

GOSSIP OF THE STREET

BROKER ADMITS PESSIMISM REGARDING MARKET CONDITIONS

Likens Present Situation to Colors of Spectrum in Hopeless Confusion and Favors Coalition Government—Gossip of Street

WHEN asked his views on present conditions in the market and on future prospects, one of the best-known uptown brokers and principal member of his firm said that some people of this country are just beginning to get awake to the fact that we are really at war and are trying to get their heads straightened out...

"There could be no better photograph of the mental conditions of the community," he said, "than the stock board in a broker's office. If one takes the colors of the spectrum and throws them super-imposed on a screen, the result is a dirty gray, or if the colors are pure, then the result will be pure white. That is what the stock board does, and any time we look at it we see the super-imposed views of the community reflected in the condition of the market."

"I don't look," he continued, "for any real substantial advance in prices in the near future. I am pessimistic and I can't help it. I am fighting against it, but I feel I cannot be honest to my clients if I should give advice contrary to my real views just for the sake of trying to force myself to be optimistic."

"I don't look with favor on the re-assembling of Congress, as the job they should tackle now is one for a lot of big men—not one for a big lot of men, which they are in the aggregate. I would like to see instead a coalition Government like what they have in England, and while I am strongly republican, I wouldn't care what their politics if only they were big, capable men and had full power to act."

"I think the President should get rid of some incompetents he had around him and substitute big, broad, far-seeing men, instead, no matter what their politics or rather in spite of their politics. Not that I don't think the men now directing affairs are perfectly sincere and honest, but they don't size up in my estimation."

"What the country needs most is supreme confidence in the men at the heads of the various departments of the Government. It seems to me that people with whom I speak that men are appointed to positions of power because they don't know anything about the particular job they are expected to administer. That seems to be the plan adopted, and it is that which is causing the unsettlement in people's minds and which is reflected on the stock board."

"It would be an interesting piece of information if some one would calculate the losses sustained by securities since war was declared, and I think they would find it just about equals the total amount subscribed for Liberty Loans."

"I wish I could feel optimistic, but I don't."

Attractive Note Issue Put on Market

Another new issue of \$4,500,000 two-year 6 per cent notes of the Shawinigan Water and Power Company came out yesterday. They were issued by a syndicate made up of Brown Brothers & Co., Lee Higginson & Co., Alexander Brown & Sons and Jackson and Curtis. A number of prominent bond and investment houses in this city are also in the syndicate. The price at which these notes are offered is very attractive to investors, as it would need to be on account of so many good bargains on the market. They are offered at 97 1/2, which places the yield at 7.49 per cent.

This power company is located in Canada on the Maurice River about equal distance from Montreal and Quebec, and furnishes current to not only both these cities, but to some fifty other communities.

The Shawinigan Company controls, through stock ownership, a large number of subsidiary manufacturing companies, most of which are using its power under long-time contracts, and are engaged in present manufacturing with materials and supplies from the Allies. The proceeds of these notes are to complete construction work and pay off all floating indebtedness. The history of the company for the last eight years shows a large and steady gain each year in net earnings. The company has \$15,000,000 stock outstanding on which dividends have been paid for ten years, the rate being 7 per cent since 1915, and the stock has been sold as high as \$161 per share.

As to the physical property, it is said to be one of the finest if not the finest of its kind in the world, the dam on the Maurice River at Shawinigan Falls being second in size to the world's greatest dam at Assouan on the River Nile, Egypt.

There is an option by which these notes can be exchanged for stock, which at first does not seem particularly attractive but it is understood that certain large contracts on hand which are not mentioned in the prospectus have a bearing on the possible future price of the stock.

Enormous Profits in Potash Manufacture

It is said that there are a number of false potash concerns being exploited in different parts of the country today, but a review of a private report of a potash company operating in Nebraska, since yesterday, confirms to a large extent the enormous profits being made in this manufacture.

The report shows on a capitalization of \$100,000 profits of 160 per cent per month.

It is said that the manufactured product contains 29 per cent of potash and is sold in units of twenty pounds each, and that the plant necessary for the extraction of the potash from the shallow Nebraska lakes is exceedingly crude and inexpensive. These units are intended for the manufacture of fertilizers, and if a higher grade than 29 per cent potash is required a more elaborate outfit is necessary.

Conservation of Capital During War

Warren S. Hayden, of Cleveland, president of the Investment Bankers' Association of America, announced yesterday the appointment of a special committee to investigate and consider the question of conservation of capital in its relation to the prosecution of the war. This committee is headed by Allen B. Forbes, of Harris, Forbes & Co., and the other members are N. Penrose Hallowell, of Lee, Higginson & Co. of Boston; H. C. McEldowney, president of the Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh; H. L. Stuart, of Halsey, Stuart & Co. of Chicago, and W. R. Compton, of the W. R. Compton Company, of St. Louis.

