EVENING PUBLIC LEDGER-PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1918

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Evening Public Tedger THE EVENING TELEGRAPH PUBLIC LEDGER COMPANY GYRUS H. K. CURTIS, Passinger Chasing R. Ludington, Vice President, John C. Srin, Serriary and Tressurer; Philip S. Colling ho B. Williams, John J. Spurgeon, Directors EDITORIAL BOARD: Crave H. K. Cuarts, Chairman

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Published daily at PUSLID Landam Hullding, Independence Regure, Publichelphia masse Creatal. Bread and Chestuni. Streets Transter Creat. Decar Distant Tores Press Union Building to Tores. 1008 Fullerton Building Micago. 1008 Fullerton Building

NEWS BUREAUS: WASHINGTON BURBAU. N. E. Cor. Pennsylvania Ave. and 14th St. New York Human. The Sun Building LONDON BURBAU. BUBSCRIPTION TERMS

BUBSURIFICN TERMS The BURSTOP DUTIC LEDGEM is served to sub-suribers in Pulladelphia and surrounding towns at the rate of twelve (12) cuits per week, psyabio to the carfier. By mail to points outside of Thiladelphia. In the United States Canada, or United States per-sensions, pestare free, fifty (50) cents per month. Ex (56) dollars per year, psyable in advance. To all foreign countries one ,\$1) dollar per month.

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BELL, 3000 WALNUT KEYSTONE, MAIN 3000 Ledger, Independence Square, Philadelphia.

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Philadelphia, Monday, December 30, 1918

LIGHT

We must have the courage to act upon our understanding. • • It comes into my mind that it would take more courage to realist the great moral tide now running in the world than to yield to it, to obey it. There is a great tide running in the hearts of men. The hearts of m never beat so singularly in unison before. Men have never before been so conscious of their brotherhood !

PRESIDENT WILSON'S facility in say. ing great things simply, his ability to strike through a welter of extraneous passions and illusions at the central truth about the war and its consequences, was never better illustrated than in these passages from his address in answer to King George's toast.

In a time when the world is appalled at the consequences of injustice, this cry for the right is irresistible. It will touch the hearts of men even against their will. Mr. Wilson is merely holding the simple and unchanging truth aloft for the eyes of the world. It is having the effect of a light in a dark place.

Illiteracy develops salutary advantages during a ride in one of Philadelphia's plaourded trolley cars.

REWARDING THE WAR WINNERS

LOYD GEORGE and his Coalition Gov-ernment have apparently been judged on a wholly practical basis. Under their direction the war has been won. The average British voter, as usual, concerns himself with facts rather than theories, with the result that in the first election under the greatly extended franchise intellectual liberalism of the Asquith variety, laborite radicalism and all tendencies which seemed to savor of Bolshevism have been utterly snowed under. Overwhelmed in the landalide are some of the most conspicuous figures in British politics-Henderson. Samuel, Rui.eiman, McKenna, Asquith. In a word, those who have fought the war for the Empire are now asked to make the

The only cloud on the Premier's triumph is Ireland. Sinn Fein has virtually extinguished the old Nationalist party, winning seventy-three seats in a Parliament th they refuse to sit. dom of the highest type will be necessary to cope with this new post-war complication in the United Kingdom.

crops for which the Federal Government guaranteed \$2.26 a bushel. This rate, if the Government keeps faith with the farmers, will have to be maintained not only for the wheat in storage, but for all that is harvested between now and June. It is predicted that the wheat production of this country will total 1,600,000,000 bushels. Europe will soon be able to obtain wheat from other sources at \$1.25 a bushel. At the present moment it appears that the Government will have to pay American farmers the war rate agreed upon and resell the grain at an average loss of a lollar a hushel.

In considering this possibility it is necessary to remember that the wheat harest in America under war conditions has ost the farmers far more than \$1.25 a ushel to p.oduce. Labor was phenomeally expensive. Producers of grain met the situation in the same spirit as shipsuliders and preferred to disrigard expense a time when production was the only mportant consideration. The farmers accepted the promises of the Government and operated under estimates based upon he \$2.26 rate. And the Government canot afford to break its agreement with them any more readily than it could afford to cancel formal war contracts without proper restitution.

