

THE WEATHER
Washington, Oct. 15.—Cloudy to night and Thursday.

TEMPERATURE AT EACH HOUR											
8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
58	59	59	59	63	66	68	70	70	70	70	70

Evening Public Ledger

SPORTS EXTRA

VOL. VI.—NO. 27

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Postoffice, at Philadelphia, Pa., Under the Act of March 3, 1879.

PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1919

Published Daily Except Sunday. Subscription Price \$6 a Year by Mail. Copyright, 1919, by Public Ledger Company.

PRICE TWO CENTS

AWAITING A REPLY TO OVERTURN SOVET; U. S. TO TAKE OVER COAL MINES IF MEDIATION FAILS

MOORE TO RULE HIS OWN CAMPAIGN IN SPITE OF VARES

Will Ignore Assertion That City Committee Alone Legally Can Conduct Fight

ALL FACTIONS HAVE ONE AIM, IS NOMINEE'S ASSERTION

Formally Notified That Every Ward Has Indorsed His Candidacy

The campaign for the election of Congressman Moore as Mayor and of the other candidates on the Republican ticket will be conducted as originally planned by the Moore united Republican campaign committee, despite the declaration of Senator Vares.

The senator in a speech at the Republican city committee headquarters yesterday declared that it was impossible under the law for organizations other than the city committee to manage the fight.

Announcement of the stand of the Moore committee was made today following a conference in Moore headquarters in the Lincoln Building. Congressman Moore, Murdoch Kendrick, chairman of the Moore committee, and George W. Coles, chairman of the Town Meeting party, participated in the meeting.

"We will go ahead with our own plans," was the substance of the decision of the Moore leaders.

All Working for Same End

Congressman Moore, commenting today on the meeting of the city committee, said all elements in the party were working to the same end—"the election of the Republican ticket."

In a reply to a question as to what he thought of the results of the meeting, Mr. Moore declared "the proceedings speak for themselves."

Murdoch Kendrick announced he was certain there would be no trouble about getting watchers' certificates for Moore division workers on election day. Senator Vares, in his speech, said the city committee was the only body legally authorized to receive such certificates. At the same time, however, he indicated in a departure from his prepared address that Moore leaders could get their certificates from the Vares committee by asking for them.

"We are satisfied in regard to the certificate situation," Mr. Moore said. "We will be given watchers' certificates."

INDUSTRIAL PARLEY FLOUNDERS ABOUT IN SEARCH FOR PANACEA

Labor Thrown Into Confusion by Gompers's Illness.

Reds May Rule if Workers Are Flouted, Says Union Chief

"GROPING OF THE GROUPS" IN CONFERENCE PROVES POOR ADVERTISEMENT FOR SOVIET SYSTEM

By GEORGE NOX McCAIN
Staff Correspondent of the Evening Public Ledger
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Washington, Oct. 15.—All plans for today at the industrial conference were disrupted by the announcement on the assembling of the members that Mr. Gompers was ill from nervous exhaustion and in the care of a physician at his home. The exertion and attendant excitement consequent on his address of yesterday afternoon were too much for a man of his age. The collapse came late last night following a conference of labor leaders at their headquarters.

His absence threw the labor group into confusion. A hurried conference was held to decide upon a course of action. Meantime Mr. Baruch, chairman of the people's group, had prepared a resolution which he asked the three groups to consider.

It in brief proposed a postponement of further action on the steel strike resolution until the conference could formulate some concrete plan of action dealing with the other important subjects already presented. These include collective bargaining, the question of shop unions and union organizations in shops and a labor truce. The capital group, however, demanded that the steel problem be made an immediate issue, but the employers' plan was defeated and action on the steel proposition postponed until tomorrow.

It is now recognized what every observer here has noted, that the conference is floundering about and getting nowhere, and that it must get to work on fundamental principles.

Two days have elapsed and nothing has been accomplished of any moment. The conference will likely adjourn in sympathy for Mr. Gompers, and this interval will be utilized in an attempt to formulate a basis on which capital and labor can get together, the steel strike resolution meanwhile lying over until some definite working plan is adopted.

Secretary Lane, the presiding officer, stated today that he did not think the conference could complete its labors under four weeks. He was, he said, more hopeful of a satisfactory outcome today than he has been at any time since the conference convened.

