

THE WEATHER									
Washington, Jan. 11.—Fair, much colder today; continued cold tomorrow.									
TEMPERATURE AT EACH HOUR									
8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5
44	38	34	31	28	25	23	21	20	19

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PRICE TWO CENTS

NEW GERMANY STILL MENACE TO THE WORLD

Teutons in Midst of Disaster as Deceptive as Ever

SPRIT OF MILITARISM PREVAILS IN "REPUBLIC"

Committees, Which Hold Great Power, Tyrannical and Aggressive

JUNKERS STILL HOPEFUL

Berlin Seeks to Keep Alive Trust in Prussian Arms

This is the first of three articles on "The New German Menace."

By B. F. KOSPOJH
Special Correspondent of the Evening Public Ledger

Berne, Dec. 25.—Now that the first flush of triumph and enthusiasm about Germany's capitulation has passed away, many Allied experts on German affairs here in Switzerland are beginning to feel seriously alarmed at the turn events are taking since the conclusion of the armistice. Certain facts are becoming more and more apparent which justify their pessimism.

From the military point of view Germany certainly is, for the time being, no longer a danger. But politically she is as dangerous today in the midst of her disaster as she ever was in the zenith of success, as aggressive, as deceptive and as unscrupulous in her methods to attain her ends. It is unpleasant to be forced to make this statement, but it is true.

Revolt Intricate Riddle
The German revolution is still an extremely intricate riddle. Are the new German rulers sincere revolutionists, aiming to transform Germany into a real republic worthy of admittance to the league of nations, or is their revolution, the flight of the Hohenzollerns and the destitution of the minor princes of the empire entirely or partly camouflage, a supreme attempt to disarm America and her allies? I shall not go to Germany to solve this distracting problem, for it is quite certain that the new Berlin Government encourages the visits of American correspondents only in the hope of using them as mouthpieces for propaganda.

However, I have recently been able to collect much reliable information here at my observation post in Switzerland, free from the dangerous influence of the now fearful but ever traitorous Hun, and to explore the dark labyrinth of the German revolution and the bewildering maze of the present political situation in Germany.

German Feverishly Scheming
One fundamental fact stands out clearly amidst the universal confusion. Germany has accepted armistice terms and peace principles which involve considerable territorial sacrifices and the payment of heavy indemnities. The Germans accepted these conditions because the fortune of war had changed camp and they are a nation who are quickly demoralized by defeat. Now that the fighting has stopped they have plucked up courage again and are feverishly scheming to evade fulfilling the conditions to which they subscribed.

Germany is divided into three or four hostile political camps at present: Socialists, Bolshevists, Liberals and Junkers are intriguing furiously against each other to realize their several ambitions; but all these parties are unanimously convinced that the dominant aim of Germany's foreign policy must be to slip out of the agreement concluded with America and the Entente somehow or other and to obtain more favorable terms at the Peace Conference than it foreshadows.

Real Republic Unlikely
It would be a great mistake to believe that the revolution has transformed or will in the near future transform Germany into a democratic republic like the United States. A German republic, such as the American people desire to see firmly established on the ruins of the Kaiser's empire, is still little more than a vague possibility. It is significant circumstance that the German republicans in exile in Switzerland so far have not the slightest inclination to return to their country, and that Herr Brüning, the famous author of "Jaco," who alone ventured to cross the German border, was at once arrested and kept in prison for ten days by the Berlin Government.

Such as it is, the German revolution was brought about by the soldiers in the barracks and the workers in the factories of Germany.

The middle classes, the German Junkers, took no part in it whatsoever. Now, the soldiers, sailors and workmen of Germany are today, for the most part, Socialists, and, having lost the imperial authorities, are being led by the "liberal" middle classes.

WALKER D. HINES APPOINTED U. S. RAILROAD CHIEF

Assistant Director General Named by President to Succeed McAdoo

FAVORS FIVE-YEAR PLAN

Unless Congress Enacts Legislation He Will Recommend Speedy Return of Roads

By the Associated Press
Washington, Jan. 11.—Walker D. Hines, assistant director general of railroads, has been appointed director general of railroads to succeed William G. McAdoo, who now returns to private life.

Mr. Hines, who was recommended by Mr. McAdoo, is an advocate of the latter's plan for five-year continuation of Government control to provide a test period, and has supported most other policies of the retiring director general with whom he has been associated throughout the last year of Government management. He is accredited with having originated many policies of the railroad administration. If Congress does not enact railroad legislation at an early date, Mr. Hines favors returning the roads at once to private management, and this is expected to develop into a strongly contested issue with the next session of Congress.

