THE WEATHER

Washington, Oct. 2.—Partly cloudy tonight, followed by unsettled weather Thursday; gentle southwest winds.

TEMPERATURE AT EACH HOUR

8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5
54	55	56	57	59	62				

Evening Public Ledger
and
THE EVENING TELEGRAPH

NIGHT EXTRA

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KRUSEN ASKS VOLUNTEERS TO FIGHT GRIP

Fifty Doctors and More Nurses Wanted Downtown

CITY TO SPEND FUND FOR WAR EMERGENCY

Suffering Increases as 611 More Cases Are Reported in City

SERIOUS IN CAMDEN

Public Meetings Prohibited. Norristown and Lancaster Hard Hit

Fifty physicians will be sent at once into South Philadelphia under the direction of Doctor Krusen, of the Department of Health, to combat the Spanish influenza epidemic, the worst that section of the city has had in fifty years. The expense of the battle against the disease will be defrayed with the emergency war fund, of which $25,000 remains available.

Soup kitchens will be established in all sections of the district by the Emergency Aid to feed poor families that are suffering from lack of nourishment as a result of the epidemic.

The Emergency Aid also has asked for volunteers to act as nurses, to see that the families are cared for, and to wash and attend babies of stricken mothers.

The situation over the city appeared better today than yesterday. The total number of new cases reported today to the Bureau of Health was 611 as compared with 638 yesterday. No deaths had been reported up to noon.

Red Cross to Help

Charles Scott, chairman of the Pennsylvania and Delaware division of the Red Cross, received a telegram today from Surgeon General Blue, in Washington, requesting the Red Cross to co-operate in the fight against the epidemic. The Red Cross will provide nurses and emergency supplies when requested to do so by local authorities.

The Red Cross has set aside $575,000 to check further spread of the epidemic.

George W. C. Drexel, of the military relief bureau; C. C. Jones, of the civilian relief bureau, and Miss Susan Francis, head of the bureau of nursing, will have charge of the Red Cross work in this section.

Liberty Sings Stopped

In Camden all theatres and motion picture shows were closed this afternoon by the Board of Health. Public gatherings of all kinds, including liberty sings, also were prohibited.

Druggists in the downtown section of Philadelphia were swamped with Spanish influenza prescriptions today, and they have appealed to the Bureau of Health to send them clerks. Several have had to close their prescription counters on account of the rush. Three druggists have been stricken by the disease.

The action of Director Krusen in calling for physicians to fight the disease in this section followed a conference with Mayor Smith in which the Mayor consented to the use of money from the city's war relief fund to carry on the campaign. This fund was set aside to meet "emergency expenses incident to preparation for war and the defense of the city of Philadelphia."

The fund originally totalled $100,000.

The campaign in South Philadelphia is being made at the request of Senator Vare, who went to Director Krusen today with a demand that the district, in which he lives, be given immediate relief. He offered to aid the cost of an organized campaign and wait for Councils to reimburse him.

Gaffney's Suggestion

Joseph Gaffney, chairman of Councils' Finance Committee, suggested the use of the war relief fund, and both City Solicitor Connelly and Controller Walton ruled that the money could be used to fight the Spanish influenza epidemic.

Senator Vare declared conditions in South Philadelphia to be pitiful, whole families being in bed, unable to obtain physicians, and, where they have physicians, unable to get drugs, many pharmacists' supplies being exhausted.

The fifty physicians will be sent to the police stations and will be quartered there to answer calls at all hours. They will be provided with large supplies of drugs that can be prepared and given to the patients quickly.

Call for Volunteers

Director Krusen has issued an appeal to all physicians who wish to aid in the fight to assemble at his office, 584 City Hall, and they will be sent out at once. As many more than fifty as can be obtained will be used.

The medicine situation in the downtown section, below Washington avenue and east of Broad street, became acute today. There are 1200 cases in the district, and twelve deaths have resulted so far. Between 300 and 400 patrons a day crowd some of the drug stores.

Samuel Rosins, druggist at Fourth and Dickinson streets, collapsed while at work today, and two of his clerks were stricken shortly afterward.

One hundred, who were stricken with the disease at the yards of the New York Shipbuilding Company, were sent to the Municipal Hospital, Camden, this afternoon. Officials of the shipyard supplied the doctors, medicine and nurses to care for them.

Three Camden soldiers who succumbed were brought home today. They were Private Carl E. Bicker, 1636 Broadway, who died at Camp Quantico, Va.; Private David H. Ross, 814 Spruce street, who died at Camp Meade; and Private Edward Matthews, 334 Warren avenue. Matthews was taken ill at Camp Dix a week ago and died yesterday.

