

WOMAN SURE TO WIN HOG ISLAND PRIMARY

Workers' Ballots Will Decide Sponsor for Launching of Shipyard's Namesake

A primary election will be held at Hog Island on Friday. Not for a mayor, not for a sheriff, or any other officials, but to choose a sponsor for the new ship Hog Island which will be launched from the yard August 29 at 4:45 p. m.

The idea to name the new vessel after the yard in which it is being built was made by one of the yard mechanics, Samuel C. Dougherty, who wrote a letter to President Brush making the suggestion. As a result of the letter the vessel will be so named and in addition, one of the girl workers at the shipyard is to be chosen sponsor.

Of the 1200 women employed at the plant, fifteen are to be nominated at the primaries as candidates for the honor, allowing by this method one representative from each of the seven divisions, the wet basin and the seven administrative divisions. The election will be held the following Tuesday and the fourteen who do not qualify as sponsor will be chosen as escorts.

Ballots for the nomination and election will be given out on the respective days as the workers enter the gates, the ballots accompanying the time cards. This is said to be the first time that anything of the kind has ever been done in a shipyard.

The Hog Island will be the fifty-first boat launched from the yard. It is a 7825-ton steel cargo carrier of the GMA type and has a length of 400 feet and beam of 50 feet. It is expected to develop a speed of eleven and a half knots.

Pittman Draws Up Four Reservations

Continued From Page One Exempted as domestic questions, and it is claimed by one of the parties that such question is a domestic and political question relating to its internal affairs, then the council shall not consider or make recommendations thereon, except upon the unanimous vote of the council, other than the representatives of the disputants.

Guards Monroe Doctrine Fourth. There shall not be submitted to arbitration or inquiry by the assembly of the council any question which, in the judgment of the United States, depends upon or involves its long-established policy, commonly known as the Monroe Doctrine, and it is preserved unaffected by any provision of the said treaty.

Members of the McNary group of Republicans, though they had not seen the Pittman resolution, indicated they would not accept any plan which fell short of including the reservations in the ratification itself.

In introducing the resolution in the Senate, Senator Pittman requested that it be laid on the table. He announced he would call it up for consideration later, in the hope that it would be acted upon even before final action was taken on the treaty.

When Senator Pittman presented his resolution Senators Brandegee, Connery, and Poindexter, Washington, Republicans, declared reservations adopted in that manner would have no binding effect.

Senator Poindexter also said he could not accept the President's interpretation of moral and legal obligations under the league, and Senators Owen, Democrat, of Oklahoma, and Nelson, Republican, of Minnesota, suggested that all treaties rest on moral obligation.

China regards American acceptance of the Shantung provisions of the peace treaty as a deviation from the American policy of friendly co-operation toward the Chinese Government, the Senate foreign relations committee was told today by John C. Ferguson, an American and an official adviser to the Chinese president.

While not speaking officially for the Chinese Government, Doctor Ferguson said he based his statement on an intimate knowledge of Chinese official opinion.

China's case in the Peace Conference, he said, was based on the unani-

Little Manager Cleared of "Attack" on Big Actor

New York, Aug. 20.—(By A. P.)—Appearing in court today to answer a charge that he had thrown Harry Lambert, an actor-picket, out of the Coban and Harris Theatre by the nape of the neck, Samuel Harris was discharged without a word of testimony.

The magistrate looked in Harris he saw a slight man 5 feet 2 inches in height and weighing only ninety-five pounds. Lambert is 6 feet 3 inches and weighs about 210 pounds.

"Case dismissed," said the magistrate. The magistrate's decision was the result of the testimony of some of the ablest international lawyers of France, Russia, Belgium and Holland, who agreed that the Chinese declaration of war nullified the 1915 treaty by which China agreed not to take exception to any settlement Japan might make with Germany regarding the German possessions in Shantung.

There was no indication, officially, today, whether the committee would again confer with the President. It was thought that the question of another conference might come up at today's meeting of the committee.

Pledge to Warfare America by consenting to the guarantee of territories under the league of nations will pledge itself against conscience and judgment to participate in the great war which the treaty of peace promises. Senator McCormick, Republican, of Illinois, declared in an address today in the Senate.

The Illinois senator said President Wilson had put his name to an agreement which betrayed an ally and friend and kept from the Chinese "that which was his and of which he had been robbed with an equal hypocrisy and violence."

"The government of the United States," continued Senator McCormick, "wishes to assent to the wrong done China in Shantung upon the verbal assurance of Baron Makino (the Japanese foreign minister) that presently the wrong will be undone."

For thirty-five years, he said, Japanese foreign policy in Asia had been one of consistent perfidy and aggression.

Senators Borah, Idaho, and Johnson, California, Republicans, in a joint statement set forth the facts developed at the White House conference and declared that these facts showed that the position they had maintained "in respect to this covenant of the league of nations is justified and confirmed."

Senator Fall, New Mexico, Republican member of the foreign relations committee, at the conclusion of the White House conference, submitted to President Wilson twenty written questions relating to the peace treaty, which the President promised to answer.

