

100 WARRANTS FOR VARETTES BY "SEVENTY"

Watchers and Division Workers Charged With Violating Ballot Laws

FILE SUIT TO GUARD INDEPENDENT VOTERS

Denial of Right of Franchise Charged by Town Meeting Men

PENROSE IS CHALLENGED

Sprout and Scott Will Win in City, Says "Senator Ed"

SEND SMOKES TO SAILORS

Men Stationed in Mediterranean Need Tobacco

BETHUNE REPORTED AFLAME

French City Set on Fire by Incendiary Shells From German Guns

BOMBS MISS HOSPITAL

Patients Prayed During London Raid and Are Unhurt

BUILD AIRPLANE HERE

League Island-Made Machine Successful in Trials

LOCAL AVIATOR, LEG BROKEN, BATTLES ON

Eight-German Over Ypres Lines Until Engine Is Disabled

FAIRBANKS'S CONDITION GRAVE

Former Vice President Shows No Improvement Today

GERMANS BOMB DUTCH VESSEL

Airplanes Attack Trawler, Steamship Agnetta Seized

HUNGARIAN TOWN IN FLAMES

Rimaszombat Reported Burning Since Last Tuesday

MRS. B. F. ROEDER DEAD

As Secretary of the Committee of Seventy, Edward L. D. Roach has issued a statement that the committee is "authorized to offer the sum of \$100,000 in rewards for the production of evidence leading to the arrest, conviction and imprisonment of any person who is guilty of ballot frauds or intimidation of voters at the election to be held Tuesday, May 21, 1918."

REWARDS OFFERED FOR VOTE FRAUD EVIDENCE

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TOLL OF U-BOATS FOR APRIL SHOWS GREAT REDUCTION

Blocking of German Bases and Vigilance of American Patrol Prove Effective

London, May 21.—Allied other than British and neutral merchant ships lost during April totaled 24,250 tons, the Admiralty announced today.

During the same period the loss in British tonnage was 290,749.

This is the first bulletin issued by the Admiralty since the announcement of April 20 that monthly reports would be substituted for weekly losses. At that time the report was based on the beginning of unintercepted submarines was given as follows:

Month	British	Neutral
April 1917	1,001,370	2,236,951
May 1917	1,001,370	2,236,951
June 1917	1,001,370	2,236,951
July 1917	1,001,370	2,236,951
August 1917	1,001,370	2,236,951
September 1917	1,001,370	2,236,951
October 1917	1,001,370	2,236,951
November 1917	1,001,370	2,236,951
December 1917	1,001,370	2,236,951
January 1918	1,001,370	2,236,951
February 1918	1,001,370	2,236,951
March 1918	1,001,370	2,236,951
April 1918	24,250	290,749

SPROUT AND SCOTT WILL WIN IN CITY, SAYS "SENATOR ED"

One hundred warrants for election watchers and division workers, charged with violating the election laws, were issued this afternoon by the Committee of Seventy.

Many more warrants for the arrest of Varettes charged with attempting to obstruct independent voters are threatened by E. L. D. Roach, secretary of the committee.

The Committee of Seventy prepared a bill in equity this afternoon asking the court to restrain Varette election officials from denying the ballot at today's primary election to independent voters registered as Republicans.

Numerous complaints were received by the committee from all sections of the city, but particularly the independent wards in West Philadelphia and Germantown, that Varette workers were challenging independent voters.

In most of these instances the election officers refused to grant the ballot to a challenged voter unless he took an affidavit that he voted for a majority of the candidates on the Republican ticket at the general election last November.

The bill was filed in the names of several voters who were challenged and denied the right of franchise. It will be presented in Common Pleas Court No. 1, where Judges Audenried, Carr and Finletter are sitting.

E. L. D. Roach, secretary of the Committee of Seventy, instructed Thomas DeBourgh White, attorney for the committee, and Claude T. Booth, an attorney for the Town Meeting party, to bring legal action to restrain the election officers from heeding challenges.