In answer to an appeal from the

Continued on Page Two, Column Four

When you think of writing think of WRITING.—Adv.

AUTO DRIVERS MAY ENLIST

Opportunity for Men of Draft Age in Transport Corps

Automobile machinists and drivers of draft age will have for a few days an opportunity of enlisting in the motor transport corps for immediate service with the army.

Russell A. Clark, of the trade procurement and classification branch of the War Department, Washington, opened headquarters today at the Automobile Club, Twenty-third street between Chestnut and Market streets, and will remain here until the War Department says he has recruited enough men.

Mr. Clark is one of several agents of the War Department sent over the country to conduct a campaign to enlist 10,000 men as privates in the motor transport corps. Recruits may receive application blanks from Mr. Clark at the Automobile Club and will be examined by him.

All men who have knowledge of automobiles are eligible, but those most sought at present are automobile repairmen, axle and transmission assistants, light car drivers, heavy and light truck drivers, general and tool room machinists, motorcycle repairers, radiator repairers, road testers, trouble shooters, truckmasters and welders.

ACROSS-SEA FLIGHT DENIED

Article Reprinted From Flying Purely Imaginative

By the United Press

Washington, Oct. 2.—Published reports that a transatlantic air flight was made July 28 were denied today by the Navy Department. The department proposes to ascertain why the "United States Naval Institute proceedings", at Annapolis printed the story which purported to be an account of a one-day flight from New Foundland to Ireland.

The article was purely imaginative and was first printed in the August number of Flying. The date of the "one-day flight," July 28, is the birthday of Allan R. Hawley, president of the Aero Club of America, and the interesting bit of fiction was written by Alfred E. Poor in honor of Hawley's birthday.

The article was reprinted in the United States Naval Institute Proceedings, it now appears, because it had distinct technical value.

F. B. STEED DEAD OF GRIP

Former Evening Public Ledger Man Dies at Camp Merritt

F. Benson Steed, who was formerly employed in the advertising department of the EVENING PUBLIC LEDGER, died yesterday at Camp Merritt of influenza, on the eve of his promotion to a sergeancy.

Private Steed was twenty-two years old and was the only son of Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Steed, 918 Old Lancaster pike, Bryn Mawr, Pa.

He enlisted in May, 1917, in Troop G, First Pennsylvania Cavalry, and went with them to Camp Hancock, Ga. When the cavalry regiment was disbanded he was transferred to the hospital corps. While at Camp Hancock he met with an accident which resulted in a broken leg and broken collarbone and kept him from embarking for France with his comrades.

He was transferred to Camp Merritt and on September 25 became ill with influenza.

SOUSA'S BAND HERE

Great Lakes Naval Contingent to Give Concerts Today

The famous band from the Great Lakes Naval Training Station, near Chicago, is here today and will play this afternoon and tonight under the personal direction of Lieutenant John Philip Sousa, the "March King."

The band is composed of 500 trained musicians and is touring the country in the interests of the Fourth Liberty loan. It leaves tonight for New York, will spend two days in that city and then head for New England.

A special train of eight coaches, including sleepers, dining cars and baggage cars carries the band on this trip, which will not end until the Liberty Loan campaign is over.

FARMERS' DAY AT TRENTON

Thousands of Agriculturists Attend Interstate Fair

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 2.—Today is farmers' day at the interstate fair, and thousands of agriculturists have taken the day off to attend the fair with their families. Many arrived at the grounds in high-priced automobiles, indicating prosperity of some of them at least. The midway was crowded early in the day and the sideshows were well patronized. Hundreds found interesting exhibits in the various exhibition buildings.

Tomorrow, "Big Thursday," or "Politicians' Day," will attract, it is believed, great crowds to see the political celebrities of the State. Governor Edge and United States Senators Baird and Frelinhuysen will probably be present as well as Congressmen, legislators, State officials and "lesser lights."

SHIP BOARD HAS BIG PROGRAM

Hurley Asks $484,000,000 for Building of 154 Vessels

By the Associated Press

Washington, Oct. 2.—Construction of 454 vessels of 1,800,000 deadweight tons is the additional program of the shipping board disclosed today to the House Appropriations Committee by Chairman Hurley in explaining his request for additional authorizations of $484,000,000 for the present fiscal year.

The program contemplates the building of 210 steel and 244 wooden ships. The shipping board's figures include requests for $34,660,000 for plant facilities, marine railroads and dry docks.

