disadvantage that the government would be compelled to follow the example of the Baltic states.

A dispatch from Stockholm says that Sweden's reply to the allied note concerning the imposition of a blockade on soviet Russia will assert that no connection exists between Sweden and soviet Russia, that no passports are issued and that it is necessary for Sweden to obtain special permission of the Swedish Government to travel in Russia.

London, Nov. 7.—(By A. P.)—A dispatch to the Central news says a Bolshevik wireless dispatch picked up in Stockholm warns Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Spain and Holland that the Bolshevik government will regard as a hostile act the admission of neutrals to the allied proclamation of a blockade of soviet Russia.

Another Bolshevik wireless dispatch, dated today, says that the Russian of Tchernigof, on the river Besna, eighty miles north of Kiev, from General Denikin's forces.

Washington, Nov. 7.—(By A. P.)—Representatives of foreign governments at Omsk, headquarters of the Kolchak forces in Siberia, are preparing to withdraw from that city, the State Department was advised today. Press dispatches from Omsk yesterday said Admiral Kolchak had ordered a preliminary evacuation of the city in connection with the general withdrawal of his lines, due to progress made by the Bolsheviks.

Reval, Nov. 7.—(By A. P.)—An official communication from the Russian northwest army headquarters, under date of Wednesday, says that white troops have retired north from the Belisha river and are concentrating for a counter-attack. The whites occupied a line thirty kilometers west of the Gatchina railway.

General Denikin reports the Cossacks have destroyed a soviet division to the east of Kopr, capturing 3500.

HAASE, INDEPENDENT SOCIALIST HEAD, DIES

Bullet Wounds Prove Fatal to Leader of Anti-Militarists in Germany

Berlin, Nov. 7.—(By A. P.)—Hugo Haase, president of the Independent Socialist party, died this morning from wounds received October 8, when he was shot three times upon entering the Reichstag building.

His assailant was an Austrian named Johann Voss. Repeated operations were performed, culminating in the amputation October 27 of Haase's right leg.

Voss, whom he was prosecuting on a charge of extortion, was said to have acted upon personal motives. A political background for the deed was suspected, however, since Haase was about to deliver a sensational speech, charging the government with encouraging the retention of German troops in the Baltic and with fostering attacks upon radicals by "murder bureau."

Herr Haase, who was a lawyer by profession and fifty-six years old, became president of the German Social Democratic party, but broke with the party in 1915 on the question of voting war credits, believing that to secure peace it was necessary to refuse financial support to the government even at the risk of German defeat.

Into this open policy the new Independent Socialist party promoted an underground campaign to encourage revolt in the army and navy and paralyze the war industries by a general strike, the first sensational results of which were seen in the naval mutiny of August, 1918.

When the imperial government fell in November, 1918, Haase entered the first coalition cabinet, but retired after little more than a month's service.

When Germany was seeking a government willing to sign the peace treaty Herr Haase was suggested as a possible chancellor, but declined.

Haase was first elected to the Reichstag in 1897 and was re-elected regularly thereafter except in 1907, when he went down in the general Socialist rout.

TO DRAFT WAR TRIAL LIST

Commission Will Formulate Demand on Germany

Paris, Nov. 7.—(By A. P.)—The Supreme Council today decided to appoint a commission to draft a final list of individuals charged with violations of the laws of war whom Germany must surrender for trial.

The commission will compare the lists furnished by the various Allies, formulate a measure of procedure for the trials and designate the places where the various tribunals will sit.

WOMEN WEAR MONOCLES

Appear on the Streets of London With Eye Adornments

London, Nov. 7.—(By A. P.)—English women are beginning to wear monocles. Not only are they adopting them for home wear, but are appearing on the streets so adorned.

A member of a firm of opticians decried the innovation by saying that in the case of every inquiry he had had from women recently there was a "genuine trouble with one eye only."

King Alfonso Reaches Paris

Paris, Nov. 7.—(By A. P.)—King Alfonso of Spain arrived here last night from Boulogne.



BARON RUDOLPH CARL SLATIN PASHA

Austria's new ambassador to England. He resigned his post as British inspector general of the Sudan during the war, on the ground that he could not fight against his native country, Austria. He subsequently devoted himself to Red Cross work and assisted British prisoners of war in Austria.

JUGO-SLAVIA IN NEW MOVE

Five Classes Called to Colors and Ultimatum to Italy is Expected

Vienna, Nov. 7.—(By A. P.)—Special dispatches received by Vienna newspapers state that five additional yearly classes of soldiers in Jugoslavia have been called to the colors on the pretext of military training. A military dictatorship virtually has been established in the country and many arrests have been made.

An ultimatum to Italy is expected.

630 DIE IN PETROGRAD JAIL

All but 430 Inmates Starved to Death, Bolsheviks Admit

Helsingfors, Nov. 7.—(By A. P.)—A Bolshevik report received through German sources says that 630 of the 1060 inmates of Kresty prison, in Petrograd, have died of starvation. Eight thousand fugitives, according to Helsingfors newspapers, have arrived at the Finnish frontier from the Petrograd district.

Brazil Envoy Will Sail Soon

Rio Janeiro, Nov. 7.—(By A. P.)—Augusto Cochrane de Alencar, who has accepted the invitation to become Brazilian ambassador to the United States, will sail within a month. The Brazilian Government has received assurances that he is acceptable.