THE CHARTER MUST FIT A NEW PHILADELPHIA

Not the Old City of Separate Communities, but a City Physically and Spiritually

Consolidated by Improved Transit MORE than sixty years have passed since the Philadelphia County communities outside the original limits of the city were consolidated into one city coterminous with the county, yet we find even today that men interested in charter revision talk as if they believed that some plan should be devised which will permit the old communities to be represented as distinct entities in City Councils.

They tell us that the "municipality is merely a congregation of small communities, each one of which has in a measure retained its local individuality." This is substantially true, but it is a condition to be regretted and to be changed as fast as may be. Until Philadelphia becomes a distinct political entity instead of a federation of more than fifty independent communities, each jealous of the others, it will be impossible for the city to develop as it should. That there is jealousy was proved no longer ago than when it was proposed to bond the whole city for building a north and south rapid transit line in Broad street. West Philadelphia, or the group of old communities comprised in the part of the city west of the Schuylkill, was opposed to the bond issue because it had suitable transit facilities and objected to being taxed for transit lines that would benefit North and South Philadelphia. This sort of parochialism should be frowned upon every time it manifests itself. Sixty years ought to have been long enough for the creation of a city spirit as comprehensive as the limits of the city itself.

A re-formed Council based on the representation of the formerly independent communities would preserve the separatist interests of those communities and delay that unification of interest and spirit for the lack of which we have suffered for years. But, of course, we must have a Council representative of the whole tity, and the most feasible way for getting that is to elect part of the members at least from suitable districts. Those districts should be based, not on the lines of Germantown or Frankford or Paschalville or Overbrook or on the lines of any of the other old communities as such, but on group lines, which will give large areas a suitable voice in local legislation. It has been suggested that eight Councilmen should be elected, one from each of the eight senatorial districts, while seven should be chosen from the city at large. Such a compromise with the present utterly had system of ward representation commends itself to the judgment. It would provide for a group of men whose mandate from the people to consider the interests of the city as a whole would enable them to counteract and frustrate the parochialism of district represent-

atives interested primarily in getting all

they could for their districts. We hope

the desired results unless it is entered

upon with the deliberate purpose of put-

form and with the intent of creating a

city. The aurvival of the separatist

community spirit has been due largely

to the failure of the builders of rapid-

transit lines to make it easy for people

to get from one part of the city to an-

other. It takes almost as long to travel

from Oak Lane to Fortieth and Chestnut

streets as to go from the Broad Street

Station to New York, and the trip is

much more inconvenient and uncomfort-

able. There is no direct car line from

Germantown to Roxborough and it is

almost impossible to get from Tacony

to Angora without spending a whole day

at it. The residents north and south of

Market street have had little dealing

with one another because for years

there were few street-car lines crossing

Market street. The lines ran to Market

street and turned at right angles into

that thoroughfare, which thus became

a wall of separation between two great

districts which ought to have been in-

timate with each other. The rapid-

transit system has forced the communi-

ties to center upon themselves and to

live their own separate social and insti-

An improvement has been begun with

the construction of the Frankford ele-

vated line. When that line is completed

and connected with the Market street

clevated ligs it will be possible for peo-

tutional life.

that some such plan will be adopted.

ple living in the great northeast section to exchange visits with their friends across the Schuylkill as far west as Sixty-ninth street without spending two or three hours in the street cars. It will create a community of interest between the district north of Market street and along the Delaware with the districts in the center of the city and will foster the growth of the city spirit as a substitute for the parochial narrowness which has obstructed many projects of great moment.

The building of the Darby line down Woodland avenue and its connection with the Market street line will open up for another large area easy access to the heart of town and to the northeast and north. And the Broad street line, with free transfers to the east and west subways and elevated lines, will facilitate the social and business intercourse of large sections which are now forced to live isolated from one another.

The social and political value of the transit improvements, whose completion has unfortunately been delayed by the war and by other causes, cannot be overestimated. They are going to do more in ten years to break down the old community lines and to make this one big city than has been accomplished in the more than sixty years since the passage of the consolidation act. Consequently, the charter framers ought to realize that they are framing a fundamental law, not for the old city, but for a new community with a new spirit of unity as different from the old as a loose federation is from a single state.

> Mr. Hoover seems to SuperSuous have been a bit un-

reasonable when he told Baron von der Landken and Doctor Rieth, two notorious Huns, who wanted to talk with him about food supplies, to "go to hell." The record that the Baron and the Herr Doctor left in Belgium would indicate that as matters are the two gentlemen are making all possible speed in the direction Indicated.

