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ENTERED AT THE PHILADELPHIA POST OFFICE AN SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Philadelphia, Wednesday, April 24, 1918.

MORE HOG ISLAND HOGGING

THOSE in West Philadelphia who are to be evicted from their homes to make way for Hog Island shipyard workers cannot be consoled by a sense of co-operation with the Federal Government. The Federal Government never did and never will attempt such an amazing violation of moral and civil rights. The seventy or more householders who have been given "thirty days to get out" are the victims of spectacular official blundering in the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

Admiral Bowles should revoke that order of eviction. He should revoke it today, The possible reactions of such a procedure upon public sentiment in all parts of the country are unthinkable. Men will not object to leaving their homes to help the Government. Millions of them are doing But a semiofficial organization which drives men with families into the streets is un-American in spirit and un-American in its shameful inefficiency.

Hog Island was planned a year ago Since then the Emergency Fleet Corporation has had limitless resources at its disposal. It has permitted itself to be dazed and bamboozied by a frowsy clique of petty profiteers and so confused that it now must force a hundred citizens out of their homes in order to carry out its construction program. The plan, says Admiral Bowles, may be "expanded." The housing plan, so far as it involves forced evictions, should be abandoned at once. Otherwise a nation-wide tempest of criticism is certain to rake the Emergency Fleet Corporation as it has never been raked before.

Joseph G. Guffey is retiring from the manufacture of coal gas preparatory to engaging in the production of campaign bot

NOTHING BUT A SMOKE BARRAGE

THAT resolution adopted by the Repub-Hean City Committee, directing its counsel to draft an act "which will render it impossible for any member of the Philasdelphia (police) force to participate either directly or indirectly in any political activities whatsoever," is nothing but a smoke barrage behind which the men who have been using the police for political ends are trying to hide themselves.

We have a pretty good law now which forbids, not only policemen, but all other city employes to participate in politics di rectly or indirectly. It is chapter 29 of the laws of 1906. The Mayor and the heads of the departments are ordered categorically to dismiss from office any one who violates the law.

The city committee by adopting its resolution admits that the police are in polities. Why does it not demand that the Director of Public Safety dismiss the guilty Instead of wasting its time passing a camouflaging resolution?

Captain Mills is legally impotent to punish policemen guilty of political activity, for that power rests under the charter in the hands of the Director of Public Safety. Director Wilson has not exercised that power in the past and there is no reason to believe he will exercise it in the future. If we mistake not, one of the reasons for keeping him in office is to protect the favorites of the politicians in their jobs.

Is that talk now coming from City Hall that "listeners in" gave the tips to keepers of victous resorts when raids were planned some more camoutlag+?

SOLDIERS' LETTERS

MUCH is being written by military men about the supreme importance of lines of communication. We are told that they are the nerves of the war machine. Meanwhile the Postoffice Department seems to be hopelessly bungling one of the most Important of all lines of communication in permitting endless delays and general inefficiency in the system of mail delivery to soldiers not only abroad but at home. It is said that the Christmas mail sent to France from the United States has not yet all been distributed.

It is possible, of course, that shifts and transfors of troops abroad, the hurried reorganization of military forces made necessary by changing conditions behind the front, have confused the mail service temporarily. This does not explain delays in mall shipment to cantonments, nor does It explain the interruptions that are said to have been common abroad since the first American soldiers landed on the other side

Mr. Burleson owes the soldiers and the country an explanation. He owes the soldiers better service. This is a courtesy which should be accorded the man in uni form by the civil order which he is fight-

ing to uphold. Any one who has ever been young knows the real importance of mail from home. load wishes can travel overseas in letters. to, too, can the neartening spirit of the see where a soldier left his heart behind when he went away. Letters are im-I was They can mean more to

WHERE HELL MAY BREAK OUT NEXT

WHETHER Germany attempts to seize Holland now or later is not particularly important. The reports from Europe regarding the acuteness of the crisis are conflicting. From one source we are told that there has been no change in the situation for months and from another word comes that within a few weeks, if not within a few days, Germany will act.