TWO SCHOOLS CLOSED

Lack of Coal Cause in One Case. Engineer Ill in Other

Lack of heat and illness of an engineer caused two public schools to close today leaving nearly two thousand children idle.

The Belmont School, Forty-first and Brown streets was compeled to close because coal ordered sometime ago had not been delivered. In view of the spread of influenza it was decided by the school authorities that it would be unwise to hold sessions. Nearly 600 children attend the school.

Illness of the engineer caused the closing of the Edgar Allan Poe School, Twenty-first and Ritner streets, which is attended by nearly 1500 pupils.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND BURIED

Solemn Service in Cathedral at St. Paul—Many Attend

By the Associated Press

St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 2.—State, municipal, civic and industrial activities in St. Paul and Minneapolis were halted today, when the body of Archbishop John Ireland, of the Roman Catholic Diocese of St. Paul, was borne to a grave in Calvary Cemetery.

The ceremony in the Archdiocese Cathedral at 10 o'clock this forenoon and the funeral procession at noon were solemnly impressive. Hundreds of military men attended the pontifical high mass.

The mass was said by Bishop Thomas O'Gorman, of Sioux Falls, S. D., a lifelong friend and coworker of Archbishop Ireland.

VIEW WILSON AS CANDIDATE FOR 3D TERM

Senators Assert Suffrage Speech Reveals President's Decision

WORLD REBUILDING PURPOSE IN OFFICE

League of Nations Will Need His Guiding Hand, Leaders Say

NO 'SWAPPING HORSES'

Friends Anxious That American Chief Retain His Position as World Force

By CLINTON W. GILBERT

Staff Correspondent Evening Public Ledger
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Washington, Oct. 2.

It can be said with the utmost positiveness that President Wilson is now a candidate for renomination. He and his friends have made up their minds that the national emergency to follow the war will compel him to seek the presidency once more. In their view it will be just as much swapping horses crossing a stream as to make another man President immediately after this war is over, as it would have been to have made another man than Lincoln President when his first term ended and the Civil War was still on.

The considerations that have weighed with them in reaching this conclusion are those which were advanced in a recent dispatch in this correspondence on the subject of reconstruction. Wilson must be the reconstructor, they say, not merely of this country, but, to a degree, of the world. The League of Nations, his creature, must have his care during the first years of its operations.

War's End Is Near

Mr. Wilson's purpose is well understood among Democratic politicians in this city. It may change before the time comes for making nominations in 1920. Ambitions that date from two years ahead of nominating conventions often disappear before the delegates assemble. But in this case the future can be foreseen with reasonable certainty. The war is likely to end within the next few months. The peace conference in which President Wilson will play an important role will last well on into 1919. The League of Nations will fairly get started in 1920 when nominations will have to be made.

At the same time the task of getting industry in this country, and the world over, back to a normal basis will begin. It will be almost as delicate and as grave a task as the conduct of the war. Reconstruction, for one nation cannot be separated from reconstruction for the other nations. It will be an international problem, and, therefore, an executive problem.

Pilot of League of Nations

Mr. Wilson has been the leader of the world in looking toward international organization. If the league of nations is formed he will naturally be reluctant to abandon its success to other hands. He will feel that its future is better assured if he remains President than it will be if another man, perhaps less sympathetic with it, takes office. The first few years of the league will be critical years. In a sense the war will be over. But in reality the effects of the war will go on. It is plain from the President's recent New York speech that he contemplates a large international army in Europe for several years to see that signatories to the peace, who "cannot be trusted," are compelled to abide by the rulings of the confederated nations.

The prediction recently made by a French officer here that there would be a big international army in Europe for ten years after the war will not be far wrong.

Moreover, on this side of reconstruction, it is argued by the President's friends, that the war organization he has created will be the best machinery for reconstruction. The war industries board, the shipping board; the war trade board, the food, fuel and railroad administrations have had experience in centralizing the control of the

Continued on Page Nine, Column One

BRISBANE INQUIRY DEFERRED

Senate Subcommittee Awaits Presence of All Members

Washington, Oct. 2.—(By I. N. S.)—Investigation of the charges made against Arthur Brisbane, publisher of the Washington Times, by Alien Property Custodian A. Mitchell Palmer was postponed indefinitely today by the subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee appointed to conduct such an investigation. It was agreed that the investigation should be made only by the full subcommittee. Two members were absent today.

Senator Overman produced a bundle of documents, including checks and bank balances, which he explained he had received from Palmer and which he ordered printed in the Record and marked "confidential."

