**THE WEATHER**

*Washington, Oct. 1.—Fair, frost tonight in exposed places; Wednesday, fair and warmer.*

TEMPERATURE AT EACH HOUR

| 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 49 | 51 | 52 | 54 | 56 | 58 | | | | |

# Evening Public Ledger
and
## THE EVENING TELEGRAPH

NIGHT EXTRA

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# Turkey Seeks Armistice of the Allies; Peace Riots in Berlin; Allies Sweeping on in Belgium; Germans Set Fire to Cambrai

## SCHOOL CLOSES WHEN NINE NUNS FALL ILL OF GRIP

### Nearly Half of Immaculate Conception Staff Suffer. Two in Hospital

### 5000 MASKS ORDERED

### Red Cross Accepts Government Order to Help Check Disease—Arsenal Hit

**Get Plenty of Sunshine, Says State Health Head**

"Take down your summer awnings. Let the sunshine in."

This is the advice given today by Dr. B. F. Royer, State Health Commissioner, to check the spread of Spanish influenza.

"Avoid crowded places, entertainments and churches where there are crowds and stay in the open air," he advises.

"Sunshine is what is needed to keep in good trim."

of the Immaculate Conception, Chelten avenue and Sullivan street, Germantown, was closed today because of the outbreak of Spanish influenza among the sisters of the teaching staff.

Nine of the twenty sisters are ill, and two were taken to St. Mary's Hospital. Immaculate Conception School has 1100 pupils.

The sisters who are in the hospital are Sister Clara and Sister Mary Richard.

Five thousand influenza masks will be made by Philadelphia Red Cross members, in answer to a call today from the Government.

The Navy Auxiliary has taken the material and has promised to make 1000 masks immediately for influenza patients at the Philadelphia Navy Yard. The masks are made of gauze and are worn by patients to prevent spread of the disease.

Miss Amelia Sproule, 43 [illegible] avenue, died yesterday from Spanish influenza. She was well known in musical circles as one of Philadelphia's leading contralto soloists. For many years she was soloist in St. Paul's Memorial Church, of Overbrook, and later in the West Walnut Street Presbyterian Church. Miss Sproule first came into prominence when she made a tour with the Philadelphia Orchestra under the late Fritz Scheel. On a number of occasions she was selected as soloist at the famous Bach Festivals in Bethlehem. C. J. H. Sproule, George F. Sproule, one of the commissioners of navigation, and Thomas Sproule are her brothers. The funeral services will be held Thursday morning.

**Arsenal Hard Hit**

Frankford Arsenal has been hit hard by the Spanish influenza epidemic. Although the arsenal authorities refuse to give an estimate, it is believed that there are about 300 cases among the 2500 workers employed.

Three hundred students at Girard College are ill in bed today, but it is doubted if all of them have Spanish influenza. Many are suffering from severe colds, and to check further spread of the disease they have been isolated.

Edward F. Bennis, Jr., twenty-four years old, died today at Wissahickon Barracks, a victim of influenza.

A Philadelphia soldier—Private Frederick J. Frank, of 3597 North Smedley street—died today at Camp Dix.

Eighteen new cases of the disease have been admitted to the Women's Homeopathic Hospital in the last twenty-four hours, and one patient has died. St. Joseph's Hospital has had thirty new cases and two deaths in the last forty-eight hours. Lankenau Hospital has a large number of influenza patients.

**Gloucester Closes Theatres**

In effort to check the influenza plague among shipworkers in Gloucester and vicinity the Gloucester City Board of Health has ordered the closing of all churches, moving picture theatres, lodge rooms, parochial and public schools and other public gathering places.

An emergency hospital was opened today by the Pusey & Jones Shipbuilding Company at the old Thompson hotel at the river front. The place has been equipped with several hundred cots, the necessary medical stores and a staff of physicians and nurses who are caring for the employes of the company not living in this section of the country.

At present the "flu" cases number 250, according to the report made at a meeting of the Board of Health.

