# 10 ARMY VESSELS BRING MEN HOME

## Philadelphians Included in List of Transports and Battleships

## SENT TO NEAREST CAMP

## More Soldiers Landed in New York and Newport News

Philadelphians returning from service overseas are coming home on virtually every transport reaching the ports of debarkation.

Six transports discharged their soldiers at New York yesterday and one transport and three battleships landed soldiers at Newport News. This city was represented among the men landed from every ship.

The 304th Trench Mortar Battery, of the Seventy-ninth Division, had rather an unfortunate experience while in France, as it did not get into the actual fighting, the men said.

Philadelphians arriving in New York, in addition to the 304th Trench Mortar Battery were:

Lieutenant George McConnell, 4850 North Fifth street; Corporal George M. Haig, 210 West Louden street; Edward F. Meyers, 2707 West Susquehanna avenue; Harry Cherry, 1926 Stanley street; Bernard Krause, 3007 East Hazzard street; Frank Maloski, 4477 Almond street; Frank A. McKeon, 2622 Catharine street; Joseph C. McNichol, 753 Corinthian avenue, and Emanuel Schneiderman, 1620 North Sixteenth street.

**Other Philadelphians**

Henry Gillingham, 627 South Conestoga street; Joseph Dinkowitz, 30 Wharton street; John J. Beatty, 5510 Chew street; Albert H. Grader, 815 Buttonwood street; Bernard Fiere, 1741 South Sixteenth street; John J. Scotten, 2019 East Sterner street; James Donnelly, 5137 Minor street; James Perkins, Ardmore; Benjamin B. Rosenbaum, 1453 Point Breeze ave, and Ross D. Slocck, 531 Race street.

Captain Charles A. Heisler, of the quartermaster corps, 4843 Lawnton avenue; Thomas M. Harrington, Germantown; Alexander Ladowski, 2843 Swanson street; Harry Feinberg, 1324 Fairhill street; John F. Land, 1227 Ritner street; John L. Tucker, 5827 Haverford avenue; William Sommer, 5135 Hoopes street; Harry Dellon, 821 East Ontario street; William Schimpf, 444 Butler street; Walter J. Delaney, 5311 Addison street; Maurice A. McCarthy, 209 East Evergreen street; Levitia J. Allen, 278 North Sixty-second street; Richard E. Reeves, 5619 North Fourth street; Casper C. Gamber, 4048 Chestnut street; Samuel P. Latta, 2748 Wharton street; Raymond L. Dyer, 2012 East Cambria street; George R. Pitts, 2139 South Hicks street; Philip J. Brandis, 1204 South Twenty-second street; John F. Dunlevy, 2307 West Lehigh avenue; Francis E. Ginther, 314 South Forty-fifth street; David J. Shannon, 7016 Greenway avenue; Joe Ventura, 1628 South Eighth street; Harold R. Jefferson, 1431 South Fifty-first street; Martin Hoogerhyde, 3444 North Twenty-third street; Edward J. Ford, 5740 Filbert street, and James R. Jackson, 1919 South Mole street.

**Lieutenant Stephens Returns**

Lieutenant Elmer Stephens, 543 Olney avenue; Peter W. Walgorski, 1025 South Second street; William W. Hart, 108 North Nineteenth street; Alwin Mills, Roxborough; Francis Mooney, 1809 Mascher street; George F. Proctor, 1127 Green street; W. H. Walzer, 1322 North Twenty-ninth street; Anthony H. Ashhart, 2171 South Front street; Walter C. Feighan, 1820 Thompson street; Martin Herkowitz, 1729 South Second street; Edward R. Harvey, 1640 North Newkirk street; John J. Laverick, 1743 South Front street; William Nicholas, 813 East Willard street, and William R. Toomey, 5849 Christian street.

Philadelphians who landed at Newport News were:

Forty-eighth Coast Artillery: Radio Sergeant Ralph E. Powell, 4619 Chester avenue; Edward E. Morgan, 6030 Locust street; Frederick Feldmeth, 3307 North Water street; Adam J. Loudenslager, 4944 Wayne avenue; Francis McGlen, 1738 North Twenty-seventh street; Morgan H. Hoffheins, 2082 Race street; Orvis D. Banitzer, 3825 North Nineteenth street; Morris Hirschfeld, 1236 Poplar street; Frederick Moore, 124 Morland avenue.

