

BERLIN HOLDS OUT SAME OLD BAIT ON PEACE

Germany Makes Proposal to Spain for Negotiations

Germany has made suggestions for a peace conference to the Spanish Government, says the Socialist Vorwarts at Berlin.

The suggestions are:
First, Germany wants no annexations or indemnities in the west.
Second, the peace treaties with Russia and Rumania may not be questioned.
Third, the principle of self-determination of peoples has not been discussed, but may be settled at the peace conference, where the fate of Belgium also is to be settled.
Fourth, the Balkan question is to be settled around the conference table.
Fifth, the freedom of the seas, the dismantling of Gibraltar and the Suez Canal and the right for Germany to use coaling stations.
Sixth, the colonial question is to be settled on the basis of the status quo.
The Vorwarts considers this a very reasonable peace program.

CLING TO STATUS QUO IN LATEST FEELER

Teutons Stick to Basis of No Annexations or Indemnities

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SEEK GRIP ON RUSSIA

Would Discuss Self-Determination by Peoples of Alsace-Lorraine

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REGARD FOES' PEACE OFFERS INSULTS TO U. S. INTELLIGENCE

Washington, July 24.—(By I. N. S.)—"No new German peace offensive will distract our attention from the real task of winning the war. Such suggestions as now are being put forth from inspired German sources are insults to American intelligence. When Germany really desires peace she knows on what terms she can get it."

That was the declaration of a very high Administration official today, when shown the London dispatches outlining Germany's new terms of peace which the Berlin Vorwarts says have been sent to Spain with suggestions that they be used to bring about a peace conference. Other Administration officials united in this declaration. The proposed new German plan was declared to be insulting in the extreme.

"The terms of a chief negotiating to save his foot" was a favorite characterization. There was a disposition to regard the new proposal as a device for Germany to gain an advantage. Acting Secretary of State Polk said the new German proposals were far more favorable to the United States than the former ones.

At the Spanish Embassy officials said that they had received the new information dealing with the reported German proposals. It was explained that, if any action were taken in the matter at all, it would be taken in Madrid.

The State Department also was without any official comment on the Vorwarts peace proposals.

An official in the President's confidence, while insisting that it was "utterly foolish" to do so, consented to analyze the German terms as follows:

First, "Germany is willing to forego annexations and indemnities in the west, if permitted to retain her stolen territories in the east and to dominate Russia."

Second, Germany insists that Russia and Rumania remain in the war, and that the Allies attack the Russian front as well as the Balkan front.

Third, "Principles of self-determination are to be settled at the peace table. Stripped of territory, Germany would be free to trade Belgium and the Balkans for her lost colonies."

Fourth, Germany to dismantle her enemies' strongholds in the way best suited to give her a permanent peace."

In this connection it was pointed out that President Wilson at Mount Vernon on July 4 virtually replied to the new German terms when he said:

"What we seek is the reign of law based upon the consent of the governed and sustained by the organized opinion of mankind."

That time the President told the world that there can be no compromise; a half-way decision would be tolerable; no half-way decision is conceivable. And he made it plain, once and for all, that there could be no peace by negotiation.

Until Germany accepts the principles outlined by the President, officials declared again today, there will be no truce.

GERMANS CLAMP YOKE ON RUSSIA; MOBILIZE ARMY

Bolsheviki Summon Troops, as Trotsky Recently Predicted, to 'Maintain Internal Order'

By the United Press

Amsterdam, July 24.—General mobilization of all military forces under Bolshevik control in Russia was begun July 17, a Moscow dispatch declared today.

No reason was assigned for this, although War Minister Trotsky announced some time ago that certain classes of workmen, soldiers and peasants would be called out to "maintain internal order."

ALL CLASS 1 MEN GO IN FEW WEEKS

Local Draft Boards Notified to Speed Up Examinations

UNFIT ARE INCLUDED

Every man in Class 1, no matter what his physical qualifications, is to be notified to respond to the call of the selective draft within the next few weeks, according to a notification from Washington today. Even men of questionable physical condition are included.

All local draft boards were notified by Major W. G. Murdock, chief draft officer of Pennsylvania, to speed up examinations and have every man in Class 1 ready for immediate service. This action followed receipt of orders from Provost Marshal General Crowder. Men of questionable physical condition are not to be exempted except after special examinations.

