

### MARINE LIEUTENANT BRINGS BACK CROSS

John Groff, Woodland Avenue. Charged Machine-Gun Nest. Came Through Unscathed

Lieutenant John Groff, 3209 Woodland Avenue, a marine who went through the Chateau-Thierry drive and other engagements without being wounded and who received the Distinguished Service Cross, has returned to this country after twenty months in France. He arrived in New York yesterday aboard the transport Cape Finisterre. Lieutenant Groff was a member of the Ninety-seventh Company of the Sixth Marines.

After the Chateau-Thierry drive he and a party of six men were sent out on patrol in an area which was held by the Germans in a nearby machine-gun nest, and soon the bullets were playing all around them.

Undaunted, the marines here forward, three of their number dropping before they could get within striking distance with their grenades. At the fall of the first grenade the Germans surrendered, and twenty were captured and taken back to the American lines.

From that time on he advanced 60 kilometers with his division, of which he was particularly proud. The Second Division, which included the marines, captured 11,750 prisoners, 343 pieces of heavy artillery and 12,000 machine guns. The members of the organization he said had received 646 distinguished service crosses or more than double the number received by any other division.

Philadelphiaans arriving with the advanced detachment of the Eighty-second Division included Adolph A. Book, Jr., 13 East River street; Howard E. Lex, 2453 North Twenty-ninth street; Abraham Miller, 925 Tree street; Chilton J. Williamson, 131 Roseberry street; Harry A. Thompson, 1321 Porter street; Edwin S. Lohdy,

710 Meday Avenue, Oakland Park; Abraham Lackerman, 1112 Widener Building; James W. Connolly, 117 North Van Pelt street; Walter G. Loom, 1023 North Myrtle street; Harry A. Schmechel, 1420 North Fifty-seventh street; and Leo V. McDonald, 1906 East Madison street.

Lieutenant Graham Starr, of 3338 Chestnut street, has returned as a casual.

Captain Addison B. Treeman, of 1519 Maple street, was among the passengers on the French liner Savoie. Among the sick and wounded Philadelphiaans who were transported to another transport, were Roy V. Hancock, 1054 Mentor street; Charles V. Beck, 2113 South Oakfield street; George Loomis, 230 North Juniper street; Harry J. Carroll, 9639 Adair street; Edward W. Pedrick, 1322 Oaklawn Avenue; Harry M. Murray, 2113 South Oakfield street; Lawrence Murphy, 2670 Fourth street; John De Witt, 3925 North Thirtieth street; John Trappan, 138 South Twentieth street; James E. Hindman, 241 North Sixth street; E. Minnefeld, 1210 South street; Richard Campbell, Chester; Patrick Flanagan, 1019 South Sixth street; Harry E. Hadley, Chester; and Harry F. Lewis, 2253 North Second street.

Arriving on the Albatross VIII were Benjamin Hastie, Jr., 2294 North Second street; Samuel Green, 4002 South Tenth street; Richard L. Keenan, 2637 Bannockburn street; James R. Spencer, 911 1/2 Street; E. J. May, 1212 Market street; William A. Fish, 107 South Fifty-fifth street; Samuel Danon, 905 Orianna street; Charles W. Flanagan, 1520 South Tenth street; and Joe Babin, 2621 South Sixth street.

Casuals on the French liner Savoie included Emil Kossing, 1301 East Park Drive; Leslie R. Craig, Lansdowne; Walter T. Cotton, 2121 East Sergeant street; Gus M. Donny, 592 South Twenty-fifth street; Hugh M. Boush, 1129 North Wilson street; Joseph Anichini, 29 West Market street; and James P. Shullow, a Knights of Columbus worker, of 5159 Wissinoming Avenue.

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### WOMAN WINS AIR RIDE

Sells More Bonds Than Any One Else in Millersburg, Pa. Harrishburg, Mrs. G. Mrs. J. Fish, wife of Representative Fish, won

ber of the Legislature, won a trip in government airplane yesterday by selling more Victory bonds than any other person in Millersburg. She was up nearly a half hour, cir-

cling over the mountain and river, and pronounced airplaning "great sport" when the machine alighted. She is said to be the first central Pennsylvania woman to fly.

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## "Don't Be Afraid, Good Friends of Russia; Don't Rejoice, Our Enemies! Russia Will Emerge Free, Strong and United!"

Says Catherine Breshkovsky in "STRUGGLING RUSSIA" A New Weekly Magazine Devoted to Russian Problems

**Russia Will Emerge Free, Strong and United!** The Russian People Against Bolshevism

The plague of Bolshevism has struck Russia because the terrible sacrifices of the first three years of War have exhausted the nation, undermined her industries, commerce, transportation and finance. But the Russian people have fought, are fighting, and will fight Bolshevism to the very end.