Sick and wounded: Charles Reardon, 1252 North Newkirk street; John A. Futernes, 4262 Richmond street; Jack Krause, 1912 South Tenth street, and Adolph Flock, 3119 North Hutchinson street.

## MARCUS DALY, JR., WEDS

### Daughter of Austrian Officer Is Bride of New Yorker

**New York**, March 25.—Marcus Daly, only son of Mrs. Marcus Daly and the late Marcus Daly, who made a fortune in Montana in copper, and Mrs. Lele von Herrenreich Young were married yesterday in the Church of the Ascension by the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant. The ceremony followed by a few hours the granting of their marriage license in the Municipal Building.

The bride is the daughter of Colonel Alois von Herrenreich, of the Austrian army. She met and was married to Captain W. Harry Young, U. S. A., in Vienna in 1912. They were divorced in White Plains, N. Y., in 1916. Captain Young is the son of Mrs. William H. Young, of this city and Tuxedo. He is now on duty in Washington.

This is the second marriage with Austrian connections in the Daly family. Mr. Daly's youngest sister, who was Miss Harriet Daly, is the wife of County Anton Sigray, of Budapest, Hungary.

James W. Gerard, the last Ambassador of the United States to Germany and a brother-in-law of the bridegroom, gave the bride away. Mrs. Gerard, who was Miss Mary A. Daly, and Mrs. Cazenove Doughton attended her.

## DANIELS REACHES PARIS

### Secretary Expected to See President Wilson Today

**Paris**, March 25.—Josephus Daniels, the American Secretary of the Navy, with his party, reached Paris from Brest at 8:25 o'clock this morning.

The Secretary will remain in Paris about five days, during which time he will discuss the naval lessons of the war with French, British and Italian naval authorities. This discussion is said to be the main object of his trip to Europe.

The Secretary will see President Wilson probably today, but beyond that his plans for Paris were not complete this morning. After his conferences here the Secretary and his party will visit Italy and parts of the fighting fronts in France, and then will go to England.

The Secretary said he had inspected the American military camp at Brest and added:

"I can see no reason for criticism of this camp, but more to praise than any camp I have visited in the United States."

## $134,000 ESTATE TO WIDOW

### Will of John M. Thomas, Who Died in England, Probated

An estate of $134,000 is left to Mrs. A[illegible] I. Thomas, widow of John M. T[illegible], who died at New Brighton, [illegible], by the will of the testator, [illegible] was probated before Register of [illegible]eehan today.

[illegible] wills probated were: William [illegible]erfeld, 4825 North Uber street, [illegible] Ellen M. McCrosa, 1029 Mount [illegible] street, $3250, and A. Anna [illegible], 2111 Mount Vernon street, $2500.

[illegible]onal property appraisements were [illegible] in connection with the following estates: Felix Schneider, $43,529.57; William Trautwine, $8298.76, and Barry Plough, $9864.86.

## SPAIN UNDER MILITARY LAW

### General Strike in Barcelona. Civil Rights May Be Suspended

**Madrid**, March 25.—(By A. P.)—Military law was proclaimed at 5 o'clock this morning. It is understood that constitutional guarantee may be suspended forthwith throughout Spain.

A general strike has broken out at Barcelona.

Premier Romanones, who had intended to resign, has announced that he considers it his duty to remain in office.

# *Charter Bill Boosters Rap City's System*

Continued from First Page

mense fortune by exploiting the affairs of the city.

"Such a leader," he continued, "if a contractor, is able to be at both ends of every bargain that the city makes, with the result that the public work is not properly done and is paid for at an exorbitant price."

Outstanding features of Mr. Winston's address follow:

"A minority of Philadelphia's voters can and does, under the present charter, control all the affairs of the city government, and also this same minority can and does control the election of representatives to the Legislature.

"It is sometimes said that the newspapers and certain reformers are responsible for the reproach that has been cast upon the government of Philadelphia. It would be much truer to say that the newspapers have voiced the prevailing sentiment of their constituents. It is unreasonable to suppose that newspapers would, through a series of years, continue to make representations regarding our city government which are not concurred in by the readers of these papers. It is also unreasonable to suppose that busy men and citizens generally of every class would continually meet to demand changes in their city government if they were satisfied with what they were getting.