No one familiar with German ambitions has doubted that Germany would act when the time seemed to her ripe. 'olland has been serving her purposes from the beginning of the war better as a neutral than as an ally. Germany has been receiving much-needed supplies through the Dutch ports, and Dutch business men have been making enormous fortun s through their dealings with the Germans. The trade has gone on in spite of the efforts of the Allies and of the

Netherlands Government to prevent it. The seizure of Dutch shipping by the United States and Great Britain and the stoppage of the shipment of more goods to Holland than are needed for home consumption have changed the conditions so radically that Holland as a neutral has ceased to be useful to Berlin.

The time seems to be ripe now from the German point of view for the annexation of the Netherlands. German armies surround her by land on all sides. If she can be prevented from receiving assistance it will be comparatively easy for these armies to sweep over the boundary and occupy the country. The Dutch army on war footing contains about 200,000 men. The few fortresses on the frontier could be reduced by the German guns if resistance were offered, and when the nation thinks of resisting she has the fate of the Belgians to consider.

But she has also to consider the fate of her colonial possessions. While the mother country covers an area of only 12,500 square miles, containing a population of 6,500,000, the colonies include 735,000 square miles of rich territory, in which 48,000,000 persons live, all contributing to the wealth of the Dutch. The moment Holland became German terri tory she would lose every square mile of her colonies.

Holland cannot be taken without reckoning with the Entente Allies. Germany already has too many naval bases on the North Sea. It is inconceivable that she will be allowed to increase them without meeting the Allied armies on Dutch soil. It is inconceivable also that the men in charge of the strategy of the war have not a well-thought-out plan for going to the defense of Holland. When the purpose of the attempt to close the mouth of the harbors at Ostend and Zeebrugge is explained no one should be surprised if we are told that it was part of a movement to clear the way for the passage of transports to the Dutch coast. It is certainly true that if the use of these ports as submarine bases can be made impossible it will be safer for transports to get to Holland.

We must wait developments and look to events to disclose the plan of campaign to keep Germany from making another Belgium of the Netherlands. The German raid is liable to begin at any time, but it is not likely to find either the Dutch or the Entente Allies unprepared, for the Dutch are not ready to surrender their nationality and the Allies cannot afford to stand idly by while the rape of a nation is in progress.

While we are talking about taking the

RAIDS

WHOEVER has seen a vice raid of the old-fashioned sort in its final culmination at the night court and about the City Hall celirooms will understand the full significance of Acting Superintendent Mills's announcement that raids are to be no more. That one statement inspires a sense of something actually achieved in the direction of police reform.

The most familiar gallery play of other police administrators was a spectacle adequate to make any heart cold with despair for free institutions. Nothing crueler or more brutal, more ignorant or less efficlent has ever been conceived under ordinary forms of civil law.

The present acting superintendent of police could have made no better bid for intelligent support than that involved in his first order. When the police department is properly directed raids will be un-

Yesterday was a baconless day among all true Shakespeareans,

KEEP AN EYE ON MEXICO

FIROUBLE is brewing again-or still, if you prefer -in Mexico. There are warnings of border raids, of trench systems and of military activity upon an unexampled scale. Germans are, of course, behind it. The hordes who left here at the outbreak of the war have already done much to make Mexico an outcast among the world's republics. And they could not remain idle during this crisis of the war.

It is the misfortune of the militarist German and his fundamental weakness to know nothing of the power and potentiality of wholesome rage and hatred; nothing of what might be called constructive indignation. It has been evident that he never reacts to a sense of personal outrage or personal emotion.

