129 DEAD IN ARMY CASUALTY ROLL

Four Killed in Action. Others Victims of Wounds, Disease and Accident

5 REPORTED MISSING

Wounded Number 112 and Total of List Is 246

Washington, March 6.—Four army casualty lists, containing 246 names, all ranks, were released for publication today.

One hundred and twenty-six of this total appeared in the morning report, and 120 are in the afternoon record, as follows: Died from wounds, 9; died of disease, 56; died from accident and other causes, 4; missing in action, 5; wounded, 46.

A complete honor roll of officers and the enlisted personnel of Pennsylvania and New Jersey is given below:

	Reported today.	Totals
Killed in action	4	31,733
Died from wounds	9	13,281
Died of disease	95	20,482
Died from accident and other causes	21	3,087
Missing in action, including prisoners	5	6,948
Wounded	112	190,868
Grand totals	246	265,749

OFFICERS' LIST
Died from Wounds

LIEUTENANT—Harry F. Hunt, Manhattan, Kans.

Returned to Duty, Previously Reported Died

LIEUTENANT—George P. Pratt, Macedonia, Ia.

PENNSYLVANIA
Died of Disease

PRIVATES—Ernest Coleman, 2160 Rodman street, Philadelphia; Frank N. Docheny, Mahanoy City; John J. Gardella, Forest City; Leonard William Quinn, Matamoras.

Missing in Action

PRIVATES—Mitro Gargish, Allison; Antoni Mlazga, Erie.

Returned to Duty, Previously Reported Missing

PRIVATE—Vincenzo Bartolucci, Grayson.

Wounded, Degree Undetermined

CORPORALS—Frank A. Bostwick, Millerstown; Marcus Hill, Wilkes-Barre.

NEW JERSEY
Died of Disease

PRIVATE—James J. Murphy, Jersey City.

Died, Previously Reported Missing

PRIVATE—Edward Lippman, Perth Amboy.

Wounded Slightly, Previously Reported Missing

PRIVATE — George H. Barlow, Ocean Grove.

Wounded Slightly

PRIVATES—Robert L. Martin, Newark; Pietro Mazzatto, Newark.

MARYLAND
Returned to Duty, Previously Reported Missing

PRIVATE—Joseph Juengst, Baltimore.

VIRGINIA
Died of Disease

PRIVATES—James E. Green, Richmond; Charley W. Jackson, Cape Charles; Henry Jenkins, Warsaw; Carter C. Racey, Lofton.

Missing in Action

PRIVATE—Claude S. Wells, Bassetts.

Truce Envoys Quit Spa as Foe Balks

Continued from Page One

the naval situation and outlined to the committee plans for naval reconstruction.

Discuss Kiel Canal

As the terms for the dismantling of the fortifications of Kiel Canal were causing some discussion, the council adopted a motion referring the Kiel question to the commission on waterways. This commission will now consider the whole subject, including the American reservations that the action on the Kiel Canal shall not be a precedent affecting American canals and waterways capable of being used for strategic purposes.

The council also adopted the American proposal requiring each commission to submit with its report the specific form of an article to be presented in the peace treaty. The purpose of this is to give the council the specific terms of a subject, instead of a lengthy report, from which the council may frame terms.

The session today will be devoted to the military terms and the feeding of Bohemia, Jugo-Slavia, Austria and Germany. This question of feeding is regarded as increasingly urgent, as reports reaching the British and American delegations indicate that lack of food is spreading the revolutionary menace throughout central Europe.

Terms May Be Permanent

Aside from the actual military and naval terms under consideration, an important question has arisen as to whether these terms will be temporary, as incident to the close of the war, or permanent, holding Germany in subjection for an indefinite period. This last proposal has taken a very definite form as a means for curbing Germany for all time, so that she cannot repeat the experience after Napoleon disarmed her, of rehabilitating her forces and thus defeating Napoleon later.

As a result of this feeling some of these terms foresee the control of disarmament considerably beyond the period of the present war. This, in turn, has opened a large vista before the British and American delegates of possible commitment to occupation and the supervision of German affairs for an indefinite period in the future. It has also presented the delicate question of how far a defeated nation should permanently lose its national authority to administer affairs.