A letter addressed to Senator Overman by Mr. Brisbane stating that he not only desired but would welcome a most thorough investigation of Mr. Palmer's allegations was also ordered to be printed in the record, with Senator Overman's reply that it had not yet been determined what course or scope the investigation should take.

6,000 TAKEN BY CANADIANS

Machine Guns Take Heavy Toll of Dominion's Troops

With the Canadian Forces in France, Oct. 2.—In the operations in which the Canadian Third and Fourth Divisions have been engaged beyond the line they held on the Douai-Cambrai road, they have been faced by a greater number of machine guns than any previously concentrated on the Canadian front. The losses of the offensive forces were correspondingly heavy.

While Canadian casualties since last Friday have been heavy, in part they are offset by prisoners not far short of 6000.

The Day's Honor Roll for the City and Its Vicinity

KILLED IN ACTION

LIEUTENANT J. B. B. QUINN, 5539 Pulaski avenue. (Unofficially reported.)

SERGEANT WINFIELD A. JACKSON, 1218 Belmont avenue. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

SERGEANT EDWARD ALLEN, 613 Spring Garden street.

SERGEANT JOHN K. BENDER, 1027 Spring street.

CORPORAL CLIFTON M. CASEY, 317 West Logan street, Germantown. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

PRIVATE NEAL VAIL, 1630 South Ringgold street.

PRIVATE EDWARD C. HOVENSTINE, 1621 South Bailey street.

DIED OF WOUNDS

SERGEANT HAROLD PEARL, 2221 Tyson street.

MUSICIAN ZYGMOND JORLONOWSKI, 2633 East Hagert street.

PRIVATE WARREN J. DECKER, 1630 Paul street.

WOUNDED

LIEUTENANT ANDREW M. C. BOYES, 2209 North English street. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

LIEUTENANT HARRY WELLBANK, 2315 Diamond street.

SERGEANT JOHN P. RYAN, 1922 North Polymnia street.

CORPORAL JOHN A. FOLEY, 5137 Pentridge street. (Unofficially reported.)

CORPORAL HARVARD PAYNE, 332 North Preston street. (Unofficially reported.)

CORPORAL JOHN O. GREEN, 678 Bregstone street.

MECHANIC LESTER S. MATHIAS, 2221 North Twenty-seventh street.

SAMUEL FINBINDER, 528 North Fourth street.

PRIVATE FRANK DELVACCO, 612 South Leithi street.

PRIVATE JOHN J. EDWARDS, 1717 Jackson street.

PRIVATE SAMUEL BOORDMAN, 2900 South Seventh street.

PRIVATE JOSEPH J. FIOCCA, 685 North Lawrence street. (There is no such address.)

PRIVATE WILLIAM STANDFORD, 1943 South Thirteenth street.

PRIVATE BERNARD GESELLER, 1331 North Fairhill street.

PRIVATE EDWARD F. HERMAN, 3019 Thompson street.

PRIVATE HOWARD J. JEFFS, 1719 West Allegheny avenue.

PRIVATE ALBERT T. LLOYD, 1329 South Hicks street. (Previously reported.)

PRIVATE FRANK WATERS, 24 North First street. (Unofficially reported.)

PRIVATE GEORGE T. KNOLL, 2422 Fairhill street.

PRIVATE JOHN ROBERT QUIGLEY, 5041 West Gordon street.

PRIVATE SAMUEL ROBERTSON, 1730 Federal street.

PRIVATE RUDOLPH SMITH, 3121 Woodland avenue. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

PRIVATE WILLIAM BOWERS, 1118 Mitchell street.

PRIVATE L. A. R. LICHETTE, Jr., 1019 Walton avenue.

PRIVATE CHARLES I. MARKS, 6106 North South street, Oak Lane.

PRIVATE JOHN F. CALLAHAN, 2918 South Twentieth street.

PRIVATE LEO MOORE, 1733 Wolf street.

PRIVATE WILLIAM ARMSTRONG QUINN, 5739 Pulaski avenue. (Unofficially reported.)

PRIVATE JOSEPH MOORE, 1733 Wolf street. (Unofficially reported.)

PRIVATE INGERSOLL OLMSTED, Jr., 19 West Chelten avenue, Germantown.

PRIVATE VINCENT A. MULLEN, 2711 North Hicks street.

PRIVATE CHARLES F. RAPP, 881 Bloat street.

PRIVATE JOHN C. WALSH, 3110 Fairmount avenue.

PRIVATE FRED D. GRAY, 669 Brooklyn street.

PRIVATE JOHN F. LINK, 8200 Ardleigh street. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

PRIVATE PETER N. K. SCHWENK, JR., 1417 North Broad street. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

PRIVATE CHARLES SKVERSKY, 939 Jackson street.

