

### VOTES SUFFICIENT TO RATIFY LEAGUE

Organization to Enforce Peace Lists Sixty-four Senators Favoring Draft

ONLY TWELVE OPPOSED

New York, May 1.—The Times today publishes the following dispatch from its Washington correspondent: Ratification of the league of nations as a part of the treaty of peace is assured in the Senate, according to a prediction made tonight (Wednesday) by the League to Enforce Peace, based upon the attitude of senators as expressed in the newspaper interviews, letters to the league, and personal talks. Of the ninety-six senators, the league says, sixty-four, or two-thirds, have declared themselves in favor of the covenant, while twelve have expressed dissent, and twenty are put down as doubtful. To ratify the league requires a two-thirds vote.

The poll, as predicted by the league, is as follows:

**For the Covenant**

Alabama, Rankin and Underwood; Arizona, Ashurst and Smith; Arkansas, Robinson; California, Phelan; Colorado, Thomas; Delaware, Wolcott; Florida, Fletcher and Trammell; Georgia, Smith and Harris; Idaho, Nugent; Iowa, Cummins and Kenyon; Kansas, Curtis and Capper; Kentucky, Beckham and Stanley; Louisiana, Russell and Gay; Maryland, Smith; Michigan, Townsend; Minnesota, Nelson and Kellogg; Mississippi, Williams and Harrison; Missouri, Spencer; Montana, Walsh and Myers; Nebraska, Hitchcock and Norris; Nevada, Pittman and Henderson; New Hampshire, Keyes; New Jersey, Edge; New Mexico, Jones; North Carolina, Simmons and Overman; North Dakota, Gronna and McCumber; Ohio, Pomeroy; Oklahoma, Gore and Owen; Oregon, Chamberlain and McNary; Rhode Island, Gerry; South Carolina, Smith and Pollack; South Dakota, Sterling and Johnson; Tennessee, Shields and McKellar; Texas, Culberson and Shepard; Utah, Smoot and King; Virginia, Swanson and Martin; Washington, Jones; West Virginia, Sutherland and Elkins; Wyoming, Kendrick, Total, 64.

**Against the Covenant**

Idaho, Borah; Illinois, Sherman; Indiana, New; Massachusetts, Lodge; Missouri, Reed; New Hampshire, Moses; New Jersey, Frelsinger; New Mexico, Fall; New York, Wadsworth; Pennsylvania, Penrose and Knox; Washington, Poinsette, Total, 12.

**Doubtful**

California, Johnson; Colorado, Phipps; Connecticut, Brandegee and McLean; Delaware, Ball; Illinois, McCormick; Indiana, Watson; Maine, Fernald and Hale; Maryland, France; Massachusetts, Walsh; Michigan, Newberry; New York, Calder; Ohio, Harding; Rhode Island, Colt; Vermont, Page and Dillingham; Wisconsin, Leavitt and La Follette; Wyoming, Warren, Total, 20.

In analyzing the poll the league says: "There may be listed in the doubtful group those who are not doubtful at all. But also there are those listed as 'against' who may be said to be doubtful. Again, there are names in the 'for' column that may cause surprise. The name of Senator Smoot is one of these, but reports declare that Utah is firm in support of the covenant."

**Objections Met**

"Moreover, it is asserted that the changes in the covenant meet the objections heretofore expressed by both of the Senators from Utah. Senator King, who was opposed to the original draft, in an interview in Salt Lake a few days ago expressed his belief that the Senate would ratify the peace treaty, including the league of nations. "Senator New, of Indiana, expressed his conviction that the United States should keep out of any league of nations and that he does not believe the people of Indiana favor the league. 'But this does not mean that I will not vote for ratification,' he said. 'I have only read the covenant once, and I have not heard all of the explanations nor the arguments for it.'"

**Attitude of Lodge**

"Perhaps Senator New could be listed as 'undecided,' but his opinion is expressed so strongly that it seems safest to put him in the 'against' column, for the time being, at least. Some of Senator Lodge's friends assert that the changes in the covenant will meet his objections. Senator Lodge most vigorously urged them. And he has not, to date, declared that he will oppose ratification. However, it also seems only fair to list him as against the covenant in endeavoring to figure out the array of proponents and opponents. "Senator Sterling, of South Dakota, one of the signers of the so-called 'round robin,' has not expressed himself in favor of the new covenant, but with the strong favor of the league of nations that has developed in South Dakota it is assumed that he will respond to the will of his constituents. "Senator Watson, of Indiana, does not entirely agree with his colleague, Senator New. He is for 'a' league of nations, and he urged the amendments

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that were made. He is, therefore, placed in the 'doubtful' group with many of his friends confident that he will be won over. "The list as given seems to balance. Perhaps the list of those who are unalterably against the covenant may be slimmed down to Senators Reed, Borah, Poinsette and Sherman. Those in the doubtful group most likely to swing over to support of the covenant are Senators Harding, of Ohio; Page and Dillingham, of Vermont; Phipps, of Colorado; Johnson, of California, and La Follette, of Wisconsin.

