

Washington, Nov. 9.—Fair and slightly warmer today. Sunday unsettled.

TEMPERATURE AT EACH HOUR. Table with 24 columns for hours of the day and 2 rows of temperature data.

NIGHT EXTRA

GREAT MAUBEUGE FORTRESS FALLS; HAIG SWEEPS ON

British Plunge Across Scheldt on 9-Mile Front West of Brussels

BIG ALLIED VICTORIES

French Resume "March" Forward Along Entire Front. Paris Announces

By the Associated Press. London, Nov. 9.—The British forces have captured the fortress of Maubeuge, Field Marshal Haig announced today.

South of Maubeuge the British are pushing eastward and are well beyond the Avesnes-Maubeuge road.

British troops in Flanders have crossed the Rive Scheldt on a wide front north of Tournai and have established themselves on the east bank, according to Field Marshal Haig's announcement.

The text of the statement reads: "The fortress of Maubeuge has been captured by the Guards and Sixty-second divisions. We have made good progress south of that town and are well east of the Avesnes-Maubeuge road. (Avesnes was captured yesterday.)"

"North of Tournai we are established on the east bank of the Scheldt about Herinnes and Berchem." (These two towns are about nine miles apart.)

Maubeuge was the last important French fortress in the hands of the Germans. Before the war it was considered a fortress of the first class and guarded the Namur-Charleroi route into France by the way of the Sambre River.

The town is situated on both banks of the Sambre river, and was the scene of the seventh century. Several famous battlefields of French wars prior to 1800 are in close proximity to Maubeuge.

Maubeuge was taken by the Germans after heavy fighting with the British and French late in August, 1914. The town is within a few miles of the Belgian frontier south of Mons, which is thirteen miles northward by rail. Namur is about forty miles east-northeast of Maubeuge and Charleroi is about midway between the two.

By the Associated Press. Paris, Nov. 9.—The French armies this morning resumed their forward march along the entire front, the War Office announced today. The text of the statement reads: "There was artillery and machine-gun activity at several points on the front during the night. This morning the French resumed their march forward along the entire line."

With the French Army, Nov. 9.—General Gouraud, at the west bank of the Meuse River from Sedan to the outskirts of Metziers, his troops yesterday having made an advance of from five to ten miles.

Scores of villages were liberated, and the French troops accomplished the signal feat of bringing up artillery and supplies deep into the mud and cut at many places by immense mine craters.

The Germans showed more determined resistance than they had shown at the approach and appeared to hold the east bank strongly with artillery and machine guns.

The advance of the French continued also on the left wing, increasing the menace to Hirson.

405,000 PRISONERS IN WEST THIS YEAR

London, Nov. 9.—Two hundred thousand prisoners were taken by the British on the western front from January 1 to November 5, including, according to an official announcement made in the House of Commons.

In the same period the French captured 140,000, the Americans 50,000 and the Belgians 15,000.

DRIVING FOE FROM FRANCE

Allied Armies Freeing Soil of Republic From Invader

By the Associated Press. While the German Government is considering the Allied advance, the British, French and American armies are carrying on successfully the task of freeing French soil from the invader.

On the north the British have captured the fortress of Maubeuge and driven the Germans back into Belgium. Along the Scheldt in Belgium where the British have crossed the river on a nine-mile front north of Tournai.

General Petain's armies, who hold the center of the Allied advance, continue their march toward the Belgian frontier south of Maubeuge. The French have driven the Germans from nearly all the natural defenses west of the Franco-Belgian border and if their advance maintains the pace of the last two days the French should reach the frontier before nightfall.

East of the Meuse on the Allied right the American troops are advancing toward Metziers and the Briey iron fields. The forward movement is on a front north and south of Dinant. Further north toward Sedan there has been only artillery and machine-gun fighting.

Reports from Germany are that the revolutionary movements continue to spread, especially in the northwest. The Kaiser while refusing to abdicate, also has asked Prince Max to resign, to retain the office until the Kaiser reaches a decision on his future course. Apparently, the Kaiser fears that the armistice conditions are unworkable and the Germans left without a head.

AN EASY CHAIR, AN OPEN FIRE. Probably rain both tonight and tomorrow. Probably cooler. Here comfort see barrow. Will the populace look on the forecast with sorrow? Well, probably, probably, probably.

