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BUSINESS NOTES

The government of India, in view of the necessity of conserving rice for local consumption, on account of the shortage of the harvest due to the lack of rain, has decided to prohibit its exportation. Certain exceptions are made, however, to countries which, on account of including a large Indian population and having been dependent in the past on India as the nearest source of supply, must be regarded as having a superior claim on the balance of the rice crop not required in India or the United Kingdom. According to Vice Consul Charles M. Haywood at Calcutta, the exportation of rice from India for the present will not be permitted to the United States, Australia, Canada, Dutch East Indies, Japan and China.

During the last five or six weeks more than 100,000 pairs of shoes were shipped to Russia, under the direction of Louis J. Robertson, vice president of the Tanners' Council, who is actively interested in Jewish war relief work. Almost 80 per cent of these shoes were for women and children.

Italy does not intend to permit the return of German cotton goods to its markets. Prior to the war German mills virtually had a monopoly of Italy's trade in cotton fabrics. Letters received indicated that Italy is preparing to do an increased business with American mills. In order to establish closer trade relations between the two countries mill agents have been requested to forward samples to Italy.

Demand for heavy industrial chemicals continues light, both for domestic or export account. The dealers are now waiting to see what steps the government will take to dispose of the great stocks of chemicals it accumulated during the war period.

Buyers of corduroys and velveteens are taking goods for fall delivery rather more freely than at any time the last two months. They seem to have more confidence in the stability of prices, which have not changed since January 1. The West is doing most of the buying of corduroys, while New York millinery manufacturers are buying velveteens.

A total of 361,824,673 pounds of hides and skins were imported into this country during 1918, a decrease of about 50 per cent over the imports of 1917, when the total was 631,065,683 pounds. Of the totals last year 5,818,589 pounds represented buffalo hides, 7,582,723 calfskins, 220,984,844 cattle hides, 62,363,549 goatskins, 4,997,856 horse, colt and ass skins, 52,464,251 sheepskins and 6,933,313 other hides and skins.

The shipping board yesterday announced new shipping rates to virtually every quarter of the globe. In most instances the rates represent general reductions. In some cases they are initial ones. They cover commodities and general cargoes.

E. I. du Pone de Nemours & Co., powder manufacturers, who are also engaged in other lines of industry, are gradually concentrating all of their executive forces in Wilmington, Del., for the different affiliated concerns, as well as the main business, so far as this can be done. In order to accommodate the influx, a large addition is being built to the company's twelve-story office building, which, when completed, will make the building and hotel built by the company cover two city blocks.

The war trade board announces that it has been informed the prohibition upon importation of leather and shoes into Italy has been removed. Such commodities may now be imported into Italy upon obtaining an Italian import license therefor. This license is required for all shipments, including those made by parcel post.

Some small lots of copper sold in New York late yesterday at 14¾ cents a pound. This marks a new low level for the metal.

LOCAL MEAT MARKET

The following report on the fresh meat trade in Philadelphia is furnished by the local livestock and meat office of the Bureau of Markets, United States Department of Agriculture:

FRESH BEEF—Supply normal; market about steady; demand light.

STEERS—Receipts moderate; market steady at $22 to $26; demand quiet.

COWS—Receipts of common and medium grades moderate; market about steady at $18 to $24; demand fair.

VEAL—Supply of western dressed light; market steady to firm at $18 to $26; demand good.

PORK—Receipts moderate; market weak to $2.50 lower than Monday's opening at $22 to $26; demand slow.

LAMB—Receipts light; market firm at $26 to $32; demand exceeds supply.

MUTTON—Receipts light; market strong at $20 to $24; demand good.

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Philadelphia Markets

GRAIN AND FLOUR

WHEAT—Receipts, 76,336 bus. The market ruled firm. Quotations: Car lots in export elevator government standard inspection, standard prices—No. 1, red winter, $2.39; No. 1, northern spring, $2.39; No. 1, hard winter, $2.39; No. 1, red winter, garlicky, $2.37; No. 1, red, smutty, $2.36; No. 2, red winter, $2.36; No. 2, northern spring, $2.36; No. 2, hard winter, $2.34; No. 2, red winter, garlicky $2.34; No. 2, red smutty, $2.33; No. 3, red winter, $2.32; No. 3, northern spring, $2.32; No. 3, hard winter, $2.32; No. 3, red winter, garlicky, $2.30; No. 3, red, smutty, $2.29; No. 4, red, $2.30; No. 4, garlicky, $2.28; No. 4, smutty, $2.27; No. 4, garlicky, smutty, $2.26; No. 5, red, $2.28; No. 5, garlicky, $2.26; No. 5, smutty, $2.25; No. 5, garlicky, smutty, $2.24.