Military Terms

In view of these considerations the question of time limit of naval control has become more important than the terms themselves. This was partially discussed yesterday and then went over. The actual terms as finally considered, though not yet made public, are summarized as follows:

Disarmament down to 200,000 men, consisting of fifteen divisions of infantry and five of cavalry, divided into five army corps with one army headquarters. This makes each corps consist of three divisions of infantry and one of cavalry, totaling 40,000 men. The men are to be chosen by lot for one year's service, and no class is to exceed 100,000 men. The officers are to serve twenty-five years and suboffices fifteen years.

Effective enforcement of this system is provided for, and eventually the league of nations will determine its continuance or modification.

Arms and ammunition are restricted to a force of 200,000 men and the balance is to be delivered or destroyed.

The naval terms provide similar disarmament by a reduction of the German fleet down to a limited basis sufficient for police defense, but it will not figure among the navies of the first or second class. This system is to be for an indeterminate period with ultimate continuance or modification probably under the league of nations.

The aerial terms of disarmament are definite in period, as a limited number of hydroplanes with an aerial force of a thousand men are to gather mines until October 1, next, when the entire establishment is to end.

While some features of the foregoing terms are still open, yet doubtless they will prevail in the main.

An official statement gives the following summary of yesterday's session of the supreme council:

The supreme council of the Allies met today from 2 to 6 o'clock.

The council accepted the American proposal that the commissions should be asked to present with their reports their conclusions in the form of articles to be inserted in the peace preliminaries.

The discussion then turned on the naval, military and air conditions to be imposed on the enemy.

The next meeting will take place tomorrow at 3 o'clock.

Tardieu Urges Strict Terms

What may be regarded as the official French view of the military terms was expressed by Captain Tardieu, when he said to the peace delegates: "It is almost unanimous that the terms should be even more severe than those proposed."

Captain Tardieu also said that the commission on Belgian affairs had agreed on the revision of the treaty of 1839. It is understood that the commission favors the addition of Malmedy (in Rhenish Prussia) and Moresnet (on the Belgian-Prussian border) to Belgium.

With regard to possible alterations, Captain Tardieu explained that various objections, made not only by the United States, but by other nations, would be considered, first, by the drafting commission, and, later, by the council.

"This work will be resumed," he said, "immediately after the return of President Wilson."

To the slight dissatisfaction displayed by the smaller powers over their allotment of five members to the recently created economic and financial commissions, Captain Tardieu appeared to attach little importance. Some surprise was shown, however, when the announcement was made that the smaller powers had chosen as their representatives delegates from Brazil, Portugal, Panama, Bolivia and Ecuador.

Washington, March 7.—(By A. P.)—Reports today from the naval inspecting board, which has been at work in connection with the German tonnage allocated to the United States for use in returning soldiers to this country, indicated that at least three of the large steamships would be turned over this week.

Reports of the breaking off of negotiations at Spa indicate that the distribution of ships will not be made according to the foregoing.

RENEWED FIGHTING FEARED BY ITALIANS

Washington, March 7.—An official dispatch from Rome today indicates that in the renewal of the armistice with Austria, Italy will require the disarming of Austrian regiments masquerading as Jugo-Slavs.

The dispatch intimates that there is concern in Italy regarding the conduct of the forces assembled at Agram and Laibach, which are being augmented, and that Italy will insist upon the strict observance of the clauses of the original armistice with Austria.

"The Corriere Della Sera," says the dispatch, "discussing the renewal of the armistice with Austria, says the situation requires a prompt solution owing to the peculiar condition at the Italy front, where a large part of the vanquished enemy, contrary to the terms of the armistice, is organizing its army and **speaks openly of a new war.**

"Of the twenty-four regiments which compose the Jugo-Slav army, sixteen are Austrian regiments, which were disbanded at the time the armistice was granted. There are also the 128th Regiment of Hussars and the 128th Artillery Regiment, which fought against Italy. Even the Austrian uniforms have been retained by these regiments.

"The second and fourth Jugo-Slav army corps are stationed in Laibach and Agram. It is not desired to exaggerate the importance of such military preparations, but it is significant enough that the menace exists. Above all, it should not be permitted that by a political maneuver the enemy may avoid the application of the armistice conditions approved by the Allies."

MONTENEGRINS DIE FROM STARVATION

Rome, March 7.—(By A. P.)—The commission sent by the American peace delegation to inquire into conditions in Montenegro passed through Rome toward Paris today.