These are habits of the free mind. The German does as he is told. Berlin, therefore, has not yet realized that each one of the innumerable crimes that have made the ordinary terrors of war seem relatively acceptable and decent has tended definitely to make disaster more certain for Germany. The blundering plots against America, like the violation of all military ethics in other fields, have had a cumulative effect in aiding war loans, in writing opinion, in tempering even selfish folk to marifice, in hardening even the most charitable hearts to a doctrine of vengeance, Germany is consistently building up in outraged human consciousness a force terrible and immeasurable, with which she can never deal except in defeat and humiliation, which makes her doom daily more of g certainty, Mexico is merely another il-

stration of the process, Mexico is a tempting field for German was to exercise Healf in. The sit Seide

in the north are essential to the Allied fleets. The Allied fleets are essential to the safety of the world. The Germans have capitalized ignorance in Mexico. They have wrought through the perfidy and greed of the politicians and through the cupidity of the , ress. They are now working des-

perately to cause new complications between Washington and Mexico City. If ever the oil fields of Mexico are threatened the United States will selze them. And we shall be in a moed after the war, with all the lessons of the present crisis before us, to see to it definitely that decent government is established in Mexico in place of the festering political mess which so often has threatened the peace

That chauffeur whose tire exploded evidently wanted to get too much free air for

of the continent.

BLOW TO MILITARISM

Now that the President has announced his opposition to the Chamberlain bill providing that all suspects shall be tried by court-martial its defeat is fortunately issured. Even though it should be passed by Congress it would be impossible to muster votes enough to override a presidential

Mr. Wilson's objection is based on sound reasons. He says that besides being unconstitutional the bill would put us 'nearly upon the level of the very people we are fighting and affecting to despise. It would be altogether inconsistent with the spirit and practice of America."

As we said before the President took his stand on Monday, this is a democracy and not a military autocracy, and the civil authorities are competent to deal with of fenses within their jurisdiction.

Hobson? It seems as if we had heard hat name before.

THE STILL, SMALL VOICE

That Belt

The snappiest thing in leather welt;

But in all the smartest tailors' ads.

Desk Mottoes

The sweetest words in the English language are

INCLOSED FIND CHECK. STREBOR.

Albert Catarch, Obesity's famous hay fever sufferer, who, like his sister, Asthma Catarrh, has been bedridden with hay fever for many years, writes to know whether this Garabed free energy he reads about will cure his trouble. We don't know much about Garabed, but we advise Albert and Asthma to be wary. They might be Garabedridden.

To the U. S. Humor Administrator, care of The Still, Small Voice:

Dear Sir-1 see with pleasure that some ne beside myself has noticed the humor hortage. The situation is indeed bad, particularly in the Philadelphia evening papers. Every patriotic citizen should back you up in your demand for conservation of all available raw material. You point out that many of our best

numerists have gone abroad as war correspondents. I hope more will follow. Is good care being taken that every consignment of humor is being sent back to us without being opened by the censor? Any one with a sense of humor can see it would not do to have a humor censor. He would not have the sense to know what to censor.

You ask us to dig up any old humor we may have in cold storage. I have a small stock, but it is imported English, with a long-time fuse. I had not expected it to be in such demand, so I salted it away in a brass cuspidor which I obtained as a ouvenir of the Capitol at Harrisburg. The janitor should ask more than fifty cents for them; they weigh ten pounds, solid brass. Still, brass is more plentiful than

I now call the article a humidor, and will ship it to you.

I have also found a small stock of French humor which I had forgotten, as I have been married five years. It consists of three volumes of Rabelais, which I had placed on top of the humidor to prevent evaporation. Both Rabelais and the bu midor were back of Grandfather Mifflin's big family Bible for safe keeping. Do you think this would be valuable as row material? MIFFLIN McGILL.

Dove Duket says there is a little blue ake of scented soap that appears mysteriously in the bathroom of his house whenever he and Mrs. Duket entertain visitors. He doesn't know where it comes from or where it lives between times. It just pops up. Also the embroidered towels the size of napkins, with Mrs. Dulcet's maiden initials on them. He wonders whether other married men have the same puzzling experience?

