

KNOX ASKS SENATE TO WARN PEACE CONFERENCE TREATY IS UNACCEPTABLE WITH COVENANT INCLUDED

VARE FORCES LOSE AS RIPPER PASSES HOUSE, 139 TO 52

Board of Registration Commissioners Wiped Out Despite Sproul's Opposition

BILL READY FOR GOVERNOR; MAY NAME PENROSE MAN

Leaders Clash Over Amendments as Scott Launches Attack on Opposition

Status of Reform Bills for City in Legislature

Following is the status of the Philadelphia reform legislation: Charter bill amended in accordance with the wishes of Governor Sproul and is expected to pass the House finally today.

Charter bill now calls for a council of twenty-one members as originally agreed upon and not one of twenty-seven as proposed by revisionists.

Contract clause in charter amended so that it goes into effect January 1, 1921, instead of July 1, next year.

Drastic provisions of civil service section in charter apply only to patrolmen and firemen instead of all officeholders.

Tax receiver's office and the civil service commission stay as they are at present.

DOVE OF PEACE COOS MARS TO SHAME AS CHARTER BATTLE ENDS

Nothing More to Do, Penrose Can Now Enjoy His Hugs Red Car

BEING MCCAIN'S STORY OF BATTLE THAT WASN'T

Finish Was as Tranquil as Most Ardent Pacifist Could Wish, He Declares

By GEORGE NOX MCCAIN Staff Correspondent of the Evening Public Ledger

Harrisburg, June 10.—The fight over the Philadelphia charter bill ended abruptly at 11:21 last night. The administration amendments were accepted as I predicted. The finish was as tranquil as the most ardent political pacifist could desire.

Indicative of the peaceful purposes of all the amendments were not even read to the House. They were, by unanimous consent, sent off to the printers and appeared for the first time on the members' desks this morning.

The finale of this famous fight was really dramatic. In a moment of impressive calm, with the House eager and waiting for the first move, Mr. Ramsay, the administration floor leader, rose at 11:20, held aloft a handful of papers and in a high keyed voice cried: "Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent for the House to go into committee of the whole for the purpose of special amendment."

No Objections Made There was not a whisper of objection, and that ended the contest. District Attorney Schaffer, John C. Winston, Thomas Raeburn White and J. Hampton Barnes came up yesterday afternoon in the limited together and all the amendments but one were agreed to before the train rolled into the Harrisburg station shed.

The exception was the extension of the penalty for political activity to job holders on the city pay roll. One or two charters wanted this held up till the Governor came back today.

TIGER OF FRANCE FIRMLY OPPOSES CHANGING TREATY

Pessimism Overhangs 'Big Four' as Clemenceau Stands Pat for Present Terms

SILESIAN ISSUE OPEN; NO ARMY FOR PLEBISCITE

Paris Depressed by Report That Scheidemann Will Shift Acceptance to Assembly

Vienna Expects Austrian Answer to Be Evasive

Vienna, June 9 (delayed).—(By A. P.)—The Austrian government tonight was preparing its answer to the peace terms.

Paris, June 10.—The Council of Four met today amid an atmosphere of considerable pessimism over the larger questions of peace making with Germany still unsolved.

It is understood that Premier Clemenceau has not moved from his position against any modification of the peace terms.

No settlement of the Silesian question or that concerning the Polish western frontier has been reached. It is stated that the Silesian problem is tied up with the difficulty of holding a plebiscite without allied occupation no troops being available for the purpose.

French Predict Rejection The feeling is growing in French official circles that the Germans will not sign the peace treaty.

This is based largely on reports from Berlin indicating that Philip Scheidemann, the German chancellor, is unwilling to accept the responsibility of authorizing Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, head of the peace delegation, to sign, and will probably refer the matter to the National Assembly, which is believed to be unfavorable, unless some radical changes are made.

Predicts Peace by August 1 The signing of the peace treaty by Germany before July 1 and its ratification by the various parliaments before August 1 is predicted today by the Echo de Paris. It expects the answer to the German counter-proposals to be handed over, probably on Friday.

The course of the Germans, it thinks, will be to replace the Scheidemann government by another, in case the present government determines not to sign the terms as the Allies finally present them.

The plan for reparations, which now is proposed in the Council of Four, according to Marcel Hutin, of the Echo de Paris, insists, first, in seizing German liquid assets to the value of 25,000,000,000 francs; second, to leave a margin of two years, so that an accurate idea of the economic and financial situation in Germany may be gained; third, after two years to exact payment on account of 125,000,000,000 francs in gold or negotiable securities, and fourth, to give the reparations committee authority to raise the amount of the annual payments by "Germany, should her capacity to pay increase."



SENATOR KNOX A resolution to have the Senate declare it could not concur in the league of nations provisions of the peace treaty as now drawn was introduced today by the Pennsylvania Senator

LABOR CLASHES ON DAYLIGHT SAVING

One Resolution Urges Law Be Repealed, While Another Favors Its Retention

GOMPERS SCORNS RADICALS

Atlantic City, June 10.—Daylight saving was called up for action at the morning session of the American Federation of Labor and led to a sharp debate between delegates from East and West.

Timothy Healy, president of the International Workers' Association, obtained permission by unanimous consent to get immediate action on a resolution urging Congress to keep the daylight saving law on the statute books.

E. W. McCullough, representing the party from Omaha, Neb., presented the view of the great farm states.

He urged that the law be repealed because, he said, it interfered with farming operations. He said that farm lands in the West in many states work ten hours a day, with time and half time for work beyond that period and double time for work after supper.