If you want to understand why the people of Russia, not only the Russian middle-class but also, and especially, the Russian peasantry, and workmen, are waging open war against the Bolshevik; if you want to know why not only the Russian liberals, the Constitutional-Democratic Party, but also the People's Socialists, the Social-Democrats Mensheviks and the Party of Socialists-Revolutionists are engaged in a death struggle with Bolshevism—read the following telegram of the British High Commissioner, R. H. B. Lockhart, to the Secretary of Foreign Affairs of Great Britain, Mr. Balfour. The telegram is dated November 10, 1918, and here is its full text:

"The following points may interest Mr. Balfour:

- "1. The Bolsheviks have established a rule of force and oppression unequalled in the history of any autocracy.
- "2. Themselves the fiercest upholders of the right of free speech, they have suppressed, since coming into power, every newspaper which does not approve their policy. In this respect the Socialist press has suffered most of all. Even the papers of the Internationalist Mensheviks, like Martov's, have been suppressed and closed down, and the unfortunate editors thrown into prison or forced to flee for their lives.
- "3. The right of holding public meetings has been abolished. The vote has been taken away from every one except the workmen in the factories and the poorer servants, and even among the workmen those who dare to vote against the Bolsheviks are marked down by the Bolshevik secret police as counter-revolutionaries and are fortunate if their worst fate is to be thrown into prison, of which in Russia today it may truly be said, 'Many go in but few come out.'
- "4. The worst crimes of the Bolsheviks have been against their Socialist opponents. Of the countless executions which the Bolsheviks have carried out a large percentage has fallen on the heads of Socialists who had waged a life-long struggle against the old regime, but who are now denounced as counter-revolutionaries merely because they disapprove of the manner in which the Bolsheviks have discredited Socialism.
- "5. The Bolsheviks have abolished even the most primitive forms of justice. Thousands of men and women have been shot without even the mockery of a trial, and thousands more are left to rot in the prisons under conditions to find a parallel to which one must turn to the darkest annals of Indian or Chinese history.
- "6. The Bolsheviks have restored the barbarous methods of torture. The examination of prisoners frequently takes place with a revolver as the unfortunate prisoner is tortured.
- "7. The Bolsheviks have established the odious practice of taking hostages. Still worse, they have struck at their political opponents through their women folk. When recently a long list of hostages was published in Petrograd, the Bolsheviks seized the wives of those men whom they could not find and threw them into prison until their husbands should give themselves up.
- "8. The Bolsheviks who destroyed the Russian army, and who have always been the avowed opponents of militarism, have forcibly mobilized officers who do not share their political views, but whose technical knowledge is indispensable, and by the threat of immediate execution have forced them to fight against their fellow-countrymen in a civil war of unparalleled horror.
- "9. The avowed ambition of Lenin is to create civil warfare throughout Europe. Every speech of Lenin's is a denunciation of constitutional methods and a glorification of the doctrine of physical force. With that object in view he is destroying systematically both by executions and by deliberate starvation every form of opposition to Bolshevism. The system of 'terror' is aimed chiefly at the Liberals and non-Bolshevik Socialists, whom Lenin regards as his most dangerous opponents.
- "10. In order to maintain their popularity with the workmen and with their hired mercenaries, the Bolsheviks are paying their supporters enormous wages by means of an unchecked paper issue, until today money in Russia has naturally lost all value. Even according to their own figures the Bolsheviks' expenditure exceeds the revenue by thousands of millions of roubles per annum.