GERMANS FEARED U. S. BETRAYED CODE

Zimmermann Causes Sensation by Veiled Attack on American Honor

U-BOAT FAILURE EXPLAINED

By the Associated Press Berlin, Nov. 7.—Dr. Alfred Zimmermann, secretary for foreign affairs during the war, caused a mild sensation at yesterday's session of the National Assembly committee investigating the war when he admitted the German authorities had been suspicious that their code, which had been made known to the American authorities, was betrayed to the Entente by the United States government.

The reference is to the special code which the American government permitted to be used in wireless communication with the Washington embassy, a copy of which was furnished to the State Department.

Count Bernstorff, when asked regarding these suspicions, said at first he could not swear that the wireless messages had not been communicated by the United States Government to the Entente, but later declared, under oath, that he never knew of such treachery.

He declared Germany had a difficult and dangerous cable route through neutral countries, but that messages had been concealed as commercial dispatches.

Vice Admiral Eduard von Capelle, one of the advocates of the submarine campaign, said the U-boats had not been able to get at American transports because each submarine covered a limited circle around England and the whole ocean could not be patrolled.

Various British and American inventions, like the "listening boat," Admiral von Capelle declared, were other things which prevented attacks on transports.

He would not admit that the admiralty underestimated the United States as a factor in the war, but declared it was known, from England's experience with a volunteer army, that the United States could not raise many troops in six months, and it was thought by the time they were trained the war would be over.

Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, former chancellor, declared he was of the impression in June and July, 1917, that the submarines were so destructive that England was weakening. He said Lloyd George's speech when he asked for "ships, ships," was probably not recognized as a peace opportunity, and he asserted, the same could be said of the speech of Mr. Lloyd George at Glasgow demanding "silver and bullets."

General Ludendorff will appear before the commission today.

FILL SKIRTS WITH COAL

Vienna Women Turn Up Garments to Hold "Free" Fuel

Vienna, Nov. 7.—(By A. P.)—Well-dressed men and women here, attracted by trucks filled with coal, demanded to know for whom the fuel was intended.

When they learned it was for a private citizen they surrounded the carts and began unloading them, the women turning up their skirts and filling them with coal, while the men crammed their overcoat pockets.

One large truck was emptied in this manner in a few minutes, the driver offering no objections. The police looked on.

GIVES UP \$900 'MAGIC SHOES'

School Principal's Wife Gets Deposit Back After Court Fight

New York, Nov. 7.—Mrs. Amelia K. Hess, wife of a public school principal,

will not have to pay \$900 for a pair of shoes. A settlement has been reached between her and the Balanced Shoe Co. in actions instituted by both over the shoes. Matthew Hilgert, president of the shoe company, refunded Mrs. Hess the \$200 paid as a deposit on the shoes.

Mrs. Hess had contracted for the shoes after hearing of "wonderful cures" effected by the "magic shoes." She said Hilgert had told her the manufacture of such shoes was very costly and asserted he received as high as \$10,000 for a pair.



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CREDIT TERMS

Advertisement for Scarf Pins with a grid of 12 numbered images (91-99) and a list of prices for various styles.

The EDISON PHONOGRAPH SHOP

In the Wanamaker Store

TWO viewpoints of the NEW EDISON—"The Phonograph with a Soul"—will enable you the better to appreciate the wonderful qualities of this remarkable instrument.

FIRST From the Inside

SECOND From the Outside

To your ear, the new Edison's Re-Creation of an artist's voice is exactly the same as listening to that artist's living voice. Public tone-tests, proving this, have been given before two million people.

Hear the new Edison's Re-Creation of Lazzari's voice in "Of in the Stilly Night." Listen to the tremendous, dreamy longing in those plaintive passages. You feel that the phonograph is expressing all the wistfulness of an overflowing soul. And so it is—expressing Lazzari's soul.

Lazzari herself has appeared in this test before 10,000 people. In these tests, she sang. Then she suddenly ceased to sing, and the New Edison took up the same song alone. There was no difference! Only by watching Miss Lazzari's lips was the audience able to tell when she had ceased to sing.

The Re-Creation records of the New Edison phonograph make you actually feel the presence of the living singer.

Three million dollars have been spent in perfecting the new Edison Phonograph

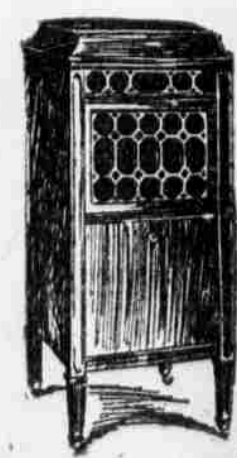
And you may own one for a partial payment made at the time you select the instrument you want. There is no set rule as to payments. Some buy for cash. Others, who can well afford to buy for cash, take the partial-payment plan; they feel that this accommodation is a worth-while privilege. Some dispose of the cost with a few large payments. Others make the payments small, and spread them out.

Plenty of Re-Creations

Edison Re-Creations of living voices and of instrumental playing are here in ample quantity and down-to-the-minute.

(The New Edison Shop, Second Floor, Central)

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