

THE WEATHER											
Washington, April 7.—Cloudy to night and tomorrow.											
TEMPERATURE AT EACH HOUR											
8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
45	45	47	52	61	67	71					

# Evening Public Ledger

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## TENSE SITUATION DEVELOPS IN PEACE CONFERENCE; HUNGARIAN SOVIET REGIME REPORTED OVERTHROWN

### BUDAPEST RED RULE ENDS, KUN KILLED, RUMOR

Communists' Foreign Minister Declared Assassinated in Counter-Revolution

### NEW BAVARIAN COUP DISCREDITED AT BERLIN

No Radical Government Proclaimed at Munich Officially. Dispatches Indicate

### DEMOCRATS FIGHT CHANGE

Workmen at Dusseldorf Demand Coalition With Russia and Ebert's Surrender

### Red Uprising Imminent in Austria, Says Report

Washington, April 7.—(By A. P.)—Advices reaching the State Department today indirectly from Vienna said a communist revolution seemed imminent in German Austria.

By the Associated Press

Vienna, April 7.—The Hungarian communist government in Budapest has been overthrown, according to rumors current in official circles, the newspapers say.

Bela Kun, the foreign minister, is reported to have been assassinated. The reports do not state whether the attempted revolution in Budapest was organized by the Socialists or the Bourgeois parties.

Budapest, April 5 delayed.—(By A. P.)—The Hungarian government has proposed to General Jan Christian Smuts, who was sent here by the Peace Conference at Paris, that conferences be held at Vienna or Prague between representatives of Czechoslovakia, Rumania, German Austria, Hungary and Jugoslavia regarding boundaries and economic questions.

Bela Kun, the Hungarian foreign minister, in discussing the situation with the Associated Press today, said: "This is the first time the Entente has sent us a diplomatic mission. This is proof that the Soviet government is the first strong regime since the November revolution. There is not the least sign that the Entente wishes to undertake military operations against us. General Smuts has been received in a friendly spirit, and a proposition for a conference concerning boundaries has been submitted to him."

The communist government in Budapest was still in office Saturday, as the foregoing interview with Bela Kun shows. Recent reports from Budapest have indicated that the communist government was not meeting with very strong opposition, at least in the Hungarian capital, in carrying out its measures.

Bela Kun was formerly private secretary to Premier Lenin of the Russian soviet government, and has been looked upon as the real leader of the communist government in Hungary.

Berlin, Sunday, April 6.—(By A. P.)—There has been no definite news here concerning the situation in Munich since the reports were received of the so-called exciting occurrences. From such news as has reached Berlin, however, it seems probable that a soviet government has not yet been proclaimed in any way that can be regarded as official or binding.

The Bavarian national conference of social democrats at Nuremberg voted 42 to 8 against the introduction of a soviet republic in Bavaria.

The proponents of the soviet plan at Munich met with strong opposition in two quarters. The Bavarian diet, it is true, can hardly meet Tuesday, as had been the program, because it is not assured of the support of the troops in Munich. These were reported in Munich dispatches yesterday to have expressed sympathy with the soviet cause, but to have declared their intention to maintain neutrality, although they would not protect the Diet building, which is armed with machine guns.

The unexpected opposition to the so-called soviet plan, however, have met with great opposition on the part of the bourgeoisie, on the one hand, and the peasants, on the other hand. The peasants hold the trump card in their control of the supply of foodstuffs, which they have declared they would refuse to deliver in case a soviet government were proclaimed.

### HUSBAND HELPLESS WHEN YOUNG BRIDE FALLS INTO RIVER

Paul Schlechter Vainly Dives Into Delaware in Effort to Save His Wife

Mrs. Ida Schlechter, twenty years old, a bride of a few weeks, was drowned at Hog Island yesterday, when she lost her foothold and fell into the water while visiting the big ship-building plant.

Her husband, Paul Schlechter, dived into the river in a vain effort to save her.

Mrs. Schlechter was an assistant in the University of Pennsylvania library, and was married several weeks ago while her husband was a student there. The couple lived at 3449 Walnut street.

The young couple had gone to Hog Island yesterday morning so that Mrs. Schlechter could see the yard where her husband was employed as an accountant for the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

Schlechter was in the naval unit of the S. A. T. C. at the University during the summer but was released from service several months ago.

Mrs. Schlechter, who before her marriage was Miss Ida Worst, of Gap, near Lancaster, came to Philadelphia to get a position and met Schlechter after she had obtained one at the University library.

### FIUME DISORDER DENIED

Rome Declares Plebiscite Favored City's Union With Italy

New York, April 7.—(By A. P.)—The Italian Bureau of Information announced today the receipt of a cable message from Paris saying a wireless message from Rome officially denied that a state of siege had been proclaimed at Fiume by the commander of the Inter-Allied troops in that city.