CORN—Receipts, 25,681 bus.—The market was quiet and largely nominal. We quote yellow in car lots for local trade, as to quality and location, at $1.37@1.45 per bushel.

OATS—Receipts, 10,614 bus.—Trade was quiet, but prices were firmly held. Quotations: Car lots as to location, No. 2, white, 68½@69c; standard white, 68@68½c; No. 3 white, 67@67½c; No. 4 white, 65½@66½c.

FLOUR—Receipts, 1,088,600 lbs. in sacks.—Mill limits were firmly maintained, but buyers were still inclined to operate cautiously. Quotations: To arrive per 196 lbs. in 140-pound jute sacks—Winter, straight, western, $10.25@10.50; do. nearby, $9.50@10; Kansas, straight, $10.50@10.75; do. short patent, $10.75@11.20; spring, short patent, $10.75@11; do. patent, $10.50@10.75; do. first clear, $9.25@9.50.

RYE FLOUR—Was quiet and unchanged. We quote at $7.50@7.75 per barrel in sacks, as to quality.

PROVISIONS

The market was quiet and showed little change. The quotations are as follows: Beef, in sets, smoked and airdried, 46c; beef, knuckles and tenders, smoked and airdried, 47c; pork, family, 52@53; hams, S. P. cured, loose, 31@32c; do. skinned, loose, 33½@35½c; do. do. smoked, 35¼@35¾c; hams, boiled, boneless, 51c; picnic shoulders, S. P. cured, loose, 24½c; do. smoked, 25½c; bellies, in pickle, loose, 30c; breakfast bacon, 37c; lard, 26c.

REFINED SUGARS

There was little trading, but prices were steadily held on a basis of 9c for fine granulated.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

BUTTER—The market ruled very firm under small supplies and a fairly active demand and prices of solid-packed creamery further advanced ½c. Quotations: Solid-packed creamery, extras, 57½c; high-scoring, 58½@60½c, the latter for jobbing sales; extra firsts, 55½@56½c; firsts, 46@54c; seconds, 45@47c; fancy brands of prints jobbing at 63@65c; fair to good, 56@62c.

EGGS—There were more liberal offerings and the market declined 30c per case, but demand was fairly active at revised figures. The quotations: Free cases, nearby firsts, $12.90 per crate; current receipts, $12.60; western, extra firsts, $12.90; firsts, $12.60; inferior lots lower; southern, $12@12.30; selected candled eggs jobbing at 50@52c per dozen.

CHEESE—Offerings were light and the market ruled firm with demand fairly active. Quotations: New York and Wisconsin whole-milk, current make, 30@31c; do. do. do. fancy held, 35@36c; specials blocks; do. do. do. fair to good, 33@34c.

POULTRY

LIVE—The market was quiet with fairly liberal offerings at recently revised prices. Quotations: Fowls, 36c; broiling chickens, fancy, soft-meated, weighing 1½@2 lbs. apiece, 45@50c; spring chickens, soft-meated, larger class, 37@38c; staggy, 30@35c; old roosters, 29@31c; old roosters, 26@27c; ducks, Pekin, 42@43c; do. Indian Runner, 40@41c; geese, 30c; pigeons, old, per pair, 45@50c; do. young, per pair, 45@50c.