DISCUSS "POVERTY"

Its Causes and Treatment Discussed at St. Joseph's Hospital

"Poverty: Its Causes and Treatment," was one of the subjects for discussion today in the summer course on social problems at St. Joseph's Hospital. The principal talk on this theme was made by the Rev. Dr. J. Garvin, professor of theology, Niagara University.

"Pastoral Medicine" was taken up by Dr. A. A. O'Malley, The Rev. Francis X. Waste presided.

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CHINA BLAMES FIGHT ON JAPANESE TROOPS

Official Report Declares Nipponese Provoked Chang-Chun Clash, Causing 30 Deaths

Peking, Aug. 20.—(By A. P.)—The official report of the Chinese Government regarding the clash between Japanese and Chinese soldiers on July 19 at Chang-Chun, Manchuria, indicates proof that the Japanese provoked the trouble. There is no definite proof that the first shot, but the Chinese claim that the fact that Japanese soldiers with fixed bayonets and loaded rifles forced an entry into the Chinese military encampment, shows that they were the aggressors.

The Chinese report says eighteen Japanese were killed and seventeen wounded and twelve Chinese killed and fourteen wounded. One hundred Chinese soldiers are missing, but it is believed that many of them fled and fear to return.

The Japanese embassy at Washington announced that the Chinese Government, as a result of the incident at Chang-Chun, had dismissed from office three leaders of the Chinese soldiers and had reprimanded the governor general of the province. The statement says that the clash was provoked by the Chinese, who fired upon the Japanese.

President Forces Speed on Treaty

Continued From Page One and requiring acceptance by them.

President May Yield It is not improbable that the President will be forced to yield on the question of placing the resolution of ratification. Here the precedents are against him. The Senate has almost invariably included its statement of its understanding of a treaty on which it made reservations in the resolution of ratification.

For making an exception to this practice the administration only urges the number of nations with whom this treaty has to be exchanged. But that consideration is not strong enough to make the Senate change its usual practice.

The probability is that the President expects to yield on this question. When a man begins to make a trade he does not disclose his bottom price at first. The President's bottom price is probably not reservations in a separate resolution. He would doubtless like to have the reservations thus expressed, but the point is not worth fighting about.

Phrasing Basis of Compromise The real basis of compromise will be the phrasing of the reservations so as to make it perfectly clear that they do not require acceptance of the other powers.

To reach a satisfactory agreement on reservations, the President will probably now invite Senator Kellogg and the other moderate reservationists in a body to the White House as he did the fore-

Wilson Abandons Pact Tour

The treaty is felt to be so near solution that, as already said in these dispatches, the President has virtually abandoned any idea of a trip through the West in behalf of his league. If he goes West it will be for other purposes.

It is felt that he can do more at Washington now than on the stump, especially by establishing relations with the Republican moderates. So far as the public is concerned the White House view is that yesterday's conference accomplished more than any speech-making trip could. Going West now would only be an anticlimax.

Fliers Clash With Mexican Brigands

Continued From Page One Ojinaga garrison, opposite Presidio, Texas, are co-operating with the American expedition, according to a message received today from Don Cosme Benavente, Mexican consul at Presidio, by Colonel G. L. Langhorne, commander of the Big Bend district.

The consul reported that General Pruneda was sending cavalry troops in the direction of San Antonio, Chihuahua, which is opposite Chihuahua. The Mexican troops left Ojinaga last night under personal command of General Pruneda.

Lieutenant Colonel Royce arrived in an airplane from the headquarters of the Southern Department Aerial Service at San Antonio. He planned to cross to Mexico today in an airplane to make observations and inspect the work being done by the flying corps in the Big Bend district.

Pick Up Lost Trails American troops resumed the pursuit of the Mexican bandits before dawn today in an effort to pick up the trails lost in the storm and darkness. The rains last night are believed to have wiped out the trail of the bandits, but were not without advantages, however, for the soft conditions of the

Situation Is Serious, Say Mexican Newspapers

Mexico City, Aug. 20.—The Mexican Government announced that American troops had crossed the border, in a bulletin issued last night, but gave no indication of its attitude.

El Universal calls on all Mexicans to contribute to the defense of the country, and announces that its section printed in English will be discontinued until the Americans leave Mexico.

El Herald says the situation has assumed a grave character, and declares that the crossing by the Americans was without notice or request for permission.

earth made fresh trails, more easily discernible than previous.

Feeling is tense regarding the border situation among inhabitants of isolated border towns in New Mexico and Arizona, according to reports to military officers at El Paso. Americans wired that the Mexicans in these border towns outnumber them and that great excitement prevails. The Mexicans have quit work in many instances, the report said, awaiting further developments on the American side. Army men here admitted the possibility of sending more troops to these border posts.

Major B. B. Butler, commander of Kelly Field, said no airplanes have been ordered from San Antonio to the border in connection with the pursuit of the bandits. The only air service movement announced during the day was the transfer of six planes from El Paso for temporary duty at Marfa.