PRIVATE PATRICK QUINN, 2861 North Ringgold street. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

MISSING

PRIVATE CHARLES H. CARPENTER, 5829 Meadowlark avenue.

PRIVATE BENJAMIN H. HANZER, 3009 Aspen street.

PRIVATE MUNZIO DE MAIO, 1126 South Thirteenth street.

PRIVATE BARTOLE FOCA, 617 Arch street.

PRISONER

PRIVATE ISAAC SEIRENBERG, 1916 Poplar street. (Previously reported missing.)

PRIVATE JOSEPH NKISS, 5021 Pentridge street. (Previously reported missing; now located at Bayreuth, Germany.)

PRIVATE BARTHOLOMEW CAMPBELL, 2721 Laycock street. (Previously reported missing; now located at Camp Darmstadt, Germany.)

PRIVATE DITTO BRUNO, Conshohocken. (Previously reported missing.)

CANADIAN LIST WOUNDED

PRIVATE W. W. COOPER, 2721 North Second street.

NEARBY POINTS

KILLED IN ACTION

PRIVATE DAVID J. SHIELDS, Chester, Pa.

PRIVATE RAYMOND BRYSON, Lancaster, Pa.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED

SERGEANT CHARLES F. BERNER, Pottsville, Pa.

WOUNDED

SERGEANT JOSEPH F. LEWIS, Colwyn, Pa.

SERGEANT HARRY J. NAYLOR, Norristown, Pa. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

CORPORAL JOSEPH W. MANNING, West Chester, Pa.

CORPORAL ROBERT C. HUGHES, Pottsville, Pa.

CORPORAL WILLIAM D. THOMAS, Corner Stone Post Office, Chester County, Pa.

CORPORAL MICHAEL PATRICK, Phoenixville, Pa.

PRIVATE THOMAS R. NOWACK, Pottstown, Pa. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

PRIVATE FREDERICK C. HENNING, Norristown, Pa.

PRIVATE EUGENE A. KISSINGER, Chester, Pa.

PRIVATE JACOB TRAUGER, Doylestown, Pa.

PRIVATE CHARLES BONDI, Port Kennedy, Pa.

PRIVATE ARTHUR YERGER, Pottstown, Pa. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

PRIVATE NELSON J. BROWN, North Lansdowne, Pa.

PRIVATE CHARLES D. SNYDER, Phoenixville, Pa.

PRIVATE SAMUEL H. SMITH, Jr., Oxford, Pa.

PRIVATE H. A. PLUNKETT, Swarthmore, Pa.

PRIVATE JOHN RERABACK, Perkasie, Pa.

PRIVATE S. D. KOCH, Pottsville, Pa.

October 2, 1918

The above list is compiled from the official casualty records and from unofficial reports received by relatives and friends from men overseas.

STORES BEGIN FUEL SAVING

30,000 Establishments Voluntarily Closed at 6 Last Night

Nearly 30,000 stores in this city and vicinity closed at 6 o'clock last night in line with a voluntary resolution adopted by the United Business Men's Association to take this action at once instead of waiting until next Tuesday, the date set for it to go into effect.

These stores will close tonight and tomorrow evening at the same time and on every Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evening until further notice. They will keep open until 10 o'clock the other nights of the week.

The State fuel administration today sent a letter of appreciation to the United Business Men's Association for its patriotic response.

BERLIN TRIES TO STEM THE PANICKY TIDE

Vice Chancellor Frantically Submits Plan for New Parliamentary System

AFFECTS GERMAN AND PRUSSIAN MINISTRIES

Independent Socialists and Poles Refuse Government Bait

PEOPLE ARE IN FOMENT

Imperial Ministers Leave Sinking Ship as Kaiser's Doom Draws Near

Austria Trembles on Brink of Revolt

Special Cable to Evening Public Ledger
(Copyright, 1918, by New York Times Co.)

London, Oct. 2.—The London Daily Chronicle's diplomatic correspondent says:

"Austria must go the way of Bulgaria, for the same social, economic and political pressure is at work. She is trembling on the brink of a revolution from exhaustion."

By the Associated Press

Amsterdam, Oct. 2.

Plans are under consideration for the reorganization of both the imperial German and Prussian ministries on the lines of a parliamentary system, according to the Berlin Tageblatt, which quotes Friedrich von Payer, the imperial vice chancellor, to this effect.