Many of the boards already are getting down toward the bottom of Class 1 lists. The date of registration for Class 1 of today was based upon the receipt of orders from Washington calling upon Pennsylvania to furnish during August, 1918, the number of Class 1 men for military service. It is reported that as many men for the army as were called during July.

To Call 25,000 Immediately

The War Department announces that about 25,000 white men and negroes in proportion will be called immediately. The service where their services are badly needed in crop production work.

All local boards and others who have business with draft headquarters are ordered herewith to send their letters of telegrams direct to Major Murdock, instead of to officials in other departments as has been customary.

The headquarters force is engaged today in the preparation of quotas for the 1528 men to be sent shortly to Camp Forrest, Lyle, Ga. The quotas will be announced tomorrow.

TROOPSHIP JUSTICIA SUNK BY U-BOAT OFF IRELAND WHILE HOMEWARD BOUND

Giant Liner Downed Saturday After 24-Hour Battle With Pirate

TEN OF CREW LOST; OVER 400 ARE LANDED

Transport Carried 10,000 U. S. Troops on Last Trip Overseas

SHIP TWICE TORPEDOED

First Explosion Wrecked Engine Room and Stopped Vessel's Flight

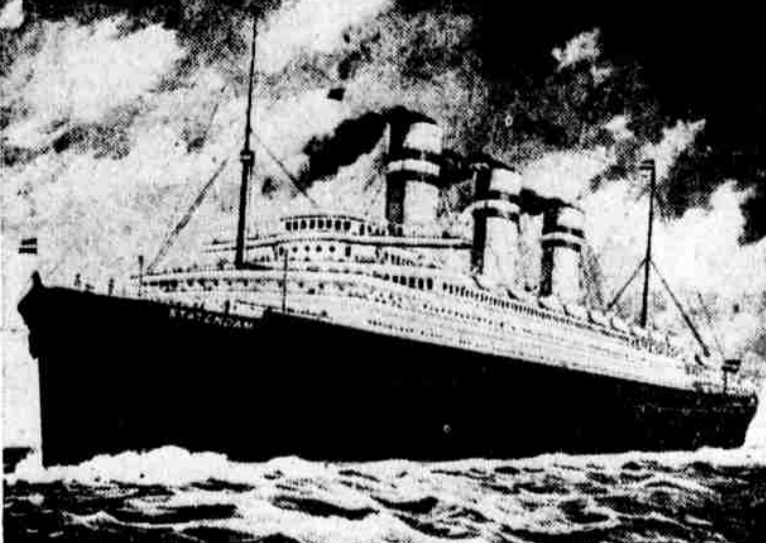
British Amazed and Gratiified by Voluntary Conservation of People of U. S.

By the Associated Press

London, July 24.—In commenting upon the rescue of the food situation given by Herbert C. Hoover, American food administrator, the Manchester Guardian calls attention to the prime factor in the fortunate result—"the astonishing response of the American people to the appeal that they should economize to help feed us."

The American Government rejected the motion of attempting a rationing system for its enormous and varied resources, and the result is a tremendous reduction in American consumption which has secured supplies for the Allies for which the most memorable of all proofs of intense earnestness of the American people."

JUSTICIA SUNK BY U-BOAT



The British ship, formerly the Statendam, was sent to the bottom off the Irish Coast July 20

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AMERICA SHOWING HOW FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR

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4 PHILADELPHIANS N. Y. DEMOCRATS DIE FOR COUNTRY

Youths Give Lives in Saratoga Convention Recommends Tammany Man for Governor

HEARST CERTAIN TO RUN

By the Associated Press

Saratoga Springs, N. Y., July 24.—New York Democrats in informal State convention today named Alfred E. Smith, president of the New York City Board of Aldermen, as the party organization's choice for nomination as Governor. William C. Osborn, the home of Fullam Church Osborn, was recorded as "not voting."

The vote was officially announced as follows:
For Smith, 440 votes; for Osborn, 15 votes.
Not recorded (Putnam county), 3.
Subsequent to the announcement Judge Seabury moved that the nomination of Mr. Smith, when ratified by the primaries, be made unanimous. The motion was carried unanimously.

Confidence was freely expressed that the ticket named at today's session would carry the State. The delegates and leaders, however, looked forward to a spirited primary campaign as, before the choice of today's convention was made, candidates, William Randolph Hearst and William C. Osborn had announced their intention of conducting individual campaigns for the nomination.

The convention state was not by any means "official" as, under the direct primary law, primaries offer the only legal means of nominating. The state "suggested" or recommended by the convention, however, was expected to have organization backing.

