

STRENGTH AGAINST MASSIVE RESERVES OF THE ENEMY, WHO TRIED TO BEAT THEM DOWN BY WEIGHT OF NUMBERS, BY SUPERIORITY OF MACHINE-GUN-FIRE, AND BY FIERCE COUNTER-ATTACKS FORWARDED BY MEN BROUGHT FRESH INTO THIS INFERNAL STRUGGLE.

ARRIVAL OF TURK PRISONERS IN JERUSALEM

RUMANIA FULL OF DISCONTENT

POET AND EDITOR REACH FRANCE AFTER THRILLING ESCAPADES

REVOLTS IN UKRAINE

GERMANS SEIZE WHEAT THROUGHOUT COUNTRY AT POINT OF THE BAYONET

SPECIAL CABLE TO EVENING PUBLIC LEDGER

NEW CHANCELLOR WON'T BE ABLE TO ENDURE MANY MONTHS, PARIS FEELS

FRENCH PITY WEARER OF HERTLING'S SHOES

DAVISON WARNS U. S. OF OVERCONFIDENCE

DECLARES GERMANY NOT READY TO COLLAPSE, EVEN IF DEFEATED BY ALLIES

HARDER TIMES SEEN FOR U-BOAT PIKERS

LOSS OF OSTEND AND ZEEBRUGGE WILL BE HEAVY BLOW TO SUBMARINES

BRITISH BARONET KILLED

TESTED FROM CHILDHOOD TO OLD AGE

SOZODONT FOR THE TEETH

THE COAL DEALER'S FIRST DUTY TODAY

WINNERS OF THE "MERION" SACK SUIT FOR MEN

STEINWAY PIANOLA AND DUO-ART PIANOS

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Against the Canadians and English divisions on their left the Germans now have nine divisions re-organizing those mentioned in other messages. The First Guard reserve and Eighteenth Reserve divisions, with thirteen marksmen detachments and artillery of thirteen divisions, are attacking from the north, driving them four light and four heavy machine guns to each camp front—a strong sweep of fire in close-range fighting.

Their shells raked the German ranks, tore gaps in the line, and drove men in the struggle on to break the Canadian lines, and again the guns took them for their targets and killed large numbers of men. There was a massacre of men in those valleys and the British guns were served until they were too hot to fire, but still, under cover of the machine-gun fire, the Canadians advanced, and the German infantry made their way, regardless of all costs, and forced a passage into some of the ruined villages which the Canadians had captured that morning by most resolute spirit, though many of their comrades fell, and succeeded in making some of the Canadian battalions take the town of Cambrai.

On the south side of Cambrai the English, Scottish and Irish troops, with New Zealanders to the south of them by Crevecoeur, had a hard day also, but they further progressed yesterday morning. It was our Sixty-third Naval Division, with the Fifty-seventh, who on Sunday captured the bridgeheads across the Scheldt canal at Novelles and north and south of Novelles. It was a desperate enterprise, only done by the extraordinary heroism of the British and Canadian officers and non-commissioned officers who would not be checked by losses or deadly risks.

On other banks were German machine gunners who could see every movement of them, and when some of the British put narrow planks over and tried to cross they were shot off by a stream of bullets, but other men followed on, and some of them dodged the bullets and some waded and some swam, and at last they were able to form a line, and a charge forward to the high ground south of Cambrai.

They went on to a small wood called the Paris copse, which they took, but with the Fifty-seventh Division they were held up for a time by a trench south of Proville. They made repeated efforts to get astride the road and straight up from Rumilly to Cambrai, but it was held with a machine gun to every yard, and in face of this fire they could not advance.

As showing the spirit of these men, it is astounding but true that two companies of the Arizona after their fighting became weary when the barrage fire started for the Fifty-seventh's attack on Proville, and as one of their officers put it, they "joined in the lull," though it was outside their boundary ground.

All about here is fruitful for attack, as it makes an open glacis falling down to the outskirts of Cambrai, where the British come under the full sweep of the German machine-gun fire, and then rise up steeply to the Fauberg de Paris. Meanwhile, south of all this the Third Division, with the Second Division on its left, was endeavoring to gain possession of Rumilly, for which the Sixty-second Division of Yorkshire had fought until the men were utterly exhausted by lack of sleep and any kind of rest.



British Official Photograph.

Special Cable to Evening Public Ledger Copyright, 1918, by New York Times Co. London, Oct. 3. No official move toward peace has yet been made by Constantinople and in well-informed quarters little importance is attached to the rumors of an "unofficial feeler."

Special Cable to Evening Public Ledger Copyright, 1918, by New York Times Co. Paris, Oct. 3.—If there is any commiseration in France today for any German, it is for the two men who will be called to take the jobs just vacated by Hertling and Von Hintze. The only thing for it is that probably they will not last till the collapse of Germany, as the final downfall of defeat will not be associated in history with their names. This is based on the assumption that under conditions in Germany, but enough now and steadily growing worse, no chancellor will be able to stand the strain more than three or four months and will probably take longer than that to convince the Kaiser, Hindenburg, and Ludendorff that they have got to quit no matter what people may think.