The Fox enforcement bill, a companion bill to the Vickersman bill, was defeated, 97 for and 93 against.

As a result of the defeat of these measures the state will be without any enforcement measures when prohibition goes into effect.

In the skirmishing which started last night the rival forces divided honors with a 50-50 victory.

The fight started when Representative W. T. Ramsey, the "wet" floor leader, called up his bill to permit the manufacture and sale of beer containing not more than 2 1/2 per cent alcohol.

Isolation of Covenant Urged by Senator Knox

Washington, June 10. The text of the resolution introduced today by Senator Knox, which would notify President Wilson that the peace treaty is not acceptable to the Senate in its present form with the league of nations covenant included, is as follows:

Whereas, The Congress of the United States, in declaring, pursuant to its exclusive authority under the constitution, the existence of a state of war between the United States and the imperial German government, solemnly affirmed that the imperial government has so committed repeated acts of war against the government and the people of the United States that a state of war had been thrust upon them by that government, and thereupon formally pledged the whole military and national resources of the country to bring the conflict to a successful termination; and

Whereas, The Senate of the United States, being a co-equal part of the treaty-making power of this government, and, therefore, equally responsible for any treaty which is concluded and ratified, is deeply concerned over the draft treaty of peace negotiated at Versailles, by which it is proposed to end our victorious war, and is gravely impressed by the fact that its provisions appear calculated to force upon us undesirable

and far-reaching covenants inimical to our free institutions under the penalty that, failing to accept these, we shall continue in a state of war while our co-belligerents shall be at peace and enjoying its blessings; that it is proposed to inkle us parties to a league of nations, under a plan as to which the people of the United States have had neither time to examine and consider nor opportunity to express regarding it a matured and deliberate judgment; and

Whereas, the treaty may be easily so drawn as to permit the making of the establishment of a league of nations for later determination; and nations for later determination; and nations for later determination; and nations for later determination; and nations for later determination;

Resolved, by the Senate of the United States, That it will regard as fully adequate for our national needs

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TRANQUILITY PREVAILS IN CHILE SANTIAGO, Chile, June 10.—The Santiago newspapers are protesting vigorously against the publication of erroneous reports in various countries of the breaking out of disorders in Chile. Complete tranquility prevails here.

DIVINITY DEGREE FOR AUSTRALIAN FORCE CHAPLAIN OXFORD, Ga., June 10.—The Rev. Charles J. Prescott, president of Newington College, New South Wales, and senior chaplain of the Imperial forces of Australia, was given the degree of doctor of divinity today at the graduation exercises at Emory University.

DRY BILLS BEATEN; 2 WOMEN, 3 MEN HURT IN EXPLOSION

Vickerman and Fox Measures Fail to Pass—Second Vote 97 to 93

NO LIQUOR CURB IN STATE FIREMAN USES GAS MASK

WORLD LEAGUE BATTLE TAKES DEFINITE FORM

Would Isolate Peace Pact From Interwoven Document

TREATY IS PUBLISHED AS OFFICIAL DOCUMENT

Telegrams Summon Six Bankers to Washington—Hearings Open to Public

ANOTHER WILSON WIRE DUE

Chief Executive Expected to Cable Refusal to Comply With Johnson Resolution

By the Associated Press Washington, June 10.—A resolution to have the Senate declare it could not concur in the league of nations provisions of the peace treaty as now drawn was introduced today by Senator Knox.

The resolution, which is expected to bring to a more definite stage the fight being made against the league covenant, asks that the covenant be separated from the peace treaty before being submitted to the Senate for ratification.

At the request of Senator Knox, who announced later he would discuss it in the Senate, the resolution was referred to the foreign relations committee.

The resolution was offered by Senator Knox after a conference with Chairman Lodge, of the committee, and there were evidences that it would have the backing of most of those who have conducted the fight against the league.

It is understood to be designed as official notice to the Peace Conference that ratification of the treaty in its present form is opposed.

Separate Consideration for Germany The Knox resolution proposes that "the treaty shall be so drawn as to permit any nation to reserve without prejudice to itself for future separate and full consideration by its people the question of any league of nations," but that the obligations of Germany and her co-belligerents under the treaty shall not be thereby affected.

The Knox resolution also would declare it the policy of the United States Government "in order to meet fully and fairly our obligations to ourselves and to the world, that the freedom and peace of Europe being again threatened by any power or combination of powers, the United States will regard such a situation with grave concern as a menace to its own peace and freedom."

Each member of Congress today had a copy of the peace treaty with Germany, which was published in the Congressional Record, printed by order of the Senate late yesterday after an epoch-making fight and just after a message from President Wilson had been read saying he could not make the treaty text public without breaking faith with other members of the peace council.

The copy of the treaty, brought to this country by a newspaper man, went into the record as a result of vigorous efforts of Senator Borah, of Idaho, and other Republican leaders, who blocked every move of the Democrats to prevent publication. Charges of broken faith, efforts to have the matter considered in secret session and points of order were swept aside and the document was ordered printed by a vote of 47 to 23. It was not, however, until Senator Borah began reading the 100,000-page text of the treaty, which would have required many hours to complete, that opponents of the publication plan capitulated.

Gruff Old Prob With a manner roddy-doddy Comes the weather man today Saying 'You'll be partly cloudy In his usual gruff way. And we hope the fact with sorrow That 'twill be the same tomorrow.