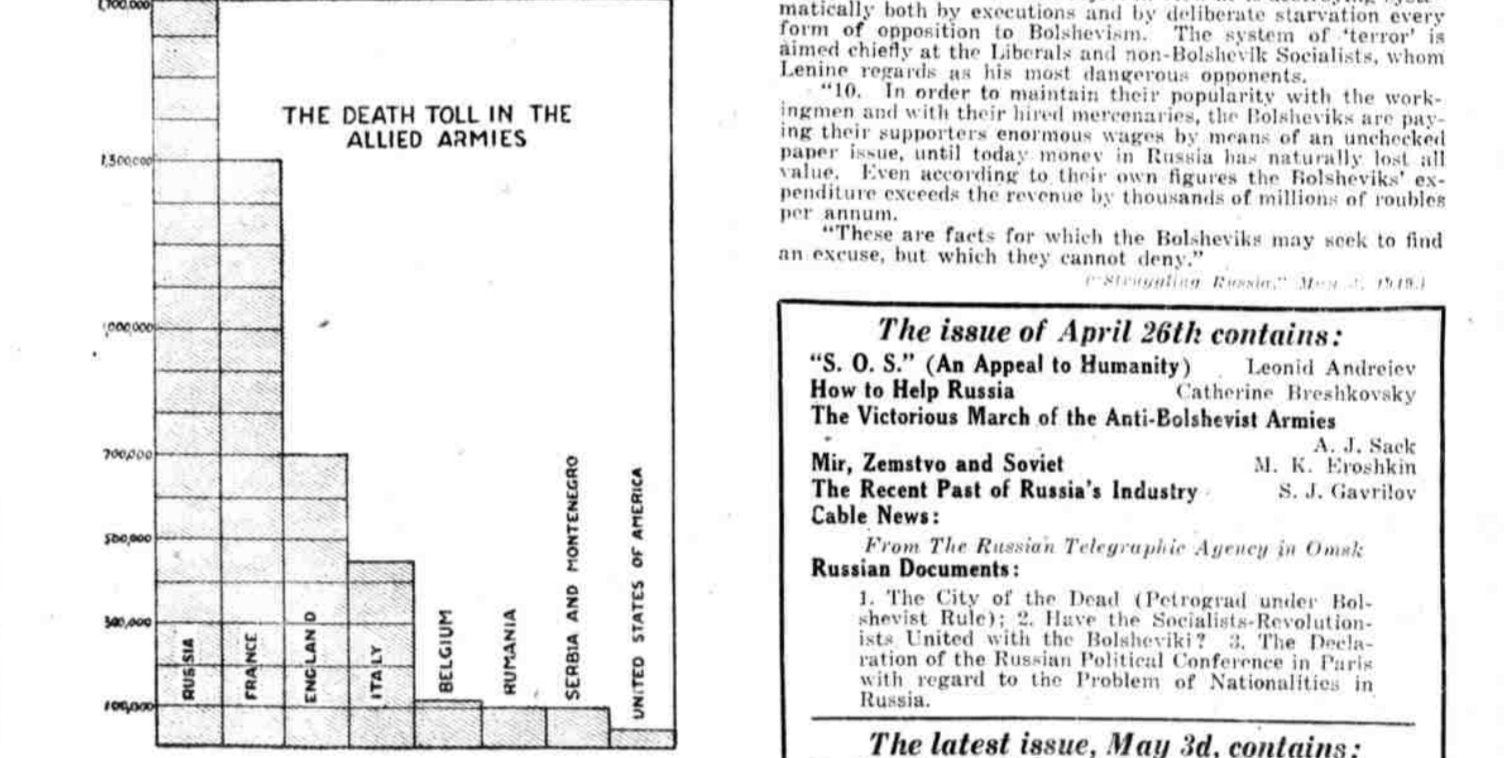
"These are facts for which the Bolsheviks may seek to find an excuse, but which they cannot deny."

"Struggling Russia," May 3, 1919.

### Russia's Sacrifices in the World War

"Russia will rise from her grave," says Leonid Andreiev. "The civilized world should undertake that Russia's temporary ruin is the consequence of her participation in the War; that Russia is lying in seas of blood and tears because she has sacrificed everything for the Allied cause."

"The diagram below is prepared on the basis of figures published by Gen. March, Chief of the General Staff of the United States Army, in his statement regarding the casualties in the Allied Armies during the War.



"The diagram speaks for itself. As far as Russia is concerned, the statement of Gen. March is based probably on information transferred to this country from Copenhagen. The Copenhagen dispatches underestimated the Russian casualties in this War. A pamphlet issued by the Committee on Public Information under the title 'A Tribute to the Allies' estimated the total Russian casualties in this War, including war prisoners, as 12,000,000, of whom 3,000,000 were killed or died of wounds.

"The estimate of the Committee on Public Information corresponds with the data of the Russian General Staff. Russia's sacrifices in this War are not less than 3,000,000 dead, and about 1,000,000 disabled for life. Russia is lying in seas of blood and tears because she has sacrificed everything for the Allied cause."

"Struggling Russia," April 5, 1919.

Do not fail to read "STRUGGLING RUSSIA." The Russian problem is the central World Problem of today.

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The issue of April 26th contains:

- "S. O. S." (An Appeal to Humanity) Leonid Andreiev
- How to Help Russia Catherine Breshkovsky
- The Victorious March of the Anti-Bolshevist Armies A. J. Saek
- Mir, Zemstvo and Soviet M. K. Eroshkin
- The Recent Past of Russia's Industry S. J. Gavrilov
- Cable News: From The Russian Telegraphic Agency in Omsk
- Russian Documents: 1. The City of the Dead (Petrograd under Bolshevik Rule); 2. Have the Socialists-Revolutionists United with the Bolsheviks? 3. The Declaration of the Russian Political Conference in Paris with regard to the Problem of Nationalities in Russia.

The latest issue, May 3d, contains:

- Russia and the World Catherine Breshkovsky
- The First Step in Russia's Regeneration Paul Miliukov
- Military and Political Leadership in Russia A. J. Saek
- My Experiences in Bolshevist Russia Emanuel Aronsberg
- Military Officers in the Russian Revolutionary Movement C. M. Oberoucheff
- Cables from the Russian Telegraphic Agency in Omsk
- Russian Documents: 1. The British High Commissioner, R. H. B. Lockhart, versus Colonel Raymond Robins; 2. Additional Documents on Red Terror in Bolshevist Russia; 3. The Execution of General Ruzsky; 4. The Voluntary Army in Southern Russia (An Address by General A. I. Denikine).