**Puts Responsibility On Legislature**

"So long as the Legislature compels Philadelphia to operate under a charter of government by which less than one-third of its voters can and does control its legislative body, just so long the Legislature itself must accept the responsibility for the dissatisfaction which the citizens of Philadelphia are well known to feel regarding their government.

"Twenty-five of the smaller wards, containing a population of less than 500,000, or less than one-third of the population of the city, can elect a majority of the Select Councilmen.

"The Common Council is so made up by representatives from these unequal wards that less than 600,000, or less than one-third of the population of the city, can control the Common Council.

"Far be it from me to intimate that citizens in the small downtown streets are not entitled to an equal voice in the government with citizens who live in what are known as the residential districts, but I do say that their votes should not be fifteen times as powerful as the votes of those who live in the large residential districts and who pay most of the taxes.

**Want Councilman for Each 20,000 Voters**

"What we propose is to make use of the eight senatorial districts as councilmanic districts and to choose one representative in these districts for each 20,000 assessed voters.

"Our bill proposes to prohibit the members of Council from holding other salaried positions under the city government. At present twenty-eight of the Councilmen do hold salaried positions under the county government, which is virtually the same as holding them under the city government.

"We propose to pay the Councilmen a salary so that they need not necessarily be rich men who can afford to give their time to the city for nothing.

"The Legislature of Pennsylvania is responsible, and has been responsible for many years, for compelling Philadelphia to submit to the government of an unrepresentative Council of the most monstrous size and cumbersome character of any city in the world.

**Not Factional Fight**

"It has been charged that this is a mere factional dispute between rival political leaders; that one faction desires to have little or no change because it has the power under the present regime, and that another faction wants a change so that it can gain power. I assure you that the demand for this new charter is far broader than that.

"Under the new charter which we are asking for, it will not be possible for any faction to gain an advantage except by securing a majority vote of the citizens, and if any faction loses power by not having a majority vote, that faction ought to lose power.

"There can be no factional or party advantage under our charter that is not thoroughly in accord with representative government and based upon majority rule."

**Hints at Contractor Rule**

Commenting on the political party machinery set up in Philadelphia on a ward basis, and in hinting at the power wielded by political contractors, Mr. Winston declared:

"The city committee of the Republican party, which is of course the dominant party in Philadelphia, controling all its affairs, is made up of one representative from each of these unequal wards. These wards are so unequal that a vote in several of the smaller wards is equal to fifteen votes in a larger one. They vary in number of registered voters from about 700 to 10,000. That means that 700 voters in one ward have the same representation in the city committee and in the city Council and in determining all the political affairs of the city that 10,000 voters have in one of the residential wards.

"In order to still further emphasize the outrageous injustice of compeling the city to carry on its government under this system, let me further frankly speak of the character of the population in these small wards. It is well known that as a city grows, the population moves out of the downtown districts and the majority of the people left there are those who live in the back alleys. Now, far be it from me to intimate that these citizens in the small downtown streets are not entitled to an equal voice in the government with citizens who live in what are known as the residential districts, but I do say that their votes should not be fifteen times as powerful as the votes of those who live in the large residential districts and who pay most of the taxes.

"There is no use disguising the further consideration that the voters in these back streets of the downtown wards are of the class which can be easily controlled by the ward leaders, by the officeholders and the policemen, with the natural result that it is possible for some powerful city leader to get absolute control of these small downtown wards, and by doing so, he is able, by the votes of less than one-third of the entire city, to absolutely dominate the whole affairs of the city.

**Both Sides of Bargain**

"If this leader happens to be a contractor, as is generally the case, it is only human to expect this city contractor to see that men are elected to office who will favor him in the matter of letting contracts and in the supervision of his work. Thus it is that such a leader, if a contractor, is able to be at both ends of every bargain that the city makes, with the result that the public work is not properly done, and is paid for at an exorbitant price so that such city leader is able to amass an immense fortune by exploiting the affairs of the city. Again let me say that the responsibility for this condition of affairs rests with the Legislature and will continue to do so just so long as the Legislature denies to Philadelphia the right of self-government.

**Urges Budget System**

In urging a budget system of financing, Mr. Winston asserted:

"The present charter places many restrictions upon the method by which the city shall do its work, such as street-cleaning, repairing of the streets and all kinds of public work. The Legislature cannot hold the city responsible for the way it carries on its work when by these arbitrary restrictions it prohibits competition and puts it within the power of a single city contractor, who, by controlling twenty per cent of the voters, can do practically as he pleases.