The vice chancellor, the newspaper says, received the leaders of all the parties yesterday and discussed the contemplated parliamentarization, which the vice chancellor declared would extend to the Prussian as well as to the imperial ministry. He also said that the abrogation of portions of Articles 9 and 21 of the constitution must be taken in hand as soon as possible.

[Article 9 provides that "each member of the Bundesrath shall have the right to appear in the Reichstag, and must be heard there at any time he shall so request, in order to represent the views of his Government, even when such views shall not have been adopted by the majority of the Bundesrath. No one shall at the same time be a member of the Bundesrath and of the Reichstag."]

[Article 21 reads: "Government officials shall not require leave of absence in order to enter the Reichstag. When a member of the Reichstag accepts a salaried office of the Empire, or a salaried office in one of the States of the Confederation, or accepts any office of the Empire or of a State involving higher rank or salary, he shall forfeit his seat and vote in the Reichstag, but may recover his place in the same by a new election."]

Vienna and Berlin in Panic

The representatives of the Right, of the independent Socialists and of the Poles, the Tageblatt states, have refused to co-operate in the formation of a coalition government.

At a sitting of the main committee of the German Reichstag on Monday Vice Chancellor von Payer read a decree from the Emperor announcing the resignation of Imperial Chancellor von Hertling. He announced that the former Chancellor had called a meeting of party leaders to discuss the situation. An indefinite adjournment was then taken by the committee.

Saturday's Vienna newspapers, which have reached here, describe the tremendous sensation caused in the Austrian capital by the Bulgarian collapse. Rumors spread with lightning-like rapidity that Turkey had followed suit, that King Ferdinand had abdicated, that his palace had been blown up and that a revolution had broken out in Bulgaria.

These rumors were promptly denied, but the impression remained that Bulgaria's secession had administered a grave blow to the dual monarchy.

Huge Losses in the Bourse

There was a panic in the Bourse where the losses, according to the Neues Journal, ran up to 190 points in some cases. The pandemonium on the Budapest Bourse was such that business had to be suspended. The closing of both the Vienna and Budapest Bourses was contemplated for a time.

Continued on Page Eight, Column One

10 MORE AMERICANS HONORED

Distinguished Service Crosses Given Them by Pershing

Washington, Oct. 2. (By I. N. S.)—Distinguished service crosses have been awarded to ten more members of the American expeditionary force by General Pershing, the War Department was notified this afternoon. The men honored by General Pershing are:

First Sergeant John H. Winthrop, Summer Grove avenue, Bryn Mawr, Pa.; Corporal Socrates Carageorg, sister resident of Greece; Wagoner Robert L. Worden, Wichita, Kan.; First Lieutenant Harry R. Wheat, North Cambridge, Mass.; Sergeant Walter L. Chellis, Ellsworth, Mich.; Captain C. M. Williams, address unknown; Second Lieutenant Frank Batta, Chillicothe, Mo.; **Sergeant Thomas Cavanaugh, 210 Brownville avenue Pittsburgh, Pa.**; First Lieutenant Godfred H. Wyke, Governors Island, N. Y.; **Corporal Robert B. Riley, Chester, Pa.**

350 KILLED IN R. R. WRECK

Fifty Children Among Victims of Accident in Sweden

By the Associated Press

London, Oct. 2.—Three hundred and fifty persons have been killed, it is feared, in a railway accident north of Malmo, Sweden, says an Exchange Telegraph from Copenhagen today.

Fifty children who were returning to Stockholm from the country are among the dead.

BRITISH BREAK GERMAN LINE FROM CAMBRAI TO REGION OF ST. QUENTIN

GERMANS READY FOR EVACUATION OF BELGIAN SOIL

Plans All Made for Removal to Own Frontier, Military Governor Declares

Special Cable to Evening Public Ledger
(Copyright, 1918, by New York Times Co.)

Amsterdam, Oct. 2.—Dispatch to the London Daily Express:

I understand that the military secretary to Baron von Falkenhausen, German Governor of Belgium, speaking yesterday to a leading Dutchman in The Hague said:

"Plans are ready for the early evacuation of Belgium if it should be found necessary. The German army in Belgium will return to the German frontier in order to show the world that we really want to defend our country."

It is rumored here that the Dutch army authorities are asking the Diet for strengthening their Belgium frontier in order to prevent any violation of Dutch territory by the retreating Germans.

Lancaster Co. Town May Double Quota

Lancaster, Pa., Oct. 2.—With the completion of the Liberty Loan campaign in this city, it was announced that the quota of $500,000 had been reached and that subscriptions to date amounted to $525,000. Efforts are now being made to raise twice the quota. All sections of the county report rapid gains.