The south Slav press bureau at Fiume reported the city to be in a state of siege in a cablegram received here March 30.

According to the Italian bureau, there has been no unusual development in the former Austrian port except the taking of a plebiscite through which, the bureau claims, the voters declared in favor of the union of the city with Italy and adopted the Italian flag as the official municipal emblem.

### SIMS NEARS NEW YORK

Fog Lifts After Delaying Arrival of Mauretania

New York, April 7.—(By A. P.)—A wireless message from the Mauretania, on which Vice Admiral William S. Sims is returning, said the vessel would arrive at her pier here probably between 1 and 2 o'clock this afternoon. Reports from Sandy Hook said the heavy fog, which delayed the Cunarder bearing the American naval commander and forced it to move slowly as it approached this port, was lifting.

### CHILD KILLS BABY BROTHER

Boy of 7 Shoots Younger Lad With Chance-Found Revolver

Five-year-old William Stewart was shot today and killed by his brother Walter, seven years old, in their home, 3852 Olive street.

Walter found a revolver when rummaging through a trunk and, believing it was a toy revolver, aimed at his younger brother and fired.

William fell to the floor, unconscious. He was found by his mother and taken to the Presbyterian Hospital, but died before reaching there. Walter was arrested. The boys are negroes.

### DIES IN SUBWAY GOING TO BEDSIDE OF WOUNDED SON

City Detective, of Pittsburgh, on Way Home, Succumbs in Train

### Troops "Welcome" Space for Wives and Mothers

No Accommodations on Boats or Grandstands for "Mere Friends" of "Iron Division" Men, Committee Points Out

There will be no room for mere friends on the boats and grandstands used in the program to welcome "Iron" Division men.

Mothers, fathers, sisters and fiancées are placed by the committee ahead of even other relatives and threaten to take up all available room.

In long lines that gradually creep closer to the busy women at the desks, yet never seemed to shorten, these applicants crowded the office of the welcome home committee in the Liberty building today.

Though it is weeks before their soldiers will be in Philadelphia, they sought admission tickets to the welcome boats and the grandstands.

Sweet-looking old mothers, whose hands trembled and eyes blurred at the mere mention of their soldier boys; young women still conscious of the plain band ring on their third fingers—pretty, homely, haggard or abloom with youth and vitality—they were brought together by the great call of human love.

Three women at desks were taking names and addresses and filling applications as rapidly as fingers could write. There was the steady hum of voices as the women in line forgot they were strangers and spoke to one another.

In the applicant's chair at the first desk sat a little Italian woman. A green plaid shawl lay across her shoulders. Her head was bare, and her straight black hair straggled a bit as though she had just pushed the shawl back from it. An olive skinned boy,

perhaps ten years old, standing beside her now and then supplemented her halting speech, with details concerning the hero of the family. He went to the big soldier whom they wanted to meet.

"Heem my son," said the woman. "We want to see hem from boat. Oh, yes he was—what you call it—gassed?"

Longs for 17-Year-Old Lad  
At another desk a white-haired mother told how her heart cried out to see her "boy Jack." The "boy" is Private Jack Edwards, of Company D, 11th Infantry. Only seventeen years old, he is the eldest of eight children and the hero of the family. He went to France last May and was gassed in one of the early battles in which he participated.

The story of another youthful soldier was heard when Frank A. Marley asked for permits to go on the official welcome boat to meet his son.

"We haven't seen the boy for twenty-six months," said the proud father. "He enlisted as the youngest man from Berks county and he is the youngest casual. He won't be seventeen years old till the twenty-ninth of this month."

Bereft of her own son, Mrs. Edwin L. Dangerfield, of Magnolia and Stratford avenues, Aldan, Pa., offered her services in doing anything to welcome her boy's returning comrades.

"Edwin, my own boy," she explained, "was in the machine-gun company of the 109th, and was one of the fourteen boys who lost their lives when they volunteered to go ahead and look for the enemy."

### WILSON BETTER; WILL NOT ATTEND TODAY'S COUNCIL

President's Physician Orders Him to Keep to Room Until Tomorrow

President Wilson is better, but the Allies agree to send them by other routes. The issue is not important except as showing the importance of the Peace Conference to enforce its will upon Germany or apparently even on Poland.

### COLD NOW WEARING OFF, BUT GRAYSON IS CAUTIOUS

Receives Reports From U. S. Peace Mission at Sunday Conference

Paris, April 7.—President Wilson's condition was improved this morning, but, by the direction of Rear Admiral Grayson, his physician, the President will remain in his room today, attending no meetings.

Apparently the President's cold is in the last stages of the wearing-off process. He hopes to be able to resume work on Tuesday.

