FEARS U. S. WOULD BLOCK FIUME PLAN

Rome Worried by Persistent Opposition of President Wilson

D'ANNUNZIO WINS ELECTION

By the Associated Press

Paris, Oct. 29.—Dispatches from Rome indicate that much concern has been caused there by a report that the United States would refuse to accede to the proposals of Italy regarding the Adriatic problem. In Italian circles here also there is an impression that the United States will not agree to the Italian plan for retaining control of Fiume.

La Liberte reports that the response of Robert Lansing, American secretary of state, to the modified Italian proposals for an Adriatic settlement is in the negative.

Efforts of France and England are again being made to bring about a solution of the difficulties, according to La Liberte. Premier Clemenceau received Minister Tittoni yesterday.

Reports of the elections held in Fiume on Sunday for selecting members of the new communal council show that 6688 persons voted the straight annexationist ticket; 186 for the party led by Prof. Zanella, who came to an open break with Captain Gabriele D'Annunzio, and that 3189 of those registered did not vote, according to advices reaching here.

Buenos Aires, Oct. 29. — The Paris correspondent of La Nacion says that the Adriatic question was discussed in a conference Saturday between Frank L. Polk, head of the American delegation, and M. Tittoni, but that satisfactory results were not attained.

Mr. Polk, it is stated, communicated to Washington, his impressions that the latest proposals of Italy were excessive.

Wilson Stands Firm

The Rome correspondent of La Nacion reports that Secretary of State Lansing, after a conference with President Wilson, sent a communication stating that the President still maintained the four objections lodged against the previous proposal. These are to the annexation by Italy of the triangle territory around Volosca (in order to give Fiume a joint frontier with the Italian kingdom); to the grant of autonomy for Fiume as a buffer state; to the annexation to Italy of the island of Lagosta, in the Dalmatian, and to Italian diplomatic representation for the city of Zara, on the Dalmatian coast.

Fiume, Oct. 27 (delayed).—The result of the elections to the new communal council for Fiume yesterday may easily be foreshadowed as a vote for the continuation of the "national council," controlled by the Italian annexationists. Only one ticket, that of the "Unione Nazionale," or annexationist party, was in the field, with some forty candidates for the national council. No other party was allowed to put candidates in the field. Those opposed to annexation have been unable to conduct a campaign since the manifesto of D'Annunzio declaring Fiume in a state of war.

The polls were guarded by Italian gendarmes and soldiers and there was an extravagant display of military power which served to prevent any disorder. More than 6000 registered electors went to the polls and voted the straight annexationist ticket. The total registration was 10,331.

Woman Suffrage in Force

Practically every military conveyance was pressed into service to get out the vote, including that of girls and women, who went to the polls with shouts of joy at the novel experience. Walls and streets were placarded with slogans, appealing to all citizens to vote as a patriotic duty and declaring that anyone not attending the polls was a traitor and an enemy to an Italian Fiume. Other placards pleaded for a unanimous vote for the candidates of the Unione Nazionale.

The town is now one great military stronghold. Everything, including pocketbooks and baggage, is most rigorously examined upon entrance.

Two American newspapermen were arrested yesterday noon and were roughly handled by gendarmes, who searched all their belongings, but set them at liberty later in the afternoon. The arrests were made, it is stated, on information of one Henry Furst, who claims to be an American with a home in New York and who handles D'Annunzio's foreign propaganda.

"Whoever doesn't shout 'Hurrah or D'Annunzio!' is watched," said a neutral to the Associated Press correspondent. "Nothing is impossible in Fiume today. It is ruled by 9000 bayonets. They speak of elections—yes, elections at the point of a revolver. 'Are you for Italy?' 'If not, off with you!' "

LLOYD GEORGE ASKS VOTE OF CONFIDENCE

Resolution in Commons Today Will Bring Severe Criticism of Government's Finances

London, Oct. 29.—(By A. P.)—National finance was the topic up for debate in the House of Commons today, with the government facing probably as critical a body of members as ever in the history of parliament. More than 100 members had given notice of a desire to speak and all were understood to be prepared to belabor the government for its alleged waste and extravagance.