"Under our present charter, the Mayor also has the power to use his discretion in the management of our finances, which has been greatly abused. Our bill compels him to submit a budget or program of revenue and expense, and compels Councils to fix a tax rate so that expenses will be kept within the revenue of the city. During the past ten years, the city has borrowed $20,000,000 for current expenses. That cannot happen under the budget system which we provide for in our bill."

In conclusion, Mr. Winston said:

"We ask that this committee report out these three bills in order that they may be voted upon by the Senate and go to the House of Representatives. We fully expect these bills to be passed and to be signed by the Governor because we believe that they are right. The bills cover many details and if our attention is called to any items which should be changed, we shall be glad to amend the bills accordingly, but our committee and the citizens of Philadelphia will not be satisfied with any material change in what is here asked for."

## WHERE WOMEN LEAPED FROM FIRE

During a fire early today which destroyed the home of Isadore Chalken, 310 Gladstone street, a baby was burned to death and three women, including the child's mother, were injured when they leaped from the second-story window

# *Baby Dies in Fire; Sister Is Saved*

Continued from First Page

ablaze and the flames were sweeping up the narrow stairway.

The Misses Rosen awoke first. They ran to the second-floor landing in their nightclothes, screamed to arouse the Chalkens and then ran back to the stairway. Mrs. Chalken seized her nine-months-old baby. She threw up a window and called for help. Her sisters ran back to the window, finding escape impossible otherwise. Mrs. Chalken climbed up on the sill, balanced herself for a moment with her arms enfolding the child and then plunged out.

Both Rosen sisters fainted as they dropped from the window to the sidewalk. When revived each thought the father had escaped with Henry, the boy.

**Fifteen Persons Driven to Street**

Fifteen persons in the two houses adjoining the burned dwelling were driven to the street. The family of Samuel Horwitz, consisting of his wife and six children, and Mrs. Jennie Miller, her husband and baby, all fled from 312 Gladstone street, while Max Getzen and his wife and Mrs. Lubin and her son ran from their home at 308 Gladstone street. Gladstone street is a small thoroughfare below Ritner street.

Four patrons of the oyster house of Stanley Rononis, 4349 Germantown avenue, rescued the proprietor's wife and four children early this morning from a fire which destroyed the rear of the place and the second-story back room. Rononis lost several hundred dollars when a bureau in which he kept the money was destroyed.

**Patrons Discover Blaze**

Rononis and a waiter were cleaning the windows of the oyster house when the patrons discovered the fire and gave the alarm. While the waiter called the engines Rononis and the patrons rushed upstairs and carried Mrs. Rononis and the children, who were sleeping, to places of safety.

They then directed their attention to the flames, which had spread to the shed and the room on the second floor. They were unable, however, to reach the bureau containing the proprietor's savings because of the flames and dense smoke.

The fire was extinguished after a battle. A pot of fat which boiled over in the kitchen caused the blaze. The loss is estimated at $2000.

Fire did $500 damage to the clothing store of Louis Friedman, Richmond and Cambria streets, this morning. It was discovered in several boxes in the rear of the store. Its origin is unknown. No damage was done to the adjoining properties.

## *CHARTER BOOSTERS OFF TO ATTEND HEARING*

About 125 members and supporters of the Philadelphia charter revision committee left Broad Street Station on the 10:25 o'clock train for Harrisburg today to urge the Senate Committee on Municipal Affairs to report favorably the Woodward charter revision bill.

John C. Winston, leader of the charter revision delegation, declared just before the train drew away that he was confident of the success of the measure. He said the sentiment of the city had been growing steadily in favor of charter revision, and he had reason to know that the sentiment of the state was strongly in favor of legislation enabling the city to improve and purge itself by adopting a new and adequate form of government.

Morris L. Cooke, director of public works in the Blankenburg administration, expressed his hope of success of the mission.

**Says Philadelphia Favors Bill**

"I believe the bill will be reported favorably and passed," he said. "The opponents of the measure—regardless of whether they oppose it from good motives or bad—will not dare to stand in the way of this reform measure when they realize how thoroughly Philadelphians stand in favor of it.

"We have the facts on our side and the sentiment and unanswerable arguments. In fact, even those who oppose the revision plan of the charter revision committee admit that there should be revision and only contend that certain of the changes we propose should not be made."