Many of the Tammany Hall delegates in the convention wearing Smith badges.

WILSON'S PLAN FOR RUSSIA

Publication of Pronouncement Awaits Japan's Reply to America

By the Associated Press

Washington, July 24.—President Wilson has completed his pronouncement on the plan of the United States for participation in the expedition to give military aid to Russia. It will be made public as soon as Japan's reply to the American proposals has been received.

PERSHING'S ARMY PURSUES FLEEING GERMAN TROOPS

Continues to Press Retreating Enemy South of the Ourcq River

WINS JAULOGNE WOODS

Prisoners Predict Germany Will Attempt Another Offensive on Larger Scale

By the Associated Press

Washington, July 24.—Continued pursuit of the retreating enemy south of the River Ourcq is reported in General Pershing's communique for yesterday, received today at the War Department. The capture of positions north of the Marne also is reported.

The statement follows:
Headquarters American Expeditionary Forces, July 23, 1918.
Section B.—In Ourcq our troops have continued to press the retreating enemy. Our units crossing the Marne have gained possession of Jaulonne and the woods to the west.
Section B.—In Lorraine a hostile raiding party, numbering 250 men, on July 23, in the Thann sector on July 20, raided our positions, capturing several prisoners. On the same day one of our patrols in the Salins sector encountered a German trench and killed several of the enemy.

COAST GUARD FLIER INJURED

Pilot and Companion Driven Down by Lack of Fuel

New York, July 24.—(I. N. S.)—A coast guard airplane was driven to the earth in Brooklyn today by lack of fuel. The pilot, Lieutenant Lorence Capey, pilot, was painfully injured. His companion, Lieutenant Donald Hinman, is reported missing after a flight over the city. They were returning from an inspection of the city.

VIENNA REPORTS HIS SUCCESSION TO VON SEYDLER

By the Associated Press

Amsterdam, July 24.—Former Minister of Public Instruction Hussauer has succeeded Von Seydlcr as head of the Austrian cabinet, dispatches from Vienna today declared.

It has been reported that Count Czernin, former Austrian-Hungarian Foreign Minister, was trying to form a cabinet of which he would have been the Prime Minister.

624 DRAFTED FOR AIR BOARD

Crowder Also Asks for 1753 Skilled in Trades

Washington, July 24.—(By I. N. S.)—Patron General Crowder today issued a call for 624 limited service men for duty with the aircraft production board for reducing the minimum age to nineteen or twenty, but there also is vigorous opposition to calling youths below twenty-one. The maximum probably will be forty or forty-five. It is estimated 1,250,000 men would be secured in the nineteen and twenty-year classes, and from 300,000 to 1,000,000 in the older group.

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WHERE'S THAT UMBRELLA?

Not a kindly word of cheer!
Still the weather has us nettled.
When we're hopeful, then we hear:
"Partly cloudy and unsettled."
But, at that, the news is good.
And evokes our plaudits vocal.
When its import's understood:
"Showers on Thursday, purely local."

CROWN PRINCE HALTS FOR DESPERATE STAND; TEUTON THRUST FAILS

GERMAN BITTERNESS SHOWN BY BRUTALITY

Wounded Americans Cruelly Treated by Cowardly Reprials—Beaten Boches Disguise Themselves as U. S. Soldiers

By WALTER DURANTY

wood, and held out until only four with a corporal was left alive. On Friday we made a counter-attack, led by baby tanks. The latter were hampered by the density of the woods—the commander of the tank company in question later corroborated this statement—but we regained considerable ground and the five Americans were able to rejoin us.

"For two days they had been without food or water, but the thought of giving in to the boches never seemed to enter their minds. The poilus were greatly impressed by their feat and gave our boys a regular ovation when they reached Conde village."

Reprisals On U. S. Wounded

The bitterness of the American resistance led the Germans to take cowardly reprisals against the wounded who fell into their hands. Mary Hoyt Wyborg, who is well known in New York society and now is a nurse in a French hospital at Montmirail, continued on page five, column four.

EXTRA

GERMANS VIOLENTLY SHELL ALIES UPON 12-MILE FRONT

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES IN THE FIELD, July 24 (4 p. m.)—The Germans are violently bombarding Allied positions on the twelve-mile front from Vignny southward to the Aisne and are also throwing great quantities of shells across the Marne from Donnang. Three German divisions have been identified in the region of Vignny and Coulonvans (southwest of Rheims). French and British troops held off strong counter-attacks west of Rheims late last night.