Honor Roll for the City and Its Vicinity Today

KILLED IN ACTION

- LETTERMAN, R. T. Formerly of U.S.A. (Previously reported killed in action.)
SERGEANT ALEXANDER S. HARRIS. Formerly of U.S.A. (Previously reported killed in action.)
CORPORAL THOMAS A. KANE. 529 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
CORPORAL JOSEPH M. WILKINSON. 1112 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE BENJAMIN BUSH. 1112 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE JAMES MOONEY. 414 East 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE ALFRED L. LYONS. 2485 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE JOHN COMBOS. 2844 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE THOMAS JOSEPH CASSIDY. 2844 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE MILTON STERN. 2332 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE JOHN H. CALHOUN. 842 N. 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE FRANK EDAM. 825 Spring Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE JOHN FRAM. 1271 S. Holly Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE ELWOOD K. BUCHANAN. 2332 Tucker Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)

DIED OF WOUNDS

- SERGEANT JAMES P. KANE. 3010 Putnam Ave. (Previously reported killed in action.)
CORPORAL T. J. MCCANN. 657 8th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE EDWARD J. KEARNEY. 24 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE DANIEL McDEVITT. 2537 W. 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE ROSARIO DATANE. 508 Washington Ave. (Previously reported killed in action.)

DIED OF DISEASE

- SERGEANT ROBERT A. RUDD. 1077 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE CHARLES J. DEVLIN. 1125 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE OLIVER J. MOSER. 838 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)

WOUNDED

- LIEUTENANT FRANK P. WALSH. 52 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
SERGEANT DAVID H. STOKELY. 1112 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
CORPORAL T. J. A. LEE. 1365 N. 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
CORPORAL JOSEPH V. WILLIS. 655 N. 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
CORPORAL FRANCIS N. RYAN. 19 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
CORPORAL JOHN J. RICHARDSON. 1112 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
CORPORAL JAMES L. REDMOND. 512 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
CORPORAL EDWARD J. DALEY. 2685 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE LEONARD MASSETTI. 828 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE HARRY ANFIELD. 1030 Belmont Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE JOHN HARRIS. 812 N. 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE MIKE J. KILG. 2235 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE HUGH F. MURRAY. 1822 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE THOMAS W. WHARTNEY. 1112 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE JOSEPH L. MARION. 7102 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE FREDERICK R. WALTERS. 1112 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE FRANK J. WHATELY. 635 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE SAMUEL J. PRICE. 459 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE GILBERT YOST. 2087 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE ROBERT BROWN. 2158 East 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE FRANK A. EVANS. 3418 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE PAUL DOWDELL. 1108 37th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE JOSEPH F. DOYLE. 1640 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE JAMES F. CORCORAN. 1029 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE JAMES T. MARKS. 2209 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE CHARLES J. DEVLIN. 1125 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE HARRY M. REESE. 4707 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)
PRIVATE J. E. TRACEY. 31 North 11th Street. (Previously reported killed in action.)

CONCLUDED ON PAGE TWO, COLUMN THREE

23 CITY SOLDIERS AMONG DEAD ON CASUALTY LISTS

Fourteen Killed in Action. Nine Die of Disease and Wounds

543 NAMES IN ALL

Corporal Reported Killed Third of Family to Pass Away in Month

Fourteen Philadelphia killed in action and nine died of wounds and disease appear in official and unofficial casualty lists today. Four Philadelphians are officially reported prisoners in Germany.

The official casualty list for today contains 543 names—186 killed in action, 150 died of wounds, 133 died of disease and 68 wounded.

Corporal Joseph M. Wilkinson, reported as killed in action near Verdun on September 29, was the third member of his family to die last month.

His brother, Daniel F. Wilkinson, died September 5, at Quantico, Va., where he was training with the marine corps. The same day their mother, died at the home here.

One son of the family is still in the service. "He is Robert C. Wilkinson, chief yeoman in the navy, who has just returned to Philadelphia Navy Yard after nine months in foreign waters.

Corporal Wilkinson called for France in the Seventy-ninth Division in July. He went to Camp Meade to begin training on February 26.

SKETCHES OF THE HEROES

Corporal Joseph E. Willis, Jr., severely wounded, writes to his wife, Mrs. Vester Willis, who lives at 655 North 11th Street, Philadelphia, that he cannot sleep in the base hospital, where he is being treated, because the noise of the big guns "booming away all the time night and day." He adds that "Jerry is a good starter, but a mighty poor finisher."

