

THE WEATHER									
Washington, April 22.—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday.									
TEMPERATURE AT EACH HOUR									
8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5
46	48	50	54						

Evening Public Ledger

POSTSCRIPT

VOL. V.—NO. 188

Published Daily Except Sunday. Subscription Price \$4 a Year by Mail. Philadelphia, Tuesday, April 22, 1919

Entered as Second-Class Matter at the Postoffice at Philadelphia, Pa., Under the Act of March 3, 1879. PRICE TWO CENTS

WILSON ATTACKS BILL TO INCREASE STAFF OF ROTAN

"Dangerous," Says a Public Safety Head, Testifying at Hearing on Daix Measure

DIRECTOR IS CAPITAL SPOKESMAN FOR VARE

Power Could Be Used in "Ultra-Terrior and Illegal Manner," Committee Told



MRS. ANNA LEADLEY

Mother of 16 Children Killed Hurrying Husband's Meal

Women Run Down Rushing for Bread by Train—Third Fatal Accident in Two Years in Family

Mrs. Anna Leadley, forty-eight years old, who lives in the Falls of the Schuylkill, gave up her life today in an effort to save a few moments' time in the preparation of her husband's breakfast.

She hurried through a broken railing guarding the Philadelphia and Reading Railway tracks, opposite her home, to buy a loaf of bread in a grocery store on the other side of the street and was struck by a train. Both legs were severed and she died while she was being taken to St. Timothy's Hospital.

Mrs. Leadley was the mother of sixteen children, eight of whom—five boys and three girls—are living. The youngest child is two months old.

The husband and father, George Leadley, who is employed in the Dougherty mill, is heartbroken over the tragedy—the third fatal accident to his own family in the last two years.

Four months ago a daughter, Genevieve, aged six years, was killed in a trolley accident. The child in some manner stepped in front of the car in Madison, and he carried the woman down the three flights of stairs through the raging flames.

Mrs. Ollibell was hurried to the Hahnemann Hospital, where she suffers from severe burns on the hands.

The fire in Danderson's store spread to the adjoining home of William Taylor, a negro, at 8000 Erwick avenue. Both the store and the adjoining house were destroyed before the fire companies arrived.

The origin of the fire in each case is not known.

PENROSE DEMANDS HASTE ON CHARTER SAYS OLD CHARTER MEETS ALL NEEDS

Won't Tolerate Delay After Hearing Next Tuesday on Woodward Bill

High Points in Police Commissioner Measure

\$350,000 FIRE IN SCRANTON

Several Large Business Establishments Destroyed

CONNELLY INDUSTRY CHIEF

Dean of Carnegie Institute New Acting State Commissioner

FIRST DRANK AT COLLEGE

Yale Senior Statistics Show Tippers Learned Habit There

GERMAN MINES TO CLOSE

Companies, "Struck to Death," Have Sustained Enormous Losses

Shows and Flowers!

HUNGARIAN SOVIET RULERS FORCED TO QUIT, SAY REPORTS

Bela Kun Resigns Under Pressure of Rumanian Soldiers, Vienna Hears

CZECHO-SLOVAK TROOPS HELP IN DEFEATING REDS

Wild Chaos Said to Prevail at Budapest—30,000 Szeklers Desert

Budapest, Sunday, April 29.—(By A. P.)—The downfall of the Hungarian soviet government, headed by Bela Kun, has resigned under pressure of Rumanian troops, according to a dispatch to the Central News from Vienna quoting reports received in that city by airmail from Budapest. Wild chaos is said to prevail at the Hungarian capital.

It is reported that Czech forces have joined the Rumanians and have defeated the Hungarian soviet troops.

Budapest, Sunday, April 29.—(By A. P.)—The downfall of the Hungarian soviet government is expected here as a result of the desertion of 30,000 Szekler troops to the Rumanians and new movements against Hungary by the Czecho-Slovaks. It is said that a Social Democratic regime, headed by Sigmond Knaff, present commissary of education, may succeed to control.

[The Szeklers are a minor race in the Transylvania Alps and are related to the Magyars.]

The Red Guards have been provided with hand grenades and efforts are being made to intensify the discipline of the people here. Conspiracy has been proclaimed, and fresh extremist outbreaks are dreaded, as the conscription order is regarded as certain to destroy the order which has hitherto been maintained.

