

THE WEATHER
Washington, March 27.—Forecast for tomorrow and tonight: fair tomorrow.
TEMPERATURE AT EACH HOUR

8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5
50	58	59	60	61	63	62			

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PRICE TWO CENTS

MANGIN TO COMMAND IN EAST; ALLIED DRIVE HINTED; FORMER PHILA. GUARDSMEN TO DEBAR AT THIS PORT

28TH DIVISION CITY SOLDIERS TO LAND HERE

Old N. G. P. Units to Be Brought Up Delaware Latter Part of May

WAR CHIEFS CONSENT TO PARADE OF "BOYS"

Entire "Iron Division" to Participate in Jubilee Celebration After Demobilizing

3 REGIMENTS IN LIST

109th and 110th Infantry and 108th Field Artillery Coming to Home Piers

Philadelphia soldiers in Pennsylvania's famous "Iron Division"—the Twenty-eighth—will disembark at this port.

In the detachment of returning soldiers will be the 109th and 110th Infantry Regiments and the 108th Field Artillery.

These regiments were formerly the First, Second, Third and part of the Sixth Regiments of the old National Guard of Pennsylvania.

The remainder of the division, made up largely of troops from the western part of Pennsylvania, will be disembarked at New York. The War Department announced today that facilities here are inadequate for the landing of this part of the division.

The Department promised, however, that when the entire division shall be demobilized out of the service at Camp Dix, it will come to this city for a big parade. Philadelphia will then have opportunity to see in one long line of march the state's sons who fought so heroically during the war.

Guenter Makes Announcement

Announcement of the War Department's decision to permit the Philadelphia soldiers to disembark in their home town was made this afternoon in Washington by J. J. Guenter, secretary of the Philadelphia branch, Council of National Defense.

Mr. Guenter, together with Adjutant General Frank D. Beary, was in conference in Washington with Major General Frank W. Clegg, chief of the War Department's demobilization division, and Colonel Joseph R. McAndrews.

There was no definite announcement as to the time of disembarkation, but it is presumed it will reach here some time the latter part of May.

It was announced several days ago that the division had been ordered from the advanced area, had broken camp and had arrived at or was en route to a port of embarkation.

"We succeeded in obtaining practically everything that we asked for," said Mr. Guenter, following the conference. "The army officials agreed that there appeared to be some physical objections to bringing the entire division to Philadelphia. But they hoped that the men who hail from Philadelphia and nearby ports will be disembarked at their home ports."

They will then be sent to Camp Dix, where they will be joined by the remainder of the division, which will be disembarked at New York. It is expected that the trip to New York to get an early glimpse of them as would have been necessary had the whole division been landed there.

"In view of the officials consenting to make arrangements to parade the entire division in Philadelphia at a time suitable to the state and city officials later on, we considered the proposal as very reasonable and did not believe it wise to insist further upon the whole division being disembarked at the Philadelphia docks."

Mr. Guenter reached Washington yesterday, expecting to meet General Beary and take the matter up with the War Department officials. General Beary did not reach Washington until after midnight last night, however, so the conference was held today. Falling to locate General Beary this morning, Mr. Guenter went to the War Department alone and had the arrangements completed when General Beary appeared.

Mr. Guenter presented facts and figures to the War Department officials, emphasizing that the port of Philadelphia has ample docking and terminal facilities for taking care of the Philadelphia soldiers.



MRS. ROBERT MASSEY DRAYTON

MRS. ROBERT DRAYTON DEAD Society Woman Pneumonia Victim After Brief Illness

Mrs. Anna Rodman Drayton, wife of Robert Massey Drayton, and prominent in society, died early this morning at her home, 8515 Seminole avenue, Chestnut Hill.

With her when she died were her husband and her daughter, Miss Evelyn B. Drayton. Mrs. Drayton's death was due to pneumonia, which developed from a cold contracted several days ago.

Mrs. Drayton was a daughter of the late Charles Henry Jones. Her husband is a member of the firm of Robert M. Drayton & Co., 1216 Walnut street.

PALMER'S O. K. ON WILLIAMS

Attorney General Says Comptroller's Title Is Clear

Washington, March 27.—(By A. P.)—Attorney General Palmer in an opinion to Secretary Glass has stated that the Secretary has authority to continue John Shelton Williams in office as Comptroller of the Currency and ex-officio member of the Federal Reserve Board, despite failure of Congress to confirm his re-nomination.

