

**RESIDENT PAGES
SLAIN IN LISBON**

**Progressive Ruler of Portu-
gal Assassinated After
Year in Office**

CROWD KILLS SLAYER

**Minister of Interior Becomes
Head of Nation Until Par-
liament Acts**

By the Associated Press
Lisbon, Dec. 16.

The assassin of Dr. Sidonio Paes, President of Portugal, made sure of his aim when he attacked the President yesterday. Doctor Paes was talking with a number of ministers at a railroad station here when the young man approached the group. He succeeded in reaching the side of Doctor Paes and, drawing a pistol, fired pointblank at the President, who never regained consciousness. The murderer was killed by the crowd and another man, suspected of complicity in the crime was arrested.

The man arrested wore a cloak peculiar to the inhabitants of the province of Alemfego, in the southern part of the country. He had a revolver in his pocket when arrested and asked the police to save him from being lynched because he had important revelations to make.

An extra edition of the Official Journal has been published and contains a proclamation announcing that the cabinet will remain in office under Osorio Castro, minister of justice.

After the Minister of the Interior had assumed the office of President, Alfredo Magalhães, Minister of Marine, was charged with the duty of heading the foreign office, which portfolio was borne by Doctor Paes in conjunction with the presidency. The Government as thus constituted will remain in office until action is taken by the Parliament which has been called to meet today.

The body of Doctor Paes was taken today to the Belem Palace to await the funeral ceremonies.

The whole capital is in mourning with a deep undercurrent of excitement among both military and civilians who are organizing parades in which the marchers call for vengeance for the crime. The Government has issued an appeal to all public officials asking them to do everything possible to preserve order.

Police authorities suspect that the crime was planned by the league of Republican Youth. There is a unanimous protest against the crime on the part of the population and demonstrations are foreseen. Union labor leaders have been placed under protection by the police.

Dr. Sidonio Paes headed a successful revolt against the Costa government in Portugal in December, 1917, and constituted himself President of the provisional government on December 9, a few days more than a year before he was assassinated.

Last April he was confirmed in office by an election by direct universal suffrage, an event regarded as a victory for the Moderates, with whom Paes always has been identified. One of his

**I. W. W. FEAR GIRL
WILL BARE PLOT**

**Little Miss Pollok May
Turn State's Evidence in
California Trial**

46 UNDER INDICTMENT

**Destruction of Crops and For-
ests Among the Charges
Being Pressed**

Sacramento, Cal., Dec. 16.

Miss Theodora Pollok, who with forty-five masculine members of the I. W. W. are on trial here under indictments charging obstruction of war efforts, is expected to turn State's evidence when the trial is resumed today. Forty-three of her co-defendants have been keeping silent since the case was opened last week but Miss Pollok, Basile Sifferes and A. L. Fox have been restless under the charges. Miss Pollok's alleged determination to tell all she knows has caused a panic among the defendants, who now fear this little woman will betray them.

Miss Pollok, for instance, asserts that if she came out here to heal her lungs, and if she became convinced that I. W. W. deserved a fair hearing, and that if a poster and a letter of something happened to be found in her home, that was no reason for indicting her for conspiracy under the Espionage Act.

She has appealed to Attorney General Gregory for a separate trial, and has insisted in her behalf the efforts of at least two men high up in labor circles in Washington.

But nothing came of these efforts, and she now is on trial with the others—she and the other two non-silent defendants insisting at every opportunity that injustice is being done.

The Government, which is pushing the indictments relentlessly through Robert Duncan, the special prosecutor, insists on the guilt of the entire forty-six.

Duncan asserts the defendants conspired to hamper the United States in work essential to carrying on the war, and he is going at the job of trying to prove the Government's contention with every appearance of confidence.

Miss Pollok and the other two insist that their efforts in behalf of labor had nothing to do, and were not intended to have anything to do with interfering with the war program of the Government.

In his opening on Thursday, Prosecutor Duncan promised that evidence to show that the Industrial Workers of the World inflicted losses on the agricultural interests of California in excess of \$3,000,000, and that in the case of Ford and Suhr, two of the principal defendants in the wheat land, hop field riots in California several years ago, members of the organization by a campaign of intimidation planned to destroy property at the rate of \$500,000 a week.

"We will show you," said Mr. Duncan, "that the Industrial Workers of the World were responsible for the destructive forest fires in this State and that some of those who set these fires are among the defendants. We will show you how they burned the barns and haystacks with phosphorus acids and other means."