It reported the situation in Montenegro as desperate, and it was said that the population is actually dying from starvation. As an instance of the suffering there, it was said that of a family of eight children five had died from lack of food and the other three had been reduced almost to skeletons. These were seen scratching the earth to find roots or gathering nettles for food. The American Red Cross is usually engaged in trying to save the people from starvation.

FIND NO LAW TO HOLD AUTHORS OF THE WAR

Paris, March 6.—The report of the Peace Conference commission to determine the responsibility of the authors of the war, it is understood, will be completed tonight and presented to an early meeting of the supreme council, Robert Lansing, American Secretary of State, is chairman of the committee.

The work of none of the Peace Conference commissions has been guarded so closely as that of the commission on responsibility. The commission's report, it is understood, while fixing moral responsibility, fails to find legal responsibility because there is no precedent or no law governing the case or no court existing to try the accused if legal guilt were found to be evident.

REVEAL INSTRUCTIONS TO DESPOIL BELGIUM

London, March 7.—(By A. P.)—A Reuter's dispatch from Paris says that additional evidence will be laid before the commission on reparation of the Peace Conference by the presentation of a full set of documents discovered by the Belgian police and containing detailed instructions to German troops for the carrying out their work of destruction in Belgium.

These documents are said to include papers stating the salaries to be paid various men in charge of these operations and giving directions regarding methods of destruction which were to be followed.

Actually Have Furniture in Russian Hostess House

New York, March 7.—(By A. P.)—A copy of the "American Sentinel" under date of February 1, published weekly for the benefit of all units of the expeditionary forces in North Russia and of all American organizations in Archangel, which has just arrived in New York, describes the barrenness of living conditions.

The paper, which is published by Miss Elizabeth Boles, director of Y. W. C. A. work in Archangel, contains an account of the New Year's Eve reception given at the Y. W. C. A. hostess house, which closes as follows:

"The apartment was pleasantly decorated in all paper chintz curtain and sprigs of evergreen. In a number of the rooms there was furniture."

SEES GERMAN END IN STATE SCHOOLS

No Opposition Forecast to House Measure Ousting Languge Teachers

ONE TONGUE IS FAVORED

Propagandists' Work Evident in Classrooms, Declares Sponsor

Asserting the German departments of the public school system are frequently centers of German propaganda and that the textbooks used in teaching the language promulgate the fatherland, Representative John T. Davis, of Indiana County, insists his bill prohibiting the teaching of this language in the schools of the state will be passed finally in the House Monday without opposition.

"Education that will Americanize and not make possible love of another country above that of the United States is an essential," he said. "The teaching of German in the public schools has been assisted by the German kultur propagandists. The German teachers in our public school system and the textbooks of German authors spread German propaganda."

Continuing, Mr. Davis said:

"Those living in the period the German language has been taught will remember the race of murderers of women and children as demonstrated in the last world war. German literature has always been inconsistent with the ideals of true democracy.

"The German language as it has been taught reveals the German ideals of its literature and culture, which has been so destructive in its manifestations during the late world war. German textbooks, as they have been used by the public school systems of the nation, have been favorably passed upon by the German institutions.

"If our American boys and girls are to be thoroughly fitted and equipped for the duties of life and if they are to understand the real fidelity to our nation and its needs; if we are to live the spirit and ideals of Washington, Lincoln and Roosevelt, the students of our public institutions should be taught and drilled in the ideals of our own nation. The language of any country is the media through which a nation reveals its life.

"I believe all true Americans should see to it that this German kultur, as manifested in the German textbooks and literature, favorably passed upon by the German Alliance movement, should forever be eliminated from our public school system. If this is done then we shall live the principle that has been laid down by the founder of this nation and manifest to all the world that we believe in the principles and ideals of our much-loved statesman and patriot, Theodore Roosevelt."

British Plan Draft for Occupying Army

Continued from Page One

Great Britain might do France would have to keep men on guard against the Germans.

"I do not think," added the government leader, "that you in this house sufficiently realize the French point of view in regard to this question. We see that the old danger of invasion has been taken away, but what does France see? She sees, lying for the moment sprawling on the ground, the savage beast which has been tearing her entrails for four years, and do you think that is a danger she can face with equanimity until the power of that beast for evil has been destroyed?"

He concluded by declaring that Premier Clemenceau had said:

"If we do not take care, when the British and American armies have disappeared, we shall be faced again by the same degree."

The bill passed second reading by a vote of 209 to 71.