Dr. J. K. Bennett, city physician and medical inspector, was stricken with the malady yesterday and was unable to be present at the meeting. He is the third physician in Gloucester taken ill with influenza. Three teachers in the public schools and Superintendent of Schools Wilmer F. Burns are victims of the malady. The latter is confined to his home along with his wife and son, they also having influenza.

Most of the Gloucester County officials at Woodbury are reported as having contracted the "flu," including Judge Frank Davis and Sheriff Daniel Henrickson.

**Clubhouse as Hospital**

The old Lennig mansion, at Bridge and Richmond streets, equipped recently as a service clubhouse was today turned into a hospital to take care of the overflow from the Frankford Arsenal hospital, which is crowded. There are about twenty rooms in the Lennig mansion.

Not only civilian employes are affected. There are several cases among soldiers assigned there for duty.

Funeral services will be held tomorrow morning for Miss Gertrude Tolbert, an employe of the arsenal, who died Friday after only a few days' illness.

Only a few of the Girard College students have pneumonia complications

Continued on Page Two, Column Two

## ALLOT MILLION FOR EXTENSIONS AT ARSENAL HERE

### Work on Vast Improvements Soon to Start at Frankford Plant

Work will start soon at Frankford Arsenal on improvements and extension that will cost $1,000,000.

Announcement of the approval of the expenditure of this sum was made today by the War Department in Washington.

Most of the extensions at Frankford Arsenal have been made necessary by the rapid growth of the plant in the last eight or nine months. All plans for building have not been completed.

The electric power plant is to be doubled. Another big item will be the construction of heating mains to supply nine new buildings erected in the last six months. A new powder-blending tower, eighty feet square, is planned, and about $125,000 will be spent on roads and railroads in the grounds.

A guard house, which will also house the fire department, will be built at a cost of $60,000. More than 300 guards must be housed. There will also be separate squarters for officers and noncommissioned officers of the army.

## BALDWIN'S GET BIG ORDER

### Will Build 500 Locomotives for Service in France

The War Department has confirmed the report that it has awarded to the Baldwin Locomotive Works a contract for 500 locomotives for General Pershing's army. They are to be delivered early next year, and will be built at the new plant of the company at Eddystone.

The locomotives will cost about $40,000 apiece, making the entire contract about $20,000,000. The Baldwin company has just completed a new erecting shop at Eddystone, at an expenditure of $4,000,000.

The locomotives will be used to haul supplies to the bases. They will be of standard gauge and will be operated by American forces in France.

It is understood that Samuel M. Vauclain, of the Baldwin Company, who is also chairman of the advisory committee of the munitions board, has promised to turn out the locomotives at the rate of fifty a week.

## MENTION COOKE FOR BIG JOB

### Philadelphian Suggested for Federal Director of Electric Power

Morris L. Cooke is being mentioned as a strong candidate for Federal director of electric power development, under the bill now before Congress, early passage of which is expected.

In this capacity Mr. Cooke, who was Director of Public Works under Mayor Blankenburg, would direct the expenditure of a fund of $200,000,000 proposed to increase electric power to take care of war industries.

Mr. Cooke is said to have the backing of E. N. Hurley, chairman of the shipping board.

## MUST SPEED QUESTIONNAIRES

### Those Failing to Return Forms Will Be Classed as Delinquents

State draft headquarters today issued notice to local boards to co-operate with postmasters so hat questionnaires shall be placed in the hands of all registrants. Major W. G. Murdock, chief draft officer, said this co-operation is of the utmost importance, as men who do not file questionnaires will be classed as delinquents.

Local boards have also been called upon for reports as to whether they have completed mailing the questionnaires and to speed up the examination and classification of registrants. Reports of progress have been asked in the form of charts.

## FROST EXPECTED TONIGHT

### Forecast Warns Residents of Exposed Places

Weather forecasts for today in Philadelphia and vicinity, Eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware, indicate light frosts in the lowland and exposed places.

For Wednesday the reports show fair and warmer weather with light northeast to northerly winds.

Frost is predicted for tonight in the cranberry bogs of New Jersey.