Gompers Faces Gory

The most dramatic episode of the conference has witnessed, or is likely to witness, came as a climax just before yesterday's adjournment, when the two great individual forces in industrial America faced each other across a narrow gap of twenty feet. They were bitterly antagonistic forces, and the spectacular element in the incident was heightened by the knowledge that each party of every one present that their potentiality is a real and vital thing that affects millions of human beings.

For thirty-two minutes Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, with all his powers of logic, defiance and appeal, addressed the members of the conference, but Judge Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, and head of the most powerful industrial organization the world has ever known. And the background, the stage setting and accessories, were as theatrical as the incident was dramatic.

It was in the White Hall of Peace. From each of the four corners of the high quarter-arched ceiling, the Latin words of the motto were written on oval shields of Roman design. Columns fluted and massive Corinthian columns rose towering to right and left of members and spectators.

The long windows on the western side of the hall were rich with color, the coats of arms outlined in colored glass of South and Central American republics, through which the setting sun shone in premature beauty.

At intervals around the side walls were crystal chandelabra with electric candle-like flames, white suspended overhead from the lofty ceiling two crystal chandeliers with hundreds of lights illumined the picture.

Visitors' Space Crowded

Every seat in the space allotted to visitors was occupied, and beyond them a fringe of eager listeners stood patiently silent. The members of the conference, arranged by groups around long tables set without whisper or movement except now and then to shift to a more comfortable position.

Throughout Mr. Gompers's address Judge Gary sat diagonally and half facing the speaker, who was not twenty feet distant. His face betrayed not the slightest inkling of his thoughts. It was absolutely immobile, though his eyes never for an instant left the face of the federation's president.

John D. Rockefeller Jr. sat at the opposite end of the long table from Judge Gary and directly behind the Socialist, John Spargo.

Mr. Gompers sat on his left a dozen feet away. Mr. Rockefeller faced the press tables. His expression indicated absorbed interest. His eyes rested almost continuously on the floor before him. He listened intently, only once slightly moving in his chair. The members of the employers' group sat with folded arms or elbows on the table. From first to last there was no movement in the room except as an official stenographer slipped quietly across the floor to relieve another who vanished noiselessly on tiptoe.

Confesses Fear of Reds

There were two brilliant highlights in Mr. Gompers's address. One was his confession, heretofore accepted by students of the industrial situation, but never admitted by its leaders of organized labor, that the men of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor are not only fighting, but are in fear of the I. W. W. and the



SAMUEL GOMPERS
The president of the American Federation of Labor was reported today by his associates to be suffering from a nervous breakdown.

GOMPERS SUFFERS NERVOUS COLLAPSE

Labor Chief Confined to Bed From Exhaustion, but Improves Quickly

HOPES TO RESUME WORK

By the Associated Press
Washington, Oct. 15.—Samuel Gompers, the veteran president of the American Federation of Labor, was suffering today from an attack of nervous exhaustion. His condition early this morning was reported as serious, but at noon his secretary announced that his temperature had fallen two degrees to ninety-nine and that he felt generally much better. Mr. Gompers's physician, however, requested that he remain in bed.

The secretary's statement follows: "Doctor Parker has just left Mr. Gompers. His temperature is ninety-nine and he feels generally much better, but the doctor said he must remain in bed."

Two hours earlier, the secretary had issued this announcement: "Mr. Gompers returned home from the industrial conference last evening very greatly exhausted and went immediately to bed. His physician, Dr. Henry Parker, was called in to see him. He found Mr. Gompers in a state of nervous exhaustion with a temperature of 101. The doctor said that it would be absolutely necessary for Mr. Gompers to remain in bed."

Mr. Gompers sent word to members of the labor delegation that he would be present at the industrial conference tomorrow.

Follows Unrelenting Work

Mr. Gompers's illness resulted, labor leaders said, from months of unremitting work at home and abroad in connection with the peace treaty, the international labor congress at Amsterdam and the steel strike.

The veteran labor leader was stricken when he reached his home after delivering an attack in the industrial conference on the death of his daughter, Mrs. Gompers sent word to members of the labor delegation that he would be present at the industrial conference tomorrow.

Those who heard Mr. Gompers's impassioned address in the conference yesterday characterized as the "greatest hour of his life."