DRESSED—The market ruled very firm with demand readily absorbing the limited offerings. The quotations: Fancy fowls, packed in boxes, weighing 4 lbs. and over apiece, 37c; weighing 3½ lbs. apiece, 36c; weighing 3 lbs. apiece, 34@35c; smaller sizes, 28@32c; fresh-killed fowls, in bbls., fancy dry-picked, weighing 4 lbs. and over apiece, 37c; weighing 3½ lbs. apiece, 36c; smaller sizes, 28@32c; old roosters, dry-picked, 27c; roasting chickens, western, dry-picked, in boxes, weighing 5 lbs. apiece, 36@37c; weighing 4 lbs. apiece, 36c; weighing 3½ lbs. apiece, 34c; weighing 3 lbs. apiece, 32c; staggy, 27@30c; roasting chickens, western, in bbls., weighing 4 lbs. apiece, 35c; weighing 3½ lbs. apiece, 34c; weighing 2½@3 lbs. apiece, 32@33c; staggy, 25@29c; capons, western, weighing 7@8 lbs. and over apiece, 44@45c; smaller sizes, 40@43c; turkeys, nearby, fancy, 46@48c; do. western, fancy, 45@46c; do. do. fair to good, 40@43c; do. do. common, 30@35c; do. old toms, 40@42c; do. old hens, 40@42c; squabs, per dozen, white, weighing 11@12 lbs. per dozen, $8@8.25; do. do. weighing 9@10 lbs. per doz., $7@7.50; do. do. weighing 8 lbs. per doz., $6@6.50; do. do., 7 lbs. per doz., $4.50@5; do. do. 6@6½ lbs. per doz., $3@3.50; dark, $1.50@2.50; small and No. 2, $1@2.50; guineas, young, per pair, $1@1.75; old, 75@$1.

FRESH FRUITS

Choice stock met with fair sale and values generally ruled firm under moderate offerings. The quotations: Apples, New York, per bbl.—King, $7@10; Baldwin, $7@10; Northern Spy, $6@8.50; Hubbardston, $7@9.25; Greening, $7@8.75. Apples, Pennsylvania and Virginia, per bbl.—Ben Davis, $7@9; Gano, $7@9.50; Winesap, $10@12; Stayman Winesap, $8@10; York Imperial, $7@10; Rome Beauty, per bbl., $10@11. Apples, western, per box, $2.50@5. Lemons, per box, $2.50@4.25. Oranges, Florida, per crate, $3@6.50; do. do. California, per box, $4@6.55. Grapefruit, per box, $2.50@4.50. Cranberries, Jersey, per bushel box, $8.50@9; do. do. per bbl., $20@25. Strawberries, Florida, per qt., 35@40c.

VEGETABLES

Prices generally were well maintained with offerings moderate and demand fair. Quotations follow: White potatoes, Jersey, per ½-bushel basket—No. 1, 75@90c; No. 2, 50@60c; white potatoes, Maine, No. 1, per 100 pounds, $2.25@2.40; white potatoes, western, per 100 pounds, $1.90@2.25; do. New York, per 100 pounds, $2.15@2.25. Sweet potatoes, Jersey, per basket—No. 1, $1.75@2; No. 2, $1.25@1.40; sweet potatoes, Eastern Shore, per barrel—No. 1, $5@7.50; sweet potatoes, Delaware and Maryland, bushel hampers—No. 1, $2.05@2.80; No. 2, $1.75@1.90. Cabbage, Danish seed, per ton, $27@40; do. southern, per hamper, $2@2.50. Onions, yellow, per 100-pound bag, $3.50@5.

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE

New York, March 4.—EGGS—Steady. Receipts, 15,594 cases. Extras, 46@46½c; extra firsts, 45@45½c; firsts, 43½@44½c; seconds, 40@43c; dirties, No. 1, 41c inside. No. 2, 37@40c; cocks, No. 1, 38½@39c; chocks, No. 3, 36@38c; state and nearby hennery, white, 51@53c; gathered whites, 47@52c; Pacific coast whites, 52@53c; western and southern gathered whites, 49@50c.

CHEESE—Firm. Receipts, 1470 boxes. State, whole-milk colored, specials, 31½@31¾c; flat, white, 31@31½c; flat, colored, average run, 31@31¼c; flat, white, average run, 30½@30¾c; twin, specials, 35@36c.