WRITE this letter now to your own man in the trenches, and then do all you can to hasten the day when it can be mailed: Dear -

Philadelphia has oversubscribed her quota in the Third Liberty Loan. We are back of you, every minute. Your affectionate

THERE is no feeling of satisfaction Ilke that of having just bought a Except that of just having bought

ANOTHER BOND, Citized by The Still, Small Volc.

THE GOWNSMAN

VESTERDAY was the anniversary of the day traditionally supposed to be that on which Shakespeare first came into this vale of tears. It is likewise the date of his departure into that state in which, if, according to Maeterlinck, immortality depends upon the degree in which we continue to be remembered in this world, his is a condition of security which belongs to few warriors or

SHAKESPEARE is all things to all men. or perhaps better, a different thing to each man. To the cheap writer he is a quarry, now rather overused; to the ladies and gentlemen's Browning or other like so ciety, a subject of interminable chatter, delightfully inconclusive; to the school boy or girl, Shakespeare is too often a woolly recollection of Lambs' Tales. It is doubtful to some if he was a book, or a man, or a syn-dicate. To the actor he spells ruin, yet Ir-ving, the late Sir Beerbohm Tree and others have made a fortune out of him. To the madman he spelis Raleigh, Rutland or Plan-tagenet—Bacon is now quite out of fashion even in the madhouse. The German thinks him best as translated by Schlegel and Tieck him best as translated by Schlegel and Tieck into the cacophonous unwieldiness of the language of Kultur. A president of the Contemporary Club agrees with the firm of Claws and Everlonger that Shakespeare is dead, adding. "Let us keep him so." And a superintendent of public schools once asked the Gownsman if he did not think that the movies might be successfully employed in what he called "teaching Shakespeare." To which the Gownsman modestly replied that he had always had a notion that perhaps the text of the poet might be in some way important. To which the superintendent graciously replied, "Well, possibly it is."

T IS pleasant to think that the recurrent Spring should bring back to the faithful thought and recollection of the greatest artist in our English tongue. It is good to think of the kindly actorfolk in the Forrest Home, finding their pleasure, after the manner of their generous "quality," in hespitality to their guests who help them annually to honor the greatest among them. It is good, too, to think of that august annual toast of the Philadelphia "Shakspere" Society—mark the distinguished, the distinguishing spelling of the name—"To William Shakespeare, Gentle man." Here, at least, there is no bellef that the great poet was a lout, in this Ameri-can society which has honored itself in hon-oring him these sixty years, and a dozen or nore before the degenerate land of Kultur founded its much-belauded Shakespeare Society. It is even good to think of the many Shakespeare meetings and conventions, how

SHAKESPEARE is as common as the sun, and, for the most part so commonly disregarded. We even complain of the sun at times, for his direct rays may be grateful, stimulating, inflaming or terrible. And we come in out of his influence, seeking the half shadow of some penny-a-line commentator or the darkened counsel of some importance. crit's whose opaque body is inflated enough to cast a shade even on a cloudy day. Like the sun, too, there is nothing new under Shakespeare. The wisdom of Solomon was but prophetic of him; the last elever thing that you said, my clever reader, has already been better said by Shakespeare—not Solothat you said by Shakespeare—not Som-been better said by Shakespeare—not Som-mon. And if you are an agnostic—as in these sad days there are many whose religion is at a perious ebb—stop talking about Shakespeare, and for that matter, about a Shakespeare, and for that matter, about a good many other things, as to which we must have knowledge in this world, and, what is more, faith as well,