When Colonel Roose-Time Changes velt made the Grand Tour he slapped All Things Kaiser, Wilhelm on the back, if our memory serves. Now if the Colonel were to go visiting in Holland he

probably would slap Herr Hohenzollern on the face. Every one will agree Undoubtedly with President Wilson in his efforts to eliminate the old principle of the balance of power. Every one knows that the scales were always doctored.

At least one royalty Faithful remains loyal to Herr to the Last Hohenzolfern. Thu Prince of Darkness, we will wager, maintains close diplomatic relations with Amerongen.

THE CHAFFING DISH

DLATO has informed us that the French equivalent for "May I not?" is "Ne puisse-je pas?" We have forwarded this information to the Murat Mansion.

Travels With a Donkey "Idle moments in one's boudoir may be spent pleasantly with a little pair of gray mules trimmed with narrow ruffles of lace." -From a fashion magazine.

"The Gibraltar Question"

OF THE many questions suggested as ripe for settlement at the Peace Conference there are few more pregnant with romantic appeal than that which concerns an interchange of flags on the far-famed Pillars of Hercules, which for centuries symbolized the gateway between the known and unknown worlds.

The three sets of names which these mighty rocky basilons at the narrow entrance to the Mediterranean have borne compactly picture the course of civilization. Legendary interest in these giant natural sentinels centered in the exploits of the demigod Hercules. who was supposed to have passed between them on his way to the delightful Garden of Hesperides. Greek geographers called these impressive mountain masses of Africa and Europe, respectively Alybe and Alyba, and those names throughout the classic period continued to denote the "ne plus ultra" of safe commerce and voyaging.

TN THE chaos which followed "the most awful scene in the history of mankind," the downfall of the vast Roman empire, the invading Goths won Alybe, the reviving Berbers of the Barbary coast. Alyba. Then came that startling emergence of an unconsidered desert people, the Arabs, who just missed at Tours the control of the entire European world.

The ancient nomenclature vanished in the turmoil. Heading the triumphant Moors and Arabs who crossed the straits were two impetuous chieftains. Musa and Tarik. In 711 A. D. the superb rock where "England stands sentry" became Jebel (Mount) Tarik. The corruption to the modern Gibraltar was a fairly natural linguistic development.

On the African side Jebel Musa superseded Abyla. This eminence, although higher than Gibraltar, has always been of lesser value because of the hinterland, not comparable

in importance with that of Europe. The Moors, however, made it a stronghold, yielding it to a Christian power only when the sudden and brief rise of Portugal became irresistible. That valiant little nation won the rock, however, and retained it until Philip II of Spain absorbed the kingdom and all its colonies in the latter part of the sixteenth century.

When Portuguese liberty was regained. some sixty years inter, Jebel Musa was not restored. Spain, who now calls it Ceuta, holds it today, and it is that possession which her statesmen seek to "swap" with Britain for the much more celebrated Gibraltar.

THE military history of that unrivaled I fortreas really begins with the series of ten sleges between Spanlards and Moors. eventually resulting in its acquisition by the crown of Castlle. But in 1704, amld the onfused and far-reaching operations of the War of the Spanish Succession, the British. under Sir George Rooke, took the rock after a three-day attack, and their authority has never been relinquished.

Of the fifteen sleges in its history, by far the most memorable was that which lasted between the years 1779 and 1785. Only the mythical slege of Troy surpasses this attack in duration. The direct pressure on Verdun, it will be remembered, lasted only for sia months. The valor and obstinacy of Gibraltar's defender, Sir George Augustus Elliot. have seldom been exceeded in military annals. Since that time Spain has never since fought for Gibraltar, which played a significant role in two upheavals, the Napoleonic wars and the late titanic conflict. Submarines could, of course, slip through beneath the surface of the straits, but German raiders gave the strongest of all fortifications, natural and artificial, a wide berth from the early days of August, 1914. The naval sta-

tion nestled under the rock's protection was also of immense importance.

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"IT LISTENS GOOD!"