Some of the government's keenest critics are among the supporters of the coalition, including such staunch unionists as Sir Edward Carson and Lord Robert Cecil.

The program called for the introduction this afternoon by Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, of the official resolution drafted by the cabinet at Monday's meeting. The motion declares "that this House, realizing the serious effects upon the trade and industry of the nation of the enormous financial burdens resulting from the war, promises its hearty support to the government in all reasonable proposals, however drastic, for the reduction of expenditure and the diminution of debt."

This is counted as equivalent to a demand for a vote of confidence. Donald MacLean, for the independent Liberals, and W. C. Adamson for the Labor party, have tabled amendments which are virtually equivalent to votes of censure.

It is expected the debate will occupy the remainder of the parliamentary week. Both Premier Lloyd George and Mr. Bonar Law, the government leader, will speak in the government's defense. Winston Churchill, the war secretary, will defend the war office, against which some of the strongest charges of extravagance have been launched. Others of the ministers probably will offer defenses of their respective departments.

Notwithstanding the intense anti-government feeling in a large section of both the House and electorate, present opinion in political quarters is that the defeat of the government is unlikely.

The government was given a vote of confidence last night, when a motion to have the bill renewing the powers of the defense of the realm act withdrawn was defeated 285 to 77.

LINK ILL LUCK WITH DOORN

House Purchased by Ex-Kaiser Said to Be Unlucky for Males

Doorn, Holland, Oct. 29.—(By A. P.)—There is a superstition at Doorn, which, because of incomplete records, is somewhat difficult to bear out, that the house at Doorn, recently purchased by the former kaiser, is unlucky for its male occupants.

It is said that the house generally has been occupied by widows, the men having died after a few years' occupancy. The Baroness Van Heemstra, who sold the house to the kaiser, was a widow.

EDITORS SENT TO JAIL

Were on Belgian Paper Published Under German Auspices

Brussels, Oct. 29.—Eight editors and the publisher of the newspaper La Belgique, published during the war under German auspices, have been sentenced to imprisonment for terms ranging from twenty to two years.

The question of the monetary damage to be levied is to be decided November 6.

REPORT YUDENITCH IN FULL RETREAT

Anti-Bolshevist General Admits Attack on Petrograd Was Failure

DENIKINE ALSO IS LOSING

By the Associated Press

Berlin, Oct. 29.—The anti-Bolshevist newspaper, Prisyp (apparently an Esthonian sheet prints a communication from General Yudenitch, dated October 27, admitting that the attack on Petrograd was unsuccessful because of lack of assistance.

Reports from Reval state that General Yudenitch is falling back along the entire line. He has been compelled to abandon Gatchina and to remove staff headquarters to Yamberg, sixty-eight miles from Petrograd, on the road to Reval. Consequently there is little hope of retaining a base for the advance against ePtrograd.

Copenhagen, Oct. 29.—(By A. P.)—A dispatch to Helsingfors reports heavy fighting raging in the vicinity of Tsarsko-Selo, where it is stated the "Reds" are suffering enormous losses.

The dispatch says several persons who escaped from Petrograd report that the entire population, even the women, are participating in the defense of the city under the leadership of Chinese. All the bridges have been mined and blocks of houses transformed into fortresses.

It is reported the Bolshevist commander has announced that if Petrograd is taken every factory will be blown up. The food situation in the capital is declared to be desperate, and it is said hundreds of persons daily are dying from starvation.

Lieutenant Colonel Lestrang Malone, a liberal member of the British House of Commons, has returned from a daring unofficial visit to Petrograd. He told friends in Helsingfors it is improbable that Petrograd would fall this winter. He said reports of dissension among the Bolsheviki were untrue, as Lenine and Trotzky appeared to be working in entire accord.