Threats of immediate prosecution of election officers and others who ignore the Dauphin Court rulings were reiterated this afternoon by Senator Penrose and George W. "Doc" Clements of the Town Meeting party. Both received numerous complaints from Town Meeting party workers and voters.

The Dauphin County Court ruled in the Dauphin County primary election committee to disqualify Town Meeting party voters from signing a Republican nominating petition that a voter's enrollment is good until he is challenged, and appears before the registrar and changes it.

A conflicting opinion given by Alexander Simpson, Jr., attorney for the County Commissioners, quotes from a ruling of Judge Audenried of the Superior Court, which requires a voter to be challenged to take an affidavit that he has voted for a majority of the candidates of the party whose ballot he asks at the last preceding election.

Drastic Action Threatened
Chairman of the committee that demands the action would be taken by District Attorney Roach, who issued a warning yesterday concerning the challenging of voters. The District Attorney assigned several of his assistants to prosecute violators of the election laws.

"All election officers," said Senator Penrose, "are expected to observe the ruling of the Dauphin County Court and take notice of the warning conveyed in District Attorney Roach's letter. Prosecutions will be started immediately against all election officers, watchers and others violating the laws relating to election."

"The Town Meeting committee," Mr. Roach announced, "has had warrants issued for a large number of men who have persisted in conspiring to unlawfully challenge our supporters."

"The District Attorney has arranged to have assistant district attorneys appear before the various magistrates and these lawbreakers will be prosecuted to the limit."

Mr. Roach added that the action of Varet workers in challenging voters was "in defiance of the court order." The Varet-controlled election boards apparently adhered to the instructions conveyed by the County Commissioners in an opinion from Mr. Simpson.

Conflicting reports of the strength of the vote being cast over the city were given out from the Town Meeting party.

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PENROSE VOTES, THOUGH CHALLENGED



A Varet worker challenged the senior Senator when he went to cast his ballot at the polling place, 244 South Twelfth street. "I have been voting here for years. It's rather a late day to challenge me," Senator Penrose replied.

AUTO WRECKED, 3 WOMEN HURT

Machine Driven by Mrs. Clarke Thomson Skids, Jumps Embankment

LOST CONTROL OF CAR

War Chest Not Charity, but Symbol of Service

The War Chest is the symbol and instrument of war service. Let no one think of its summons as that of charity, however sacred the appeal of the word. This is as truly an undertaking of the national defense as is the bearing of arms.

To succeed the victims of the conflict, to sustain the physical and moral and spiritual well-being of the men who fight for us, this is our war work, this is the inspiring task allotted to the people by the Government. There is the obligation to strengthen and maintain the morals of those who face the terrors of battle that liberty may live. And the spirit that fills the War Chest is the spirit that puts the people behind the war.

The quantity and quality of Philadelphia's contribution to the War Chest fund for the consolidated war relief organizations will be indicated today when the cartilage of the canvassing team reports their pledge total to the war relief council at the Bellevue-Stratford.

The meeting preceded by a luncheon at 12:30 p. m. will duplicate yesterday's gathering of the headquarters of the one-hundred in Philadelphia, Delaware, Bucks, Montgomery and Chester Counties for the W. M. C. A. Red Cross Knights of Columbus, and other bodies working for the relief of the nation's fighters.

Albert to Speak
The principal speaker will be Albert D. Albert, director of the public speaking bureau of the War Chest Council, Secretary and official spokesman of the Foodstuffs commission, which recently issued a call for Philadelphia as the "second city" in providing recreation for the nation's fighting men.

Today's Report a Gauge
Reports of the train heads will be the first figures made public and will serve as a gauge of the efforts of the 10,000 canvassers combing the city for subscriptions.

The totals will be surprisingly satisfactory, according to R. Leo Hunt, head of the team captains, who based his prediction on scattered returns so far received.