THE READER'S VIEWPOINT

TREES AS WAR MEMORIALS

Joseph Pennell and Dr. James M. Anders Write of "Green Monuments"

To the Editor of the Evening Public Ledger: Sir-The project of the Pennsylvania division of the woman's land army to plant trees on the Lincoln Highway should be sent to Mr. Sproul and all the other Governors. as well as to the American Forestry Association, for it is most useful and would make the road re beautiful.

It is only what the inhabitants of the devas-tated regions of the war zone will do at once along their roads. Every road in Europe is tree-lined. Can one forget how the stone pines compose with the tombs and the aqueducts near Rome on the old roads-or the noble, solemn pine-covered ways that or the dim shadowy tunnel near Ravenna. And coming north over the Alps or slong the Riviera, into the land of that terrible wind,

"plan," but it evaporated before the constitutional convention even got warmed up, and other plans failed to get even that notice. William Penn made "plans" also, but they came to naught, and Algernon Sidney, a profound democrat, told him it was presump-tion in any one man to make a structure that only all concerned ought to make working together. So President Wilson, like Sidney, It too profound a democrat to make a plan beforehand which only a constitutional concention has a right to make.

Besides, he is too profound a political scientist to think that real constitutions are schemes on paper. Real constitutions are merely formulated principles, and the formulation is a mere incident after debate and acceptance of certain proportions of well-known principles of government. It is un-democratic for self-constituted formulators to work on achemes on paper, although it is as fruitiend as it is undemocratic; for even Virginia's "plan" was not adopted, even in part, in 1787, but evaporated in the heat of

tions, each equally? Here is one of the two greatest questions to come before the con-vention, questions complementary one to the other. The majority of the people of the world who have learned self-government nationally and locally would seem to have nationally and locally would seem to have a right to govern internationally, but popula-tions are congested in certain areas and are too clannish to be trusted with the liberties of less congested nations. So these smaller nations must be given the right to protect themselves in the upper blue by an equal vote there. Will the representatives of the congested nations agree to this? That is then be the deside of the set this for congested nations agree to this? That is their province to decide. If they get this far-the rest is comparatively easy.' But not a word of constitution will be written up to this point or until these great structural principles are agreed upon. Then, and then only, can they be formulated on paper—a very-small part of the process.

To talk about paper "plans" is absurd therefore. The present Peace Conference is, I take it, a settlement of war, which settlement is made by a vigilance committee of ment is made by a vigitance committee of nations, or provisional international govern-ment, which assumes and incorporates in its war settlement the one prime necessity—call for a constitutional convention for creation -a very few of an international international purposes. To this only nations which have learned self-government can send delegates, and that convention will decide qualification of its members. This is not qualification of its members. This is not to say that all nations may not in due time fit. nselves for membership in the international body. Speaking of "plans" in a democratic government, we have an illuminating example right here in Philadelphia of a private asso-olation assuming to do the work of a city constitutional convention. No wonder there be those who manufacture plang of interna-tional government in a like assumption. democratic consistency, verily the Swarthmore Destroy ALVA KONKLE, Swarthmore, December 27.

Since George Creel denles that he has really quit, the matter of resignation seems to be up to the public.

THIS SCANDAL HAS GONE TOO FAR

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TF THE present Governor does not take cognizance of the conduct of Chairman Ainey, of the Public Service Commission, and Judge McNellie, of the Municipal Court, in connection with the skip-stop investigation, then the next Governor should give it his attention as soon as possible after he takes the oath of office. Mr. Ainey is at the head of the State commission created to look after the interests of the people so far as they are affected by the conduct of the transports. tion lines. He is now sitting on a committee appointed by the P. R. T. to clear its skirts of the charges which have grown out of the institution of the skip-stop system. A proper conception of his duties to the public should have forced him to keep as far away as possible from any connection with any investigation instituted by the P. R. T.

Judge McNellle is liable at any time to be called upon to preside in court over the trial of damage suits against the P. R. T. growing out of the skip-stop accidents. He is lending himself to the purposes of the railroad company.

The presence of the presidents of Select and Common Councils on the committee is only less objectionable. Councils are to be called upon to consider ordinances regulating the car stops. Those ordinances must be considered on their merits as they affect the traveling public and not as they affect the interests of the P. R. T. These officers of Councils should resign from the committee forthwith before they get entangled any deeper in the morass in which they are now floundering.

Somehow or other the news from Europe seems to have created a veritable uproar of silence in Washington.

