FORESEES A FALL IN PRICE OF FOOD

Industrial Board Chairman Says Hoover Was Misunderstood

WHEAT UNLIKELY

Billion Dollar Grain Bill Provides Purchase at "Reasonable Cost"

By the Associated Press

Washington, March 24,-Cheaper food the near future was predicted today by Chairman Peek, of the Department of Commerce industrial board, as a result of a conference with food administration officials in New York. Mr. Peck said there had been general

misunderstanding of a recent statement by Mr. Hoover that wheat might go to \$3.60 a bushel, and added that the billion-dollar grain appropriation was made by Congress to enable the public to get wheat products at reasonable prices, as well as to make good the guar

Wheat the Food Barometer With wheat prices reasonable, Mr. Peek said, reasonable prices of other products could be expected because wheat was the barometer of the food

Mr. Peck and William M. Ritter, is member of the board, returned from New York this morning, where they went to procure from officials of the food ad-ministration and its grain corporation a statement on their policy on food

Mr. Peek made this statemen "Food administration officials fell that it was unfortunate that there had be ch general misunderstanding of Mr Hoover's statement that 'we might see

wheat at \$3.60 a bushel. "What Mr. Hoover said was 'we might see wheat at \$3.60 a bushel, as it was in the spring of 1917, if there is a free market in wheat and uncontrolled prices. So much for the 1918 crop. There can be no free market of 90 per cent of the world's exports. As to the 1919 error it is of course too early to come to any

"tI is clear that, as Mr. Hoover says, there can be no free market at present, in the first place because of the unsettled conditions in business-especially shipping and finance

at such other prices and on such terms or conditions as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the act. and to enable the people of the United States purchase wheat products at reason-le cost. Wheat is the basic food comdity. What is a reasonable cost must be determined by conditions.

in the relatively near future. This view

Czecho-Slovak Army

Berlin.
The action by the new Hungarian Government followed a cabinet crisis in which Premier Count Karolyi re-signed, turning the government over to the proletariat. The Socialists and Communists then combined and pro-claimed martial law. Alexander Gorbal has assumed the presidency of the revolutionary government of workers, peasants and Soldiers' Councils.

Urge Reds to Unite

The proclamation of the new Hungarian Government invites the work-men and peasants of Bohemia, Rumania, Serbia and Croatia to form an armed alliance against the aristocracy, land owners and dynasties. It requests also that the workmen of Austria and Germany follow the lead of Hungary in breaking off relations with the Paris Peace Conference.

They are requested to rally with tute a Soviet republic and to resist, arms in hand, the "imperialist conquerors."

The proclamation says the govern-

ment will organize an army which will enforce the proletariat's dictates against Hungarian landowners and capitalists, the Rumanian aristocracy and the Czech bourgeois.

Enlistments Are Urged

The document ends by urging each workman and peasant to work in order to produce or to enlist in the army. The Austrian central workmen's council has decided not to join the Hungarian movement in introucing a soviet government in Austria, a dispatch from Vienna says. The council, it is declared, pointed out that such a course was impossible for Austria here. course was impossible for Austria beENTENTE PLANS TO MEET HUNGARIAN CRISIS



diately started preparation of a bill for the socialization of all industrial A Bolshevist campaign is in progress in Bohemia, according to a state-ment quoted by the Daily Mail's Berappropriation bill clearly indicates that the \$1,000,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among both the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously among the \$1,000,000 appropriation was ried out simultaneously appropriation was ried out simultaneously

> special dispatch to the Freiheit announces the disarmament of Entente troops at Budapest. It is unconfirmed.

however, and appears questionable Recent events at Budapest were not the result of the Entente note outlining "In July the new wheat crop, esti-mated at more than a billion and a quarter bushels, will begin to come to market.

"I believe, therefore, that there is sische Zeitung, which says that the situation there was hopeless before in the relatively near future." I believe the men in charge of the af-fairs of the food administration will noted by the socialist ministers, according to the newspapers.