## FEDERAL JUDGE NAMED

### President Appoints G. W. Anderson to U. S. Circuit Court

*By the Associated Press*

**Washington,** Oct. 1.—George W. Anderson of Boston, was nominated today by President Wilson to be United States Circuit Judge, First circuit, to succeed Frederic Dodge, resigned.

Edwin G. Moon, of Ottumwa, Ia., was nominated to be United States Attorney for the southern district of Iowa, to succeed C. R. Porter, resigned.

**LEDGER WINS!**

*Yesterday, when Bulgaria quit cold, the Evening Public Ledger was the first newspaper in Philadelphia to give the news to its readers and the first to print all the details of the surrender—the complete, amazing list of Bulgar concessions.*

*These are the greatest days of history. The Evening Public Ledger has an unequaled news service to keep your mind in step, hour by hour, with the march of events:*

*The Associated Press*
*United Press*
*International News Service*
*Central News*
*Special Cables from every front and from every capital.*

*It Mirrors the World!*

## GERMAN PAPERS TRYING TO CLEAR WAY FOR PEACE

### Articles in Berlin Papers and Kaiser's Words Point to Preliminary Stage

### NOT YET READY TO QUIT

### Further Trouncing in the West May Be Necessary Before Wilhelm Surrenders

By CLINTON W. GILBERT

*Staff Correspondent Evening Public Ledger*
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**Washington, Oct. 1.**

Germany is preparing for peace. No other reasonable interpretation can be put upon the Vorwaerts article cabled from The Hague this morning, and other similar preparatory articles in the German press. And no other reasonable interpretation can be put upon the Kaiser's words to Von Hertling and Von Hintze in accepting their resignations.

Washington puts no other interpretation upon them, though Washington disagrees as to how long Germany's preparations will take and how long it will be before the empire imitates Bulgaria in making an unconditional surrender.

**More Trouncing Looked For**

War makers here expect Germany to take more beating in the west. It is difficult when you are making war to see peace coming. You shut your mind to it wisely as a vision that may cause you to relax your efforts.

The army dominates most thinking here now, and accordingly the general opinion is that it will be several months before the crumbling of the house of cards which has started now, reaches Germany. **Others say the war will be over by Christmas. More detached observers say that peace may come at any time. But all agree that the war is won; that Germany knows she is beaten.** What they really disagree upon is the practicality of Germany in the circumstances.

The indications that Germany is getting ready for peace lie in the Vorwaert's article, which was the subject of much discussion here today. That article was published with official approval by the organ of the party which the Kaiser is preparing to give a greater share in the Government than hitherto, namely, the Social Democratic party, which is not a terribly radical party, but corresponds with the Democratic party here.

**Evidence of Liberalism**

Evidence that Germany is about to liberalize its Government and invite the Socialists to share in it has been coming for some time. It is fully confirmed this morning by the Kaiser's words to Von Herling:

"I desire that the German people shall co-operate more effectively than hitherto in deciding the fate of the Fatherland."

These words remind one forcibly of the late Czar's words to Kerensky, after his abdication: "If I had only known you sooner, Mr. Kerensky, I might have invited you to share in the Government."

**Calling the people to co-operate in the Government is a peace move.**

Now the Vorwaerts is preparing the country for what to expect. It says that "Austria and Turkey are about to follow Bulgaria out of the war and that Germany will be left standing alone against the French, English, Italians, Americans and countless auxiliary nations, fighting with our backs to the walls and with ruin before our eyes."

Any new Government which its predecessor leaves such a legacy as that may be permitted to take such desperate steps to save the country as the situation dictates.

But the Vorwaerts has not been alone in preparing the country for peace. For weeks Germany has been told even by the military party that a military decision is impossible. The newspapers have painted the horrors of an Allied invasion. **And the people are told that Germany is being deserted by her allies** and will be alone with ruin staring her in her face.

**Bulgaria Points the Way**

Looked at from one point of view, Bulgaria affords Germany a way out of the war, exactly as if Bulgaria's withdrawal were prompted from Berlin. Germany could not desert her allies by being the first to ask for peace and still be able to take a position of leadership in European affairs. But Bulgaria's going out pulls out Turkey, and Bulgaria and Turkey going out leave Austria in an indefensible position, and all three going out give Germany the right to say to her people that her allies have deserted her and that there is no way for her to carry on the war, but she must trust to that justice which President Wilson proclaims as his purpose to establish.