THE FLOOD OF WHEAT

WHATEVER loss the Government may have to meet in maintaining its price agreements with the wheat farmers of the country-and it is now believed that it may cost the taxpayers about \$1,000 .-000,000 to meet the war rate of \$3.26 a bushel-will have to be listed with the costs of our adventures overseas.

The sudden cessution of hostilities has released vast stores and accumulations of wheat in Australia and South America. and this grain is now flooding into Europe a merchant ships are released from war Wheat is now available on English a at a flat rate of \$1,35 a bushel. swills, American farmers have vast

"For the dinner table, nothing could be more decorative than a bowl of goldfish. especially if the sand at the bottem is covered with bright green or blue marbles. Majolica candlesticks also add a charming intimacy to the dinner table." -Also from fashion magazine.

But what we like to get really intimate with at the dinner table is beefsteak and onions.

To the Readers of the Chaffing Dish

Fellow Sufferers-While working on today's Chaffing Dish, Socrates was called away on urgent business. He departed leaving on his desk only some sheets of scribbled memoranda, briefly outlining what he intended to commit. As he has been rather putting on airs lately. I thought it would be a good thing to show him up. From these notes of his you may learn the cold-blooded, mechanical and petty methods of carpentry he employs in concocting his colmn. Here are the undeveloped ideas he left on his desk: Many a man can write a great poem who

s unable to bait a mousetrap.

Unquestionably there will be great regret But such a plan will not accomplish when Kaiser croaks. As long as he's alive he can be made to suffer Hymn of Hate for Florists ting an end to parochialism in every All the Kaiser needs is a dart and a

holler. homogeneous community, all parts of Doubloons-pieces of eight-use these in which are primarily loyal to the whole poem.

> Suggestions to Poets Having Their Pictures Taken. How much wood would a Woodrow row

otc.? The Rights of Small Pronouns. Bran Muffins Fow! Play.

If I ever commit suicide, it'll be on Christmas Eve. The strength of an irresolution is in its

weakest link. How I ruined my memory.

What's happened to Billy Sunday? Why is it that the man who remarks Yes, but democracy must also be made safe for the world," thinks he has said something?

Bassinettes have vanished. Do your Christmas shopping early; only 360 days left. Letter to a Man Run Over by a Taxicab.

Candled eggs. When armistice signed American troops had enough candles on hand to keep one burning for 5250 years. And the Hohenzollerns had scandals enough to last the same time.

Henry Ford says will spend ten million on his new paper. No wonder the town is called Dearborn. The supreme sacrifice: the skip-stop

system. Handsome as a young man in a collar ad Nice little poem about tortoine shell hairpius. This will please the ladies XANTHIPPE

now Spain, never reconciled to the Aloss of a position capable of making its holder mistress of the Mediterranean, broaches the idea of exchanging Ceuta for Gibraltar. Coming from a nation unwilling to take sides in the most tremendous of wars. the proposal is at first blush rather staggering. It is true that Ceuta can be turned into a powerful defensive position, but Spain has never made the most of its possibilities. while Gibraltar has become synonymous with

invincibility. Self-determination has nothing at all to do with the question. Ceuta is used chieffy as a penal settlement, while local government in Gibraltar is nonexistent. The "Rock Lizards," as the mongrel inbabitants of the little town are called, take their orders directly from authorities in England. Gibraltar Is a crown colony in the strictest sense. New settlers are not permitted in this singular possession. Many of the day population there depart across the lines into Spain at the evening gunfire.

Yet the Pillars of Hercules, with the ro mantic motto "ne plus ultra"--- "nothing beyond"-composed the royal arms of the world conquering Charles V. Spain remembers her greatness, and the ownership of Gibraitar was unquestionably a symbol thereof. That the assassination of an Austrian Grand Duke in an obscure Bosnian town would result in the release of forces so comprehensive as to revive the Gibraltar question is a development consonant indeed with the amazing complexity of an amazing epoch.

Senator Jones was wafted from New York to Washington in an airplane on Saturday. We hasten to say, before some one else thinks of it, that this isn't the first time Mr. Jones has been up in the sir.

Indications that a symphony concert of the nations will be performed in Paris are encouragingly given every time Mr. Wilson uscends the conductor's desk.