CATTLE—Receipts, 14,000 head. Very slow on beef and butcher cattle. Early sales steady; undertone weak. Calves, 25c higher. Cattle, good, choice and prime, $16.75@20.25; common and medium, $10.85@16.75; butcher heifers, $8@13.75; cows, $7.75@15.25; stockers and feeders, good, choice and prime, $11.40@13; inferior, common and medium, $5.25@11.40; veal calves, $17.25@17.75.

SHEEP—Receipts, 9000 head. Strong to 25c higher. Six loads Colorado-fed lambs sold at $19.50.

BUTTER—Firm. Receipts, 9696 tubs. Creamery, higher than extras, 58@58½c; creamery extras (92 score), 57@57½c; firsts, 53½@56½c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 36c.

GOSSIP OF THE STREET

BANKER SAYS NEW TAX BLANKS "GET THE GOAT" OF FINANCIERS

Complicated Instrument Causing Much Worry—Savings Institution Official Discusses Plan to Popularize Acceptances

"TO USE a colloquial expression," remarked a well-known banker yesterday, "the income-tax blank has got the goat of every one in the financial district." He went on to describe some of the expressions which he said were being given out on all sides. It is not, he said, that people are against the payment of such taxes as they should pay, but to pile on top of that payment the filling out of a form that the "13, 14, 15" puzzle or "pigs in clover" is child's play as compared with it. An up-to-date broker, who was worrying over his blank, said he had heard of a negro preacher who preached a sermon on "How to Unscrew the Inscrutable." "I only wish I had him here," said the broker. "I would give ten cents for a copy of that sermon."

On all sides every one is talking about these tax blanks and wondering what the Treasury Department had in mind in getting out such a complicated instrument when, as they claim, better results could be obtained by making the necessary returns as simple as possible. One thing is certain, that the banks and trust companies that are providing this service free for their customers will have all their special income-tax departments can attend to for some time to come.

Popularizing Acceptances as Savings-Bank Investments

A dispatch from New York yesterday said that the savings bank section of the American Bankers' Association announced the completion of plans to popularize acceptances as savings bank investments. Some days ago it was also stated that the savings banks of New York state had started a movement looking to a connection with the Federal Reserve System.

The vice president of one of the large local savings institutions said as regards the purchasing of acceptances for investments in savings banks of this city and state it could not be done at present at least. While he had no fault to find with acceptances as such, they did not come up to the standard of the investments for savings institutions. Incidentally, he said that years ago, in the early days of his connection with the banking business in this country, acceptances were not by any means uncommon as financial instruments, and he hoped they would become so again.

He had not heard of any movement by the savings banks of this city and state to connect with the Federal Reserve System.

Discussions on Victory Loan Sale

As the time to launch the Victory Liberty Loan draws nearer the views of bankers and brokers become more defined until they have naturally developed into two distinct camps on whether the campaign should be conducted on a platform of patriotism or from a purely business basis. There is in addition a difference of opinion as to whether the notes should be issued on a 5 per cent basis, subject to all federal taxes, or on a 4 per cent tax-free basis. Those who argue for the higher interest rate say that without such a rate it would be impossible to sell them to the public, and the government in such a case would have to fall back upon the banks. In New York state the Association of State Banks has gone on record in favor of 5 per cent on notes which would be subject to federal taxation and 4 per cent on tax-free paper.

Bankers in this city acknowledge that it is too early to decide on the correct rate of interest for the Liberty Victory notes, and that it would not be good business to announce the rate or rates till a few days before the campaign opens. One thing is certain, that whatever the rate on which Secretary of the Treasury Glass decides, it will have a direct bearing on the general market position of bonds and on the need for the conservation of bank credits for commercial purposes.

Business Conditions in Great Britain

Conditions of labor, business and finance in Great Britain seem to be about the same as we find them here, according to H. Gordon Selfridge, the head of Selfridge & Co., London, the biggest department store in that city, conducted on the plans of an American department store, who says:

"There is still a wide difference of opinion as to the prices that merchandise should and must bring during the coming months. I, personally, cannot see how prices shall be maintained at their present rates because the enormous numbers of manufacturers, who heretofore have been on war work exclusively, are now free for civil requirements. During the last few years manufacturers have learned that their machines are capable of doing very much more than they had considered possible in pre-war days.