### DANIELS ARRANGING WORLD NAVY POLICE TO ENFORCE PEACE

U. S. Secretary Discusses International Fleet Under Nations League With Allied Admirals

London, May 1.—(By A. P.)—A large naval international police force will be necessary under the league of nations plan immediately after peace is declared, in the opinion of Joseph W. Daniels, American secretary of the navy, and one of the objects of his trip abroad is to discuss with the admirals of Italy, France and England some details as to this force, particularly the types of vessels desirable. "The desire of conquest may still linger in the hearts of some nations after peace," said Secretary Daniels, "and such nations must be shown that it would be unprofitable to attempt to accomplish these desires." As the league of nations becomes established, Secretary Daniels added, the naval police force would certainly be decreased in proportion to the strength of the league. The secretary has just returned from a visit to the interned German battle fleet at Scapa Flow. He declined to express an opinion as to the disposition of these German warships.

### LINTON PHONE STRIKE ENDS

Operators Resume Work Pending Settlement of Wage Dispute Linton, Ind., May 1.—(By A. P.)—Striking telephone operators resumed work here yesterday afternoon under a temporary agreement with officials of the telephone company. Martial law has been declared at an end, state troops have been withdrawn and last night the city was quiet. Under the agreement the operators will work for two weeks, pending the outcome of negotiations, at a salary to be determined in the final adjustment. The girls demand wages ranging from \$8 to \$14 a week, or an average increase of 35 per cent.

### RUIN SHOCKS GERMAN

Teuton Delegate Tells of Stupefaction at Sight of Versailles, May 1.—Her Rudiger, secretary to Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, head of the German peace delegation, remarked to the newspaper men present when the chief delegates arrived at Versailles: "Words fail me to describe my feelings as I crossed your devastated regions. I hope the peace which we are about to sign will give satisfaction to all the nations which participated in the war."

### U. S. WAR EXPENSES INCREASE MONTHLY

Good Reason for Subscribing to Loan, Government Officials Say

WAR STAMP SALES DECLINE

By the Associated Press Washington, May 1.—Nearly six months after the signing of the armistice, America's war expenses not only are continuing without abatement, but actually are increasing over those of the past few months. This was shown today by a Treasury report of government outlays for April, amounting to approximately \$1,420,000,000, of which about two-thirds went to pay the nation's direct war bills and one-third went to the Allies to enable them to pay obligations incurred in this country heretofore for war materials and foodstuffs. The gradual mounting of war expenses from month to month, following the big drop from around \$2,000,000,000 a month last December and January, to \$1,180,000,000 in February, was cited by Treasury officials as a very substantial reason why the Victory Loan must be generously subscribed. The increase in the last two months is attributed to the gradual settling of manufacturers' accounts by the War Department and by the higher demand of the Allies for credits with which to pay bills previously incurred in this country. The tremendous outlays in April raised the United States' actual expenditures since the nation entered the war a little more than two years ago to about \$30,500,000,000. About \$9,000,000,000 of this has gone to the Allies and will be repaid eventually. Without war, the government's expenses probably would not have been more than \$3,000,000,000 in the two years, officials believe.

On this basis, it is indicated the govern-

ment has passed something like \$18,500,000,000 across the counter for war materials, army equipment and supplies, merchant ships, navy vessels and the "overhead" costs of maintaining a big fighting machine. Through sale of materials on hand and salvaging of considerable government property, some officials hope to get as much as \$2,000,000,000, thus reducing net war costs. War savings stamps sales are falling lower and lower. In April they amounted to about \$9,500,000; in March they were \$10,143,000; in February \$15,816,000; in January \$70,066,000. For each of the last six months of 1918 sales were on an average of \$100,000,000. After the Victory Loan campaign the distribution of war savings stamps will become more systematic and consequently will grow in volume, the Treasury believes. Officials admit that if the sales do not increase materially the war savings organization will be forced to disband.

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# WANAMAHER'S Down Stairs Store

### Cotton Goods Join the May Reveal of White

Fancy white lawns in attractive checks or stripes, 27 inches wide, are 19c a yard. Better quality white lawns in sheer and dainty checks or stripes, 27 inches wide, are 25c a yard. Soft, fine nainsook, 29 inches wide, 25c a yard. A fine weave in sheer white voile, 40 inches wide, is 29c a yard; 44 inches wide, 40c a yard. A fine nainsook, 36 inches wide, in a 10-yard piece, is \$3.85. Good quality longcloth, 36 inches wide, in 10-yard pieces, is \$1.95. Pink, white or blue underwear crepe of extra quality, 31 inches wide, is 40c a yard. 36-inch white pique, in wide or narrow cords, is 58c, 68c, 75c and \$1 a yard.

### Pretty Pleatings in Neck Lengths--Half Price

They are in 4-yard lengths—which is just enough for a collar—and are in many styles oforgette crepe or chiffon in flesh, white, tan, red or navy blue and combinations of color. 15c to 45c each.

Summer Silks  
35-inch white habutai for summer frocks and blouses is \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2 a yard. 35-inch silk foulard in black and navy blue with dots and figures of many kinds is \$2 a yard. 35-inch lustrous black mesaline of good quality is \$1.75 a yard.