Although the manufacturers declare that "there will be no reduction in clothing before next fall," we still have a feeling that the advent of summer will refute their forecast,

Anglophobe though he be, the ex-Kalser's eldest born cannot deny that he is the Prince of Wails.

Navigation has been opened on the English reaches of Salt River, with Arthur Henderson and Herbert H Asquith already on the passenger list.

. To the reasons which Professor Schelling advances to prove that the Earl of Derby did not write the plays of Shakespeare, he might add the self-svident one that these works are peerless.

Self-determination is not always the agent of an enduring peace. Witness its display in the lively war over war memorials. whose and not even the delegates to the Conference can foreste.

the Mintral how it is stilled by this im. penetrable lines of cypresses that stretch across the plain of La Crau by the roadside These are most useful and most beautiful

We should so plant our trees. We have as many sorts as they have in Europe, and they can be planted in the same useful Who, that has seen, can forget the avenue of buttonballs with the little river dividing the road in two parts that makes of hot Vaucluse a cool, sweet-smellin, shadowy/town? Or again to have driven one sweet-smelling. the high road from Sorrento to Naples forget vistas of that journey?--or how, beneath dense masses, are placed the curved scatz the Pompelajus loved to place where there was the beat view of their loved sea or their dreaded mountain. All these seats and trees and groves were memorials-and all were on their highways. And then coming north in France how the road that runs straight across the plain or winds among the hills is also treelined. And the avenues at Fontainebleau the vistas at Chantilly mostly gone, the last I fear, and then the endless poplars that lead to the coast, and every once in a while you to the coast, and every once in a will bridge, cross a tree-lined canal on a beautiful bridge. And in England there are the glades of the New Forest and of Sherwood and through them all the high roads run.

Here on the highway we too must have trees to shade it—and groves dedicated to our heroes and our great and our shrines as well and our resting places and our wells and all tree-shaded with the trees of our country The elms in the East, the eucalyptus in the West, and all that grow between. This is one of the ways to make our useful roads beauti ful. And if the women of America will take this scheme up it will be carried out and it must be carried out, for the road is indispensable and must be beautiful as well They can do it. JOSEPH C. FENNELL Philadelphia, December 26.

To the Editor of the Evening Public Ledger: Sir-In my view it would be entirely fit. ting to plant trees as memorials to the Penn-sylvania heroes of the recent conflict of na-tions. These emblems would visibly reveal their vitality, attracting the attention of the their vitality, attracting the attention of the masses as they would pour by, if they were appropriately located, e. g., in our public squares or lining our principal streets and new boulevards. The same occult, irresistible forces, guided by the author of all life, that are displayed by men on the firing line, are indicated by the fingers of hardy trees and the charming modeau of flower. It has here well charming goddess of flowers. It has been well said that plants are "living emblems of the rapid flight of hours and time itself, eternal lessons of wisdom, are associated with all our wants, our pleasures and our pains."

Nothing in the way of a memorial with its special mission or signification would appeal more strongly to the emotions and soul of man than hardy trees, which we prize for their beauty and genius in marking the different seasons of the year. Trees would give the signal of strength, life and repose, after the struggle and dangers which our herces braved so valiently. The writer votes for trees as memorials, and would assign to them the function of binding all the springs of love, of country, devotion and heroism for this and the coming generations. Obviously, to replace these trees when fully matured by others would be importive, but this could be safely left to our successors. J. M. ANDERS, M. D. Philadelphia, December 26.

A League of Nations Can Be Formed Only by the Nations

To the Editor of the Evening Public Ledger. Bir-One of your correspondents, Mr. Gil-bert, says the British have made, through Lord Cooll, a "plan" of international union, and he presupposes the excitence of an American "plan" also. Virging once made a

real debate on whether a few-ell-known principles of governm or should not be accepted.