If German diplomacy wished to do its utmost to save the face of Germany it would start the course of events that has now started. For Bulgaria's withdrawal will be followed by Turkey, and Turkey's sooner or later, by Austria's, after Austria goes military men here argue that Germany cannot fight longer; although they say that a military campaign against Germany through Austria (on the supposition that Austria would grant Allied troops passage over her railways) would be impracticable.

Morally, Germany's position, thus deserted, would be hopeless. It is probable that the certainty that she will be thus deserted has rendered it already impossible and that the Vorwaerts' article and the Kaiser's words to Von Hertling are a recognition of this fact.

Germany has now nothing to fight for "Berlin to Bagdad" is gone with the Allies in control in the center of

Continued on Page Twelve, Column Two

VENUS PENCILS set the standard of the world for quality. BUY VENUS.—Adv.

## GERMAN MOB CHEERS BULGARIAN LEGATION

### *Rioters Get Upper Hand of Authorities and Destroy Statues in Berlin Squares—Kaiser Still Hopeful of Unity of "His" People*

*By the Associated Press*

**London,** Oct. 1.—A peace demonstration took place in Berlin on Saturday, according to news received here today. The cheering crowds assembled in front of the Bulgarian legation at the German capital, necessitating police intervention.

The rioters, according to the information, got the upper hand of the authorities and committed excesses. A number of statues in the Berlin squares were destroyed.

A dispatch from Amsterdam says the three majority parties in the Reichstag, at a meeting on Saturday, arrived at an agreement looking to the formation of a parliamentary government with a responsible ministry, according to Berlin advices.

This is to be accomplished in part by the abolition of article 9 of the constitution. Autonomy will be granted to Alsace-Lorraine.

**Kaiser Still Hopes for Unity**

Emperor William in a message to the Fatherland party, is quoted in an Amsterdam dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company as saying:

"I have the confident hope that the whole Germany people in these most serious times will resolutely gather around me and give their blood and wealth until the last breath for the defense of the fatherland against the shameful enemy plans.

"Such a unanimous resolve to exist will and must, with God's help, succeed in breaking the enemy's will to war and secure for the fatherland the peace it is worthy of among the people of the world."

**Reply to Hertling**

The Kaiser has sent the following reply to the resignation of Count von Hertling:

Your Excellency has reported to me that you no longer find yourself in a position to remain at the head of the Government. I will not hide from myself your reasons and must with heavy heart deny myself your further co-operation.

You are certain of the thanks of the fatherland for the sacrifice you made in undertaking the Chancellor's office in grave times and the services you rendered. I desire that the German people shall co-operate more effectively than hitherto in deciding the fate of the fatherland.