Mr. Gompers has been associated with Mr. Gompers in the American Federation of Labor for more than

MUST SETTLE FUEL WAR, GOVERNMENT WARNS BOTH SIDES

Plans Federal Operation of Bituminous Fields if Necessary to Avert Disaster

HAS NEEDED POWER UNDER WAR LEGISLATION

Both Operators and Workers Likely to Accept Peace Offers at Conference

By CLAYTON W. GILBERT
Staff Correspondent of the Evening Public Ledger

Washington, Oct. 15.—If President Lewis of the soft coal miners, and the soft coal operators do not accept arbitration at tomorrow morning's conference with Secretary Wilson, of the Labor Department, the United States Government is likely to take over the soft coal mines and operate them itself.

Mr. Lewis today announced he would attend the conference.

A strike in the coal fields, if effective, would be vital to the country. There is only a few days' supply of soft coal as it is used for fuel does not admit of storage in large quantities. A strike would soon tie up the railroads and a large part of the industries of the country.

It would affect adversely the administration's campaign to reduce the cost of living and would vastly complicate the relations of capital and labor, which are already difficult enough and which the industrial conference here will be unable to improve if the industry of the country are permitted to lapse into chaos by the addition of a soft coal strike to the steel strike.

Government Has the Power

The government has the power under war legislation to take over the coal mines. It has never exercised it. If it should exercise it now, it would be by reason either of the obstinacy of the operators or the miners, it would undoubtedly operate the mines through the present operators, as it has the railroads.

And while being unable to force the striking miners to work, it would be able to operate the mines with a smaller force and operate them. Soft coal is like the railroads, government interference with combination has resulted in wasteful mining contracts with the original owners of the land involve great waste. Under these contracts operators are usually bound to take out a certain amount of coal each year, and each piece of property leased. The typical operation is small. It is carried on as one property until the amount of coal remaining is small, and then the owner is taken out, when the operator moves forward to another mine from which, under contract, a certain amount of coal has to be extracted.

Operators Not Strong

The result of non-combination is that few soft coal operators control enough capital to buy coal fields outright and get rid of the wasteful leases. Even if a system of storage could be developed at the mines, a mine runs when it has orders and when it has cars to remove coal and stops when it does not. Labor is necessarily in operation for only part of the year, and there is little use of machinery. The government's taking over the mines could, probably operate them in an emergency without regard to some of these obstacles to efficiency.

The soft coal industry is imperfectly organized and with army protection the unorganized workers operating on a more efficient basis than at present. The government probably is capable of taking out all the coal the country needs.

Both Likely to Accept

Whether the miners' representatives will consent to arbitration cannot be guessed. The soft coal owners probably will hardly be able to resist administrative pressure. In convention recently the miners came out for the nationalization of the soft coal mines. They may welcome government operation if it means the end of the steel strike.

Moreover, the union leaders may take the position that they will only accept arbitration if this industry if capital also accepts arbitration of the steel strike. All the efforts of Gompers and his associates in the industrial conference were directed toward obtaining arbitration from Judge Gary.

But the chances seem to favor the acceptance of arbitration by both sides; by the operators because they are not strong enough to resist, and by the miners because the steel strike has not been encouraging to further efforts to tie up industry.

WILSON INSISTS ON LABOR DECISION

Washington, Oct. 15.—(By A. P.)—President Wilson will not sanction adjournment of the national industrial conference here until it has exhausted every possible means of finding a solution of the present industrial situation, White House officials said today.

Despite his illness, the President was understood to have been informed of the tense situation in the conference resulting from the controversy over labor's proposal for arbitration of the steel strike. He was said to feel that this should not endanger the ultimate success of the conference.

ADDITIONAL RACING RESULTS

Fifth Laurel race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Grandee, 1:22. Johnson, \$70.30, \$26.20, \$9.90, won; Legacy, 103, Hamilton, \$9.70, \$5.70, second; Torquato II, 108, Stirling, \$11.10, third. Time, 1:49 3-5.

MAYNARD CONTINUES FLIGHT FROM SLAT LAKE CITY

SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 15.—Lieutenant B. W. Maynard, eastbound on his return flight in the transcontinental air derby, left Buena Vista Field here at 12:28 p. m. today. Although Green River is the next control, he will continue on to Rawlins, weather permitting.

JAPANESE TROOPS GOING TO SIBERIA

TOKIO, Oct. 15.—It is announced by the War Office that a brigade of infantry and a battalion of engineers from the Thirteenth Division will be despatched to Siberia and to North Manchuria.