During today's session of the House of Commons, W. C. Bridgman, under secretary for the Board of Trade, announced that it is not possible to remove all restrictions on imports from foreign countries into the United Kingdom, but raw materials will be free from restrictions.

Fear Catastrophe

Discussing the food situation in Central Europe in the House of Lords, Marquis Lansdowne asked how long the process of "turning the screw" was to continue. He said he regarded the position of Central Europe "with dismay."

"We seem to be rapidly approaching a catastrophe which may prove the most disastrous in the history of the world," he declared.

"If the blockade is not relaxed," said Baron Parmoor, "famine will seize the peoples of Central Europe and that would be the most fearful crime in history."

The Earl of Crawford, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, replying for the government, said that the problem is in the hands of the supreme economy council at Paris, which has taken steps to send food to Germany.

"The tonnage demanded from Germany by the Allies has not been forthcoming, however, and this is significant."

He made no attempt to explain the failure of Germany to turn over the ships asked for, but said he hoped that within a few weeks measures will be taken to stave off the impending disaster.

Taft Looming for Presidency

Continued from Page One

international questions are in just before the conventions.

"Before the last Republican convention," he said, "the name of Charles Evans Hughes wasn't even in the back of men's minds. And at Baltimore in 1912, Woodrow Wilson was not seriously considered at the beginning of the convention."

Sees End of Bolshevism

Mr. Lewis switched his discussion to Bolshievism. Americans need not fear that it will gain strength here, he said. It exists now in spots, particularly in the crowded centers of population, but it will "pop up, sizzle and then fade away" as a result of the continued prosperity which Senator Lewis foresees for the United States.

The former Senator discussed with Director General Piez the question of permanent shipyards on the Great Lakes. Mr. Piez, he said, naturally could give him no definite assurances of the fleet corporation's policy in the future, inasmuch as Mr. Piez himself was going to step out from the corporation. Mr. Lewis said he had no idea who would be Mr. Piez's successor.

"But I wish to emphasize this," the former Senator concluded. "The administration is proud of the work done by Hurley and Piez. Chicago is proud of both men, too, and Chicago wants to see Mr. Piez return there."

BELGIANS OFFER LEAGUE HOME

Brussels Would Present Palace as Seat of Union

Brussels, March 7.—The corporation of the city of Brussels has decided to propose to the city council that it offers Egmont Palace, formerly the Arenberg Palace, as the seat of the league of nations.

The Egmont Palace is in the south-central section of Brussels and within a few blocks of the Royal Palace. It was erected in 1548, restored in 1753 and again restored after a fire in 1892. Before the war the palace contained a valuable collection of paintings of the Flemish and Dutch schools of the seventeenth century. Count Egmont, who was executed by the Spaniards in 1568 in Brussels, was a famous general.

BERLIN MUST PAY U. S. BILLS TO THE TEUTONS

American Army's Debts in Occupied Zone to Be Settled Thus

By the Associated Press

Coblenz, March 6 (Delayed.—All indebtedness contracted by Americans within the occupied territories of Germany will be paid immediately. Authorization to this effect was obtained by the Third Army today, and from now on the Americans will pay their way as they go.

Money to pay the back bills and the bills of the future will be requisitioned from Berlin, the army thus relieving the civilians of the occupied territory from taking the chances of collecting from the German Government.

When the Americans eventually start homeward not one pfennig will be owing to civilians who have claims for services rendered or for billets in hotels or houses, or claims of any other kind in connection with the upkeep of the United States troops, so far as the army records are concerned.

Before the departure of the forces the commanders of the various units will confer with the burgomasters of the villages and cities in the district, and as a final formality will receive from the burgomasters' receipts in full showing all debts cleared up.

Since the Americans came the burgomasters have been paying the civilians their bills, but recently the Germans reported their funds were exhausted and they were unable to obtain more money from Berlin. The Coblenz burgomaster's office thus owes more than 500,000 marks for bills contracted in connection with the maintenance of the Americans. The Americans have been for some time in favor of putting the immediate-payment plan in practice, but before it could be started it was necessary to gain consent of the Allied commission.

The ground taken by the Americans is that it will be more worthy of them to pay as they go, rather than leave debts in the hands of civilians who might or might not in time be able to collect from the more or less unstable treasury in Berlin.

Therefore the Americans will do the collecting from the German Government.