DAMASCUS FALLS TO GEN. ALLENBY; TURK RULE OVER

Oldest City in the World and Scene of Conversion of St. Paul

London, Oct. 2.

Damascus, the capital of Syria, was occupied by General Allenby's forces on Tuesday morning, according to an official statement issued today by the British War Office.

Damascus is the Turkish base in Syria and Palestine and its fall probably means the end of all Turkish resistance in Palestine and Syria. The ancient city is the junction point of railroads leading to the ports of Beirut and Akaba, 180 miles northeast, the most important Turkish base in this region of Asia Minor.

Damascus is the capital of the Vilayet of Syria and has a population of about 150,000. It is one of the holy cities of the Mohammedans and the Arabs regard it as one of the four paradises on earth.

It was in Damascus that St. Paul was converted. Here are a "Street that is called Straight," mentioned in the New Testament, and the ruins of the houses of Naaman the leper and of Ananias, oldest city in the world, antedating Babylon. Damascus existed when Abraham crossed the plain of Haran.

Two Women Get City Jobs

The following municipal appointments were announced today by the Civil Service Commission: Cecelia Gauley, 1417 North Twelfth street, nurse, $75 per month; Dr. Katherine Radley, 1236 North Fifty-second street, school medical inspector, $800 a year.

ITALIANS ARRIVE IN NEW YORK TO BOOST LOAN

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Oct. 2.—Nearly two hundred Italian soldiers arrived today to boost the Liberty Loan. The troops are ninety Alpini and ninety Bersaglieri. The Royal Grenadier Band and ninety-five Sardinians also arrved. Captain G. Lampugnani is in command. Representatives of the Italian embassy and the United States War Department met the troops.

PITTSBURGH DISTRICT NEARS $100,000,000

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 2.—Fourth Liberty Loan subscriptions for the Fourth Federal Reserve District, including Pittsburgh, Cleveland, western Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio, today climbed toward the $100,000,000 mark. An unofficial estimate placed total subscriptions at 10.30 a. m. at $97,534,000

MAYOR REFUSED HEARING WAIVE

Magistrate Insists on Answer to Charges in Gedeikin Case

GORMAN IS PROSECUTOR

The Gedeikin Case and How the Mayor Moved

June [illegible]

[illegible]

Feb. 26—Examination held. Edward R. Gedeikin only one of eight candidates certified available. Under the average 21 the minimum for eligibility being 70.

Feb. 16—Mayor Smith "directed" three members of Board of Revision of Taxes, the former Senator Edwin S. Vare, the Rev. Dr. Dixon Bernstein and Senator I. Boies Penrose to direct Gedeikin appointed.

[illegible]

Sept. 11—[illegible]

Sept. 13—[illegible]

Sept. 15—[illegible]

Sept. 26—[illegible]

Sept. 27—[illegible]

Sept. 30—[illegible]

Mayor Smith accompanied by his body guard, Clerk Henry appeared before Magistrate [illegible] at the latter's office, [illegible] and Lehigh avenues, this afternoon when he was summoned on charges growing out of the appointment of Edward Gedeikin as supervisor of playgrounds and expected to waive a hearing. Much to his surprise, the Magistrate insisted upon a hearing and proceeded with the case.

On reaching the Magistrate's court, the Mayor, after greeting a few friends, announced he was not represented by counsel and would waive a hearing on the charges which, as specified in the warrant sworn out by Otto Mallery, are misbehavior and misdemeanor in office.

Judge Gordon insisted on the hearing proceeding, saying there was documentary evidence important to the prosecution to be offered. The hearing then proceeded, and Ernest L. Tustin, Rabbi Henry Berkowitz and several others offered testimony.

This will be the second arraignment in a year for the Mayor. The first time he faced charges of conspiracy in the Fifth Ward case, conspiracy to violate the Sherman law, and conspiracy to obstruct a free election in connection

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FOE IN ARGONNE YIELDS TO U. S.

Pressure of American Army Breaks Down Enemy's Stubborn Resistance

By EDWIN L. JAMES

Special Cable to Evening Public Ledger
(Copyright, 1918, by New York Times Co.)

With the American Army in France, Oct. 2.

After three days of stubborn resistance against the unfaltering pressure of the American First Army the Germans are reported to be withdrawing their advanced elements on the left of our Aisne-Meuse sector, pulling their troops northward in the vicinity of the Argonne forest toward the Kriemhild-Stellung positions.

On the right our troops are up against this line in the vicinity of Brieulles. It is believed that the Germans are ready to make a strong stand on the Kriemhild-Stellung line. Back of this series of positions the Germans have no organized line on this side of the Belgian border.