150 LONGSHOREMEN STRIKE AT BOSTON

BOSTON, Oct. 15.—Cargo movements were suspended at several docks and delayed on others today by the strike of nearly 1500 longshoremen at this port. Most of the dock workers left their places yesterday. The strike was not sanctioned by the union, according to union leaders.

U. S. STEAMER HELPLESS OFF BAHAMAS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The United States coast survey steamer Sialia is reported helpless off the island of Salvador, in the Bahamas because of boiler trouble. The coast guard cutter Tuscorora has left Key West and the steamer Lilac has gone from Porto Rico to assist her. The Sialia carries seven officers and forty-six men and is en route to Alaska, making soundings. Weather reports are favorable.

COL. GROOME BACK, PRESIDENT BETTER WARMS OF TEUTONS DESPITE HEADACHE

Head of State Police Says Germany Will Boom Within Next 20 Years

Condition That Caused Restlessness Monday Relieved, Physicians Announce

EXPECTS RUSSIA TO HELP ANOTHER SPECIALIST CALLS

By the Associated Press
Washington, Oct. 15.—President Wilson had a good night's rest and continues to show improvement despite a slight headache, said a bulletin today by his physicians.

The bulletin follows: "The President had a good night's rest, enjoyed his breakfast, and, aside from a slight headache, continues to make improvement. The condition which caused the restlessness of Monday night, and about which Doctor Fowler was consulted, gave no trouble during the night."

"I wouldn't consider taking it," he declared. But he was not so definite about his position as head of the state police. He said he did not know whether he would return to that post or not.

Incidentally, Colonel Groome is entitled to the title "baron" before his name. It was conferred with a decoration he received from Russia.

The former commander of military police was met in New York by his son, Captain John C. Groome, Jr. They left almost immediately for this city and will go at once to the colonel's home in Bryn Mawr.

Colonel Groome was commander of the military police in the American expeditionary force and lately was on a special mission to Russia. He went abroad in February, 1918, obtaining leave of absence from his state post.

The colonel is a resident of this city and organized the state police, which have been held as a model for similar organizations in this country and abroad.

Spent Four Months in Russia

Colonel Groome has spent the last four months in Russia in charge of the distribution of food valued at \$30,000,000 sent to three Russian-Balkan states by the American relief administration. When questioned as to the condition existing in Russia today, he said: "The situation in Russia is very serious. It is far more acute than people outside the country realize. During the last eight months Russia has appealed to the Allies, but the only aid that was forthcoming was sent over by the relief administration."

"I believe Russia will turn to Germany, because Germany today is better commercially and industrially than she was in 1914. With the aid of Russia, who can supply her with the raw materials, Germany will be as strong as ever."

"The operator to prevent injury to property" and asserts that "under no circumstances should this rule be violated or set aside by local unions."

RUSSIAN TROOPS WIN BIG VICTORIES OVER BOLSHEVIKI

Denikine Seizes Orel and Menaces Moscow—Thousands of Trotsky's Men Captured

REDS' LINES SHATTERED CLOSE TO PETROGRAD

Poles Join in Riga Battle Against Teutons—Germany May Help Blockade

Collapse of the soviet government in Russia is threatened. Denikine, from the south, has captured Orel and pressed closer to Moscow. The northwestern Russian army has broken the Bolshevik lines and plunged to within fifty miles of Petrograd. Thousands of prisoners and vast quantities of war material have been captured from the Bolsheviks. Poles have opened a drive on the Germano-Russian forces in the Riga region. Letts and the German-Russians are engaged in savage fighting at Riga. Part of the city is burning. Germany may join with the Allies in a blockade of soviet Russia.

By the Associated Press
London, Oct. 15.—With General Denikine's cossack army advancing on Moscow from the south and the northwestern Russian forces almost within striking distance of Petrograd, the soviet government of Russia appears to be facing a crisis. A secure hold on General Denikine's anti-Bolshevik army has captured the important city of Orel, together with thousands of prisoners and enormous quantities of material. It was announced in advices received here today. Two batteries of Bolshevik artillery fell into General Denikine's hands.

Press Toward Moscow

While Orel is 238 miles south of Moscow, possession of the city will give General Denikine a secure hold on vast stretches of territory in old Russia, as the place is one of the most important railway centers south of the present Moscow front. The capture of Orel marks an advance of 100 miles from Kursk, which was occupied a month ago.