Mrs. Edward W. Biddle, chairman of the Civic Club and of the women's auxiliary committee of the charter revision committee, said:

"Of course, I don't know what the result will be, but we are prepared to show what the result should be. We are prepared to show that the women of Philadelphia who love the city and want it well and honestly and cleanly governed are heart and soul with the charter revision proposal."

Mrs. Biddle headed the women's section of the delegation, of which there were about thirty members.

**Four Coaches Carry Delegation**

Four Pullman parlor cars attached to the regular Harrisburg train carried the delegation. All those in the party wore plain white ribbon badges, but there was an absence of dramatics and "ballyhoo" that indicated the seriousness and businesslike purposefulness of the party.

Great streamers bearing the words, "Philadelphia Charter Revision Committee," were stretched across the cars, but they were only to aid the crowd in finding them, apparently, for they were removed just before the train started.

Among those in the party besides Mr. Winston, Mr. Cooke and Mrs. Biddle, were Thomas Raeburn White, S. L. Kneass, George Burnham, Jr., James Collins Jones, Albert Smith Faught, E. L. D. Roach, F. P. Gruenberg, director of the bureau of municipal research; Mrs. H. S. Prestiss Nichols, president of the New Century Club; Mrs. I. P. Willits, Mrs. Robert P. Brown, Mrs. Hutton Kennedy, Mrs. D. R. Harper, Mrs. Walter Willard, Mrs. Joseph Esherick, Mrs. John Crane, Miss Alberta Van Dusen and Miss M. P. Burnham.

Prediction was made by Senator Augustus F. Dalx, Jr., that the hearing on Philadelphia's charter-revision bill would "clear the atmosphere and bring both sides closer to an agreement on the measure than they ever have been since the project of changing Philadelphia's form of government was proposed."

## HONORS OF WAR FOR TWO SONS OF EMPLOYE OF CITY

### Marshal Petain Sends Croix de Guerre to David Ireland Won by Boy Killed

Two sons of David Ireland, a messenger in the Department of Public Safety, have been cited for bravery in France. Mr. Ireland had three sons i the service.

Harry Ireland, one of the sons commended, was killed at Soissons, July 18, 1918. His father received a letter today from Marshal Petain, of France. Enclosed with the letter was a Croix de Guerre, with a double citation.

It was announced that the medal was awarded to Harry for bravery at Vaux July 1. He led his men through a heavy barrage to bring back dead and wounded from the battlefield. Harry was also awarded a Distinguished Service Cross.

Harry was a member of Company H, Ninth Infantry. Curtic Ireland, another son was cited for bravery at Frismuth, August 28. He received the Croix de Guerre and Distinguished Service Cross.

Frank, the youngest of Mr. Ireland's sons is in a naval aero bombing squad.

The father of the boys lives at 108 North Woodstock street.

**Divorces Granted**

By Court No. 4:
Minnie L. from Thomas J. Cunningham.
Isaac from Sarah M. Williams.
Leah B. from Charles R. Smith.
Martin B. from Alice V. Doolan.
Bertha M. from George L. Stevenson.
Lillian A. from Leander S. Ewing.
Ernest Rogers from Margaret M. Frokes.
Emma from Herman Haessler.
John A. from Alice R. Strecker.

# *GIRL WITH 'EXPRESSIVE' EYES SEEKS HUSBAND FROM HERE*

### *Entrancing Smile, Alluring Dimples and Sparkling Animation Suggested as Qualifications by Lonesome Woman of Los Angeles, Who Appeals Through Police Department*

From a woman in Los Angeles, Calif., who is a good cook, with "expressive eyes," is lonesome and tired of single life, comes an appeal for an ideal husband.

Superintendent of Police Robinson received a letter from the "lonesome lady" in which she requested that efforts be made to find her a good husband in Philadelphia.

The letter reads:

Please, sir, find a nice gentleman from your city, height five feet ten inches to six feet full. Not heavy built, but a handsome gentleman with brown hair, or dark brown. One that will come out here. Try and find one that looks like photo I am sending.

I formerly lived in Philadelphia, but want to live out here, so I want to get a good husband from Philadelphia.

I am a good cook, and am tired of single life. I am thirty-five years old, never married, and some people here think I am eighteen or twenty-five years of age. But I am more. I have dark brown hair and expressive eyes, and weigh 122 pounds; five feet five inches tall. Clear complexion, have no parents, and am lonesome.