The action of the soviet government in arresting members of the clergy has united the Catholics, Lutherans and Calvinists in strong opposition, and, on the whole, the soviet forces are so obviously in the minority that the regime cannot possibly continue. It was only by most clever maneuvering that the soviet government, for they fared better with the Socialists than with the communists and they are now growing restive.

The elimination of the soviet government, however, may be attended by violence and murders and looting by the worst elements of the Red Guards are expected.

The news of a Rumanian advance caused intense excitement. Following upon vehement speeches at meetings on Saturday of the soldiers and workmen's councils, the government issued a series of impassioned appeals to the public to arm themselves and complete the revolution, which is declared to be in great peril.

London, April 29.—(By A. P.)—Bela Kun, Hungarian foreign minister, accompanied by other members of the government, has left for the front, according to a Budapest dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, to take command.

[No information is given as to the date of the Budapest report or the "front" for which Bela Kun was said to have left.]

STATE GRANGE IN SESSION

Hundreds Attend Meeting at West Chester—Gifford Pinchot to Speak

VEDRINES DASHED TO DEATH

Dared Myriad Perils in Air—Killed Making Landing

Novel Features in Drive

Can Enforce Health Rules

Powers Consider Japanese Issue, Deferring Dalmatian

Premier Orlando Still Absent When Allied Council Resumes Its Session Today. Try to Reconcile Differences

By the Associated Press

Paris, April 22.—The Italian premier, the Italian premier, was absent this morning when deliberations were resumed at the Paris "White House." President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George and Clemenceau were present.

The President and the two premiers went again into the Japanese question presented by Baron Makino and Viscount Chinda, which were taken up when the deadlock over the Adriatic question was reached yesterday.

The question of the Italian claims was not disposed of at the meeting of the council of four yesterday afternoon.

The council was unable to agree on the Adriatic question and decided to discuss the Japanese question which is the subject of the Adriatic pact and Fiume would be settled at the afternoon session at the "White House," but, contrary to expectation, neither Premier Orlando nor Foreign Minister Sonnino appeared. So the question could not be taken up.

Pending receipt of information as to the course of the Italian delegates in desiring to continue the negotiations, the council will take no further action on the subject.

No Statement Issued

No statement regarding the Adriatic issue has appeared and it was said that none would be issued.

At the Italian headquarters it was said that Premier Orlando had not left Rome and that he could not go until he could take with him a definite decision on the Italian claim.

The President's visit to American headquarters at noon lasted about an hour. It was made clear the situation is serious and the President's determination was irrevocably against any recognition of the secret treaty of London, on which Italy largely bases her claim to the eastern Adriatic coast.

The delegation gave its full support to the President's attitude.

In the meantime, efforts to reconcile the differences in the council proceeded with Premier Clemenceau and Premier Lloyd George still hearing the insistent presentation of Italy's claims by Premier Orlando.

Dutch Socialist Declares Allies Are Annihilating Foe Economically

Amsterdam, April 22.—"The league of nations is a caricature and the entire's enemies are simply being economically annihilated," said Peter J. Troelstra, the Dutch Socialist leader, in addressing the congress of the Socialist labor party here.

Troelstra said the Entente had increased the chance of a revolution in western Europe by the decisions of the Peace Conference.

"A vigorous protest must be made against the trickery of the Entente Powers," he continued. "Their peace of violence is worse than if Germany had won the war. A strong movement must be started against them if peace is to be made on a socialist basis."

The speaker absolutely rejected the idea of Bolshevism in the Netherlands, saying that if a revolution visited the Netherlands it must come without the soldiers and workmen's council.

WINSTON FOR POLICE COMMISSION IF NECESSARY

An Intimation that the Charter Revision Committee might approve the plan for a police commission was given this afternoon by the chairman, John C. Winston. He said, however, the committee would like to take the police out of politics without disturbing the home rule principle.

BREWERS HERE SUBSCRIBE \$300,000 TO LOAN

H. A. Poth, chairman of the Industrial Group Committee, which embraces the brewers, announced today that to date the brewers have subscribed \$300,000 to the Victory Loan.