Today—the second day of the drive—saw more than a score of War Chest managers and rallies in industrial plants and outlying sections. Meetings of the speakers' bureau, four-minute men and volunteers, addressed the gathering. Among the largest of the meetings were lunch-hour rallies at the Baldwin Locomotive Works, Harrison Works and Eddystone Munition Corporation, Edgemoor.

The team reporting today are captioned as follows:
No. 1, Henry G. Brangle; No. 2, Louis Wolf; No. 3, C. J. Harrison; No. 4, N. W. Corson; No. 5, T. De Witt Gray; No. 6, Ely K. Selig; No. 7, Sol Winters.

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NICHOLAS MAKES ESCAPE

Russian Grand Duke Eludes Germans Before Occupancy of Crimea

London, May 21.—Grand Duke Nicholas, former commander-in-chief of the Russian army, escaped from Crimea before the Germans occupied the country, said an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Moscow today.

The former Grand Duke had been living upon his country estate in Crimea.

BRITISH RAID GERMAN LINES IN 2 SECTORS

Allied Armies Push Forward on Five Battle Fronts

FRENCH ARMY GAINS SLOPES OF KEMMEL

American Patrol Penetrates German Wire and Brings Back Prisoners

FIERCE ARTILLERY DUEL

In Flanders, Picardy, Southern France, Italy and Macedonia Allies Win

London, May 21.—Successful British raids in Flanders and Picardy, active hostile artillery firing in Flanders and near Arras and the repulse of a German attack on the western portion of the Flanders front were reported by Field Marshal Haig today.

The troops carried out a successful local operation northwest of Merville yesterday evening and brought back thirty prisoners and six machine guns.

A hostile counter-attack at the same point early this morning, following a heavy bombardment, was broken up by our artillery and machine guns.

We made a successful raid southeast of Arras last night, taking a few prisoners and a machine gun.

Hostile artillery fire was more active than usual about Hebuterne, between the Nieppe Forest and Meteren, between the Scarpe and Hill 70 and north of Lens.

Gas shelling was reported heavy north of Bethune yesterday.

Heavy Artillery Rages

The official French communique issued from Paris today says that heavy artillery duels continue on the Meuse front southeast of Amiens.

French patrols have been active, capturing prisoners at three points.

The text of the communique follows:
There were artillery duels in the region of Thennes, Hailles and south of the Ayve River.

Gain on Five Points

Fighting is speeding up on all fronts, according to the night official reports. Successful combats were made by Allied troops in Flanders, in Picardy, in southern France, on the Italian front and in Macedonia.

French troops, attacking east and northeast of Loureaux, on the northern portion of the Flanders front, gained all their objectives last night on a front of nearly two miles. Field Marshal Haig reported.

The British won a minor engagement east of Hebuterne, between Arras and Albert.

An American reconnaissance patrol penetrated the German wires in a night raid, put an enemy patrol to flight and returned safely to the U. S. lines.

French detachments penetrated the German first and second lines north-west of Rheims, the French War Office announced. Violent artillery fighting was reported north and south of the Ayve.

The Italian War Office reported the repulse of enemy patrols between the Astico and the Adige and a successful sortie at Cap Sile.

On the Albanian front, in Macedonia.

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GERMAN FLYING TANK KILLED FLIER LUFBERY

U. S. FIGHTING MEN STIR ALLIES

U. S. MIGHT END IRISH TROUBLES

Sight of Sturdy American Host Uplifts Spirit of Comrades

THOUSANDS ON ALERT DECLARATION FAVORED

PHILIP GIBBS

CLINTON W. GILBERT

Members of the Administration declined to talk about the report from the Irish flying tank which had been furnished by the Government. If the British report is true, and it was passed by the common sense of the rather delicate assertion it contained then the plotting must have extended to this country, and it would seem probable that arrests in this country were in order.

Some action by this Government indicating its sympathy with and support of the British Government would have a wholesome effect in Ireland, whether it consisted of acknowledgment that the United States had furnished evidence against the Irish plotting, or the arrest of any one in this country who may have been involved in communications with the Germans.