Indications are that General Denikine's forces have pressed northward beyond Orel. One dispatch says they have approached quite near the town of Tula, 100 miles northeast of Orel and the key to Moscow from the south. The dispatch says that if Tula falls to the cossacks the Bolshevik commissaries will flee into Turkestan, taking advantage of a gap between the Denikine and Kolesnikov forces in the Volga valley.

The northwestern Russian army has apparently crashed through the Bolshevik lines over a wide front. It is reported here today they have pushed some thirty-five miles beyond Yamburg, which it captured recently, and to within twenty miles of Gatchina, which is only thirty miles southwest of Petrograd. The taking of 1500 prisoners and nine guns from the Bolsheviks is announced. Confidence is expressed among the officers that Petrograd will fall before this attack.

Soviet Headquarters Closed

Bolshevik headquarters at Petrograd were closed last Thursday, according to a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Revel.

Iskov has been captured, and it is believed that the forces under General Yudenich also have taken the important town of Luga, about eighty-five miles southwest of Petrograd. Latest dispatches indicate the line of advance to be near the city of Mirov.

In fighting the Red army is making use of mines to a great extent, blowing

SEES U. S. CALLOUS TO FRANCE'S AGONY

John Kendrick Bangs Attacks America's Complacency and Desertion of Ideals

SPEAKER AT CITY CLUB

"What is the great commonwealth of Pennsylvania coming to when it allows a senator representing it to criticize the treaty as being too harsh on Germany?"

With this sweeping denunciation John Kendrick Bangs, famous humorist, recently returned from France where he has been engaged in relief work, attacked this country for its complacency and its inclination to go back to a "no-war" basis, while France suffered the agonies of a devastated ruin.

The large gathering, numbering over three hundred prominent men and women, most of them members of the City Club, were lifted to heights of enthusiasm when Mr. Bangs declared that the granting of the armistice at the time it was granted was "the greatest crime in the history of the world."

"The Hun is yet undefeated, or at least morally unconscious of defeat," declared the speaker. "And on all sides in this country, wicked German, Bolshevik propaganda is at work to split the allies and ruin the results of the victory."

Mr. Bangs took violent exception to statements, but the destruction in France has been exaggerated. The months of May, June and July of this year, when he visited there, the speaker characterized as the "darkest hours of peace."

"France is doing all that is humanly possible, but she is a prostrate and hysterical nation," he said. "And this country has seemed to France a great country because of her power or because of her statesmen, but they still venerate her because of the great work of American women in the land of desolation."

"If you men and women do not carry on consistently a campaign to help France, she will be a beggar, and you will have fallen short of the great ideal for which this country has stood, unselfishness, selflessness and a higher patriotism."

SAILOR SEVERELY SCALDED

Ran Out of Funds and Slept on Top of Steam Boilers

Because he spent all his money here without saving enough for a night's lodging, Leo Reynolds, a sailor from the Brooklyn Navy Yard, has learned a lesson in the wisdom of thrift. He is a patient at the Samaritan Hospital here with severe scalding.

Reynolds, who is twenty years old, went to the watchman at the Nicetown Plate Washer Co., 1524 Juniata street, last night. He said that he had run out of funds. He asked for a place to sleep.

The watchman told him to climb up on top of the boilers. There the sailor made a bed on a plank.

When the engineer came this morning, he turned a valve which set free a cloud of steam. This scalded the sleeping sailor.

SALUS CALLS ON KENDRICK

Varete Senator's Visit to Moore Headquarters Stirrs "Rialto"

There was general amazement around the headquarters of the Moore United Republican Committee in the Lincoln Building this afternoon when Senator Samuel W. Salus stopped in for a chat with Murdoch Kendrick, campaign manager for Congressman Moore.

Salus was the first Vares leader to invade the Moore stronghold. There was all sorts of speculation. Many surmised that the senator came with an important message from Senator Vares. Others expressed belief that Mr. Salus carried a definite peace pact from the downtown leader.

But Mr. Salus was noncommunicative. "I just had a little personal business with Mr. Kendrick," he said. And Mr. Kendrick said politics were not discussed.

FIREFIGHTERS DESTROY FIXTURES AND SUPPLIES OF FOURTH STREET FIRM

When members of the firm of Nichols & Riley, sales representatives, went to their office, 136 South Fourth street, today, they found the office fixtures and supplies had been destroyed by fire.