"Factories have been making more of everything than they ever did before and it is not likely their owners will settle back into the old, easy-going methods. The more a machine makes the less are overhead charges, of course, and this should work toward lower prices of merchandise. On the other hand, wages and salaries have increased decidedly and there is a general desire that they shall not recede more than is necessary from their present point.

"Raw materials, of course, are higher and the cost of carriage and insurance, which have been a great factor, still show their effects because most of the stuff on hand now has been brought to this country at high cost.

"One factor which is continually used by the manufacturer to maintain higher prices is a claim that orders for export are very heavy. We have pooh-poohed this argument and insisted that they were not great enough to be a deciding factor, nevertheless we find even up to now, the end of January, difficulty to obtain any concessions in prices except in a few directions. We insist that prices must come down, gradually, at any rate, if not as rapidly as would have seemed likely. We find ourselves only buying closely from hand to mouth and we decline to place orders ahead beyond the bare requirements."

* * *

Liberty Loan Bonds displayed weakness throughout yesterday, although prices were not substantially changed from those obtaining at the close of business on Saturday. The passage of the new revenue bill was accepted with considerable satisfaction in the Street, as it had been feared that it might be delayed until after the adjournment of the present session of Congress.

Foreign government bonds were irregular, although prices held firm, particularly for the Anglo-French 5s and the French Republic 5½s. The French municipals were slightly lower. Dominion of Canada bonds were fractionally above last week's levels. New York city bonds were slightly lower, with but few changing hands.

Throughout the industrial list there was a tendency toward moderately higher prices, although operations were confined within somewhat narrow limits. Railroad bonds were more active and a little above last week's figures.

* * *

A good deal of interest attended the bidding on the $8,000,000 4½ per cent thirty-year city of Philadelphia bonds, which were awarded to a syndicate composed of Drexel & Co., Brown Brothers & Co. and the Guarantee Trust Company of New York. The bid of the syndicate was for all or none at 100.61. Bond houses generally seemed satisfied at the result, although a higher bid was expected.

* * *

It is said a local house will soon put out an issue of $1,800,000 6 per cent serial bonds of the Autocar Company.

LOCAL MINING STOCKS

TONOPAH STOCKS	Bid	Ask
Jim Butler	.36	.38
MacNamara	.32	.35
Midway	.32	.34
Mizpah Ext	.06	.07
Montana	.17	.19
North Star	.07	.09
Rescue Eula	.08	.10
West End	1¼	1¾
GOLDFIELD STOCKS		
Atlanta	.05	.06
Blue Bull	.03	.04
Booth	.14	.16
Crackerjack	.09	.10
Diamf B B	.01	.03
Daisy	.02	.03
Kewanas	.03	.07
Oro	.01	.03
Spearhead	.15	.17
Silver Pick	.06	.07
MISCELLANEOUS		
Arizona United	.25	.30
Nevada Wonder	.70	.75
Tecopa Mining	.12	.14

BAR SILVER

Commercial bar silver was quoted in New York today at $1.01⅛ an ounce, unchanged; in London at 47⅞d, unchanged.

$5 Premium Is Offered for Certain $10 Note

Who has a $10 note of the series issued by the First National Bank of Burwell, Neb., signed by W. H. McMullen, president, and J. E. Bacon, cashier?

There is just one of these notes in circulation and it is, for special reasons, worth $15 to the holder. Mr. Bacon, former cashier of the bank, who is now supply bureau manager of the Liberty Loan committee, is anxious to obtain this note. It is the first one he ever signed.

He will redeem it for $10 and in addition will make a $5 payment on a Victory Liberty Loan subscription for the person who returns it to the Liberty Loan press bureau in the Liberty Building, Broad and Chestnut streets.

Vare Opposes Charter As It Is Constituted

Continued from Page One

the proposed plan of electing a small Council later."

Councilman Simon Walters, of the Twentieth Ward, who sponsored the resolution adopted by Councils protesting against charter revision, came here last night to see the charter bill introduced.

Two other Councilmen, Select Councilman Isaac D. Hetzel, of the Eighteenth Ward, and Common Councilman Joseph Kelly, of the Forty-fourth Ward, saw the new bill introduced.