BUT the Gownsman is not only double-wrapped in his gown, he is half-way up the steps of the pulpit. To descend: There was once a man-was it Dr. Benjamin Rush or somebody else-who wrote a prefatory act entitled "Hamlet of Wittenberg." He was a bold man and his act was bad. There was a nice lady who wrote a decorous, ladylike bool about the childhood of the heroines of Shake speare. Think of ladylike Lady Macbeth speare. Think of ladylike Lady Macheth; and Cleopatra must have been caught very young to have been found even passing decorous. It is wonderful what people will perpetrate in the name of Shakespeare! The Gownsman once kept all copies of "Shakes pearlana" conveniently near the fireplace this journal is peculiarly fitted to this useful purpose; its only illumination is in burning Is there never an allenist who will offer u tractate on senile dementia, prenparticularly ponderous commentator-dear Warhurton for example-to write treatise on the present place of abode of say lago or Richard 111? The commentator, by this time, should know of this matter at first

EVERYBODY can tell you why Shakehas always heard about it. He learned i in school, repeated it in college; he accepts
it all, truth and myth, feet of clay and nimus of glory. It is no small matter for the English-speaking world to have for a stand-ard in art, morals and everyday conduct such a norm as is represented in the works of our greatest poet. It is like steering by a star instead of by a bug light. You cannot reach the star—least of all in a sub-marine; you can reach the bug light—and what if you do?

Faust, as dilated in the imagination of Goethe—who was too great a man to be a good German—Faust, so dilated, was, none the less, typical of the German spirit. Goethe's Faust "wanted the earth": he wanted it grossly and sensually, he wanted to know, yes, but only as a means to enjoy and just and bloodshed—these are the re suit. In the end Faust immorally outwin heaven, the happy possessor of both the penny and the cake. Hamlet healtates, fearwrong, and blunders in the end lest h Whether we read or not, we are in sensibly affected by the moral standards of ur race; and these standards are recorded

CONSIDERING how honor would be 1, come such a person, that it was no better than picture-like to hang by the wall if remain made it not stir, was pleased to let him seek danger where he was like to find fame. To a cruel war I sent him; from whence he returned, his brows bound with "But had he died in the business, madam,

"Then his good report should have been my ent: I therein would have found laste

• • • Had I a dozen sons, each in m
love alike and none less dear than thine

. I had rather had eleven die Here speaks the American mother, the British, the French, the Italian mother of this, our terrible moment, howsoever Roman the spirit. The supreme justification of our homage to Shakespeare lies in his eternal

To the Editor of the Evening Public Ledger Sir-The following is a shot for a Liberty Buy a Bond-

ways a tople of the day.

Shakespeare is al

It's a great fight For the right— Therefore, with all Thy might— FIGHT! BUY A BOND! Wyncote, Pa., April 23. H. L. POUND.

TODAY'S USELESS QUESTION

If beans are beneficial and nuts are tust are pruner?



scever they may be adding in the dust which most of our deliberations raise to a brief obscuration of the sun.

appened. The United States Humor Adunistrator has put the nation on joke ations, in a desperate effort to conserve the waning supply of humor. This action was exclusively predicted in these dispatches some days ago. I hurried to the office of the Humor Administration this morning and found the Administrator in a very grave mood. "The situation is very serious," he said. "The high spirits and the shortage of humor is acute. Last year only 236 new jokes were launched. Keels have been laid for 400 new lokes this year in our quipyards; but we had a great disappointment the other day, Twenty-six excellent jokes, constructed of concrete, on the best New England principles, were ready to leave the ways in Boston, but as soon as they were launched they sank. We have decided not to manufacture any more in New Eng-

HE TOOK me to the administration's testing chamber, where a group of experts were busy examining blue prints and specification plans sent in by joke inventors. In another room I was pleased to hear squeaks and shrill screams of laughter, unmistakably feminine. I looked inquiringly at the Administrator. "It is committee of patriotic mothers-in-law," he said, "who have volunteered their services for the duration of the war to concect new jokes on married life. We have also committees of commuters and landladies and residents of Brooklyn for intensive entrication of their respective fields. But notwithstanding our most urgent efforts the shortage of humor is very dire. We must be penurious of our jokes-punuri-