It is therefore my will that the men who have been borne up by

Continued on Page Six, Column Seven

## 7 CITY SOLDIERS DIE, 13 WOUNDED

### One Philadelphian Is Reported Prisoner and Another Missing

### 6 FROM NEARBY KILLED

**The Day's Honor Roll for the City and Its Vicinity**

**KILLED IN ACTION**

**SERGEANT WILLIAM S. GANNON,** 41 South Fifty-fifth street.

**CORPORAL CHARLES H. KEELER,** 5441 Westminster avenue. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

**CORPORAL JAMES F. WEBB,** 20 North Twenty-first street.

**PRIVATE JOSEPH JACKALITZ,** 1614 South Lawrence street. (Officially reported wounded; unofficially reported dead.)

**PRIVATE JAMES J. DONAHUE,** 507 South Sixty-second street.

**PRIVATE RAYMOND MALONEY,** 2623 North Seventeenth street. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

**WOUNDED**

**SERGEANT MATTHEW LOUIS ROSE,** 429 North Ninth street.

**SERGEANT JOHN PARR FISHER,** 5415 Torresdale avenue. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

**SERGEANT EDWARD W. PACKER,** 1225 North Fifty-fifth street. (Unofficially reported.)

**CORPORAL E. T. REYNOLDS,** 528 South Water street. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

**CORPORAL CHARLES BRUSSTAR,** 6055 De Lancey street.

**CORPORAL JAMES R. PATTON,** 1816 Florence avenue. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

**PRIVATE SEBASTIANO UZZARDO,** 639 Carpenter street. (Unofficially reported.)

**PRIVATE JOHN CHARLES FELD,** 2004 Orthodox street.

**PRIVATE RAYMOND F. CUMMISKEY,** 165 East Pomona street.

**PRIVATE WARREN F. GRAVES,** 6314 Saybrook avenue.

**PRIVATE JOHN M. DÉNUEL,** 6222 Spruce street.

**PRIVATE FRANK S. HOFFMAN,** 6341 Germantown avenue.

**PRIVATE FELIX KNONEBERG,** 2938 Mole street.

**PRIVATE THOMAS P. NOONAN,** 1341 South Bailey street.

**PRISONER**

**PRIVATE WILLIAM ALDRIDGE,** 1017 Lawrence avenue, Darby. (Previously reported missing; now officially reported a prisoner.)

**MISSING**

**PRIVATE THOMAS STAINSBY,** 801 June street. (Unofficially reported wounded.)

**NEARBY CASUALTIES**

**KILLED IN ACTION**

**CORPORAL FRED BUCHMAN,** Atlantic City, N. J.

**WAGONER PATRICK CREARY,** 529 South Franklin street, West Chester.

**PRIVATE CHARLES BIASELLE,** 122 Maple street, Conshohocken, Pa.

**PRIVATE THOMAS GUEST,** 138 Walnut street, Pottstown, Pa.

**PRIVATE JOSEPH A. HILL,** Downingtown, Pa.

**PRIVATE ALBERT A. WATSON,** Colwyn, Pa. (Previously reported unofficially; on official list today.)

**WOUNDED**

**SERGEANT MICHAEL LEARY,** 2828 West Second street, Chester, Pa.

**PRIVATE ROBERT WECKERLY,** Doylestown, Pa.

**PRIVATE JOHN H. MAHARN,** 1201 North Eighteenth street, Camden.

**PRIVATE PERCY HENDRICKS,** 211 Fairview street, Phoenixville, Pa.

**PRIVATE EDWARD W. SPONSLER,** 227 North Lafayette street, Norristown.

*October 1, 1918*

*The above list is compiled from the official casualty records and from unofficial reports received by relatives and friends from men overseas.*

**(The complete list of casualties announced today by the War Department is printed on page 13.)**

Seven soldiers killed, thirteen wounded, one a prisoner and another missing is the day's toll from this city.

Thirty-three names of soldiers from Philadelphia and its vicinity are on today's casualty lists, six from nearby points having been killed and five wounded.

The total casualties for the United States army and marine corps since

Continued on Page Two, Column Three

## U. S. ARMY OPENS STUDENTS' CORPS

### Five Thousand Youths Begin Army Training at University Today

### MANY MORE AT TEMPLE

An important stride in America's triumphant march to Berlin was taken in this city today when thousands of youths, many and elderly in appearance, threw aside the pleasures and comforts of civilian life to become members of college army training units.

Briefly, these young men, in the words of President Wilson quoting the Declaration of Independence, have "pledged their fortunes and their sacred honor" to the freedom of humanity. At noon they took an oath of allegiance that binds them to the service of their country until Kaiserdom shall be crushed completely.

Student training units have been organized in 500 colleges in America and more than 150,000 of "the nation's best" are now preparing themselves in the arts of war.

True to its time-honored traditions, Philadelphia finds itself in the forefront of the movement, for seven of its higher institutions of learning are doing their utmost to develop superior officer material.

**Taken by Government**

At the University of Pennsylvania, Swarthmore, Temple, Spring Garden Institute, Pennsylvania Military College, Drexel Institute, St. Joseph's College and Villanova the student soldiers gathered today to assume the roles of soldiers. For today the Government assumed charge of the military departments of these schools.