Corporal Willis enlisted in the summer of last year, and after some preliminary training near Philadelphia was attached to the 114th Machine-Gun Battalion in France since April of this year. A brother, Frank Willis, is now in training at Camp Lee, Va.

Private Elwood K. Buchanan, killed in action, belonged to Company M, 143rd Infantry, and was heavily wounded that night in the Argonne forest from September 26 to October 4. His wife, Mrs. Christine Buchanan, 3233 Tucker street, has received many letters, and some quite interesting souvenirs from him.

LIGHT BAN MODIFIED

Shop Window Illumination Permitted When Store Is Open

The Fuel Administration has modified the ban on the illumination of shop windows, effective Monday.

The "lightless night" order was made last August, when the Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce entered a protest with the Fuel Administration against the provisions of the order affecting storekeepers in Philadelphia.

The Fuel Administrator, J. Edgar Dwyer, advised the Chamber that the protest should be taken up with the War Relocation Administration, which is in charge of the order.

New regulations provide for the prohibition of store or shop window lighting only when the store is closed and only on the lightless nights.

END-NARY YARD SUNDAY WORK

Rider Says Necessity for Over-time Has Been Overcome

The Navy Department today issued an order discontinuing until further notice all Sunday work at the Philadelphia Navy Yard and all other yards and shore stations of the navy.

The order became effective tomorrow. Secretary Daniels said the action was taken to save the lives of the men in essential services in excessing requirements.

The order also provides that production of the navy should be maintained by the use of overtime.

RECORD CALLS FOR DRAFT, DESPITE PEACE PROSPECT

Several Thousand More Men Ordered for Camps and Movements Will Not Cease Until Orders Are Received From Washington, State Officers Say

Nearly 10,000 selection will be sent to camp from this city next week—a record for the Philadelphia area.

Instead of a relaxation in draft operations, because of the imminence of peace, new calls were issued today, indicating that the navy is getting thousands of new soldiers to camps.

In addition to the big movements ordered for Camp Meade and Camp Crane next week, draft board officials here today received telegrams ordering them to send several thousand men for entrance to Camp Greenleaf.

Socialists Expect Truce; Delay Ousting of Kaiser

By the Associated Press. Washington, Nov. 9.—Diplomatic dispatches through Switzerland today say official German information shows the Socialists are delaying steps to force the Kaiser's abdication pending the expected signing of the armistice.

REVOLT GAINS IN GERMANY; MAX RESIGNS

Chancellor's Desire to Quit Based on Altered Parliamentary Situation

KAISER REQUESTS HIM TO STICK FOR AWHILE

Great Popular Meeting Adopts Decree Deposing the Bavarian Rulers

RAILWAY MEN ON STRIKE

Disturbances Reported at Great Krupp Plants at Essen

By the Associated Press. Copenhagen, Nov. 9.—Emperor William has not yet accepted the resignation of Prince Max of Baden, the German Chancellor, according to a Berlin message today.

The Kaiser, who has been thoroughly informed by the Chancellor regarding the general situation, the message adds, has asked Prince Max to continue holding the office provisionally until the Kaiser's final decision is reached.

Four thousand men attempted to overthrow the military authorities in Altona, across the Elbe from Hamburg, but the city now is quiet. The German guards at the Danish border have been ordered by the soldiers' council to remain at their posts temporarily.

Travelers arriving from Germany report that the disaffection apparently is confined to the Ninth Army Corps, which was recruited in Schleswig-Holstein.

The uprising in northwestern Germany, according to the only direct news from Germany early today, is reported to have spread to Hanover, Oldenburg and other cities. Generally the revolt is not attended by serious disturbances.

Reports from the Danish border town of Vandrup say that all is quiet in Schleswig, but that further disturbances are reported to have occurred in Hamburg.

London, Nov. 9.—Prince Maximilian of Baden, the Imperial German Chancellor, has resigned, according to a German wireless dispatch today.

The wireless says that Prince Maximilian tendered his resignation in view of the altered parliamentary situation, but that acceptance of it is still outstanding.

Prince Maximilian of Baden was appointed Chancellor at the beginning of last month, and immediately began the overtures to President Wilson for peace, which resulted in the present armistice negotiations.

Telegraphic communication between Germany and foreign countries will be cut off, according to a Berlin message transmitted by the Exchange Telegraph correspondent at Copenhagen.