EMERGENCY QUIPYARDS

ous, in fact." "Tell me about your rationing plan."

said. "It is quite simple," he replied. "Every citizen is to carry a humor card. Whenever he feels the impulse to utter a joke he is to take the card to one of our local bureaus, where a committee will be in charge, consisting of one parson, one trolley car conductor and one boardinghouse keeper. Before this tribunal he will utter his jest and have his card nunched. Every one is to be limited to one 100 per cent joke a day, or a number of substitutes that will total up to 100 per cent. For instance, jokes on prunes, flat feet and suburban trains are reckoned as only 33 per cent humor. Three of those a day may be permitted. We have worked out a table of equivalents, which will be strictly observed:

"3 puns = 1 twit. "3 twits = 1 wheeze.

"2 wheezes = 1 smile,

"4 smiles = 1 guffaw.

"6 guffaws = 1 jest.

"2 jests = 1 smoking-car story.

"10 smoking-car stories = 1 joke. "An easy calculation will show you, therefore, that while each person is limited to one joke a day, he may utter 8640 puns or 120 guffaws a day without exceeding his allowance."

But how about the funny papers?" I asked, "What are they to do?" He turned to his files.

"The last 100 per cent joke that appeared in a humorous paper was in 1896, at the time of Bryan first cumpaign. There

LAUNCH VAST PUN By CHRISTOPHER MORLEY Washington, April 23,-The worst has | humor, such as sarcasm and parody. You will understand that what we are con-

cerned with is the pure milk of the word." "The hay fever season is coming along, I said, "Surely that will do something to um Petruchia. relieve the situation" "Perhaps," he said. "And, thank heaven But why?" I asked. "Because it is going to name the shree we hav, two ex-Presidents in active circulation. But you don't realize that large

acreages of humor that used to yield spleudid crops have now gone sterile. Take suffrage, for instance, or bloomers, or col MES M. BECK, in his address lege professors. These things are no longer jokes; they are stern realities."

"AND now," said the Administrator, "I have to go down to the quipyard to supervise the launching of a new pun. We are depending greatly on our flest of swift, unsinkable puns to beat the submarines. Preserve the Puns and Punish the Huns! You can come with me if you wish. All the greatest jokers in the coun try will be there-the Weather Man, the editors of Chicago newspapers, Mayor Smith of Philadelphia, the writers of summer resort booklets for the railroads and the men who make up the berths in Pullman cars. They form a jury of experts to aspect each new pun. When they pass upon it we know it is unsinkable."

"WHAT'S DELAYING AUSTRIA?"

"What sort of drydocks do you use to construct these puns?" I asked. "We con't use drydocks," he said; "we use paradox."

THE quipyard was a magnificent place. 1 1 saw there the shimmering, iridescent keels of several new funs that had just been laid down. The work is very danger ous, I was told: an ambulance was carrying off a laborer who had been attacked by hysteria while riveting a quaint concelt that lay half-finished in one of the paradox, "We get as many New Englanders as possible for this work," said the Administrator, "as they are immune to the dangerous exhalations from the halfseasoned timbers." A flotilla of armored whims, for the transport of newspaper paragraphs to France, was lying in midstream. A cheap sarcasm, the least expensive form of nautical joke, was being refitted, having suffered by stern collision with a fact. A full-rigged quip was being oaded with heavy ballast by Charley Chaplin and Frank Tinney. A submarine twit was passing through a lock on the way to her quay. She was fully equipped with meering gear and punning tower. A little gig (sometimes called a gag) was being remasted, having had to jibe in a squall.