Fitting exercises marked the opening of the army training courses at all the institutions and an hour later found the embryo officers hard at work.

Important among the ceremonies were those held on the campus of the University of Pennsylvania, where more than 5000 student soldiers are enrolled.

All of the color and civic pomp that have marked previous events at the University of Pennsylvania were lacking and in their place the stern business of war was substituted. The students have entered the university to prepare themselves to become officers in various branches of the nation's war machine, and every man who stood on the green campus today gave evidence that he appreciated the seriousness of the hour.

**President's Message Read**

If there was a youth in the great throng who failed to take the work seriously he was brought to a realization of it when the stirring message from President Wilson was read. This message was read not only to the men at the University of Pennsylvania, but to the students in every college army unit in the land.

In it the President emphasized the hazards and seriousness of war and urged the youths to emulate the spirit and action of their forefathers and become efficient soldiers in the war for world freedom.

President Wilson summarized the work of these student soldiers and the real purpose of organizing army training units in the colleges in the following sentences: "To succeed you must not only be inspired by the ideals for which this country stands, but you must also be masters of the technique with which the battle is fought. You must not only be thrilled with zeal for the common welfare, but you must also be master of the weapons of today."

**Allegiance Oath Read**

Promptly at noon the students formed on the campus and Major Charles H. Griffith, commandant of the new West

Continued on Page Twelve, Column Seven

**POLITICAL METEOROLOGY**

*Bulgars now are down to cases.*
*Chill tonight in open places.*
*Turkey soon will pay the cost*
*Cranberries now are touched with frost.*
*Joyous news from everywhere,*
*Weatherman says only, "Fair!"*

## SULTAN SNAPS KAISER'S YOKE, DUTCH LEARN

### London Sees Good Ground for Such a Belief Abroad

### ARMY SITUATION NOW HOPELESS

### Ottoman Empire No Longer Can Get Aid From Germany

### BONAR LAW GIVES HINT

### Something of Importance in the Air. He Tells His Audience at Guildhall

*Special Cable to Evening Public Ledger*
*Copyright, 1918, by New York Times Co.*

**The Hague,** Oct. 1.

The EVENING PUBLIC LEDGER correspondent learns from a highly authoritative source that the Turkish Government has already asked for an armistice.

*By the Associated Press*

**London,** Monday, Sept. 30.

With Bulgaria out of the war through the armistice convention signed on Sunday, involving her complete military surrender, interest in the near-eastern situation is being focused on Turkey.

It is noted that Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in his Guildhall speech today, made a remark referring to the defeat of the Turkish Palestine army at General Allenby's hands, adding "and something more is going to follow." Later in his speech he said, also cryptically, touching on the control of Bulgaria, which the control of her railways will give:

"In that [illegible] connection [illegible] key which I cannot say, but which we can all think."

Mr. Bonar Law's words were almost drowned by cheering, but the impression created was that Turkey would follow Bulgaria's leader.

There was deep satisfaction in London over the day's developments, but no excitement and demonstrations. The keynote of the newspaper comment is a warning to the people not to think that the war is ended. The Germany army, it is pointed out, is yet a great army and as yet undefeated. There is stern work ahead, the commentators generally agree, and any relaxation of effort should not take place.

According to Vienna messages **Emperor Charles is to issue a manifesto to the people tomorrow, and it is felt that this must be an utterance of historic importance.**

**Copenhagen,** Oct. 1.—(By I. N. S.)—Riots have broken out in Constantinople, said a dispatch received here today.

Enver Pasha, head of the Turkish army, and leader of pro-German element in Turkey, has sent assurances to the Turkish council of ministers that the Central Powers have not been beaten, the dispatch added.

*Special Cable to Evening Public Ledger*
*Copyright, 1918, by New York Times Co.*

**London,** Oct. 1.—No one here last night believed overturns from Turkey would long be delayed. Bonar Law's

Continued on Page Twelve, Column Five

*Germany to Renew Peace Offer, Amsterdam Hears*

**Amsterdam,** Oct. 1 (By I. N. S.).—German Reichstag Socialists have been officially informed that Germany will make another peace offer to the Allies as a result of the action by Bulgaria, according to the newspaper Tyd.