A recent British weekly said that as many as 100,000 Irish-Americans are their king. A display of sympathy with the Irish in their latest adventure would help England.

Change in Sentiment Here

Ireland at least Ireland has made manifest by the Sinn Fein—hugely the sympathy in America she once had. Men who were full of indignation over the execution of Pearce and the other party and deacons who conducted the Sinn Fein rebellion of a couple of years ago are full of impatience with De Valera and his pro-German followers. This is the typical American sentiment expressed in Washington.

And it is not confined to typical Americans. Irish-Americans here who have stood by Ireland in every quarrel she has had with England are now disgusted and angry. They have no sympathy with the Sinn Fein idea that there is nothing to choose between Britain and Germany. They say that the best thing to be done is to win the war and after the war is won will come Ireland's turn.

All Irishmen do not agree with this view, or with any view of anything, but many more Irishmen here than in Ireland are of this opinion.

22 GERMAN REGIMENTAL HEADS KILLED IN DRIVE

NEW YORK, May 21.—Twenty-two German regimental commanders have been killed in the fighting on the western front since Germany launched her offensive, according to advices received by the British mission in this country here today. Documentary evidence taken from prisoners give the facts concerning the German losses.

PHILADELPHIA TANKER GOES DOWN

WASHINGTON, May 21.—Loss of the American tanker William Rockefeller at sea has been officially reported to the Navy Department. Details are lacking, but a supplementary report has been promised. The William Rockefeller was a steel steamship with a carrying capacity of 3217 tons.

8000 CANADIAN RAILROAD WORKERS STRIKE

WINNIPEG, Man., May 21.—Eight thousand railroad workers in Winnipeg struck today. The shops of the Canadian Pacific, the Canadian Northern and Grand Trunk Pacific and the Canadian Government Railways are affected. Street railway men have announced a strike, effective tonight.

YANKEE TROOPS SCATTER ENEMY WITH RIFLE FIRE

MISSING AVIATOR WAR PRISONER IN ENEMY HOSPITAL

German Surprised While Attempting to Surround American Patrol

Whereabouts of Captain Hall Learned—Was Brought Down in Battle May 7

With the American Army on the French Battlefield, May 21.
A strong German patrol attempted to surround part of an American patrol at dawn but the main body poured in such a hot fire from their rifles that the enemy was scattered. The Germans used both hand grenades and rifles.

During the night the American front line is occasionally kept under machine-gun fire. The enemy artillery and infantry, however, are unusually quiet.

When they bombard the Germans use quite a number of high explosive shells made from gas-filled iron. These have been nicknamed "G. I. Buckets" by the doughboys.

The American doughboys are still looking for a name that will fit the southern and northern States. The suggestion has been made that they be called "Yankee Dixie boys," instead of "Yankee Doodle boys." It is claimed that this will be a compromise for both the South and the North, giving each a place in the title.

The consensus of opinion is that "Yankees" should have a part in any nickname that is chosen.

HURT IN FALL FROM CHURCH ROOF

Abraham Cropp, forty-seven years old, 341 Dupont street, Roxborough, was seriously injured today when he fell from the roof of the Church of the Moderator, Fifty-first and Spruce streets. Cropp is a stone mason and was employed in the construction of the building. He was taken to the Presbyterian Hospital, suffering from a fractured right leg and internal injuries.

TWO MEN DIE SUDDENLY

Camden School Janitor and Saloon Proprietor Stricken

Two Camden men fell dead, one Robert Law, seventy-five, for many years janitor of the Mt. Vernon, and another, John J. Morgan, a saloon proprietor at Ninth and Spruce streets. Camden died at his home, 1058 Spruce street, due to advanced years and heart disease.

Frederick Rusk, fifty-six, for many years proprietor of a saloon at 1058 Spruce street, died at his home, 1058 Spruce street, due to advanced years and heart disease.

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