Paris, March 24.-(By A. P.)-Count Zecho-Slovak Army von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the German Foreign Minister, has sent Carl Kautsky, one of the undersecretaries in the Continued from First Page
Slovak government is preparing to the situation which will allow the for-T. G. Masaryk, the president of the bringing about or cases to the Rus Czecho-Slovakia, has resigned, according and economic relations with the Rus Czecho-Slovakia, has resigned here from slan Boishevik government, says in the Marin. obilization order.

Masaryk, the president of the bringing about of closer political slan Boishevik government, Zurich dispatch to the Matin.

> Copenhagen, March 24.--(By A. P.)--Karl Radek, the leading Russian Bol-shevik agent in Germany, who was agreeted on February 13 in connection with the Spartacan uprising, has been released by the German government, according to a Berlin dispatch today. This message reports fresh agitation by the German Spartacans coincident with the Hungarian revolution and reports that in these circumstances the release of Radek has created a bad impression.

> The authorities, the Berlin dispatch adds, say that Radek entered Germany in a perfectly regular manner and that they have no reason for keeping him under arrest. Some results of the new Spartacan agitation reported are a serious strike in Lubeck, riots in Stet-tin and the threat of a general strike Breslau.

Reports of wireless exchanges be-tween Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevik premier of Russia, and the foreign representative of the new Hungarian communistic government are received in advices from Budapest. Lenine was told that the Hungarian proletariat had selzed power and had introduced a proletariat dictatorship. Greetings were sent to Lenine as "leader of the international proletariat." In greeting the Russian proletariat the new Hungarian proletariat the new Hungarian proletariat the new Hungarian solutions of the supposed solutions are supposed solutions. garian Government expressed soli darity with the revolutionary move ment

In his reply had submitted the Hungarian greeting to the Bolshevist Congress at Moscow which had received it with great en thusiasm. He added: "In order to communicate between Moscow and

that Kun has applied to Lenine for armed assistance.

Seclin correspondent of the Budapest Pesti-Naplo says he has received from that city, three Russian envoys althe \$1.600,000,000 appropriation was made by Congress, not only to make good the \$2.26 guarantee to the farmers, but to enable the government to sell wheat and flour at the guaranteed prices of a such other prices and on such terms. to arrive in Budapest within a fort-

DANGER OF BOHEMIA JOINING REDS SEEN

London, March 24 .- (By A. P.) - The evolution in Hungary caused great exitement in Vienna, but did not surprise those who were aware of the true condition of affairs, says the Vienna correspondent in the Telegraph. He says the and militarists are blaming communits of Hungary have long been the real masters of the country and have only been waiting an opportunity to get rid of Count Karolyi, who is considered to have been never more than a style-head.

igurehend.

In the correspondent declares there are elements in Hungary capable of makastend against the extremists and tower in Czecho-Slovakia there are ing Bolshevik influences. He points that experts agree there is very

cause it is dependent on the Entente Powers for food.

At the first meeting of the new Hungarian permanent wireless communication be garian government in Budapest Syn tween the two cities." He concluded day, a dispatch from Berlin says, a by extending "communist greetings and Workmen's Council for entire Hungary was appointed according to plans entered into with the agents of Lenine. The council immediately started preparation of a bill for the socialization of a bill for the socialization of a bill that Kun has applied to Lenine for

that Kun has applied to Lenine for trimed assistance.

According to a telegram which the Berlin correspondent of the Eudapest Pesti-Napio says he has received from that city, three Russian envoys alpostinately in Budapest declare that a Russian red army is now on a line from Brody to Stanislau and is advancing on Lemberg, approximately seventy-five miles distant. This army, the felegram continues, is expected to arrive in Budapest within a fortnight.