Secretary Glass made public today a copy of a letter to Representative McFadden, of Pennsylvania, who has insisted that Mr. Williams' continuance in office was illegal.

Mr. McFadden was informed that the opinion of legal officers of the Treasury that a recess appointment for the Comptroller was unnecessary was supported by the Attorney General.

CHILDREN RESCUED AT FIRE

Neighbor and Patrolman Carry Little Ones From Burning Home

Two children were rescued from their burning home at 512 Emily street this afternoon by a neighbor and a patrolman, who battered down the door and carried them to safety.

They are James Kuhn, three years old, and Inez, five years old. They were alone in the house. Their father is William Kuhn.

The house was severely damaged and the two adjoining houses were slightly so.

People living in the neighborhood saw smoke coming from the house, and Patrolman Getson, of the Fourth street and Snyder avenue police station, and the neighbor, James Roach, broke down the front door and carried the children out of the house.

JERSEY'S 29TH HOME IN JUNE

Guardsmen to Be Followed by 78th Month Later

The Twenty-ninth Division of former New Jersey National Guardsmen will embark from France on May 20, and the Seventy-eighth Division of New Jersey selected men on June 25, according to word received by Mayor Ellis, of Camden, from Adjutant General Frederick Glykison, who has charge of the movement of troops in the state of New Jersey.

The boys of the Twenty-ninth will be officially received by South Jersey, probably at Camden, although Trenton is bidding earnestly for the honor of greeting them. This division is made up largely of the old Third Regiment, which was so badly cut up at Sedan. The Seventy-eighth Division will be officially received at Newark or Jersey City.

Camden's victory jubilee committee, of which Mayor Ellis is chairman, will meet next Monday night to make plans for the reception of the Twenty-ninth Division.

WATCH BRYN MAWR GIRLS

Women Policemen on Job to Supervise the Students

Residents of Bryn Mawr are interested in the appearance every afternoon of women who "walk a beat" on various Bryn Mawr streets.

They are the unofficial policemen employed by Bryn Mawr College and the large private schools to observe the behavior of the hundreds of college and school girls concentrated in and around Bryn Mawr.

FAVOR LEAGUE THREE TO ONE AT HOG ISLAND

Representative Poll Shows Big Shipyard Force Behind Plan

PROPOSERS GAINING IN VOTE AT PENN

Ballots by Mail Overwhelming for Proposed Pact

ALL STRONG FOR PEACE

Some Present Opponents Suggest Changes They Consider Essential

Hog Island workmen have voted, 151 to 48, in favor of the league-of-nations plan as it stands now.

While this vote is only a fraction of the thousands employed in the world's largest shipyard, it may be considered representative.

Caulkers, riveters, machinists, men employed in the shipping board, inspectors, clerks and naval officers—yes, and one sociologist—were interviewed during the lunch hour.

It is safe to say that the majority recorded in favor of the league plan is typical of the shipyard sentiment.

Three street polls also recorded a majority in favor of the league-of-nations plan. A poll at Broad and Market streets showed 42 persons—27 men and 15 women—in favor of the proposed covenant, while 27 men and 8 women—a total of 35—opposed the plan.

A poll outside of City Hall showed the majority to be greater. Forty-three men and 11 women—a total of 54—were in favor of the league of nations, while only 24 persons—19 men and 5 women—opposed the plan.

The largest street ballot yet recorded, which was taken on Market street, shows 93 men and 17 women, or 110 in all—in favor of the league of nations. The ballots recorded to express their views. The plurality shown by the ballots is now nearly five to one in favor of the plan for a league of nations. The ballots tabulated show 1075 for and 272 against the proposition as it has been laid before the Paris Peace Conference.

Battle at University

Meantime the faculty and student body of the University of Pennsylvania are conducting a hot battle of ballots on their own account, with the vote considerably closer than it

Geo. H. McFadden Gets D. S. M.

Broker Unusually Rewarded for Work on War Trade Board

George H. McFadden, a Philadelphia cotton broker and representative in France of the war trade board, has been awarded the Distinguished Service Medal for his services to the government.

The award was made by General Pershing, according to an announcement from Washington today. Mr. McFadden was one of six American officials, all of them widely known in commerce and finance before they entered the service of the government, who have been awarded the coveted decoration of the fighting men.