The troops which have done such valiant fighting in the Argonne forest, overcoming the four-year-old German defenses, believed by the boche to be impregnable, are New York troops. They come from Manhattan, Brooklyn, the Bronx, Long Island and Westchester mostly. These volunteers were trained at Camp Upton and have fought with the spirit of seasoned veterans, under most difficult weather conditions.

Smashed All Defenses

When they started against the Hindenburg line they had to cut their way through two and a half miles of barbed wire defenses against German machine-guns, rifle and artillery fire, as well as gas.

Yesterday was relatively quiet on the American Argonne-Meuse sector. We repulsed two German counter-attacks, one in the region of Clerges and the other at Apremont.

In the last three days, we have held Apremont, a good strategic point, despite repeated efforts by the Germans to gain control.

Our driving eased off yesterday, while supplies and ammunition were brought up over the bad roads. Our fire is giving great trouble to the German

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WEATHER LIKE HUN

Partly cloudy tonight
And unsettled tomorrow,
('Tis the Hun's sorry plight,
So no trouble we'll borrow.)
Neither hotter nor cooler
(Except for boche ruler.)

Haig Tears Great Gaps in Enemy's Defenses

BIG TEUTON RETREAT NEAR

Allies Sweep on in Belgium—Foe Fires Menin and Roulers

FRENCH ADVANCE FOUR MILES ON VESLE FRONT

Teutons Retire Before Berthelot—Petain Presses Past St. Quentin

THIERRY MASSIF TAKEN

Kaiser's Armies Face Disaster as Foch Delivers Smashing Blows

London, Oct. 2.

The German line in the west is crumbling and a big retreat apparently is near. The Allies have overrun the Hindenburg line on a fifty-mile front.

The British have broken the German line from St. Quentin to Cambrai. The French have captured St. Quentin and pressed on eastward. On the Aisne-Vesle front the French have plunged three to four miles and the enemy is in retreat. St. Thierry massif has been captured.

The Allied armies are sweeping on in Belgium and are outflanking Ostend. The Germans have set fire to Roulers and Menin. British monitors are shelling the Germans on the coast.

By the Associated Press

London, Oct. 2.

Between Cambrai and St. Quentin the German line of defense has been broken. It is uncertain what lines the enemy has in the rear. The British advance threatens the German line of retreat in the Oise Valley and also from the massif of St. Gobain.

Field Marshal Haig today announced the breaking of the German line on the Fonsommes-Beaurevoir front and his report shows that wide gaps have been torn in the German defenses between St. Quentin and Le Catelet, south of Cambrai, in a new British onrush.

(Beaurevoir is two and one-half miles east of Le Catelet and Fonsommes is nearly five miles northeast of St. Quentin.)

South of Cambrai British and Scottish troops, together with New Zealanders, have occupied Crevecoeur and Rumilly. Sequehart, four and one-half miles southeast of Bellicourt, has been captured, as has the hamlet of Proselles, just to the north.

Cambrai has been mined, but the British forces have fought around the town and thus have foiled the plans of the enemy. The Germans decided on September 1 to burn Cambrai and forced the civilian population to leave.

The Australians have finished the work of clearing out the German defenses south of Le Catelet and Gouy and had freed Joncourt, just to the south, of enemy troops. Americans are fighting alongside the Australians in the Gouy region.)

Dispatches from the front say that between the Aisne and the Vesle Rivers French troops in the last three days have advanced on a front of ten miles to a depth of three to four miles. The Germans now are retreating toward the line they held in 1917.

In view of the loss to the Germans of St. Quentin and the lines to the north of that city an enemy retirement on a fairly large scale in France and Belgium seems probable. Given fairly good weather some very big changes on the western front may be seen before winter.

ROULERS IS FIRED BY FOE AS ALLIES GAIN IN BELGIUM

Torch Applied to Menin—British Monitors Shell Coast—Railroad Line Useless

By the Associated Press

London, Oct. 2.

The towns of Menin and Roulers, railway junctions in Flanders, have been set on fire by the Germans in the face of the advancing Belgian, British and French troops. French guns now control the railway line running from Ostend, through Thourout and and Roulers to Courtrai.

British monitors are co-operating actively in bombarding the German lines on and near the coast.

French and Belgian troops have made fresh progress in the direction of Hooglede and Roulers and the British have seized Ledeghem on the Roulers-Menin railway, according to the Belgian official statement issued last night.

By the Associated Press

With the British Armies in Flanders, Oct. 2.

Field Marshal Haig's forces today

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