Please find one for me as we only live one life. So let's make the best of it.

The photo inclosed bears a marked resemblance to a "movie" idol, a matinee hero, or a vivacious chorus "man." He has a most entrancing smile and alluring dimples, and his eyes fairly sparkle with animation. His hair is of the bushy, wavy species, and he wears a standing collar and white Ascot necktie.

The suggestion has been made that the woman who desires a counterpart of this photo should certainly be able to find her affinity in one of the numerous California movie studios. But, as she writes, she "wants a good husband from Philadelphia."

The name of the woman has been withheld, but if any Philadelphian searching for a wife is under the impression that he can meet the requirements of the photograph, and will get in touch with Superintendent Robinson, his name will be forwarded to the "lonesome lady" in Los Angeles.

## 1 PER CENT COAL TAX PROPOSED IN HOUSE

### Measure Barring Further Imposts on 'Near-Beer' Among Others Proposed

**Harrisburg**, March 25.—A state tax of 1 per cent on the value of all coal mined and prepared for market in Pennsylvania would be established for state purposes only under terms of a bill introduced in the House today by Mr. North, Chester. The bill would affect both hard and soft coal.

The bill follows the ideas in former laws, which it would repeal, and requires production reports to be made to the auditor general.

A bill was introduced by Mr. Powell, Luzerne, providing that no license other than a mercantile license shall be required for sale of liquids containing less than one-half of 1 per cent of alcohol. Under the present law liquor licenses would have to be taken out for sale of "near beer."

Mr. Bucher, Philadelphia, introduced a bill making it unlawful to operate a motor vehicle in Pennsylvania without pneumatic tires after January 1, 1920. The penalty is $1000 fine.

An act carrying into effect the constitutional provision for separate orphans' courts in counties attaining 150,000 population was presented by Mr. Ramsey, Delaware. Under its terms the judges would be elected on the same basis as common pleas judges.

Mr. Norton, Berks, introduced a bill amending the Berks County act of 1824 by abolishing the directors of the poor and providing that County Commissioners shall act as directors.

Other bills presented were:

Mr. Ramsey, Delaware, creating a bureau of topographic and geological survey in the Internal Affairs Department.

Mr. Sark, Wyoming, authorizing the taking of carp with nets and seines at all seasons under state permission; regulating changes in state highway routes on petition of the township authorities to State Highway Commissioner.

Mr. Bigler, Mercer, establishing a $3 occupation tax for school purposes in first-class districts.

**Manufacturers Celebrate**

Members of the Manufacturers' Club celebrated the fifth anniversary of their occupancy of the present building, at Broad and Walnut streets, last night. Alfred T. Burk, the president, reviewed the history of the club. A vaudeville show and a smoker followed.

**To Stimulate Civic Interest**

In order to stimulate co-operative effort among clubs of this city in matters of civic interest a joint luncheon will be held today at the City Club, in which members of that organization will join with those of the Poor Richard Club and the Kiwanis Club.

KISSEL

The ease of control of the Kissel Custom Built car makes it particularly suitable for a woman to drive.

W. CLARKE GRIEB
Kissel and Briscoe Automobiles
306 NORTH BROAD ST.

**HELP WANTED—FEMALE**

COOK, first-class, white, private family; experienced; references required. 4910 Wynnefield ave.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress, first-class, white, private family; experienced; references required. 4910 Wynnefield ave., West Philadelphia.

OPERATOR, experienced on Singer machine, shirts and general work; steady positions all year round. 1627 N. 10th st.

**HELP WANTED—MALE**

SHOEMAKER—First-class ladies' stitcher and all-around man; steady work; $35 to $40; also good benchman. Phone Wyoming 1616 W. Call 4800 N. Broad st.

SALESMEN—Wanted for dignified positions, with largest house of its character in this country, two salesmen with ability to make $100 per week and upward; advancement to such men is assured; qualify as to refs. and ability. P 809, Ledger Office.

**REAL ESTATE FOR SALE**

**BUILDING LOTS**

FOR SALE—Eight clear lots for $5000, good location for garage, corner of Westminster ave and Frasier st. P 805, Ledger Office.