COMMITTEE REPORTS OUT DAIX MEASURE

Loan Total Here Passes 10 Million

Campaign Off With "Whoop" as One-sixth of Banks

A \$200,000 SUBSCRIPTION EXPEDIENT TRIED IN N. Y.

Less than one-sixth of the banks in the Third Federal Reserve District today reported a total of \$1,167,230 subscription to the Victory Loan.

Real Estate Profiteers Will Have to Answer to the Philadelphia Housing Association.

That organization cannot force them to reduce exorbitant rents.

New York devised this expedient in its fight against apartment house profiteers. There a situation very like our own is subjecting thousands of families to hardship.

The Philadelphia Housing Association, though so far in the fight alone, plans the same sort of a campaign.

During the war thousands of houses were allowed to fall into disrepair. This was inevitable because of war conditions.

Now that the war is over it is possible to enforce sanitary rules without too great hardship on owners.

Novel Features in Drive

WILSON IS FIRM FOR PRINCIPLES OF WORLD UNION

Will Take No Action on Dalmatia or Alliance Conflict—Working With League

FOE'S ENVOYS TO HOLD FULL POWER TO ACT

Germans Accept All Conditions for Versailles Conference, Marshal Foch Announces

PLEBISCITE TO BE REFUSED

Actual Text of Treaty Will Not Be Ready by Date for Meeting

Washington, April 22.—Administration officials were advised in a confidential cablegram from Paris today that, in the consideration of problems confronting the peace conference, such as Italy's Adriatic claims and the question of an alliance to protect France from future aggression, President Wilson would take no action which might in the slightest degree jeopardize the league of nations or conflict with its fundamental principles.

The message was a reply to a cablegram of inquiry regarding the President's attitude toward a secret alliance, which, according to certain Paris newspapers, contemplated a special defensive pact to be entered into by France, Great Britain and the United States.

The omission of the apparent deadlock over Italy's Adriatic claims is awaited in official quarters here with evident anxiety. The situation, as pictured in press dispatches, is regarded as serious, and there was no message from Paris yesterday or today similar to those last week, reporting gratifying progress at the peace table.

Paris, April 22.—(By A. P.)—Germany has notified the Allies that she accepts all the Allied conditions respecting the Versailles Congress. This official announcement was made last night.

Germany will send the following delegates to the Versailles Congress with full powers to negotiate.

Count von Brockhoff-Rantzau, foreign minister; Herr Landsberg, secretary for publicity, art and literature; Dr. Theodore Meibner, general manager of the Warburg Bank; Herr Leinert, president of the Prussian Assembly and of the National Soviet Congress; Herr Geisberg, minister of posts and telegraphs; and Herr Scheueking.

In all the German party will number seventy-five. The arrival of the delegates cannot be expected before April 28.

Discussion of the terms by the Versailles congress after the Germans are called in will not be continued longer than May 15, the Echo de Paris today declares. The Germans will be required to sign the peace conditions, subject only to ratification by their government, the Allies not consenting that these conditions shall be submitted to a plebiscite, it adds.

The German version of the invitation addressed by the supreme council to Germany to send delegates to Versailles, according to a wireless dispatch, is as follows:

"The supreme council of the Allied and associated powers has decided to convene for the evening of April 25 at Versailles the German delegates, who should be vested with full powers in preliminary drawn up by the Allies and associated powers can be communicated to them. The German government is accordingly requested to give as soon as possible the number, names and ranks of the delegates it intends to send to Versailles, with the number, names and ranks of the persons accompanying them."

"The German delegation could not go beyond the role attributed to it and should include only persons intended to accomplish its special mission."

Council Alters Plans

The plans and program of the council of four for discussions with the Germans have been altered, in no small degree apparently, on account of the fact that it was found a physical impossibility since the instructions to appear on April 25 were sent to the German delegates to have the actual text of the proposed treaty ready by that date. This would necessitate communicating the determinations of the Allied and associated governments to a certain extent in outline or in form formal shape than the details text.

For this purpose the presence of a

Foe's Submission Pleases

Satisfaction is expressed by the Paris press at the speedy subsidence of the flurry over the question of what German delegates should come to Versailles.

Continued on Page Two, Column Five

Continued on Page Two, Column Four

Continued on Page Six, Column Three

Continued on Page Eight, Column Two