He saw Trotzky review thousands of soldiers, who enthusiastically hailed him as "a divine leader." Colonel Malone said the Bolsheviki asserted that General Denikine had lost the confidence and support of the Allies and had reached an understanding with General von Der Goltz and Colonel Avaloff-Bermondt, heading the so-called West Russian army, composed of Germans in the Baltic provinces.

Washington, Oct. 29.—(By A. P.)—Insurgent forces in the Kuban territory on the northwestern side of the Caucasan mountains, making common cause with the Kuban Cossacks, have taken from the forces of General Denikine, the anti-Bolshevist leader, the Black sea port of Novorosseysk, and have occupied the city of Stavropol, according to dispatches received today by the Kuranian mission.

"There is every reason to believe," the dispatches assert, "that in a very short time the insurgents will clear the whose Kuban territory of Denikine's so-called volunteer troops."

Paris, Oct. 29.—(By A. P.)—Richard N. Little, a Chicago newspaper correspondent with Yudenitch's army, was seriously wounded in the fighting near Petrograd, according to a message received from the American relief administration representative at Reval.

Little was removed to a hospital near Gatchina. His left leg was broken and he received severe wounds in the head.

London, Oct. 29.—(By A. P.)—In the House of Commons yesterday Cecil Harmsworth, parliamentary secretary for foreign affairs, stated that the government had notified Leon Trotsky, the Bolshevik war minister, and others in soviet Russia that they would be held personally responsible for the treatment of British prisoners and other British citizens in Russia.

PLUNKETT'S IRISH PROPOSAL

"Fullest Measure of Self-Government"—Reservations for National Defense

London, Oct. 29.—(By A. P.)—Sir Horace Plunkett in an address before the National Liberal Club today declared that the path of wisdom for the government was to make the Irish people an offer of the fullest measure of self-government.

He advocated giving to Ireland the status of a self-governing dominion with certain reservations covering the problem of national defense, leaving it to the Irish people to settle their internal difficulties themselves.

RIOTS FLARE IN EGYPT

Two Killed When Police Try to Suppress Nationalist Parade

Alexandria, Egypt, Oct. 29.—Two rioters were killed and ten others injured and twenty-seven policemen were hurt in a serious nationalist demonstration Friday. The trouble arose when the police attempted to suppress a peaceable demonstration.

Two motor lorries with troops appeared and eventually shots were fired at the crowd.

Cairo, Egypt, Oct. 29.—Shouts of "We don't want the Milner commission!" interrupted a band playing "God Save the King" at the public gardens, Friday, giving the signal for a nationalist demonstration.

The trouble was quelled by the authorities, who placed a number of students under arrest.

It was announced in London some time ago that the government was considering sending to Egypt a special commission headed by Viscount Milner, secretary for the colonies, in order to ascertain what changes were necessary in the constitution of the protectorate.

SWISS ELECTION PLEASES

Bourgeois Press Elated That Socialists Won Only 39 Seats in Council

Berne, Oct. 29.—(By A. P.)—Satisfaction with the results of the election to the National Council which show only thirty-nine Socialists chosen on the final count, is expressed by the Bourgeois press today. The Swiss democracy, these newspapers comment, withstood victoriously a strong attack on the part of the extremists who had been boasting that the Bourgeois parties would be snowed under. The final results show that the council with a total of 189 members will be made up as follows:

Radical Democrats, 63; Catholic Conservatives, 42; Socialists, 39; the new Peasant party, 27; Liberal Democrats, 9; eastern Switzerland Democrats, 4; Grutleans, 3; Progressive Bourgeois, 1; Evangelist, 1.

Yellow Fever in Nicaragua

San Salvador, Oct. 29.—Guatemala has placed a quarantine on all steamships hailing from Corinto, Nicaragua, several cases of yellow fever having developed at the latter place recently.

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N. B.—*This is one of a series of advertisements to acquaint the public, automobile trade and buyers of motor cars in general with the present scope and important plans of The Willys Corporation.*