But the pun that we were to see launched was the most fascinating sight. On her bridge was a bosun, in pundress uniform and navigalters. The great super-pun was completely furnished with binnacles, barnacles, howsprits and sternsprits. The ways had been greased for her and she was all ready to enter her native element. There was considerable anxiety among the pungineers (as they are called) lest she should not prove jokeworthy, and the master pundit, Josephus Coso (better known as Joe Core) was going over her carefully to see that all her compartments were sufficlently buoyant. Her decks, which were being schwabbed, were built of fine old blighted chestnut, her bulwarks of cypress and weeping willow. Her keel was of

The Administrator cracked a bottle of orse liniment on her how and the vacisviathen of levity began to move grace fully down the pilds. The jury of expert

and all the staff of the Emergency Qui Corporation broke into a cheer. Looming majestically over the graceful little whim in the river, she settled down gravely in the water. All the loyal pun-American present shouted lastily, whistles blew, fare fluttered. Mr. Schwab wept tears of relati Her displacement is said to be 10,000 puns.

WHAT are you going to eath RT 1 asked the Administrator. "Hush!" be said. "This is Shakespeares

irthday: In his honor we have called the

The World Plays "Hamlet"

Edwin Forrest Home yesterday afterno the occasion of the annual Shakest festival, drew a very interesting analogy by tween the characters of "Hamlet" and t international actors on the present stage. It was one more proof of what us Gownsman today calls "The eternal con-temporaneousness of Shakespeare."

temporaneousness of Shakespeare."
The Kaiser, raid Mr. Beck, is the Km Claudius of this world drama; the smillip villain, who poisoned eivilization as it is sleeping in its orchard, in the secure hour its afternoon peace. Germany is Claudia Queen, Gertrude; ance well beloved of us a house the late. when she was the old Germany of Goth and Beethoven, but now lending hereif t the infamous designs of the militarists As ria is the Lacrics of the piece, unward y nature, but cozened by Claudius into the ing up the poisoned foil by which he hans perishes. Turkey and Bulgaria are the in sh Rosencrantz and Guildenstern. France is plainly the Horatio of the the

As one, in suffering all, that suffers nothing England is the brave Fortinbras, and quarrel in a straw when honors the stake." Belgium is poor, broken Operarid Russia is old Polonius, whose mouth foll of sweet and high-rounding dectries.

And our own country, said Mr. Beck, 3 is it but Hamlet himself, the distracted in let of the deadly scenario? Hamlet, recon-no long in his mind w he lies dead behind the arras.

Whether the holder in the mind to selfer. The alreas and arrows of outragenus ferrish take arms againet a sea of treates. And by opposing, end them.

The analogy between the plot of "Hands and the present tragedy of nations deeper and deeper as one examines it. Heck is perhaps the first to point it And, as he said, the curtain is new little. the fifth act of the stupendous drama of denovement involves the life and future

What Do You Know?

Identify "the Bay State."

2. Name the author of "Sordella."

2. What is skank cubbare?

4. Who is cammunder-in-chief of the Andarny and mays?

What is the discount of the Andarny and mays? 3. What is the difference between a hether at cold-frame?

6. Who was Robin Hood? Who were the Vestal Virgins? 8. What is a rhymester?
9. Where is the Isle of Wight?

Answers to Yesterday's Quiz

1. Rheims is an herient city of France, miles east-northeast of Paris and miles hack of the French lines, virus rain from constant German bombards.
2. John Purroy Mitchel, the former greater New York, is now a major of United States ageint corps.
3. The king can de no wongst means that

United States aerial corps.

3. "The king can do no wrong" means the minister and not the sovereign is made of the sovereign is made of the sovereign in the sovereign in the same of the sovereign is made of the sovereign in the ministry of the financial costs will street, of London.

4. Lembard street is the financia:
Wall Street, of London.

5. Macadamize: derived from the mans of John MacAdam. inventor of the superceas, so called.

6. Maine is the Pinetree State.

7. William Penn founded Pennsylvania.

8. The Laccoon is a celebrated state in Yallesia, showing the stranging of is by two sergents.

9. Kilkenny cuts: dispotations people superceased with the stranging of its mail of the stranging of its property of the stranging of the strang