Special Cable to Evening Public Ledger Copyright, 1918, by New York Times Co. London, Oct. 3. American naval officers engaged in the anti-submarine campaign are watching with particular interest the Belgian advance. If it goes a few miles further it will bring Ostend and Zeebrugge under long-range guns, and their use by U-boats, already greatly hampered by the Vindictive raid, will be altogether prevented. Submarines will then have to operate from the Elbe, which means that they must run the gantlet of the thickest and deepest mine field yet laid. Moreover, the change of base will afford them no advantage to offset this difficulty, for, if they wish to raid the Channel, they will still have to negotiate the fields laid with reference to Zeebrugge and Ostend. The capture of these ports is expected also to yield the Allies much useful equipment and facilities, while the German U-boats, confined to home ports, will find themselves too crowded for efficiency.

Special Cable to Evening Public Ledger Copyright, 1918, by New York Times Co. London, Oct. 3. Lieutenant Sir John Bridger Shiffner, whose mother was Miss Elsie Burrows, of Newport, R. I., was killed in action in France on September 24, according to news received at Lewes, Sussex. Sir John was nineteen years old and succeeded to the baronetcy in 1914.

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Special Cable to Evening Public Ledger Copyright, 1918, by New York Times Co. Paris, Oct. 3. Two Rumanians from Transylvania have arrived in Paris from Rumania after a dramatically adventurous journey of more than six weeks by way of Russia, Sweden and England. They are Octavian Goga, a famous Rumanian poet, the Gabriele d'Annunzio of Transylvania, a member of the Transylvanian National Committee, and Sver Bocu, editor of the Rumanian Irredentist Journal, Tribuna of Arad. Both men are leaders of the anti-Hungarian movement in unredempted Rumania, and are under sentence of death in Hungary. They have been refugees in Rumania proper since 1914.

Special Cable to Evening Public Ledger Copyright, 1918, by New York Times Co. Paris, Oct. 3. The full story of their hairbreadth escapes cannot be told for the moment. Suffice it to say, both men disguised themselves with false beards and traveled as common laborers of the lowest class. They were, of course, entirely without passports or papers of any kind. Speaking Rumanian and a good deal of Russian and French, as well as two or three Slav dialects, they trapped the whole distance from Rumania to Sweden. Both came through without serious mishaps, thanks to their appearance of extreme humbleness and obvious helplessness. At Stockholm their journey ended when they got into touch with the Allied ministers.

Special Cable to Evening Public Ledger Copyright, 1918, by New York Times Co. Amsterdam, Oct. 3.—On the first day of the outbreak of cholera in Berlin, according to reports received here, there were seventeen cases. Sixteen of these proved fatal.

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Advertisement for Steinway Pianola and Duo-Art Pianos. The text describes the features of the pianos, including their sound, touch, and durability. It mentions that the pianos are made in Steinway's factory in New York and are available in various models and finishes. The advertisement also includes the name of the retailer, N. Stetson & Co., and their address at 1111 Chestnut St.

Advertisement for the "Merion" Sack Suit for Men. The advertisement features a photograph of a man wearing the suit, which is described as being made of high-quality materials and featuring a distinctive design. The text highlights the suit's comfort, style, and durability, and mentions that it is available in various colors and finishes. The retailer, Jacob Reed's Sons, is located at 1424-1426 Chestnut Street.

Advertisement for Borden's Malted Milk. The advertisement features a photograph of a glass of milk and a bottle of Borden's Malted Milk. The text describes the benefits of the milk, including its high nutritional value and its ability to help with various ailments. The advertisement also includes the name of the retailer, S. Kind & Sons, and their address at 1110 Chestnut St.

Advertisement for Dainty Finger Rings of Green Gold. The advertisement features a photograph of a finger ring. The text describes the ring's design, which is made of green gold and features a brilliant diamond in the center. The advertisement also includes the name of the retailer, S. Kind & Sons, and their address at 1110 Chestnut St.

Advertisement for Sozodont for the Teeth. The advertisement features a photograph of a Sozodont toothbrush. The text describes the benefits of the toothbrush, including its ability to clean the teeth thoroughly and prevent tooth decay. The advertisement also includes the name of the retailer, S. Kind & Sons, and their address at 1110 Chestnut St.

Advertisement for The Coal Dealer's First Duty Today. The advertisement features a photograph of a coal cart. The text describes the importance of having a reliable source of coal during the winter months, and mentions that the retailer, Geo. B. Newton Coal Co., has a large stock of coal available for sale. The advertisement also includes the name of the retailer, Geo. B. Newton Coal Co., and their address at 1110 Chestnut St.

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Advertisement for a shoe store. The text describes the store's offerings, including a variety of styles and sizes of shoes. The advertisement also includes the name of the store, N. Stetson & Co., and their address at 1111 Chestnut St.