The other recipients of the medal were Edward N. Hurley, chairman of the shipping board; Paul D. Cravath, representative of the Treasury Department; Dwight W. Morrow, member of the American shipping commission; L. H. Sherman, member of the American Allied Maritime Council; and Edward R. Steintz, special Assistant Secretary of War.

Last December General Pershing expressed his appreciation of the work of the war trade board.

The Evening Public Ledger's League of Nations Ballot

MARCH 27, 1919

Make a cross mark in one of the squares of this ballot, give your name if you desire to do so. Mail to League of Nations Editor.

THE EVENING PUBLIC LEDGER, PHILADELPHIA.

(The poll will close next Saturday)

I am for it

I am against it

Name

Address

League of Nations Poll in Philadelphia to Date

For Against league league

Result of poll previously reported 6376 2746

At Broad and Chestnut streets: Men 37 27 Women 11 5

Poll at City Hall: Men 43 19 Women 110 43

Poll on Market street: 110 43

Hog Island poll: 151 48

University of Pennsylvania poll: Students 87 77 Faculty 8 6

Totals 6834 2976

HINTS POLICE LAX IN BOY'S KILLING

Lawyer Says Patrolmen Made No Effort to Stop Fight

2 SUSPECTS ARE HELD

Dereliction of duty on the part of the police was charged today by Owen McLane, a lawyer, who testified at the hearing in Central Station of six boys arrested in connection with the fatal shooting of sixteen-year-old Joseph Agger, 878 North Twentieth street.

Agger was killed at Ridge avenue and Poplar street last night during a fight between a negro and white boys.

Samuel C. Watson, of Thirteenth and Melon streets, and Harrison King, of Thirteenth and Poplar streets, who were among those arrested, were held. Watson was held without bail and King as a material witness.

Mr. McLane, who gave his address as 1414 Somerset street, said he was passing the corner of Ridge avenue and Poplar street and heard the shouts of the boys. The witness declared there were several policemen on the corner of Eighteenth and Poplar streets.

He asked them what the trouble was, and they replied it was "a fight between whites and blacks."

The witness said, a witness said, a shot was heard and the Agger boy was found dead on the sidewalk.

Suspect Claims He Was Attacked

Detective Mulgrew, who arrested Watson, said that the latter admitted firing a shot. Watson said he was on the way to a neighbor and a patrolman, who battered down the door and carried them to safety.

He said he was compelled to fire in self-defense.

King, the other prisoner, was also charged with shooting Henry Ghibel, Seventeenth and Olive streets, a week ago. He was held in \$500 bail on this charge, in addition to his connection with the Agger shooting.

The bullet that killed Agger was the signal for others to be fired, and it was several minutes later before any person had the courage to venture out into the street to pick up the boy and send him to St. Joseph's hospital, about a square away.

PATROLMAN SHOOTS FUGITIVE

Bullet Halts Alleged Thief Running for "L" Train

A patrolman's bullet early this morning halted the flight of Samuel Clayton, of Sixteenth and Fitzwater streets, as he ran up the stairs of the elevated station at Thirty-second and Market streets.

The police say Clayton robbed a "cheat" street cigar store of cigars and cigarettes and \$17 in cash.

Clayton, who is seventeen years old, is in the University hospital in a critical condition, with the bullet in his left side. The shot was fired by Faby, a patrolman of the Thirty-second street and Woodland avenue station.

Sergeant McMichael, of the same district, was passing the cigar store of Benjamin Szwak, 3282 Chestnut street, about 1:30 o'clock this morning when he saw a man enter the store. The sergeant watched the place and saw the intruder leave with his arms filled with boxes of cigars and cigarettes.

JAPAN'S PLAN FOR EQUALITY OF RACE FAILS

Completed World Government Rushed to Committee for Redrafting

READY TO RATIFY BY END OF WEEK

Financial Experts of Allies Agree to U. S. View on Reparation

WILSON WILL OFFER RHINE BORDER PLAN

Dalmatian Dispute Proves Most Stubborn Question Before Peace Delegates

Paris, March 27.—The league of nations commission of the Peace Conference, with President Wilson in the chair, met for three hours last night and completed its consideration of the covenant of the league.

The covenant was referred to a drafting committee, consisting of Colonel E. M. House, representing the United States; Lord Robert Cecil, for Great Britain; Premier Venizelos, of Greece; and Ferdinand Larnaude, dean of the Paris law faculty.

This committee will go through the document, correct its wording where necessary, and refer it back to the commission as soon as possible, probably within two days, for final consideration by the commission before it is reported to the executive committee of the Peace Conference.