Only Government telegrams will be allowed transmission. A general railway strike has begun in Germany, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, quoting Berlin advices to the Social Democrats, of Copenhagen.

Communication between Amsterdam and Berlin, Leubuck, Bremen and Hamburg has been stopped at the request of Berlin Bolshevik authorities, according to an Amsterdam dispatch. A report is current that there have been disturbances at Essen, where the main Ruhr factories are situated.

Cases of insubordination occurred on Wednesday among the troops of a German naval division quarters at Lohren, twelve miles northeast of Copenhagen.

Germany Will Accept Quickly, IS FRENCH VIEW

Paris Believes Kaiser Will Agree to Armistice Terms Before Monday

By the Associated Press. Paris, Nov. 9.—French opinion, which is remarkably restrained and conservative, is unanimous in the view that Germany will capitulate before now and Monday.

There is no tendency to exaggerate happenings in Germany, but it is felt that the Germans have had enough to make it imperative for the Government to make peace at the earliest possible moment.

The details of revolutionary movements in Germany are lacking, but we learn enough from hour to hour to feel already that they are neither superficial nor fictitious. Do they contain deeper revolutions? Are they but riots due to the reaction of the defeat? What authority does the republic proclaimed at Munich possess? These are questions which concern Germany more than they do us.

While Germany is reflecting on the Allies' terms, Marshal Foch continues his blows without intermission. The German army may break at any moment. There were signs of a new retreat from the Scheldt yesterday, and the French are along the Meuse over a front of fifteen miles. The alternative for Germany now is armistice or invasion—not evasion.

PERSHING CONFIRMS CAPTURE OF HEIGHTS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Wresting from the enemy of his last hold on the heights east of the Meuse is reported by General Pershing in a communique. Large captures of munitions are noted. American aviators carried out bombing and machine-gun attacks behind the German lines. Four enemy balloons and three airplanes are destroyed. One American machine is missing.

FORD LAUNCHES SECOND EAGLE CHASER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Launching of Eagle No. 2 at the Ford Detroit plant, was reported to the Navy Department today. Rapid additions to the list of chaser-destroyers are expected from this time on.

CANADA STOPS WORK ON ARMING SHIPS

QUEBEC, Nov. 9.—Instructions from Ottawa to stop the work of fitting guns on board ships and also to stop the providing of quarters on board some vessels for gunner crews, have been received by the local representatives of the imperial munitions board engaged in supervising the fitting and machinery installation of wooden steamers being built here.

SERBIANS MOVE TO OCCUPY SARAJEVO

LONDON, Nov. 9.—At the request of the Bosnian provisional government, Serbian forces are moving to occupy Sarajevo. The Serbs have entered Moldava, Bazias, Tuzin, Pancsova, Semlin, Klenak and Mitsovit. (It was at Sarajevo in 1914 that Crown Prince Ferdinand and his wife were assassinated. This was Austria's pretext for starting the world war.)

Few details of the terms have been divulged, nor have any of the dramatic elements of the scene at the Allied commander-in-chief's headquarters been reported. Nothing but the briefest dispatches have told of an event the consequences of which will affect the whole subsequent history of civilization.

America was represented at the meeting by Vice Admiral William S. Sims.

POWER BREAK HITS WAR WORK

Generator Trouble at Philadelphia Electric Station Proves Serious

OVERSTRAIN IS CAUSE ALL HEIGHTS ARE WON

By the Associated Press. With the American Army on the Sedan Front, Nov. 9.—The American army east of the Meuse continued to advance today despite strong machine-gun resistance. The Americans went ahead in this region both north and south of Danville.

The fact that Germany had sent armistice delegates within the Allied lines has not slowed up the American operations. From the heights east of Danville, the German Government had been notified of the offensive against the American troops in their operations yesterday.

Along the line of the Meuse the front from Sassey to Marlincourt last night was marked by artillery and machine-gun fighting.

By EDWIN L. JAMES. Special Cable to Evening Public Ledger. Copyright, 1918, by New York Times Co. With the American Army in France, Nov. 9.—The Germans have been driven from the Meuse into the heights of the Meuse into the heights of the Meuse. The Americans are again in hot pursuit in camions. Yesterday's advance was six kilometers along a fourteen-kilometer front.

An observer along the American front never would have guessed that the mantle of peace was about to descend on a cessation of hostilities and every battle-wrecker field of defense. The beginning of the offensive animated the American troops in their operations yesterday.