## P. R. R. VOTING TODAY ON DEBT INCREASE

### Balloting on $121,000,000 Issue, Part of Which Would Be Loaned Government

Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad are today voting on an increase of indebtedness of $121,000,000 to be used for general railroad purposes.

Of this total $46,000,000 was authorized some time ago, but the balloting was brought about during a meeting of the stockholders last week when George V. Massey proposed a move to authorize the $75,000,000 increase on a yea and nay vote. He insisted that ballots be taken in the usual manner.

The stockholders are also voting on the re-election of George Wood, C. Stuart Patterson and Clement B. Newbold to the board of directors. They are unopposed.

The balloting began at 11 o'clock and will continue until 6 o'clock tonight. Part of the $75,000,000 increase will be used to meet the obligations incurred by the government operation of the Pennsylvania system. It will be loaned to the railroad administration to "tide over" pressing obligations until Congress assembles and passes a bill to meet the acute railroad situation throughout the United States.

## CONCERT OF EARLY MUSIC

### Selections From Seventeenth Century Italian Masters Are Sung

A concert of the "Earliest Italian Music" was given this afternoon at the Art Alliance by Lucius L. Cole, one of the violinists of the Philadelphia Orchestra. The soloist was Miss Levin, contralito. She was accompanied by Miss Elizabeth Gest.

The music consisted of selection from Alessandro Scarlatti, Alessandro Stradella and Antonio Vivaldi, all of whom lived in the early part of the seventeenth century. A buffet supper for the members of the Art Alliance and their guests follows the concert.

## REFUSED TO HELP OUST POLICEMAN, HOUSE BLOWN UP

### Camden Officials Get Queer Clue to Early Morning Explosion

In his refusal to sign a petition for a policeman's discharge, Camden authorities believe they have found a clue to the bomb explosion which almost wrecked the house of Pasquale Santossuosso, 901 South Third street, Camden, this morning. The bomb, placed in the cellar, rocked buildings for blocks, but failed to fatally injure any of the Santossuosso family.

The bomb blew the cellar door away and destroyed part of the house, the force of the explosion being so great that Mrs. Santossuosso was thrown from her bed to the floor, suffering slight contusions. John La Moni, proprietor of a saloon a short distance away, was thrown violently to the floor by the shock.

The building is in the heart of the Camden Italian section. Hundreds of residents flocked to the streets clad in their night clothes and it was more than an hour before the police could persuade them that the danger was over so they would go back to bed.

Santossuosso said he has received no Black Hand letters or demands. The police are searching for two Italians who presented a petition for the discharge of a Camden patrolman to Santossuosso to be signed about two weeks ago. He refused and the men became abusive. He believes they know something of the explosion.

## KIDDIES PLANT CENTS, SEE DOLLARS GROW

### Novel Saving Plan of University Settlement House Benefits Poor

"Want us to help you save your pennies?"

This is the question the University Settlement House is asking men, women and children who live in the vicinity of Twenty-sixth and Lombard streets.

Under the direction of Miss Helen I. Duncan, head worker of University House, a co-operative saving fund system has been evolved, which touches every dwelling place in the neighborhood. Volunteers, numbering eight, and recruited from among the male students of the University of Pennsylvania by Dana G. How, social service secretary of the Christian Association, make regular rounds every Saturday from 6 o'clock until 8 with a supply of stamps in return for which they receive from the people on their routes from one penny to a couple of dollars. The householder pastes his stamps in a folder, issued by the settlement house and retains the folder until it is full, or until the saver needs the money again.

When the "missus" of the house needs some change to meet her gas bill, or to purchase coal, a necessary article of furniture, or a sudden doctor bill she goes to the office of the settlement house and draws the amount of savings she needs. When the newsboy, who has been stamping in the proceeds from his daily sale of EVENING PUBLIC LEDGER, needs a new suit of clothes or a new cap, he returns his folder of stamps and draws his accumulated wealth.

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CHESTNUT AND JUNIPER STREETS

DIAMOND WATCHES

PENDANT FROM SAUTOIRS OF BLACK RIBBON. EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS OF EXCEPTIONAL CHARM.

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The New REPUBLIC
Published Weekly

The New Republic this week carries
a 16-page Supplement
The Political Scene
by WALTER LIPPMANN

Until the end of January Mr. Lippmann was an officer in the Military Intelligence attached to the personal staff of Colonel House in Paris. This supplement marks his return to the editorial board of The New Republic.

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