Japanese Amendment Fails

The covenant still contains twenty-six articles. No amendment has been incorporated which specifically meets the desires of Japan for recognition of national equality.

Yesterday the Japanese delegation to the Peace Conference continued its protest for an amendment to the covenant which would go as far as the conference was willing to concede toward the promulgation of the principle of the equality of races. The original Japanese proposal, which met with a speedy rejection, has been modified by them several times until, as it stood yesterday, it called for "recognition of the equality of nations and just treatment of all their nationals."

It was generally understood that several of the leading delegations, including the American mission and the British, were inclined to believe there was nothing objectionable in an amendment thus framed. The Australians, however, were understood to decline their assent to the covenant should go even thus far.

President Wilson's study was again the center of intense interest yesterday. He spent an hour with Colonel E. M. House, France and Italy resumed the effort to settle the questions standing in the way of peace.

Premiers Take the Helm

No event of the Peace Conference has excited such interest and discussion as this action of the President and the Premiers in taking affairs into their own hands, and while criticism and sarcasm are yet in evidence in some quarters, including the French Chamber of Deputies, it is clear that the time had arrived for the adoption of a strong policy assuring early and definite results.

Previous to the meeting, Premier Orlando spent an hour with Colonel E. M. House, talking over the question of the Adriatic, which, with that of reparations and the Rhine frontier, are the three vital issues obstructing progress. The Italian Premier then proceeded to the Paris "White House," where Premiers Lloyd George and Clemenceau were already with the President.

The meetings, beginning at 11 o'clock in the morning, were virtually continuous throughout the day, the league of nations commission canceling its afternoon meeting so as to permit President Wilson to give his

DEBS ASKS REHEARING

Petitions Supreme Court, Which Has Affirmed His Conviction

Washington, March 27.—(By A. P.)—The Supreme Court of the United States was asked today to rehear the case of Eugene V. Debs, Socialist leader, whose conviction under the espionage act as a result of statements made by him in a speech in Canton, O., was affirmed by the court March 16.

In a petition filed with the court, Debs contends that the affirming opinion is based on the trial of a person for an undisclosed "state of mind," and that the court failed to decide all the questions raised in connection with the case.

"It is an unjust application of the law," he says in his petition, "to say to a defendant 'your motive may furnish an ingredient justifying a conviction, but your motive cannot furnish an ingredient justifying your acquittal,' and this principle is too well established in law and too manifestly good sense to need citation of the books."

BESSARABIANS WAR ON RUMANIANS



A republic has been proclaimed in Bessarabia and its directorate has ordered military operations against the Rumanian army. It is stated that the movement is evidently engineered by Bolsheviki, supported by Ukrainians who seek to break contact between Moscow and Budapest.

CHILDREN ALIVE, MOTHER IS TOLD

Philadelphia Students Escaped Turk Terror in Syria. Letter Reveals

FIRST IN FOUR YEARS

Five Philadelphia children who for five years have undergone hunger, illness and the constant fear of being deported or murdered by the Turks in Syria have been heard from for the first time in more than four years.

"Thank God!" were the words of Mrs. Salsia Lotuff, 1141 South Ninth street, today, when she told of the letter from the children whom she has not seen for seven years.

Four brothers and sisters, who have never seen their mother and father, who has not been in the presence for fifteen years, voiced the same sentiments.

Already they are planning for the reunion, when the children return, for every effort is being made through government channels, to bring the children back to their native city and loved ones.

Their story is the story of American hope and idealism, sponsored by naturalized Syrian parents, who embraced the Christian faith many years ago in far off Asia.

The children—three boys, Joseph, Bohana and Nohra, and a girl, Salina—now aged twenty-three, twenty-one, nineteen and seventeen, respectively, were taken to Syria by their mother to receive an early education in languages. They had completed their courses and were about to return home when the war came and cut off communication.

They still have their steamship tickets to Philadelphia.

Only one letter reached this city from them until today, when the letter from Joseph was received by his father. It is dated Basra, Iraq, Lebanon, Syria, February 12, 1919, and follows:

There are no words, no expressions, adequate enough to express what was on my mind when I heard the joyful tidings of the armistice and of the stopping of the horrible war from which humanity has suffered for so long a period. Our delight was not only at the cessation of the war, but at the intervention of your country in the intervention of your country.

My father and mother, who were in the city of your letter announcing to me the news of your letter.