Troops Back From War and Homeward Bound

ARRIVED

Mexican at New York, from St Nazaire, with 2540 men, of whom all but 262 are members of Aero Squadrons 23, 35, 148, 151, 185, 168, 173, 176, 184, 247, 264, 374, 469, 499 and 500. A detachment of the Seventy-first Regiment Coast Artillery Corps and a few casuals were aboard.

Mongolia at New York, from St. Nazaire, with 4400 men, about 1000 convalescing from illness or wounds. Units included detachments of the 334th, 335th and 336th Machine Gun Battalions of the Eighty-seventh Division, of the 316th Trench Mortar Battery of the Ninety-first Division, of the 104th and 116th Battery Trench Artillery; meteorological detachment signal corps, 801st Aero Squadron; 482d Aerial Construction Squadron, 467th and 468th Engineer Pontoon Trains, 401st Pontoon Park and the Ten'h Antiaircraft Sector.

Vedic White Star liner, at Boston, with 2200 men, most of them members of the Fifty-fourth Heavy Artillery.

DUE TODAY

Comfort (hospital) at New York, from Bordeaux, February 20, with 406 men, including Bordeaux Convalescent Detachments Nos. 57, 88, 102, 103, 104, 112, 119, 120 and 121, twelve officers and 390 enlisted men, all sick or wounded.

Moccasin at New York, from Brest, February 20, with thirty-three casuals.

Carthage at New York, from St. Nazaire, February 19, with detachment Base Hospital 43 (Georgia), of one officer and three women civilians; detachment Base Hospital 41, one officer, sixty nurses and two women civilian clerks and two casual officers.

Chicago at New York, from Bordeaux, February 24, with the 348th Infantry, Field and Staff, Headquarters First Battalion, Headquarters Third Battalion, Supply Company, Sanitary Detachment, Companies A, B, D, E, F and I and thirteen attached officers. Total forty-six officers and 1000 men.

Auxiliary cruiser Plattsburg, at New York from Brest February 26, with the Thirty-seventh Aero Squadron, Forty-ninth Aero Squadron, thirteen Brest convalescent detachments, six casual companies. Total 2370, including the wives of twenty-five soldiers, twenty sailors' wives.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES
Jewish

"HUMAN RIGHTS FOR JEWS IN ALL LANDS." Address by Dr. Berkowitz, Friday, March 7, 8 p. m. Saturday, 10 a. m., Man of Clear Vision. Synagogue, southeast corner Broad and Mt. Vernon sts. All welcome.

MONEY LOANED On diamonds, watches, jewelry or any goods of value. Unlimited capital. **WALTER'S LOAN OFFICE** Bonded to the city 5 E. Cor. 11 & Arch 1% up

"RED" SHOOTS UP RIALTO

Long-Haired "Bolsheviat" Wings a Broker in New York

New York, March 7.—Theatre-going crowds in Forty-eighth street fled in panic last night when a long-haired man, who said he was Enrico Falatino, "president of the Buffalo Bolsheviki," ran wild with a pistol. Apparently it made no difference to him who his bullets hit, for he fired in all directions.

Only one of the shots took effect. The victim was John P. Rothman, a broker, who said he lived at the Hotel Commodore." He was shot in the left shoulder, but it was said the wound was not serious.

After firing the four shots, shouting wildly and flourishing his weapon, Falatino dashed toward Broadway. Several patrolmen reached him almost simultaneously and he was disarmed, but not gently. He was sent to Bellevue Hospital for observation.

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RUSSIA STARVES, BRITAIN IS TOLD

Hunger Kills Off Thousands Daily as Result of Bolshevik Rule

CATS TO EAT COST $3

Disease Rampant Owing to Famine—Not Enough Wood for Coffins

By the Associated Press

London, March 7.—Starvation prevails throughout Bolshevist Russia and is killing off the population by thousands. Diseases due to undernourishment are rampant and food is so scarce in Petrograd and Moscow that cats sell readily for $3 each. The undertakers cannot cope with conditions, as there is not enough wood for coffins.

These reports have been brought to the attention of the British Government within the last week by British subjects recently returned from Russia.

Their evidence is unanimous that the food situation is indescribably terrible and that if means are not found to alleviate it the inhabitants of Bolshevist Russia may starve to death. The Britishers say the plight of Russia is a direct result of the reign of anarchy and terror instituted by Lenine and Trotzky. They declare that the Russian problem has ceased to be a political question and has become a question of common humanity.