These principles are few. Shall we have real government or a loose confederation f a real government, then the way is clear for the essentials of a real government are well known to every student of government, as they were more than a century ago. That was fre case in 1776 to 1788, and then, as now, the multitude of fearful ones cried out for a loss confederation so impotent as to be harmless for evil and, likewise, powerless for good. It took a dozen years to convince those timid ones of their mistake; and their political descendants are weltering in the same boggy blind lane. If they prevail in 1918 as they did in 1776 then the world wil be a mess, as the States were then, until suffering opens the eyes of their fearful understandings. A loose 'league' is nothin but a botched imitation of a real thing, sort of "perpetual-motion" machine, whose destiny is the junk pile and derision. Those who advocate it are the "let-us-be-as-we-are men, without political vision or understand

If I mistake not, "they shall not prevail. The world demands international as well as national and state government, and I predict that the word "league," a term used only as a sop to the fearful ones, will be sunk to the bottom of the sea with the German mavy and "union" and "federation" will displace it, as occurred in 1782. For the world wants

no impotent imitation ; it wants and needs real government. It wants none, however made by an individual, a nation, or any one less than the whole of the world-all of the nations who are independent or ought

Then, that once decided, a legislature, an executive and a judiciary, with taxing power for the whole, is a matter of course. The objects of this government---what shall they No one but a convention can decid that; but one thing is certain-those objects will be purely international, and international alone, not national at all. The nation The nations will give up enough sovereignty, and only enough, to carry out international and only international objects in the new united gov-ernment. What shall this government rest upon? Nations or states or individuals? Obviously, it can rest only on nations or in dividuals. And at this point the convention breaking up as it will ill come as near to during its whole session. And, you will observe, not a word of a constitution or schem on paper will have yet been written. It is, in fact, the very greatest question that can come before them; one that only a convention can decide. Individuals of the whole world If they have learned to join in local melf-government, undoubtedly have the right to decide on all government over them; but, if they have not shown national self-govern-ment, they are not fit for international selfgovernment unless they have been prevented

by force from outside. At this point, it may be observed, states are not nations, and small states which re-fuse to learn federation, where, as in Central America, it is their natural relation, will probably be considered unfit for international federation. If Russia does not learn self-government in federation of her states she, too, will prove unfit for international selfgovernment until she does learn; and this principle's adoption by the united nations would bring her to her senses faster than But if the convention should agree that it

about rest on the individuals of self-govern-ing nations the rest would of necessity be-come territories of the new international govrument. Here would be a "rock" to av ernment. Here would be a "rock" to avo and so avoid wreck; but that is what a do vention is for. The seas also would be con mon international highways, isodicanally. Then the legislature, shall it be to horses! Shall the lower house represent to roopie? Shall the Upper represent to a

Prince Albert of Mon-The Way of the aco has joined the swelling crowd of for-eign dignitaries and World

ex-royalties that is solemnly bawling out William Hohenzollern. This is cheering, of course. And yet we cainot but wonder course. And yet we would have been so whether this same crowd would have been so ready to denounce the Kaiser if he succeeded.

Since Mr. Ford is out A Cruel, Hard Job of politics and a free lance again it might be suggested that he take a trip to Wash-ington with a view to writing the beau ington with a view to getting the boys out of the trenches before the Peace Conference a szembles.

Hindenburg, walling over the armistice terms made by Foch, obviously has forgotten what Beigium thought about the terms made by Germany.

Euphoniously enough, gold plates and Guildhall take their conspicuous places among the features of Mr. Wilson's London visit.

What Do You Know?

OUIZ

- 1. What is the afficial title of the British Fur-2. Where is La Mancha, the Don Quixote coun-
- 8. Whe wrote the words and music of "Pints-
- Who is the ruler of the tiny principality at
- 5. In what part of the world are the chief colonial passessions of Holland?
- colonial pnaseanons of Molland? Who successed General Ludenhord in the post of first quartermaster general of this German arms? What is the meaning of obfuscate? What is the meaning of obfuscate? What kind of a musical instrument is an Earlish herm?

- 9. What is the sacred river of India? 10. How many electoral votes were that against dames Mourre when he was elected Pyrate -acot of the United States?
 - Answers to Saturday's Quiz iniral Mayo is in command of the print Anevican fleet which was reviewed in Mear York last week.
- 2. Sopherles wrote the famous Grank transfer.
- According to the announcement made in the Chamber of Deputies. 1.070.000 Presett solders were Eilled in the war?
 Anno Ramanones is Premier of Spain.
 The seats on that part of the first floor yumar-trace by the baleony in Biritish theatres are known as the stalls.
- Gueen Mary of Great Britain was been in London and is the daughter of the late
- Puke of York. 7. A mentalitik as Hahis slick held by a in the loft hund an support for an R. Alamai is the sizeal of slammas. 9. Joint Guiner Anares was known as " Mar Mountat." 19. Calcuta is the invent city in fadia.