CHARGED WITH \$6000 SWINDLE

NEW YORK, March 27.—Tony Bruno, Chicago, was held by the police here today on a complaint of two foreigners who charge he robbed them of \$6000. According to the police, Bruno met the men on a street and asked them to give him American money for \$6000 in Spanish money. When the exchange had been transacted, the foreigners say they found a handkerchief Bruno gave them contained a roll of paper.

BOLSHEVIKI PLAN RED UPRISING IN FRANCE

PARIS, March 27.—A Russian anarchist named Wasili Gambaghli, a refugee in Lyons, has been arrested for distributing Bolsheviki propaganda, the Matin says. Papers found in his possession, it is declared, contained plans for a popular uprising in France.

HERE'S A GOOD JOB

U. S. Employment Bureau Is Looking for a \$10,000 Man

Want a good job with Uncle Sam? A \$10,000 a year position is ready for a man who has had fifteen or twenty years' experience in Philadelphia real estate to act as an estimator for the federal government on realty values.

Joseph D. Sittes, in charge of the United States employment bureau, at 114 Walnut street, said today he has 184 opportunities on file, including vacancies for a superintendent of a paper mill, mining engineers, electrical engineer, power plant construction engineer, draftsmen and chemists of nearly all kinds.

For instance, a chemist who is experienced in pigments, dyes, etc., can have a good position. A strictly good speaking and writing Englishman who has been abandoned.

WILSON INVITED

Monroe Doctrine Amendment Chief Point of Those Allies Considered

WHITE HOUSE CABLED IT

Washington, March 27.—The text of the proposed amendment to the league of nations covenant suggested by ex-President Taft, which was considered by President Wilson and the Allied Premiers in Paris yesterday, was sent from the White House less than a week ago, after Mr. Taft had been assured by Secretary Tumulty that any suggestion from him would be welcomed by the President. This became known today at the White House.

Several suggestions were made by Mr. Taft, the principal one dealing with the Monroe Doctrine. This was said officially, but White House officials declined to give out the text of the communication.

The ex-President talked over the telephone with Mr. Tumulty last week and made known his desire to offer some suggestions if they would be welcome in Paris. When Mr. Tumulty told him President Wilson would be glad to receive them, the proposals were forwarded to the White House.

Several days ago a message was received at the White House sending the President's thanks to Mr. Taft.

When President Wilson received the message that Mr. Tumulty told him about amendments, it was learned today, the President cabled to the White House, asking that they be sent as soon as possible, expressing appreciation that Mr. Taft had decided to make the suggestions.

White House officials had a message today from Lord Admiral Granston, stating that the President was working virtually night and day, but that his health was withstanding the strain admirably.

Child Dies After Eating Cakes

After eating cakes which his father bought in a store in the neighborhood, nine-month-old child Eileen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Egan, 2911 Arch street, became ill and died. Dr. D. N. Cassell, who lives nearby, was called in to attend to the child. He said her death was due to poison. Police of the Fifteenth and Vine streets station are investigating.

London, March 27.—(By A. P.)—A republic has been proclaimed in Bessarabia and its directorate has ordered military operations against the Rumanian army, a part of which has been forced to fall back, according to a Warsaw dispatch to the Telegram.

It is stated that the movement is evidently engineered by Bolsheviki, supported by Ukrainians who seek to break contact between Moscow and Budapest.

Bessarabia, was under the old regime in Russia, a province lying along the northeastern frontier of Rumania. It is bounded on the west by the Polish frontier and on the east and north by the Danube. On the southeast it is washed by the Black Sea. It has an area of 17,164 square miles and had a population in 1906 of 2,282,100. It was a part of the empire in Rumania and Rumanian troops have been occupying parts of the country.

Italian troops have occupied the town of Pressburg, thirty-five miles southeast of Vienna on the Hungarian side of the border, according to a dispatch from Budapest forwarded to the central news correspondent at Berlin.

Vienna, March 27.—(By A. P.)—A wireless dispatch received from the Soviet government at Moscow declares that all of Galicia is in a state of revolution. The movement is described as having begun in the Polish city of Drohoboz, where the workers established a Soviet government, and has spread to the surrounding districts.

Troops dispatched by the Polish government, the message asserts, joined the movement. The Lemberg Soviet, it is added, has declared a general strike.

Galicia was formerly a crownland of Austria-Hungary. It is now "No Man's Land." Ukrainians and Poles have been battling in