Thousands are dying daily in the great centers of population like Petrograd, Moscow, Kiev and Odessa. In Petrograd alone the deaths from famine three weeks ago numbered 200 daily. Typhoid or "hunger typhus" is carrying off young and old everywhere, and in Moscow glanders is epidemic.

No fuel is obtainable for lighting and millions live in pitch darkness after nightfall.

SALEM FRIENDS URGE HARMONY OF SECTS

Quarterly Meeting Speakers Favor Co-operative Union of All Denominations

Salem, N. J., March 7.—Harmony should be established among all the sects of Christendom, according to members of the Salem Quarterly Meeting of Friends, who urge that all denominations unite in a co-operative union.

The quarterly meeting was held yesterday at Woodstown, N. J. Several Friends from other sections, including the Baltimore meeting, were present.

Laura B. Holmes said that "God needs our co-operation more than He needs our adoration." Prayers for a spirit of consecration and devoted service were made by Joel Borton and Rachel B. Lippincott.

Co-operation among the sects was urged by Dr. O. Edward Janney and David Batchellor, of Baltimore. Rachel Du Bois, principal of the Glassboro High School, spoke on the earnest spirit of young people now. She said they needed the support and guidance of their elders.

Warner Underwood, of Woodbury, was clerk of the business meeting. He was assisted by Rachel L. Borden.

In the reading of the queries, the third one, dealing with the responsibility of Friends to the community, called forth an earnest discussion as to how the members could best deal with problems calling for solution.

Although there had been many deaths in the year, the statistical report showed a net gain of twenty members over last year.

Four representatives from each subordinate meeting were appointed to attend the yearly meeting in May, and one from each monthly meeting to serve for a year on the representative committee. The four chosen were Warner Underwood, Mary E. Barton, Lucy Borden Fogg and James S. Stackhouse. The clerks for the coming year will be J. Bernard Hilliard, of Salem, and Rachel L. Borden.

AUSTRIAN PRINCE ILL

Charles Expected to Move to Persenberg, on Danube

Basle, March 7.—(By A. P.)—Colonel J. D. Summerhayes, a British Military representative in Austria, has left Vienna for Switzerland with a son of former Emperor Charles, who is ill, according to dispatches received here.

It is said that the former Emperor is expected to take up his residence soon at Persenberg Castle on the Danube, his birthplace.

WINTER RESORTS
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

ATLANTIC CITY
NEW JERSEY
THE IRRESISTABLE
No visitor was ever disappointed with Atlantic City or was contented with merely one visit. There is a charm and fascination about this delightful All-the-Year resort that appeals to every inclination and taste.
The sunny skies and bracing air add zest to life and to dance, and drive it all care clean out of sight.
Come NOW, when your home city seems dull and dreary. You need never fear "ennui" in ATLANTIC CITY.
Golf, Indoor Salt Water Swimming Pools, Horseback Riding, Rolling Chairs, Motoring, Theatres, Concerts, Pure, Etc.
THE LEADING HOUSES are always open and will furnish full information, rates, etc.
Marlborough-Blenheim — **Galen Hall** — **Hotel St. Charles** — **Seaside House** — **Hotel Chelsea** — **The Shelburne** — **Hotel Strand** — **Hotel Dennis** — **The Wiltshire** — **The Helmhurst**
For information and schedule of convenient railroad facilities, consult local ticket agents

TRAYMORE ATLANTIC CITY WORLD'S GREATEST HOTEL SUCCESS

GRAND ATLANTIC
Virginia Ave. near Boardwalk and center of amusements. Private baths. Running water in rooms. Elevator. Table and service distinctive features. $3.50 up daily. Special wkly. Capacity 600. Bklt. Auto meets trains. Ownership management. W. F. SHAW.

HOTEL FREDONIA
OPEN ALL YEAR. Tennessee ave., just off Boardwalk. European plan. $1 up daily. Every appointment. Moderate rate restaurant.

Try CLARENDON HOTEL
VIRGINIA AVE. NEAR BEACH
All rooms with hot and cold running water. Private Baths. Write for Rates and Booklet.

HOTEL BOSCOBEL Kentucky Av. near Beach. Always open. Thoroughly heated. Bklt. A. E. MARION

Westminster Ky. Av. near Beach. Elev. to st., private baths, running water. $12.50 up wk. $2.50 up daily. C. Buhre.