Amendment Planned

An important amendment was made to the bill before it was brought to Harrisburg. The men who framed the measure had inserted in it a clause providing that should Councils fail to fix an annual tax rate on or before the first day of each December, the old rate, plus an additional 10 per cent, should automatically become effective for the succeeding year.

This clause had been stricken out. It was originally inserted for the purpose of putting a check upon recalcitrant Councilmen, who, it was believed, would prefer to do their duty and fix a rate rather than suffer the stigma of having needlessly penalized the taxpayers.

The penalizing clause was discussed at length Friday last when the bill was presented to the charter revision committee by the subcommittee which drafted it. It earned strong opposition, and the general committee was urged to strike it out of the bill. A conference of the charter revision committee members was held in Philadelphia, at which it was decided to accept this advice. The members who were opposed to the clause pointed out that it not only would prove an injustice to taxpayers if enacted, but might jeopardize the passage of the measure.

Referred to Committee

Immediately after Senator Woodward presented the charter bill it was referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations, of which Senator Edwin H. Vare is chairman. Through the efforts of Senator Augustus F. Dalx, Jr., of Philadelphia, who will steer the measure, an agreement was reached whereby the bill was reported from the committee at once, read the first time and then placed upon the calendar. The charter bill and the two supplemental acts, calling for the elimination of the Department of Supplies and the appointment of a purchasing agent and extending civil service to county employes, are numbered 321, 322 and 323, respectively.

The charter bill and the supplemental acts will go back to Senator Vare's committee today. Hearings upon the charter bill are planned already, and it is likely that several will be held in Philadelphia in addition to those which will be held here.

The bill presented in the House tonight changing the methods of registration will be supported by the Penrose camp of the Republican organization. In fact, it is regarded as the opening gun of the Philadelphia mayoralty campaign, as its introduction was promised quite some time ago by Penrose men, who declared they would go to the Legislature for redress from such tactics as were practiced by the Vare-controlled Board of Registration Commissioners and the County Commissioners at the last election which resulted in defeat of the Town Meeting party candidates. Representative Samuel J. Perry, a Penrose supporter from the Twenty-fifth Ward, introduced the measure, which bears the name of William J. Brady. It provides that ten days after its enactment the Governor shall appoint four registration commissioners, not more than two of whom shall belong to the same political party. The most liberal regulations of registration are provided for in the measure.

It sets forth that three registration days shall be set aside, but that after these three days the registrars will sit at City Hall and register electors without question who failed to qualify on any of the three particular days. The registrars would be required to sit at City Hall for the accommodation of electors who did not go to their polling places on any of the three particular days for a period of possibly two weeks.

Two Injured by Falling Elevator

Two men were injured today when an elevator fell two floors at the Evanson Soap Factory, Delaware avenue and Penn street, Camden. The injured men, Isaac Shields, of Pensauken, and Ira Cooper, of 38 South Second street, this city, were taken to the Cooper Hospital. They sustained injuries of the back.

May Arbitrate Passaic Strike

Passaic, N. J., March 4.—(By A. P.)—Appointment of an arbitration committee of seven members, including three representatives of the manufacturers, three of the strikers and one to be named by Mayor Seger, was recommended by State Adjutant General Gilkyson after a conference here with the Mayor and representatives of both sides.

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1518 SANSOM STREET

RECRUITING OFFICE OPENED AT CAMP DIX

New Court-Martial Board Named—Sentence of Private Reduced

Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., March 4.—A recruiting office has been opened at Dix in Building 3508 under the direction of Colonel Elmer Lindsley, of Philadelphia, for enlistments for general assignment in the regular army. An effort will be made to obtain recruits from among men discharged from organizations which have been demobilized and from units scheduled for demobilization. No enlistments, however, are to be made until notice is published by the Adjutant General that legislation providing for a definite term of enlistment has been enacted.