### New Straw Sailors Broad of Brim

Soft, plant rice puff straw is used to make them, and, in spite of their size, they are surprisingly light in weight. The colorings are gay and sunny and will be ever so pretty with bright sweaters. In blue, emerald, rose, gray and henna. They are banded with ribbon and lined with silk to match.

Special at \$3.75

### Women's Cotton Vests 15c Each

Of good ribbed white cotton with low necks and narrow shoulder-straps. Women will want a Summer's supply from these.

### Brocaded Ribbon

for sashes and hairbows comes in white, pink and blue. It is either taffeta or satin brocaded in self color with flowers or butterflies. The 5-inch width is 50c; the 6-inch width, 68c a yard. Any little maid would be delighted with a perky hairbow or a sash of this!

VIRTUALLY our entire stock of women's spring suits is marked at reduced prices.

## Inexpensive Undermuslins in the May White Sale

Women have been asking us if prices are high this season on cotton underclothes. Assuredly they are not. Materials are better and prices in this White Sale are almost as low as in pre-war times.

### 75c Will Buy Nightgowns and Envelope Chemises

and both are cut generously full. The nightgowns are edged about the neck and sleeves with embroidery and the chemises are trimmed with lace.

At \$1 There are Dozens of Styles in envelope chemises and nightgowns in flesh pink and white. They are trimmed with lace or hemstitching.

### A Pink Nightgown at \$1.50

is of soft fine batiste cut with points over the shoulders which are edged with blue featherstitching.

Bloomers at 50c are of pink batiste and crepe-like materials with elastic and ruffles at the knees. Pink crepe bloomers, re-enforced, with hemstitched ruffles, are 85c.

## More Than 1000 Fresh, Clean House Dresses in a May Sale

They are useful, business-like dresses that are trim looking. Of good gingham, percales and chambrays—they are trimmed with plain colors and are comfortably and well made.

At \$1.25 Striped percale belted dresses in stripes of various widths and colors are trimmed with plain color.

At \$1.85 Plain chambray straight-line dresses or checked gingham belted dresses are trimmed with white or plain colors. Two are sketched.

At \$2.35 Gingham dresses in checks and plaids and plain color chambray are in blues, pinks, lavenders and black-and-white combinations.

At \$3 Dresses of plain chambray and tiny checked gingham have fresh white collars and cuffs.

Well-seasoned and perfect goods in clean-looking patterns now marked at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2 a square yard, which is 25c to 75c less than regular.

### White Marquisette Special at 30c a Yard

This marquisette is of an exceptionally good quality and has been selling up to now at one-third more. It is 36 inches wide, and there is a choice of three different, and each one attractive, imitation drawn-work borders. It comes in white or cream color.

### Colored Madras Draperies

at \$4.50 a pair in various multi-colored effects that will harmonize well with the other colorings in the room. They are excellent value and come in plain colors also.

### Chambray Dresses for Girls of 10 to 16—Special at \$3.75

They are of brown, blue or green chambray made in a youthful style with a round neck, and cuffs and pockets trimmed with plaid gingham or white pique. And they are embroidered in front. Small women can wear these for house dresses.

### Plaid Bloomer Frocks at 15c

are for maids of 6 to 14 years. They are in blue, pink and green plaid, high-waisted and box-plaited and have collars of white pique.

### Middy Skirts, \$2

are of plain cadet blue or white chambray pleated on to a body. 6 to 14 year sizes.

### More Fresh Cotton Frocks Arrive at \$5 and \$6

Two of the six-dollar frocks are sketched. The one on the left is of madras in pretty stripes with a fresh roll collar and vestee of crisp white organdie. The other is of printed voile and is to be had in light and dark colorings. The girde of narrow velvet ribbon crosses and ends in long sash ends. A new organdie frock in white, lavender and light blue has a double roll collar and a loose belt fastening at the side with crocheted buttons. It is in extra sizes, \$5. Other delightful new frocks of voiles at \$5.75, \$10 and \$12, and of gingham at \$6 and \$7.50.

Low-Priced Corsets  
A model for the average to the full figure is \$1.25. The material is a firm white coutil and it has medium bust, and a well-boned long skirt. A splendid Will-o'-Wisp girde for the young girl or for a slight figure is marked \$1.50. It is very short in back with an elastic gore and longer over the hip. 15 laces in front and has four hose supporters.

### Splendid Shoes for the Junior Members of the Family

For Girls  
Dark tan and black calfskin shoes are \$1.99 and \$5.10 a pair. Black and dark tan calfskin oxford ties are \$5.40. Black patent leather ankle-strap pumps are \$4.90.

White Shoes for Girls  
Shoes of white leather with buckskin finish, with leather or rubber soles, are \$4.50. White oxford ties and pumps of leather with a buckskin finish are \$5.75. White canvas shoes are \$2 to \$2.50. Oxford ties of black calfskin or patent leather, tan calfskin and white buckskin-finish leather are \$3.75 to \$5.50. Ankle-strap pumps of black patent leather or calfskin and white buckskin-finish leather are \$2.75 to \$4. White canvas ankle-strap pumps are \$2.50 to \$3. Other shoes and pumps for small children are to be had at proportionately low prices.

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