Villa's Brother Concealed Hipolito Villa, brother of Francisco Villa, is believed to be hiding in the mountains near where the American columns are working. Hipolito is said to have a small bodyguard and to be seriously ill. Army officers here said it was possible American troops might get in touch with these Villa bands while searching for the bandits who held the American aviators.

Many bandits in the Ojinaga district are attached nominally to Villa's com-

CHINA WON'T DEAL WITH JAPAN ON PACT

Mandate Proclaiming Peace With Germany Awaits Signing of Austrian Treaty

Peking, Aug. 20.—(By A. P.)—A mandate declaring war with Germany at an end will not be issued until the treaty with Austria is signed, it is announced. In the meantime the government is considering what measures will be taken when the mandate is issued, such as whether Germans will continue

to enjoy rights of extra-territoriality. The government, it is declared, is still determined not to sign the German treaty. No decision has yet been reached as to the Chinese attitude toward proposals for mediation regarding the signing of the German treaty. The government, it is added, is determined not to negotiate with Japan concerning the peace treaty.

Washington, Aug. 20.—(By A. P.)—The American peace commission was asked to sustain the claims of Greece before the Peace Conference in opposition to a proposal to grant certain privileges in Thrace to Bulgaria in a cablegram today by a delegation of the committee of the Friends of Greece, representing 500,000 Americans of Greek descent. The message asked whether "America will be instrumental in creating conditions in the Balkans which will inevitably bring war."

Mexico City, Aug. 20.—(By A. P.)—United States consuls at Tampico, Vera Cruz and Oaxaca, the Excelsior says, have instructed Americans in outlying districts to come into populated centers.

General Juan Torres, chief of operations in the state of Sonora, reports to the War Department that the Yaqui bandits who killed an American chauffeur named White, have been dispersed with losses.

[H. S. White, an American, was reported killed near Hermosillo, Sonora, last May when twenty Yaqui bandits attacked a truck train carrying silver ore.]

K. OF P. HONORS PHILA-MAN

C. W. T. Robertson Elected Grand Inner Guard Over 14 Opponents

Lancaster, Pa., Aug. 20.—(By A. P.)—C. W. T. Robertson, of Philadelphia, was elected grand inner guard at today's session of the Knights of Pythias. There were fifteen candidates for the place. Nearly 500 delegates answered the rollcall.

Grand Chancellor N. R. Dougherty, of Pittsburgh, read his annual report. The committee on the building of an orphan's home presented a report in which they opposed construction at the present time on account of the high price of materials.

Seranton and Johnstown entered the race with Philadelphia and South Bethlehem for next year's convention.

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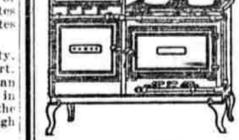
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Meats in Storage Not "Hoarded"

Live stock is a seasonal crop—like cereals and grains. It is "ripe" and is marketed in larger quantities in certain months. This causes a natural oversupply at one time and a natural shortage at another.

During the time of oversupply Swift & Company places some of the meat in cold storage, against the season of short production.

This is a necessity in order that the nation's ration of meat—58,000,000 pounds every day in the year—may be forthcoming as the consumer requires it.

This is not hoarding, not price manipulation, not market control. It is mere common sense.

United States Bureau of Markets' figures of stocks of frozen and cured meats July 1 are being used as a basis for Department of Justice investigations in many cities. When properly analyzed, based on Swift & Company's stocks, these figures show:

62 per cent (approximate) is pork and beef cuts, etc., cured and in process of curing. It takes 30 to 90 days in pickle or salt to complete the curing process.

12 per cent is frozen pork, of which more than three-quarters is to be cured in the next few months.

7 per cent is lard. This is a normal supply and only four-fifths of a pound per capita, and much of it will have to go to supply European needs.

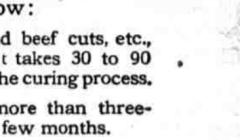
19 per cent is frozen beef and lamb, and miscellaneous meats, part of which is owned by the Government and was intended chiefly for overseas shipment. If this were all diverted to domestic trade channels it would be only 2 1/2 lbs. per capita—a 5 days' supply.

100%

From this it will be seen that "meats in storage" represent unfinished goods in process of curing and the working supply necessary to assure the consumer a steady flow of finished product.

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The instant the war was over, Paris began to dance, and, curiously enough, the dance has determined the mode of even the most sedate autumn street frock. In repose, the silhouette remains slim. But the instant one moves—walking, dancing, crossing a room—it must have grace and flow of line.

How can you get that floating effect? How should you stand when you wear it? How can you know the favored colors? How can you assure yourself added distinction of dress and save yourself from misguided or haphazard buying?

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Owing to the tremendous increase during the last four years in the cost of paper, labor, and materials, Vogue—rather than lower its standard of production in the slightest degree—will raise its yearly subscription price from \$5 to \$6, beginning September 1st.

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Sign, tear off, and mail the coupon. You will get the Forecast Number at once.



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Thus you spend \$5 a year for twelve issues of Country Life; \$4 for twelve issues of Harper's, Century, the Atlantic; but you spend at the rate of only \$3 for every 12 issues of Vogue—\$2.50 if you mail the coupon now.

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E. P. L. 8-20-19