

BERLIN PLANNING BREAK WITH REDS

Germans Fear Bolsheviks
Will Soon Be Swept
From Power *

HOLD PARLEY FUTILE

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 24.—According to a Berlin telegram, the *Lokal-Anzeiger* reports that parliamentarian circles regard the Russian situation as very critical.

The latest news from Petrograd, it is explained, shows clearly that the supremacy of the Bolsheviks is seriously menaced, and the question arises whether it is wise to negotiate further with men whom anyone may at any moment sweep away. Political circles are taking into account the possible influence of events in Petrograd upon negotiations at Brest-Litovsk.

Public attention in North Russia is centered on the bread shortage, the lack of virtually all foodstuffs, the breakdown of transportation and the commercial stagnation as the result of the blockade.

Men in Petrograd and all the larger cities of North Russia have little bread. The bread allowance in Petrograd has been reduced to a quarter of a pound daily, and the food commission has limited eggs to children under three years, and to adults the same eggs as a month ago. But eggs are not obtainable at any price. The commission also has limited fresh meat to children between the ages of three and twelve, with a half pound monthly to each child.

Pointed out were demands for trout, for Novorossiysk, and many other places in North Russia, but the cost is equivalent to eighteen cents per pound in Petrograd and, consequently, the masses of the people cannot buy them.

PRICES BEYOND REACH

Soldiers and sailors have become pessimistic throughout North Russia and are making exodus into the country and returning to the cities with bread, meat, tobacco and sugar. Among the city ships now without stocks, the streets are lined with soldiers, sailors, peddlers, at best, idlers. Eliminating oil, it is not obtainable in Petrograd and candles are selling at seventy-five cents per pound. One pound of sugar is allowed each person monthly, by caravans of twenty-two cents a pound, but sugar, bought at a hundred and seven cents, is beyond a man's means.

Bread in Petrograd is playing with fire. Germany's situation is but little different from Austria's.

Philip Scheidemann, leader of the German majority Socialists, so warned the German authorities in another speech before the main committee of the Reichstag, the Vorwärts also reports.

Wednesday evening's issue of Vorwärts was its first since the three-day suspension recently meted out to it by the German Government for printing news of unrest in Austria.



LIEUT. COL. EWING

Formerly of the old Sixth Pennsylvania Infantry, recently appointed commanding officer of the officers' training school at Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga., has been honorably discharged from the service because of physical disability.

CITY PROBES FREIGHT JAM IN NEW YORK

Continued from Page One

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 24.—Government officials allowed an average of twelve ships to sail to the port of New York for coaling during that past week. This has had the effect of adding to the freight jam in that port, instead of lessening it.

In Philadelphia the reverse is true. During the entire five days only sixteen ships arrived in this port, five of the ships being in the eastbound trade, the remaining eleven westbound. Only thirteen ships cleared this port in the same period, two of them being foreign. At no time during the five days were there more than thirty ships tied up in the harbor, and none of these was for want of coal.

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the civilian population and the army that the United States is not giving her full aid to the Allies, although it is evident that the German Government knows differently.

The widespread unrest which has grown up in Austria-Hungary was expected to exert considerable influence upon the chancellor's speech, and it was even reported that the address might again be postponed until conditions in the dual monarchy become more settled.

With the militarists in control of the government, however, attitude it was not expected that the Chancellor's address would contain much of a conciliatory spirit, and information from an authoritative source indicated that the Government has not yet given up hope of making peace on the basis of the present war map.

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This will be one of the subjects of meeting by Director Webster. He and others familiar with conditions here and in New York believe that some of those twelve ships a day should have been diverted to the port of Philadelphia, where coal, standing idle on the tracks awaiting entry into New York, could easily be made available.

Virtually all of the coal used in the port of New York was brought in by rail through Philadelphia. Its diverting would have been accomplished by the simple signing of an order to that effect. Instead it has been allowed to stand in the way of other coal and other freight and to add to the congestion instead of relieving it.

ECONOMIC WASTE ENORMOUS

Business men of Philadelphia consulted in the matter have all declared this action illegal, to say the least. The economic waste, through the idleness of men and equipment, all must need, has been enormous.

At the could have been avoided by the expedient of giving ships, idle in New York, sufficient coal to allow them to steam to Philadelphia.

Director Webster is backed in the fight by all the business organizations of the city. The Chamber of Commerce, the Bourse and the Maritime Exchange, through their presidents, have thrown their weight in the direction of the movement. These organizations represent all the industries, business men and shipping interests of Philadelphia.