USE "SQUIRT GUN" ON RIVAL

Cut-Rate Milk Man Had Stock Ruined by It

New York, March 7.—Use of "hydraulic pistols" loaded with gasoline to interfere with cut-rate milk dealers in this city was described by Samuel Morosoff, an independent dealer, at the "John Doe" milk inquiry before Magistrate McAdoo yesterday.

Mr. Morosoff testified that he was selling bulk milk at one cent a quart less than the larger distributors and that several efforts had been made to hamper his business.

Last Monday, he declared, an automobile drew up beside his wagon as he was removing the cover from a large can of milk and "fired" gasoline into the can, spoiling its contents.

On another occasion, he testified, a bolt had been removed from his wagon while he was making a delivery, making further use of the wagon impossible until it had been repaired.

Magistrate McAdoo ordered an investigation when Mr. Morosoff declared a policeman to whom he had complained refused to take any action.

FRENCH GIRLS WANT JOBS

Write Chester Employment Service for Places

Chester, Pa., March 7.—Three girls living in a little French village want to come to Chester to work. The English of the girls' letter is about what the French of their American sisters would be. It was addressed to Miss Ethyl Turk, examiner of the women's division of the United States employment service.

The letter follows: "We are three girls willing to go to America.

"Two girls; first dressmaker, and one other having diplomas for teaching or bookkeeping.

"Will you have the kindness answer if you have work for us?

"We can take other work, like this: Dressmaking, seller, governess, housekeeper or to be in grill room.

"I am expecting a answer as soon as you shall find work for us. Tell us how much we can have."

Miss Turk, who has placed more than 5000 women in industrial work during the war, will endeavor to supply the French girls with work if an employer can be found.

EDUCATIONAL
Both Sexes

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Deaths

"ALEXANDER.—March 4, at Episcopal Hospital, FANNIE ALEXANDER, daughter of the late Charles Alexander, formerly of the Philadelphia Public Ledger. Relatives and friends of family invited to funeral services, Sat., 2 p. m., at 4953 Catharine st. Int. private.

ANDERSON. — March 6, CATHARINE AMELIA, widow of Isaac Anderson, aged 87. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Sun., 4 p. m., 5064 Morton st. Int., Arbutus Park Presbyterian Church Mon., 2 p. m. Int. in churchyard.

ARMOUR.—March 5, STEPHEN L., husband of Emma H. Armour. Relatives and friends, Wilde Post, No. 25, G. A. R.; Lelperville Lodge, Odd Fellows; Brotherhood of the Union, R. N. H. F., invited to funeral, Mon., 2 p. m., Chelsea, Delaware Co., Pa. Services at Mt. Hope M. E. Church 3 p. m. Int. Mt. Hope Cem.

BENKERT.—March 5 Mrs. MARY BENKERT, aged 70. Funeral Sat., 8 a. m., 4003 Baltimore ave. Solemn mass of requiem St. Edmond's Church 10 a. m. Int. New Cathedral Cem. Auto funeral.

CARR.—March 4, ANNIE CARR (nee Gibson), widow of Bernard Carr. Relatives and friends invited to funeral, Sat., 8:30 a. m., 2438 Federal st. Solemn requiem mass St. Anthony's Church 10 a. m. Int. Holy Cross Cem.

CARR.—March 4, JOHN, son of late John and Bridget Carr (nee Cullen). Relatives and friends invited to funeral, Sat., 8:30 a. m., 2965 Edgemont st. Solemn requiem mass Church of the Nativity 10 a. m. Int. New Cathedral Cem. Auto funeral.

CHANCE.—At Pitman, N. J., March 5, CATHERINE, widow of William J. Chance, aged 76. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Sat., 2 p. m., apartments of William H. Battersby, 3316 N. Broad st. Remains may be viewed Fri., 7 to 9 p. m., residence Albert E. Battersby, 229 Pitman ave., Pitman, N. J. Int. North Cedar Hill Cem.

CHATTIN. — March 5, ELMA SPENCE, widow of Daniel H. Chattin, aged 80. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Sun., 3 p. m., residence of nephew, Charles Muschert, 2533 N. 31st st. Int. Mt. Peace Cem.