Announcement of the appointment, which does not need to be confirmed by the Senate, was made today by Mr. McAdoo, in the West on a vacation trip to Los Angeles. The news reached the White House from the President by cable last night, and was telegraphed to McAdoo at Winslow, Ariz.

Two other soldiers from here, members of other organizations, also were aboard. They were Corporal Charles W. Hummel, 506 Oxford street, Company K, 11th Infantry, and Corporal Joseph Stein, 16 Osborne street, Company E, Nineteenth Infantry.

OLD FIRST'S HURT BROUGHT TO U. S.

Vanguard of City's Wounded Landed at New York

OTHER TRANSPORTS DUE

The vanguard of Philadelphia's wounded members of the famous 109th Infantry has arrived in America. They were landed in New York from the transport Ulna.

There were 148 members of the old First Regiment, N. G. P., which formed a part of the 109th, and several of these were Philadelphia boys. Among them were Private Albert Shultz, 229 Wood street, Company E; Private William C. Parker, 1258 North Alden street, Company B; Private Francis J. Fox, 2125 East Fifth street, Company H; Private William Cusick, 1809 Callowhill street, Company H.

Two other soldiers from here, members of other organizations, also were aboard. They were Corporal Charles W. Hummel, 506 Oxford street, Company K, 11th Infantry, and Corporal Joseph Stein, 16 Osborne street, Company E, Nineteenth Infantry.

REBUKE MAYOR, CLERGY DEMAND

Robinson Reinstatement Called Insult and Challenge to Civic Conscience

SUPPORT FOR DR. DELK

Churchmen and Mayor Differ on Vice in City

With Congress about to launch a sweeping investigation into the shipbuilding program of the Government, fields of the Emergency Fleet Corporation today expressed surprise that Edward N. Hurley, chairman of the United States shipping board, and Charles M. Schwab, former director general of the fleet corporation, both of whom are in Europe, apparently have no intention of returning to this country in time to testify.

Congress is interested chiefly in acts of the shipping board and the Fleet Corporation while the war was in progress, for it was under the pressure of that emergency that the heaviest expenditures were made on the construction of ships and ships. Mr. Hurley and Mr. Schwab, who were the chief responsible heads of the national organization at that time, are best qualified to explain their course.

In their absence Charles Piez, director general of the Fleet Corporation, who was general manager under Mr. Schwab, will be obliged to bear the brunt of the inquiry, now actually under way before the Senate Commerce Committee.

"Holding the Bag," Says Mr. Piez
As Mr. Piez himself expressed it when he learned that Mr. Hurley had changed his plans to return January 16, and had sent for his family to join him abroad for an "indefinite stay," he has been "left holding the bag."

Mr. Schwab, who was to have testified before the Senate Commerce Committee in Washington on January 2, called for "Best France January" on the steamship George Washington. His departure was not known in the capital until his failure to appear before the committee. It was generally understood among his friends that he had been in Philadelphia at that time, and best qualified to explain their course.

The departure of Mr. Hurley's wife and daughter, and announcement of his intention not to return this month, followed within a few days the introduction in the Senate of a resolution calling for a nation-wide investigation into the whole shipbuilding program.

During Mr. Hurley's absence, John A. Donald is acting chairman of the shipping board. Besides the chairman, two-fifths of the membership of the shipping board is also abroad. None of those left in the country is thoroughly familiar with the shipbuilding project in all its ramifications, as most

Reinstatement of Superintendent of Police Robinson "is an insult and a challenge to the civic conscience of the entire city," it is declared in a statement by the wartime committee of the Interchurch Federation calling upon the "pulpit, press, civic societies and clubs of Philadelphia to rebuke this insolence of the Mayor and the Director of Public Safety."

The charge is made that Superintendent Robinson was restored to power by the Mayor and Director Wilson because "he was their pliant tool" although the national government had decided "he is not an efficient superintendent."

At the same time the committee made a resolution of confidence in the integrity and motives of the Rev. Dr. Edwin Heyl Delk, for whom a warrant charging libel as a result of a statement on vice conditions has been issued at the instance of Police Lieutenant David Craig.

Although Mayor Smith has not yet replied to the demands of Secretary of the Navy Daniels for protection of men in uniform in Philadelphia, he expressed his sentiments quite freely last night at the meeting of the Real Estate Board.

"Why, if things continue as they are, no decent man will want to hold office in Philadelphia," he exclaimed. "The city has been persistently in-

Continued on Page Four, Column Three

REDS' LEADER, LIEBKNECHT, IS SLAIN, REPORT

Spartan Chief Said to Have Been Killed in Berlin Fighting

GOVERNMENT FORCES CONTINUING ATTACKS

Cannon and Flame-Throwers Used in Assaults on Newspaper Row

EBERT GAINS IN POWER

Uprisings in Germany Spread. Severe Fighting at Hamburg and Stuttgart

By the Associated Press
London, Jan. 11.—Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the Spartan leader in Germany, was killed during street fighting in Berlin on Thursday evening, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

The Government troops in Berlin have not yet succeeded in crushing the Spartans, who still hold newspaper row. The fighting for the newspaper buildings has lasted since Wednesday, and cannon and flame-throwers were used in assaults on newspaper row.