Continued to Lenine for the Hungarian revolution and the respected slidance of the new government with the Eussian revolution and the respected slidance of the new government with the Eussian soviet, which is considered here as a grave memace to Europe has given rise to new criticism. The tilohe, referring to the situation in Hungary, says:

"That is the natural consequence of making peace and if the delay continues we will have worse consequences still. All this discussion of the league covenant before even a preliminary peace to the first period of the Bolshevik disease and gives our chief enemy opportunities for intrigue."

The proclamation of Bolshevism in Hungary, says the Pail Mail Gazette, has given a shock to the Peace Confer-ence which is precisely what it intended

The change in the government of Budapest was effected, not by violence but by collusion," the paper adds. "If Ebert and Scheidemann think of greeting the terms of peace."

The Westminster Gazette says cynics and militarists are blaming President unity unity

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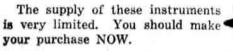
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REVOLT IS BACKED BY RUSSIAN RUBLES

Berlin, March 24 .- (By A. P.) -The Berlin press from the extremely radical the most decidedly conservative, sees in the events which are occurring in This is the view taken, for instance, by the two extreme examples of Die Freiheit and the Tages Zeitung.

"Entente imperialism," says the latter newspaper, "assisted Bolshevism Into the raised Bolshevism in Hungary out of the depths of its impotence. If these two lessons should not be sufficient, a third would carry terrible consequence into the Entente lands."

into the Entente lands."

That the seizure of power by the Hungarian communist is the result of Russian Bolsheviki revolutionary work and the financing of the movement with Russian Bolsheviki revolutionary work and the financing of the movement with Russian results of the financing of the movement with Russian results of the financing of the movement. Bela Kun (or Kuhn), the new foreign minister, who orobably was the man who formulated the communistic proclamation, spent a long time in Russia as a prisoner and there made the acquaintance of Nikolai Lenine and Leon Trotzky. He was originally chosen to organize the Spartacan-Bolshevik movement in Germany, but may instead to Hungary.

The Hungarian family in Germany founded the communist party.

Of the other leaders of the communist cavement, Major Georgy, who is a randson of the 1848 revolutionary (feorgy, and Major Geizy, also a member of an old Hungarian family, likewise had been in Russian captivity and there became infected with Bolshevism. They were participants in the plan to form a summunist army of 70,000 men in Hungarian family.

were participants in the plan to form a communist army of 70,000 men in Hun-rary.

GERMAN AUSTRIA MAY JOIN WITH REDS

Vienna. March 24.—(By A. F.)—Asked what effect Hungarian events would have on the political situation in German Austria, Herr Deutsche, secretary for military affairs, said teday:

"If the Entente treats us as it treats Hungary no one can guarantee what will happen. A people driven to despair loses self-control. The Entente, by a thoughtless decision, might lose the bulwark against Boishevism which German Austria really constitutes if no harm is done the country economically and politically."

BAVARIA TO DISARM SOLDIERS

Will Not Furnish Troops for the German Empire.

Zurich, March 24.—(By A. P.)—The Bayarian minister of foreign affairs has informed the German Government that Bayaria will disarm her soldiers and henceforth will not furnish troops for the empire.

tions have begun between Ukraine and Russian Bolshevik delegates for the settlement of differences. Bolshevik Leader Radowsky has arrived at Ukrainian headquarters, it is reported. IN SPITE OF BOLSHEVIK REVOLTS

and Bolshevism reigns in his place. In other words, a very limited conception of peace is now accepted by the distracted peacemakers here. President Wilson shows no better grasp of the problem of Bolshevism than do the rest of the delegates. It is impossible to point to any definite, finished work of the Peace Conference, except the military terms to be presented to Germany. On other parts of the peace with Germany, as distinguished from that with Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey, the Allies Hungary a terrible warning to the En- are approaching the conclusion in a feverish way. Most delays are on questions of reparation. Certainly all these questions will be compromised in the near future, and the problem is whether any Germany with which the Allies can make peace will present itself.