COATES.—Suddenly, March 5, PHILIP, husband of Bridget Coates. Relatives and friends invited to funeral, Mon., 8:30 a. m., 1302 Erie ave. Solemn requiem mass St. Stephen's Church 10 a. m. Int. private. Auto funeral.

COOPER.—March 6, J. WARREN COOPER, son of Florence Pile and late Henry C. Cooper, aged 32. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Sat., 1:30 p. m., 2407 N. 15th st. Cremation at Chelten Hills Cem. Int. private.

COOPER.—March 5, ORVILLE C. COOPER, son of late William and Rebecca Cooper. Funeral services Sat., 2 p. m., 1918 W. Venango st. Int. private.

CORNELL.—March 4, HENRY G., son of late George and Henrietta Cornell and husband of Nora Aileen Cornell, aged 61. Relatives and friends invited to funeral Sat., 8:30 a. m., 3340 Kensington ave. Solemn requiem mass St. Stephen's Church 10 a. m. Int. private. Omit flowers.

CROSS.—March 4, WILLIAM H., husband of Emily Stewart Cross, aged 53. Relatives and friends, also Oriental Lodge, No. 385, F. and A. M.; Union Lodge, No. 14, K. of P.; members of Select and Common Council and 24th Ward Republican Club, invited to funeral services, Sat., 2 p. m., 4118 Pennsgrove st., West Phila. Int. Westminster Cem. Auto funeral. Remains may be viewed Fri. eve.

CROUT.—March 5, Miss MARTHA CROUT, aged 72. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Sat., 11 a. m., 8413 Germantown ave., Chestnut Hill. Int. private.

CUTHBERT.—March 6, at Fort Henry, JOSEPH, aged 31, late of Co. A, 314th Infantry, 79th Div., son of Samuel and Mary Cuthbert, 214 Chestnut ave., Ardmore, Pa. Due notice of funeral will be given.

DALY.—March 4, HANNAH, daughter of late John and Margaret Daly. Relatives and friends invited to funeral, Sat., 8:30 a. m., 805 W. Firth st. Solemn requiem mass St. Edward's Church 10 a. m. Int. New Cathedral Cem. Auto funeral.

DEVLIN.—March 4, ANNA R., daughter of Eliza and late Francis Devlin (nee Brennan), of Mullagh Moyle, County Tyrone, Ireland. Funeral, private, to relatives and friends, also St. Monica's B. V. M. Sodality are invited Sat., 8:30 a. m., S. W. cor. 17th and Jackson sts. Solemn mass of requiem Church of St. Monica 10 a. m. Int. Holy Cross Cem. Auto service.

EDDIS.—March 5, MARGARET, wife of James Eddis. Relatives and friends invited to attend funeral, Sat., 8:30 a. m., 2018 N. Pratt st. High mass St. Elizabeth's Church 10 a. m. Int. Holy Cross Cem. Auto funeral.

EGBERT.—March 5, CHARLOTTE, widow of George Engert (nee Koch), aged 80. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Sun., 2:30 p. m., residence of son-in-law, Charles Beyer, 4634 N. 5th st. Int. private, Northwood Cem.

EMERY.—March 5, near Crosswicks, N. J., SAMUEL J. EMERY, aged 87. Relatives and friends invited to funeral, near Crosswicks, Sat., 2 p. m. Int. Crosswicks, N. J. Autos will meet 11:26 train at Bordentown from Market st. ferry, Phila., also 11:23 train from Trenton, N. J.

ERASMUS.—March 5, BROTHER ERASMUS (John Rock), aged 39. Funeral Sat., St. Peter's Church, 4th and N. Sts. Solemn requiem mass St. Peter's Church 10 a. m. Int. Mt. Moriah Cemetery.

ESSIG.—March 5, KATHRYN E. ESSIG, daughter of Anna Barbara and late August Essig, aged 22. Relatives and friends invited to funeral services, Sun., 2 p. m., residence, 432 Butler st. Int. Northwood Cem.

FARRELL.—March 6, JOSEPH J., husband of late Sarah Farrell. Relatives and friends invited to funeral, Mon., 8:30 a. m., residence of son-in-law, Edward J. McDermott, 127 N. Sickles st., West Phila. Solemn requiem mass Church of Our Lady of Victory 10 a. m. Int. St. Denis Cem. Auto service.

FAUL.—March 5, AUGUSTINE J., husband of Margaret M. Faul (nee Frayne) and son of late Augustine and Anna Faul