The fire broke out at 6:10 o'clock yesterday afternoon shortly after 4 o'clock. Fire started about 6:10 o'clock and did damage amounting to nearly \$1100.

The fire is believed to have started among some facial oils handled by the firm.

A number of other concerns occupy the building, but prompt action by firefighters prevented spread of the blaze.

TECHNICAL PEACE DELAYED

Formal Ratification of Treaty Indefinitely Postponed

Paris, Oct. 15.—(By A. P.)—The formal ratification of the peace treaty with Germany, making that instrument effective, will not take place this week as had been expected, it was announced tonight by the American delegation to the Peace Conference.

There has been an indefinite postponement of this step, it was stated.

Early in the day it had been thought that the exchange of ratifications by the representatives of Great Britain, Italy and France with Baron von Lersner, president of the German mission, would take place Friday or Saturday.

VISIT NEW YORK NEXT SUNDAY
22 30 round trip, Pennsylvania R. R. Leave Broad St. 8:10 A. M. West Philadelphia 10:30 A. M. Philadelphia 12:30 P. M. Round trip, 1:34 2-4. Mini Cat also ran. 8:00 P. M. RACE. See page 4.

TO PROBE VALBANERA WRECK

Miami, Fla., Oct. 15.—(By A. P.)—A Cuban wrecking company, it is reported here, is preparing to investigate the wreck of the Spanish steamship Valbanera. The steamship went down off Havana several weeks ago, during a hurricane with 200 passengers and a crew of 152. Permission to come into American waters for this purpose has been asked of the United States Government.

CLEMENCEAU FACES TEST

Foes to Make Final Effort for Premier's Overthrow Today

Paris, Oct. 15.—(By A. P.)—A final effort of the opposition to overthrow the Clemenceau cabinet before the coming parliamentary elections bring in a new parliament and a new ministry in France will be made this afternoon.

The subject of session is the order in which the coming elections are to be held. The proposal of the government to hold the elections for members of the chamber of deputies first, these to be followed by the elections of senators, officials and then of members of the French Senate, has been rejected by the electoral committee of the chamber of deputies, and the committee in its report, to be debated this afternoon, will ask the chamber to give precedence to the municipal elections.

Premier Clemenceau is expected to demand a vote of confidence on the adoption of the government plan. The Socialists in the chamber, it is understood, favor the government plan, thus greatly weakening the strength of the opposition to Clemenceau on this point.

STRIKE CALL ISSUED TO SOFT-COAL MEN

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 15.—The order calling all union bituminous coal miners of the country to "cease production of coal at midnight on Friday, October 31, 1919," was issued from the headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America here at noon today.

The order is signed by John L. Lewis, acting president, and William Green, secretary-treasurer of the miners.

The official strike call permits local unions to assign "a sufficient number of men to remain on work to insure the safe and protection of all mining properties, in conformity with the provisions of district agreements." It also urges that fullest co-operation be given "the operator to prevent injury to property" and asserts that "under no circumstances should this rule be violated or set aside by local unions."

RESCUED IN MIDOCEAN

Ship Due in New York Saturday Saves All on Burning Venezia

New York, Oct. 15.—(By A. P.)—A wireless message was received today by the local agents of the French Line from the captain of the steamship Chicago saying that he had on board nineteen first-class passengers, eighteen second, 163 third, rescued from the Fate liner Venezia, which was abandoned in fire in midocean. The cargo also carries fifteen officers and 140 men of the crew of the Venezia and 160 sacks of mail. She is due to dock here Saturday.

FROGTOWN HAS SPEED

Callahan Pilots Favorite to Victory in Laurel Sprint

Laurel, Md., Oct. 15.—Frogtown, a 1 to 2 entry, led a small field in the opening sprint here today. There were only four starters.

Daddy's Choice finished second, with Brown Pedler annexing third. The machines paid \$3.10 for a \$2 ticket on Frogtown.

Summary:
FIRST and up, purse \$112.10. 1 mile. Frogtown, 102, Callahan, 43.10, 2.70, 2nd. Brown Pedler, 103, Mc... 3.19, 2nd. Time, 1:44 2-4. Mini Cat also ran. 8:00 P. M. RACE. See page 4.

The Weathervane

Cloudy, Thursday and tonight. Clouds are still but not so dense. Variable winds blow gentle, light. Not much change in temperature.

When you think of writing, think of WHITING. Ad.