TO FORM SIX NEW ARMY DIVISIONS

Military Body to Include National Army Troops and Regulars

COMPRISES 168,000 MEN

By the Associated Press

Washington, July 24.—Chief of Staff March today announced that he had ordered six new infantry divisions (numbered 9 to 14) organized in this country during July, August, and September respectively at Camp Devens, Mass.; Meade, Md.; Sheridan, Ala.; Custer, Mich.; and Fort Belknap, Wash. (An infantry division comprises about 28,000 men. The six divisions, therefore, would be composed of 168,000 men).

Two regular infantry regiments will form the nucleus of each new division. Home guards have replaced regulars at interior guard posts for this purpose and the regulars are now moving to the camps designated, General March said. Aside from the two infantry regiments of regulars, the divisions will be composed of National Army troops.

Congress to Act in August

Action by Congress on the plans of Secretary Baker to extend the army draft age limits and provide for a larger army organization until after the vacation recess period ends late in August, today appeared inevitable. Most of the leaders of both Senate and House are absent, and those remaining said they did not look for resumption of Congressional activity until the end of the recess term.

In considering the new legislation, Secretary Baker, it was learned today, secured the views of Congressional leaders as well as his military advisers. There is known to be strong sentiment in Congress for reducing the minimum age to nineteen or twenty, but there also is vigorous opposition to calling youths below twenty-one. The maximum probably will be forty or forty-five. It is estimated 1,250,000 men would be secured in the nineteen and twenty-year classes, and from 300,000 to 1,000,000 in the older group.

BRAVE AMERICANS DISREGARD PERIL

Doctor Takes Squad and Rescues Forty Wounded Soldiers

CHAPLAIN ALSO A HERO

By EDWIN L. JAMES

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With the American Army on the Marne, July 24.

Stories of American bravery and disregard of peril in the last week's fighting are so numerous that it seems unfair to others to recount their feats. There are two or three that seem supreme.

During the fighting north of Chateau-Thierry, a well-known physician from West Virginia, a captain in the ranks, was in charge of a certain hospital corps. Word came that behind an embankment, sheltered by a line of thin woods, were fourteen Germans guarding forty captured Americans wounded. This point was a kilometer behind the German front line. His stretcher bearers were all busy, so this captain got eight privates in charge of a corporal, supplied them with stretchers and went to get the Americans. He demanded the surrender of the Germans. The enemy began shooting, despite the doctor's Red Cross, who upon the corporal and his eight privates opened fire on the Germans, killing eight. The other six surrendered.

The captured Germans and the Americans who could walk acted as stretcher bearers for the more seriously wounded. Two slightly wounded Americans insisted on being allowed to carry on a stretcher a wounded German, saying he had saved their lives. According to the Americans, the German guards were going to kill them but the wounded German persuaded them to agree to await until daylight for the execution.

Led by the medical captain the cauldade, with forty wounded, lay on the edge of the wood until dark and all got back to an American hospital safely.

Next day this doctor was killed by a German sniper, and therefore I am not permitted to give his name. This is a typical instance of the bravery and devotion of the American Army.

No less is to be said of our chaplain who was with the doctor.

HELFFERICH TO GO TO RUSSIA

Will Succeed Mirbach as German Ambassador

By the United Press

Amsterdam, July 24.—Dr. Karl Helfferich, who will succeed the late Count von Mirbach as German Ambassador to Russia, will take two battalions of troops to guard the embassy, according to a Berlin dispatch received today.

This is the first intimation that Helfferich, First Vice Chancellor and Minister of the Treasury and one of the strongest figures in German politics, would be Ambassador to Russia.

Premier Lenine recently issued an official statement in which he declared the Bolsheviks were open to negotiations with foreign diplomats and that in no circumstances would German troops be allowed to enter Moscow or Petrograd.

TROOPS SWIFTLY MOVED

19 Trains Carry 10,320 Soldiers From Camp in Six Hours

By the Associated Press

Washington, July 24.—A record for rapid troop movement was established at training camp on July 7 when nineteen trains with 250 coaches, carried 10,320 soldiers from the camp between 3 o'clock and 9 o'clock p. m. over two railroads.

WOUNDED LAST MONTH

Lieutenant Gabriel was the son of Mrs. J. M. Gabriel-Wr. He was wounded in a battle some time ago, but was cured.