A new court-martial court has been named here, with Captain Joseph P. Hanley, of Brooklyn, as judge advocate and Lieutenant C. B. Jones, Ashland, Va., as assistant. The board will be composed of Major G. P. Hill, New York city; Captain Frank Henderson, St. Louis; Captain T. R. Mobley, Conshatta, La.; Captain M. P. Cowley, Salt Lake City; Lieutenant H. H. Kirsch, Lincoln, Neb.; Lieutenant F. J. Rech, North Tonawanda, N. Y.; Lieutenant H. G. Pierce, Chicago, Ill.; Lieutenant F. P. Walsh, New York city; Lieutenant R. C. Smith, New Bedford, Mass.; Lieutenant Owen Metlee, Marshall, Ill.; Lieutenant R. L. Boyd, Dedham, Mass., and Captain M. B. Bell and Captain H. A. Holt, both of the Fiftieth Infantry.

A reduction to three years of the twenty-year sentence imposed on Private Patrick E. Coyle, Company Sixty-four, who was absent from February 22, when he disappeared from his company at Camp Custer, until about July 10, has been announced by Major General Hugh L. Scott, the reviewing authority. He will be dishonorably discharged from service and will also suffer the loss of all pay and allowances.

LIVESTOCK QUOTATIONS

Chicago, March 4.—HOGS—Receipts, 27,000 head. Market active, irregularly fifteen to thirty cents higher than yesterday's general trade. Bulk of sales, $17.75@18.15; butchers, $17.85@18.20; light, $17.50@18.10; packing, $17@17.85; throughouts, $16.50@17; pigs, good to choice, $13@17.

CATTLE—Receipts, 14,000 head. Market opening very slow on beef and butcher cattle; early sales steady; undertone weak; calves, twenty-five cents higher; feeders firm. Beef cattle, good, choice and prime, $16.75@20.25; common and medium, $10.85@16.75; butcher stock, cows and heifers, $7.75@13.75; canners and cutters, $6.25@7.75; stockers and feeders, good, choice and prime, $11.40@15; inferior, common and medium, $8.25@11.40; veal calves, good and choice, $17.25@17.75.

SHEEP—Receipts, 20,000 head. Market strong to twenty-five cents higher; six loads Colorado fed lambs sold at $19.50. Lambs, choice and prime, $19.35@19.50; medium and good, $18@19.35; culls, $13@16.50; ewes, choice and prime, $13.25@13.50; medium and good $11@13.25; culls, $5.50@9.

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 4.—HOGS—Receipts, 1600 head. Active. Heavies and heavy yorkers, $18.40@18.50; light yorkers, $17@17.50; pigs, $16.25@16.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 300 head. Steady. Top sheep, $14.50; top lambs, $19.

CALVES—Receipts, 100 head. Steady, top, $19.

Kansas City, Mo., March 4.—HOGS—Receipts, 7000 head. Higher. Heavy, $17.50@17.80; butchers, $17.40@17.40; lights, $16.90@17.30; pigs, $12@16.

CATTLE—Receipts, 8500 head. Higher. Prime steers, $18@19; Southern steers, nominally, $7@13; cows, $10@14.50; heifers, $8.50@14.50; calves, $10@14.

SHEEP—Receipts, 6500 head. Strong. Lambs, $16.60@19; yearlings, $15@16.50; wethers, $12.50@14; cows, $12.75@13.25.

East Buffalo, N. Y., March 4.—CATTLE—Receipts, 400 head. Steady. Calves, receipts, 200 head. Fifty cents higher, $5@21.50.

HOGS—Receipts, 2400 head. Fifteen to twenty cents higher. Heavy, $18.50@18.60; mixed, $18.40@18.50; yorkers, $18.40; light yorkers, $17@17.50; pigs, $16.50@17; throwouts, $12@16; stags, $10@13.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 1800 head. Lambs, twenty cents higher. Lambs, $12@19.35; others unchanged.

St. Louis, March 4.—HOGS—Receipts, 10,000 head. Higher. Lights, $17.65@18; pigs, $12.50@16.40; butchers, $17.75@18.20; heavy, $18.10@18.30.

CATTLE—Receipts, 5000 head. Strong. Native steers, $11.50@18.50; heifers, $9.50@16; cows, $12@13.50; feeders, $10@13.50; calves, $7.75@16.50.

SHEEP—Receipts, 1200 head. Steady. Lambs, $18.50@18.75; ewes, $10.50@11.25.

South Omaha, March 3.—HOGS—Receipts, 12,500 head. 15c to 25c higher.