President Wilson had reached a point so far on the road to recovery that Rear Admiral Grayson, his personal physician, permitted him to receive late yesterday the other American peace commissioners. It was the first time the President had talked to any one other than Colonel House, Admiral Grayson and the immediate members of his household since he became ill.

The reception by President Wilson of Secretary of State Lansing, General Bliss, Henry White and Colonel House took place in the President's bedroom. The five men discussed the work done since illness eliminated President Wilson from the conference Thursday night and planned the program for the present week.

General Bliss explained what he regarded as a satisfactory adjustment of the Danzig questions, and assurances were given by all the other delegates that progress had been made by the different commissions with the possible exception of the reparations commission. Mr. White expressed the belief that material advancement had been recorded on territorial questions.

It is understood that President Wilson impressed upon the delegates the extraordinary importance of an early agreement. His conviction is said to be that a long step must be taken this week toward the preparation of the peace treaty.

### JAIL CRITICS IF GAG BILL PASSES

Doctor Lewis, of U. of P., Sees Droll Possibilities of Proposed Sedition Law

Critics of the administration would promptly go to jail under the sedition bill now before the Legislature, in the opinion of Dr. William Draper Lewis, of the University of Pennsylvania Law School.

Doctor Lewis, an expert on constitutional law, finds in the sedition bill a distinct menace to all public utterance. He finds that, under this bill, every distinguished public man inevitably would make himself a felon in the next political campaign.

The sedition bill, now in the hands of the judiciary general committee of the House of Representatives, was introduced last Tuesday by Representative Flynn, of Elk county. It is known as an administration measure.

It prohibits any utterance, writing or meeting that "tends to arouse discontent against the state or national government." It refuses the right of assemblage to any person talking discontent and, in the view of Doctor Lewis, absolutely prohibits the usual methods of political campaigning.

All Politicians Not Scamps  
"When I was much younger," said Doctor Lewis, "I had the not uncommon idea of a great many good people that all persons in public life were nefarious politicians. At that time I

### Powers Won't Use Danzig; Germans Influence Peace

Foch Wins Right of Passage of Polish Troops Through Disputed Port, But Will Send Them by Other Routes

Paris, April 7.—Marshal Foch's meetings at Spa concerning German representatives, illustrates the extent to which Germany is writing the peace treaty.

The peace which is being made is a negotiated peace.

Marshal Foch went to Spa to get the Polish troops through Germany and still to save the face of the Entente by making it appear that the Germans backed down on their refusal to allow the Poles to enter by way of Danzig. He achieved that result.

The Germans agree to let General Haller's troops pass through Danzig, but the Allies agree to send them by other routes. The issue is not important except as showing the importance of the Peace Conference to enforce its will upon Germany or apparently even on Poland.

The Germans demanded guarantees that Polish troops would not remain at Danzig. The Entente apparently was unable to give satisfactory guarantees.

The whole peace now being framed is like the proposal Marshal Foch took to Danzig to meet German objections and to secure the German signature with the least resistance possible on the part of Germany.

Already it is a negotiated peace in the sense that every objection made by Bernsdorff, Erzberger, Scheidemann or Brockdorff-Rantzau in their interviews in the German press is being carefully met by the conference at Paris who feel they must get peace, whatever happens. It may be that when the termsans

### MEXICAN YAQUI SEIZE ARMS ON RAID INTO U. S. NOGALES, ARIZ., APRIL 7.—Yaqui Indians yesterday crossed the boundary from the state of Sonora, Mexico, into the United States, obtained a large amount of arms and ammunition and then recrossed into Mexico, headed, it is believed, toward Nogales, Sonora. This information was brought here today by Mexican officials.

### TEMPERATURE CLIMBS TO 73

The Weather Bureau reported this afternoon that the temperature at 2 o'clock had come within five degrees of breaking the hot weather record for April 7 in the last forty-five years. The temperature at 2 o'clock was 73.

### HARRISBURG RECESS BEGINS WEDNESDAY AND ENDS APRIL 21

Dates Announced Following Conference of State Senator Crow With Penrose

The Pennsylvania Legislature's Easter recess is to begin Wednesday, April 9, and continue until Easter Monday, April 21.

This was announced here this afternoon by State Senator William E. Crow, of Fayette county, after a lengthy conference with Senator Penrose in the latter's office in the Commercial Trust Building.

Beyond confirming the dates announced by Senator Crow, Senator Penrose said he had nothing further to add concerning the subject of the conference today.

The illness of Governor Sproul was the big factor, it is said, in the length of this term's Easter recess, which is to begin one week sooner than the customary adjournment over the Easter holidays.

### DYING FROM AX GASHES

Victim Won't Tell How or by Whom Attacked

Found in a dying condition near Broad and Lombard streets early this morning, Antonio Palmarino, ferry driver, Camden, is in the Polyclinic Hospital and refuses to tell how he was injured.