The loss of this, the largest unit on the long overburdened system of the Philadelphia Electric Company is, of course, a very serious matter and will affect the supply of power furnished to many war industries as well as to many other so-called nonessential industries in the city and vicinity.

Work On Redistribution. Under the direction of Major McLaughlin, who was appointed by the priorities committee of the war industries board, we have been working since midnight in the matter of redistributing the power service, according to the preference list No. 2, issued by the priorities division, and all customers who were deprived of service were notified, so far as possible, before 7 o'clock.

The trouble, so far as can now be ascertained, is located in the armature windings of the generator, the seriousness of which cannot be determined until the unit is disassembled. The big turbine has been in distress for several days and has been closely watched with a view of cutting it off of the system at the first indication of serious trouble, so as to avoid a complete breakdown. Consequently it is hoped that the burned out windings will not be so numerous as to prevent the unit from being put on its feet in ten days.

At the first sign of trouble the General Electric Company was notified and their expert repair men were immediately dispatched to this city from the Springfield works, and are now on the job.

The trouble has undoubtedly been brought about by the heavy and continuous load which the Philadelphia Electric Company system has been carrying for months. The demand of the war industries for power has been so great that there has been no opportunity to take this huge unit off the system for examination and rest. It has been running continuously for many months under all the load it could carry.

Warning of Danger. The conditions of having no spare equipment for such an emergency as such a situation, has been frankly stated by us for many months. Fortunately, the failure of this big unit does not affect the power furnished the transportation systems of the city.

At this time more than 2000 of our customers have been deprived of service for many months. Fortunately, Saturday and Sunday intervening, we were given some breathing space in which to make such arrangements as will cause our customers a minimum of inconvenience.

The co-operation and indulgence of our customers and the community in general is requested in order that the war industries cooperating on our service shall have first consideration during this critical period.

TEUTON REPLY ON TRUCE MAY ARRIVE TODAY

Reichstag Expected to Decide Soon After Chancellor Submits Terms

TIME LIMIT WILL EXPIRE ON MONDAY

Wireless May Be Used to Flash Answer Quickly

FOCH MAKES DEMANDS

In Loud Voice, Victorious Chief Appries Teuton Delegates of Requirements

By the Associated Press. German's answer to the Allied terms for an armistice is not expected to reach Marshal Foch's headquarters until the middle of this (Saturday) afternoon, at the very earliest. The courier left for Spa, the German headquarters, immediately after the terms were delivered and the enemy had been given seventy-two hours in which to send his answer.

Few details of the terms have been divulged, nor have any of the dramatic elements of the scene at the Allied commander-in-chief's headquarters been reported. Nothing but the briefest dispatches have told of an event the consequences of which will affect the whole subsequent history of civilization.

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FRESH U.S. GAINS EAST OF MEUSE

Americans Press Ahead Despite Strong Machine-Gun Resistance

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RESERVES FIGHT TRAIN FARES

Home Defense Men Believe They Should Ride Free

Home Defense Reserve members on active notice object to paying fare on local trains and will protest.

Charles H. Markham, regional railroad director. The complaint is based specifically on an incident that occurred Thursday night as twenty-two members of Company C, 1200th Central Postal Directory, returned to their homes in Logan.

According to Lieutenant William H. S. Bateman, the company commander, the men had been called out to help man the crowds on Thursday evening. When returning to their homes train conductors insisted on the men paying their fares.

The situation as far as we are concerned, said Lieutenant Bateman, is that while on police duty we should be treated as policemen. Police are permitted to ride free on railroads and we feel that in giving up our time and money in the service of our country we should be accorded the same privileges. The train company carries us free while to uniform.

TRAINS IN HEAD-ON CRASH

1200 Soldiers in Special—Three Bodies Taken From Wreck

By the Associated Press. Aurora, Ill., Nov. 9.—A train bearing hundreds of soldiers from Camp Grant to witness the football game at Chicago with the Camp Taylor squad, was wrecked in a head-on collision with a passenger train near here early this morning. Three dead have been taken from the wreck. The injured will number twenty, officials say.

The Camp Grant football special consisted of fifteen coaches crowded by 1200 soldiers and the Camp Grant team.

The football special had the right of way on the main line. The passenger train was given orders to make the siding at Sugar Grove and wait for the special. The special, however, did not do so, the two trains meeting head-on just before the siding.