An optimistic view of the situation is that somehow the world will saddle in Russia by the frustration of muddle through, that Germany will not go so bad as Russia, that the Kerensky's peace plans. It now has infection will not spread seriously in France and Italy, that England will muddle through, that Germany will not go so bad as Russia, that the infection will not spread seriously in France and Italy, that England will emerge from the present labor troubles, and that the league of nations, da Vienna alla Exchange Telegraph, it with the development of an intelligent international public opinion, will preserve future peace. But any cheerful view of the present peace situation rests, not upon intelligence or capacity of the Peace Conference to

La proclamazione di una dittatura meet underlying situations, but on the capacity of mankind, shown for centuries, somehow to muddle through.

days before a final decision is reached.

President Wilson, it is gaid, intends
himself to propose some amendments,
one of which is supposed to relate to the

Monroe Doctrine. It was said here to-day that Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, had declined to submit

on his own responsibility amendments on this or any other subject.

OPPOSES JAPAN'S DEMANDS

Phelan Holds "Race Equality.

Etc.," Are Domestic Questions

Entente to Rush Forces to Hungary

Continued from First Page further questions which have arisen developments in the former

Austro-Hungarian empire. Thomas W. Gregory, rormer Attorney General of the United States, who is advising the league of nations with reference to legal phases of amendments which have been proposed to the covenant, takes the view that it is not necessary to introduce a specific amendment. sary to introduce a specific amendment affirming the Monroe Doctrine. He holds the doctrine is sufficiently protected by the instrument as it stands, but as matter of expediency he sees no objection to introducing a general proviso which would safeguard the doctrine without specifically mentioning it, as a specific mention would introduce a controversy over the specific wants of vari

Proviso Has ween Drawn

Such a proviso has been drawn, but is not yet known whether its poration in the covenant will be urged. It affirms in substance that coercive measures of the united powers as proyided by the covenant shall not operate against nations of the Western Hemis-phere unless the United States and other vestern countries shall approve. held this would give the United States and the western republics the final word on applying collective force against naeffect, reaffirms the Monroe Doctrine.

Going beyond this general declaration, foing beyond this general declaration, in the view of Mr. Gregory and other legal experts, would introduce wide controversy on an interpretation of the meaning of the Monroe Doctrine. It is expected consideration of this and other amendments will be continued several

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1917, on the at the Fostoffice of Philadelphia, Pa.,
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Londra, 23 marso.-Viene segnalate che il Governo di Budapest ha firmato

devoluta al proletariato ed alleanza armata con la Russia bolscevica e' stata dichiarata con il seguente decreto: "Il proletariato dell'Ungheria ha oggi preso nelle sue mani tutto il potere. Ia seguito alla dec.sione della Conterenza di Parigi per la occupazione dell'Unghe-ria le previsioni dell'Ungheria rivoluzionaria divengono completamente impossibili. Sotto tali circostanze la sola via aperta al Governo ungherese e' una dittatura del proletariato. "L'autorita" legislativa, ezecutiva e

giudiziaria dovra' essere esercitata da una dittatura di un concilio di iavoratori contadini e soldatia Il Concilio del governo rivoluzionaro dovra' immediatamente principiare il lavoro per la realizzazione del comunismo socialista. "Il concilio decretera" la socializzazione di larghe proprieta', mine, grandi industrie, banche e line di trasporto, dichiarando completa solidarieta' con Il governo russo dei Soviet ed offrira' di contrarre un alleanza armata con projetariato della Russia."

Etc., Are Domestic Questions

San Francisco, March 24.—(By A. P.)

—Expressing emphatic objection to the demand of the Japanese delegates to the Peace Conference at Paris for "race equality and just treatment." United States Senator James D. Phelan has cabled to the American delegates at Paris, affirming his view that questions of immigration, naturalization, land ownership and marriage are domestic questions and, therefore not to be treated within the league of nations constitution. 24 marzo.--Un dispaces Berline, 24 marzo.—Un dispaces speciale della Freihelt annunzia il di-sarmo delle truppe dell'Intesa a Budapest. Il dispaccio non e' stato confermato e percio' deve essere accolto con le debite

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