His head is severely gashed and his right arm is broken. Physicians say his injuries were inflicted by an axe.

Palmarino was found semiconscious under a temporary bridge in front of a building operation near Broad and Lombard streets. He was found by Dean and Myers, patrolmen of the Twelfth and Pine streets station. A short time before the patrolmen had heard a conversation in Italian near the building, but heard no sounds of an attack.

Soldier's Pocket Picked  
Walter Vincior, Queen Lane, Germantown, and John Wheatley, North Sixteenth street, were held in \$600 bail each for court by Magistrate Meclary today, accused of stealing a pocketbook containing \$10 from Robert Turner, 3513 West Allegheny avenue. Turner, who was discharged from the army Saturday, said he had obtained a new purse from a welfare organization near Eighth and Cherry streets and that the man picked his pocket after following him from the place.

Deny Volcanic Eruption  
Brazilian Authorities Declare Published Story is "April Fool" Joke  
Rio Janeiro, April 7.—(By A. P.)—Reports of a volcanic eruption in the mountain range near Palmeira dos Indios, in the region of Pernambuco, with heavy loss of life and great property damage, are denied by Brazilian Government authorities and by Dr. Henrique Morize, director of the Meteorological Observatory of the University of Rio Janeiro. Doctor Morize said: "There does not exist and there never has existed a volcano in Brazil. The story published in the United States can only be attributed to an 'April fool' joke."

General Pershing's Son Also Passenger on Liner Leviathan  
New York, April 7.—(By A. P.)—Secretary of War Baker, Hugh C. Wallace, of Tacoma, Wash., the new United States ambassador to France; fifteen members of the House military affairs committee and Warren Pershing, the nine-year-old son of General Pershing, accompanied by his guardian, Sergeant Wise, were passengers aboard the steamship Leviathan, which sailed from here at noon today for France.

Sherman Baker was accompanied by C. W. Cuthbert, War Department representative on the American Liquidation Commission, and by his secretary, Stanley King. It is expected the secretary's stay in France will be brief.

### PREMIERS READY TO SHIFT BLAME OF PEACE DELAY

Lloyd George Expected to Issue Statement Placing Fault on Wilson

Paris, April 7.—President Wilson's action in ordering the steamship George Washington from America for Brest and Lloyd George's statement to the British press on Saturday to the effect that an agreement had been reached on all points are regarded here as two moves in the preparation to place the responsibility for delays in making peace upon the other's shoulders.

Lloyd George apparently is getting ready to criticize President Wilson in the British Parliament or in a public statement for causing the delays at Paris.

Mr. Wilson, at a meeting of the American delegation at Brest, where a pessimistic view prevailed concerning the peace outlook, is understood to have reached a decision to issue an appeal to the public, putting the responsibility for the delay on France, and possibly, also on England.

The French and English hold the view that President Wilson cannot carry out his "bluff" to go home. The situation is tense. Unless it is patched up, some decisive move is said to be certain this week.

The only question is who will strike first.

London, April 7.—Premier Lloyd George will make an important statement tonight concerning the completion of the work of the Peace Conference, a Central News dispatch from Paris says.

By the Associated Press  
Paris, April 7.—Paul Dunauskas, general secretary of the Peace Conference, will go to Versailles today to prepare for the arrival of the German plenipotentiaries.

It is probable that the preparatory meeting will take place in the former meeting room of the supreme war council and that the treaty will be signed in the main palace at Versailles.

The Peace Conference committee on reparations and damage today adopted a provisional report upon the various forms of damage and the methods of valuation. The report was presented by the first subcommittee of the commission.

An extremely optimistic impression now prevails regarding the settlement favorably to France of the questions of her security against future aggression and the neutralization of the left bank and of part of the right bank of the Rhine. This is voiced today by the Petit Journal, which, in treating of the financial aspects of the situation, also states that it appears France will be completely indemnified.

The belief prevails, the newspaper adds, that Premier Clemenceau's viewpoint regarding reclamation from Germany and a special indemnity for pensions for cripples and war widows will be upheld.

Lloyd George Confident  
The preliminary peace treaty will be ready by Easter and the Germans will be asked to come and sign it at the end of April or the beginning of May. Premier Lloyd George, of Great Britain, declared in an interview yesterday with Stephane Lausanne, editor of the Matin.

In answer to a remark by M. Lausanne that what troubled public opinion was not so much the delay at the conference in which the peace negotiations were wrapped and the fear that there was some divergence of opinion, the British premier said:

"I affirm absolutely that there is no divergence among the negotiators. They are often confronted with technical differences which can only be settled after close study. The questions of reparations. In substance, they will have one common principle which

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