It is said that the new offer will be of a decisive nature.

## BALFOUR URGES WORLD FREEDOM

### British Foreign Secretary Says Germany Must Right Wrongs

### BACKS WILSON'S PLAN

*By the Associated Press*

**London,** Oct. 1.

The wrongs of subordinated peoples must be righted and territories occupied by Germany since the beginning of the war must have complete freedom before a league of nations can be possible and peace secured to the world, said Arthur J. Balfour, British Foreign Secretary, at the Guildhall. He explained President Wilson's recent speech in New York and gave his support to the ideas outlined in it.

"Mr. Bonar Law has dealt with the financial aspect of the struggle," said Mr. Balfour. "Let me deal with a point of future security. The full magnitude of all the issues before mankind is thoroughly realized. America came into the war fully conscious of what those issues were and very wisely named its great financial effort after the cause which it had at heart, for that cause was liberty for the world.

"There is yet another cause, not embodied in a name, but as present to the hearts and consciences of Americans as to the hearts and consciences of British, French and Italians, that if we failed in this crisis not merely to win the war but to see that such wars do not recur, our task would be but half accomplished.

"I am confident you all have read President Wilson's speech. It had all those characteristics which make his public utterances unique in state documents. It had eloquence, directness and the magnificence of style to which he has accustomed us. Wearisome formalities were absent.

**One Safe Road to Peace**

"His main theme was this: That if the world would make sure that it is going to have peace, it must come to some arrangement by which malefactors or would-be malefactors are to be kept in order by a league of nations.

"The second proposition was that if you are to carry out this great ideal the only time to do it effectually is the moment when peace itself is being forged by the makers of the victorious Powers.

"Personally, I am very much of the President's mind, that to allow this occasion to sink into the past would be to lose one of the great opportunities given mankind permanently to put international relations upon a sound, lasting and moral footing, and if the work for your new international machinery for securing peace is not to be greater than it can perform, you must so arrange the map of Europe and the world that great occasion for wars will not overwhelm you.

"If you are going to render permanent German domination over Russia, especially Western Russia, and the small peoples along the Baltic; if you refuse to redress the wrongs of Poland; if the subordinated peoples in the Austrian Empire are to be left under the heel of the German and Magyar minorities; if

Continued on Page Twelve, Column Four

**INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC GROWS RAPIDLY WORSE**

Reports received by the Department of Health today show Spanish influenza to be spreading in the city at an alarming rate. In the last twenty-four hours 635 new cases have been reported, as against 466 for the preceding forty-eight hours. Director Krusen said today he believed many other cases exist, but have not been reported because the physicians have been too busy.

**SENATORS FAVOR RECONSTRUCTION PREPARATIO**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—Republicans of the Senate went on record today as favoring immediate preparations for the conditions to follow the war. The Weeks reconstruction resolution was approved by the Republican conference by unanimous vote.

**BRITISH WILL NOT REPLY TO TURKISH "FEELERS"**

LONDON, Oct. 1.—The British Government does not intend to respond to Turkish armistice-proposal feelers until they are officially received, it was learned authoritatively this afternoon.

## TWO DIE IN BOILER BLAST

### Three Other Philadelphia Railroaders Badly Hurt at Lebanon

*By the Associated Press*

**Lebanon, Pa.,** Oct. 1.—Two men were instantly killed, a third may die and two others seriously injured at 6 o'clock this morning, when the boiler of a freight locomotive exploded at the Front street crossing of the Reading Railway.

Dead—John Bohanon, conductor, Port Carbon, Pa.; Donald Hazen, fireman, Shillington, Pa.

Injured—Franklin I. Smith, engineer, West Reading, Pa., may die; Charles E. Hoke, brakeman, Reading, Pa.; Steven Boliuski, Philadelphia, fireman.

The train was slowing up in the local yards when the boiler let go. The crown-sheet was blown out and the boiler and cab hurled one hundred feet. All five men were in the engine cab.