The Spartans are described as resolutely defending the Tugendblat and Vorkampf buildings against the Government troops. The Spartans are reported as having failed to shake the Government's hold on the main entrance to the central station of Berlin where the Chancellor's palace and the ministries are situated. The Government has reduced the number of troops guarding the streets.

Very serious rioting occurred Friday in Dresden, Hamburg, Augsburg and Düsseldorf, according to reports received by the Reuters Telegrams. Rioting at Hamburg and is still in progress.

DEFEND U. S. MISSION

Ebert's Guards Armed With Machine Guns and Grenades

WOMEN UNDAUNTED BY JAIL

Philadelphia Suffragists Plan New Watchfire Demonstration

Undaunted by jail sentences for keeping "watchfires of freedom" burning in Washington, Philadelphia members of the National Woman's Party are preparing to take part in a new big demonstration that will be held at the capitol building tomorrow or Monday afternoon. The watchfires will be resumed.

Mrs. Lawrence Lewis, of Philadelphia, who was released from jail yesterday, said she was prepared to participate in the demonstration. Other Philadelphia women who are expected to help are Mrs. Mary W. Moore, graduate of Swarthmore College, and Miss Ellen Egan of Haverford.

Sixteen women have pledged their aid in the enterprise. Congressman Jeanette Rankin will visit Mrs. Evans in jail today.

HUGE BOND FRAUD UNEARTHED

Chicago Broker Accused of Floating \$600,000 of Worthless Paper

Chicago, Jan. 11.—(By A. P.)—Milton H. Lewis, a Chicago broker who was arrested last night on a charge of forging municipal, school and village bonds aggregating \$600,000, was today taken to jail in police court.

He admitted the police declared, that he had forged the bonds and investment thereon for banks and investment concerns in Chicago nearly \$500,000.

He is charged with having had the bonds in an iron trunk vaulted at Pine Bluff, Mo., known as the Butler Iron Company, a supposedly \$2,000,000 enterprise.

WOODEN SHIPS A SUCCESS

Carried Hawaiian Sugar Crop With Slight Loss, Says Piez

Wooden ships built by the Emergency Fleet Corporation during the war, which have been the subject of criticism in Congress, may have a sugar crop of the Hawaiian Islands, according to Charles Piez, director general.

The vessels proved entirely seaworthy, and few claims were entered for damage to cargo in transit, the largest of which was for about \$100,000. Mr. Piez considers this performance of wooden ships, which were of the 3500 Ferris type, to be a success.

According to the naval authorities, the Massachusetts, together with the Iowa and Indiana, has seen no active service overseas. All three have been engaged in the war on coast duty from Newport, R. I., to Norfolk.

The mine sweeper Cleopatra also passed the breaker test this morning.

WILSON LEADERS WIN

House Committee Will Report Rule to Take Up Relief Bill

Washington, Jan. 11.—The House Education Committee today reported a favorable action on the \$100,000,000 appropriation bill asked by President Wilson to fund starving European populations, voting a special rule for its consideration.

Chairman Sherley, of the House Appropriations Committee, will try to have the rule adopted by the House Monday, and to immediately proceed with debate on the foodstuff bill.

SKATING TODAY AT GUSTINE AND HUNTING PARK LAKES

Skating today on Gustine and Hunting Park lakes.

This announcement was made today by park guards as a result of the cold snap of the last few days.

Concourse Lake, the most convenient for skaters, is not yet hard enough, nor is Centennial Lake, the guards ruled this morning, and skaters are barred. The ice is being tested regularly and as soon as it is deep enough these lakes also will be opened.

POLICEMAN HURT IN FALL

Mounted Policeman William N. Keeley of the Roxborough station, is in St. Timothy's Hospital with a dislocated shoulder and body bruises sustained in a fall from his horse today. The accident occurred at Ridge avenue and Lamont street, Roxborough. The horse slipped on the icy sidewalks.

THE WEATHER VANE

Joyous time 'twixt now and Monday.

Winter's growing bolder. Weather fair today and Sunday and just a little colder.

Continued on Page Four, Column Three

Continued on Page Four, Column Three

Continued on Page Four, Column Three

Continued on Page Four, Column Three

Continued on Page Four, Column Three

Continued on Page Four, Column Three

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Continued on Page Four