CATTLE—Receipts, 5000 head. Steady to 10c lower.

SHEEP—Receipts, 12,000 head. 10c to 25c higher.

Court Dismisses Union Co. Suit

Judge Buffington, of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, filed an opinion today in the suit of the Union Sulphur Company, of Sulphur, La., against the Freeport Texas Company, a Delaware corporation, the holding company of a number of subsidiaries mining sulphur at Freeport, Tex., deciding that the patents of the Union Company were invalid and he dismisses the suit of that company. Millions of dollars were involved on the outcome of this suit, which has been appealed from the United States District Court of Delaware.

SEEKS U. S. CONSUL'S RELEASE

British Government Asks India to Exchange Prisoners With Reds

Washington, March 4.—(By A. P.)—The British Government has asked the government of India to release a Russian Bolshevik prisoner now held in Persia in exchange for United States Consul Roger C. Tredwell, of New York, who has been held prisoner several months by Bolshevik officials in Tashkend, Turkestan.

The request for prisoner exchange is made on the government of India because that government has jurisdiction over the military forces that now are in friendly occupation of Persia.

To Mobilize for Loan

Reorganization of the foreign-language division of the Liberty Loan committee for the campaign for the Victory Loan will be made tonight at a dinner and conference, to be held at 6:30 o'clock in the Hotel Adelphia.

TODAY'S MARRIAGE LICENSES

Charles E. Davis, 1622 McKean st., and Mary Gaits, 1949 Morris st.
Thomas H. M. Brennan, Roseland, Va., and Eileen E. Donnelly, 3633 Mercy st.
Norman K. Berry, 6158 Ridge ave., and Margaret G. Jardine, 5900 Walnut st.
Leon C. Hoffman, Washington, D. C., and Laura M. Kearney, 1902 Diamond st.
Reynolds C. De Lea, 1 S. N. Bloomingdale, Ill., and Martha F. Sterrett, 2231 Fitzwater st.
John J. Doyle, 1517 S. 15th st., and Margaret T. McDermott, 1442 Dickinson st.
Frank Siracusa, N. E. cor. 7th and Christian sts., and Matilda Ferguson, New Orleans, La.
Glynn B. Weiss, 716 N. Franklin st., and Irene M. Hoskins, 1627 Mt. Vernon st.
Hilliard H. Brown, 2106 St. Albans st., and Anna Dardis, 423 S. Bancroft st.
Harry C. Walter, Sr., 6141 Vine st., and Mary A. Gormley, 5706 Chester ave.
Corlonne Piper, 248 Voades st., and Ethel Trotman, 248 Voades st.
Harry A. Weiner, 607 Lombard st., and Fannie Teller, 905 N. 7th st.
John Mosley, 1232 S. Alder st., and Etta Dorsey, 1335 Bainbridge st.
Carl A. Dragstedt, Iowa City, and Ethel E. Johnson, 216 Osborne st.
William Gilman, 1545 N. Camac st., and Daisy Slaughter, 1208 Winter st.
Louis Gorman, 2611 S. Hutchinson st., and Rose Barco, 1313 N. 7th st.
George C. Dunton, 1900 Chestnut st., and Helen C. Hamburg, 1803 N. Marvine st.
Carl H. G. Ericson, Washington, D. C., and Lily E. Roper, 2514 S. Reese st.
James Williams, 1621 Page st., and Flossie Richardson, 3613 N. Broad st.
William Rosenberg, 2415 N. Napa st., and Sarah Mondelsat, 419 Tree st.

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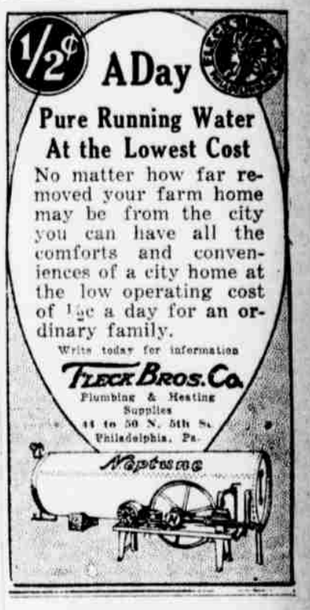

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