## FOCH TEARS BIG HOLES IN TEUTON LINES

### Haig Closes in on Cambrai and St. Quentin. Wins Towns

### U. S. TROOPS STRIKE FOE IN BIG BATTLE

### Albert's Troops Reach Roulers—French Advance in New Vesle Drive

### GAIN IN CHAMPAGNE

### Pershing's Forces Press Ahead in Argonne Despite Foe's Reserves

**London, Oct. 1.**

American, British, French and Belgian armies continue to break the German defense from Verdun to the North Sea and threaten the bastions of Lille, Cambrai, St. Quentin and Laon. The Allies are tearing great holes in the enemy lines on all fronts.

Cambrai is in flames, the torch having been applied by the Germans as the British were surrounding the town. The British and Americans have won fresh victories around St. Quentin.

The Allies, advancing rapidly on the whole front in Belgium, have reached Roulers and imperil Menin.

The French are pressing ahead in their new Vesle drive, [illegible] pagne. The American[illegible] in the Argonne despite an attempted stand by the Germans.

The Allies are tearing great holes in the German lines on all fronts.

*By the Associated Press*

**London,** Oct. 1.

Under the threat of its speedy capture by the British, the city of Cambrai has been set on fire by the Germans, Field Marshal Haig reported in his official statement today.

British troops, continuing their closing-in movement on Cambrai, have captured Proville, to the west of the city, and Tilloy, close to the northwest. The British are already fighting in Cambrai.

North of St. Quentin the British wedge has been thrust still further into German-held territory and the town of Levergies has been captured.

Further south on the front between Cambrai and St. Quentin the town of Vendhuile has been taken possession of by the British.

The battle was resumed this morning in the Cambrai-St. Quentin sector.

Near St. Quentin the Americans and British have pushed through the Hindenburg line to Lehaucourt and seem to have outflanked St. Quentin from the north, while the French are closing in from the south.

German reserves are being rushed into the battle between the Argonne Forest and the Meuse River, where the Americans are engaged according to a telegram from the Mail's correspondent on that front. A new German division has been identified in the fighting and the enemy is offering the fiercest resistance. He has apparently decided to make a stand on the Kriemhild line.

At the moment the telegram was written the Americans were fighting what almost resembled a pitched battle amid the ravines, woods and heights along that sector of the front.

Every possible resource is being used by the enemy to prevent or at least delay the American advance. The Americans are fighting hard, however, and the enemy's efforts have availed him little indeed. American airmen continued their fine work, notwithstanding the bad weather.

## AMERICANS ENGAGE IN FIERCE BATTLE

*By the Associated Press*

**With the American Army on the St. Quentin Sector,** Oct. 1.

American forces fighting on the Hindenburg line south of Gouy (east of Le Catelet) were heavily engaged yesterday and last night the action still continued. (This sector is north of St. Quentin.)

Australian units have been co-operating with the Americans. Near the north and south portals of the tunnel through which the St. Quentin Canal runs the fighting has been especially vigorous. It was at this point that the Americans passed over the canal. Thousands of Germans were poured into the struggle and have been heavily engaged.

The St. Quentin Canal tunnel runs for more than three miles under a mountain. The canal was held by large numbers of Germans who were on board electrically lighted barges. There are wide towpaths and galleries there.

This section probably is one of the strongest parts of the entire Hindenburg

Continued on Page Six, Column

## BUYS BOND, PARENTS BLIND

### Little Pupil Gets Consent When Mother Learns What Money's For

Six-year-old Gladys Gane of the third primary department of the McClellan public school today paid $50 cash for a Liberty Bond.

That statement alone won't mean much to those who do not know Gladys, because thousands of Philadelphia children have purchased bonds.

But the parents of Gladys are blind.

Yesterday the mother, who lives at 3070 Livingston street, came to visit the teacher.

"What for does my Gladys want to buy a bond?" she asked.

When she understood the meaning of the Liberty Loan and the sale of bonds, she left with a simple statement:

"Well, I guess we can raise $50."

And this morning Gladys came with the money in full to buy her Liberty Bond.