All have declared that Philadelphia can handle any ship now plying to and from New York. The pier facilities in Philadelphia have been pointed to as being more efficient than those of the port of New York, sufficient coal to allow them to steam to Philadelphia.

The Military Committee, which paused today for the big battle in the Senate over the war cabinet measure, will resume its inquiry tomorrow with Surgeon General Gorham as witness.

ARMY CAMP CONDITIONS

Health conditions in army camps, which the committee has told have been bad, will be gone into.

Regardless of the fate of the war cabinet measure, the military investigation will continue until final peace of the War Department's work has been covered. Senator Chamberlain said today, "With the exception of the military, scientific investigations today passed into their final stages with prospects of early reports from the many singled inquiries into the war situation."

The good and fuel subcommittee, with hearings completed today, announced that formulation of its report will begin Friday. That this committee will submit two reports to the Manufactures Committee seemed certain.

MAJORITY TO CRITICIZE

The majority report, it is believed, will contain severe criticism of the fuel and food administrations, if not actually recommending the repeal of the law creating them.

"The committee will not confine its findings to individuals," declared Senator Read, chairman of the subcommittee. The Read Senator, a bitter opponent of the fuel and fuel law, apparently has with him Senators Vardaman, Lodge and Kenyon in his attitude on the committee's findings.

The Interstate Commerce Committee, which has been holding hearings on railroad control legislation, expects to close that feature of its work today. Friday and Saturday will be given over to hearings by attorneys representing the railroads and other interests involved.

AUSTRIAN UNREST DUE TO BOLSHEVIK

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—"Unrest among the people of Austria-Hungary, when great numbers of strikers, workers in munitions plants and other war industries are reported to be clamoring for peace, was inspired by the Russian Bolsheviks," Colonel William B. Thompson, who headed the American Red Cross mission to Russia, asserted in an address at a dinner of the Rocky Mountain Club last night.

The example and efforts of the Russian Bolsheviks in setting the Central Powers on fire, he said. "The most damning proof Germany has is the German democracy alongside of it according to the German common people and to the German soldiers the same doctrine of democratic peace."

Democratic Russia means democratic Germany, and democratic Germany means peace, lasting and complete, for the world. That is why, at this moment, the example of Russia, America, France, expressed in the anti-German, anti-Habsburg and continuous agitation in Germany against the aims of the German general staff."

Colonel Thompson said that Russia is a democracy "which comes as near being representative of the soul as it would be possible to find anywhere."

"We have held on big boats, half on the sand and the tops of freedom, in its

THE WEATHER

Official Forecast

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.

The minus of the Lehigh coal field

are being operated to their full capacity

and tonnage is moving from the breakers to market as fast as the railroads can take the trains. Car shortage is almost a daily source of complaint, but the situation is not so serious as to cause any idleness. Every crew is out and railroaders are making a maximum amount of overtime.

Miners, railroaders and operators are bending every effort to co-operate with Dr. H. A. Garfield, National Fuel Administrator, in maintaining record-breaking production and getting the coal to market.

FULL CAPACITY OUTPUT IN LEHIGH COAL FIELD

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BIG CAMDEN FIRE HALTS WAR WORK

Continued from Page One

large quantity of leather and other ma-

terials was stored in the building and

that the loss to that company alone

would be in the neighborhood of

\$400,000.

The origin of the fire is a profound

mystery and is being investigated by

the authorities. There was no fire in

the plant of the Peerless Kid Company,

where the flames started, the heat and

power for that company being supplied

from a nearby building. The only ex-

planation that could be hazarded by the firemen was that the fire either started from crossed wires or was of incendiary

origin.

We are not until 7 o'clock this morn-

ing that the flames were brought under

control. While the fire was raging coffee

was served to the firemen and policemen

by people living in the vicinity of the

building.

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A large area of low barometer over-

spreads virtually all of the country from

the Rockies to the Atlantic coast, and the

air pressure has risen under its in-

fluence throughout the central valleys,

the Lake region and the cotton belt, and

are beginning to rise in the middle At-

lantic States. Seasonable conditions pre-

val in the middle west this morning,

and mild temperatures for the season

prevail in the valleys of the Great

Smoky Mountains.

A line of rain is being run from the

Morea reservoir of the Pottsville Water

Company to convey water to these in-

dustries, and until this is completed and

water conveyed through the line little

work can be done at either the January

or February overhauls, depending on

the weather.

Another condition which

adds to the difficulty of mining is the

lack of timber to support the interior

of the mines. Many cars of coal are on

the way, but the coal is transited

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