Sensational allegations relative to the attempts of the Workers "to intimidate public officials and citizens" were also

**BRITISH ELECTION
TEST FOR LABOR**

**Victorious Lloyd George
Coalition Secures 400
Seats in Commons**

ROOM FOR SURPRISES

**Rumor Credits Premier With
Purpose of Appointing
Woman Minister**

By the Associated Press
London, Dec. 16.

Considering the novel conditions under which Saturday's elections were held and the necessity of waiting for a fortnight before the ballots are counted, there is very little indulgence in speculation as to the result. It is universally admitted to be almost a foregone conclusion that the Lloyd George coalition has been victorious and will probably have some 400 members in the new House of Commons.

Naturally, with many millions of new voters, women as well as men, there is ample room for surprises and the Government party will feel doubt as to its success, even if several members of the cabinet, including Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the Admiralty; Sir Albert H. Stanley, president of the Board of Trade; and Edward Shortt, Chief Secretary for Ireland, have been elected. Greatest curiosity centers, however, on the strength of the labor vote, which under new conditions is an unknown quantity.

Women's Votes Divided
While it is believed that the women of south England mainly supported Coalition candidates, it would be no surprise if it is found that in the Midland and northern industrial counties the women vote largely supported labor.

It was because the Labor party was determined to test its strength that it

**ITALIAN CASUALTIES
DURING WAR 1,500,000**

**Premier Orlando Declares
Army and Material Should
Be Kept Intact**

**By the Associated Press
Rome, Dec. 16.**

During the war the Italian army lost 115,000 officers killed, General Zupelli, the Minister of War, declared in the Senate. More than 30,000 officers were wounded seriously. General Zupelli said Italy had more men under arms, proportionate to population, than any other nation. The war, he said, had cost Italy fifty-four billion lire (about \$10,800,000,000). The public debt at the end of October was sixty-four billion lire.

Premier Orlando told the Senate that Italy was not in a position to demobilize a single man and that all war material should be kept intact. The immediate difficulties to be surmounted, he said, had not diminished, but had increased.

He added that reparations for damages was a question outside discussion. President Wilson's principles, he continued, excluded an indemnity in the traditional sense of the word, but doubtless Italy would adopt the same policy regarding reparations as the other Allies. A commission had been appointed to establish Italy's damages.

New York, Dec. 16.—(By A. P.)—Italy, with a population of only 36,000,000 and with 5,500,000 men called to the colors suffered approximately 1,500,000 casualties in the war. General Emilio Gugliemetti, military attaché of the Italian war mission, announced in an address at a Red Cross rally here.

Of the 1,500,000 casualties General Gugliemetti said, approximately 500,000 were killed or died of wounds and 500,000 were permanently disabled.

Declaring that with the exception of the United States all the other Allied nations had suffered equally heavy losses, General Gugliemetti asserted that "for the Red Cross the war is not over."

SMUTS QUILTS WAR CABINET

**South African Representative
Says Need of Him Is Ended**

London, Dec. 16.—(By A. P.)—Lieutenant General Jan Christian Smuts has resigned as member of the war cabinet, on the ground that the end of the war has terminated the need of his services, according to the Express.

Jan Christian Smuts long has been a figure in the political life of South Africa. During the Boer war he commanded the Republican forces in Colony. In 1907 he became commander of British forces in East Africa, fighting against the Germans, his success in that campaign being remarkable.

In January, 1917, the British Government named him a member of the Imperial war conference as representative of the Union of South Africa, and in June, 1917, he entered the war cabinet. His services to the British Government since that period have been distinguished in many ways.

BURNED SCHOOL ON \$1 BET

Tewanda, Pa., Dec. 16.—A bet made by Wallace Enders with Patrick Cashell, both of Milltown, that he would set fire to the Milltown schoolhouse, led to the boy's conviction in Juvenile Court. Enders staked a bicycle bell against Cashell's dollar. The school was burned one month ago with loss of \$300.

VETERAN ARRANGES OWN FUNERAL

Marysville, Pa., Dec. 16.—Levi Durkin, eighty years old, a Civil War veteran of Milltown, is busily engaged in arranging the details of his own funeral. Durkin recently went to an undertaking establishment and selected a casket. Then he purchased a cemetery lot.

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