Railroad Situation Still Has Center of Stage

The railroad situation still holds forth as the main topic of the Street. There has been a good deal of disappointment manifested among bankers and brokers at the apparent delay in appointing some one man big enough who knows all about railroading to act as dictator, as it now seems that every one has concluded with or without reason that a railroad dictator will be appointed by the President.

They also seem to be disappointed that the railroad executives who have been in Washington have not been unanimous in their plans for breaking the congestion or in recommending some one who would be accepted as dictator.

Priority orders coming from several sources, instead of one source are said to be largely responsible for most of the congestion. Some bankers believe that the adoption of the British plan, which was briefly outlined in this column recently, offers the best solution, especially that part of it dealing with guaranteeing earnings and dividends, and they would not be surprised if an announcement to that effect would soon be issued.

Power Company's Satisfactory Tests

Arizona Steam Generating Company, a subsidiary of Arizona Power Company, reports that the first twenty-four hours' test of its new Tapco plant showed results about 17 per cent above the guarantee. The output measured at the transformer with no allowance for auxiliaries was 331 kilowatts per barrel of oil used.

Pennsylvania Utilities Company, a subsidiary of the Metropolitan Edison Company, which in turn is controlled by the Reading Transit and Light Company, has filed new schedules with the Public Service Commission of Pennsylvania, which provide increases of about 20 per cent on all rates to power and commercial consumers. Furthermore, in the case of residential rates, provision has been made for an increase of rates, to be regulated by the cost of coal. The coal clause fixes an increase on the price of electric current in accordance with the rise in the cost of coal above a basic price of \$2.79 per ton.

Lehigh Miners Pledge More Coal

Mahanoy City, Pa., Dec. 15.—Superintendents, foremen, loaders and fire bosses of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company held a banquet here and in resolution sent to the Federal fuel commissioner, Dr. Harry A. Garfield, pledged themselves to increase the production of coal in this division.

New "Cash-and-Carry" Market

An addition to the "cash-and-carry" chain of great markets opened today at 624 Lansdowne avenue, helping to reduce the high cost of living for the residents of this vicinity. The "cash-and-carry" markets in Philadelphia, Ardmore, Llanerch, Malvern, Chester and Media have met with success, pointing the way to true wartime economy. Other similar markets are to be opened at such suitable buildings are obtained in desirable locations.

GOVERNMENT BONDS

Table listing government bonds with columns for date, amount, and price.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS

GRAIN AND FLOUR

WHEAT—Receipts, 74,955 bushels. The market was steady. Following are the quotations for the week in export elevator Government standard No. 1 hard winter wheat, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, No. 7, No. 8, No. 9, No. 10, No. 11, No. 12, No. 13, No. 14, No. 15, No. 16, No. 17, No. 18, No. 19, No. 20, No. 21, No. 22, No. 23, No. 24, No. 25, No. 26, No. 27, No. 28, No. 29, No. 30, No. 31, No. 32, No. 33, No. 34, No. 35, No. 36, No. 37, No. 38, No. 39, No. 40, No. 41, No. 42, No. 43, No. 44, No. 45, No. 46, No. 47, No. 48, No. 49, No. 50, No. 51, No. 52, No. 53, No. 54, No. 55, No. 56, No. 57, No. 58, No. 59, No. 60, No. 61, No. 62, No. 63, No. 64, No. 65, No. 66, No. 67, No. 68, No. 69, No. 70, No. 71, No. 72, No. 73, No. 74, No. 75, No. 76, No. 77, No. 78, No. 79, No. 80, No. 81, No. 82, No. 83, No. 84, No. 85, No. 86, No. 87, No. 88, No. 89, No. 90, No. 91, No. 92, No. 93, No. 94, No. 95, No. 96, No. 97, No. 98, No. 99, No. 100.

STEEL IS AWAITING CONFERENCE ACTION

Expect First Action Taken to Be Readjustment for Small Companies

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—What will be the final outcome of the conference in Washington? This is the leading question in the steel trade at present. No one is looking for a reduction in prices at this time, but it is admitted that there is nothing definite upon which to base this opinion thus far. However, it is said that the most likely action to be first taken will be some sort of a readjustment for the smaller companies, which are dependent upon the regular market for their raw materials.

Government buying of steel continues on a large scale. This, of course, includes the indirect purchases which are made by the concern working on Government account of one kind or another. The best trade authorities state that there will be continuation of this buying for a much longer time than many would expect.

Shipbuilding activities are taking the attention of many of the steel men. While there is some alarm in certain quarters of the capacity of the country not being sufficient to supply the requirements, there are opinions by two of the largest steel men in this country, that the production of plates in keeping pace with the increase in shipbuilding activities, and that there will always be sufficient steel plates to supply this Government requirement. It is expected that some of the steel companies will have a domestic supply for the regular domestic trade.

Buying by consumers in the last few days has been probably due to the adoption of a waiting policy by many users because of the uncertainty over the conference between the steel men and the representatives of the Government; it is believed by many that the bill is only temporary and that there will be a resumption of buying as soon as some definite information comes out of the Capital.

There is virtually nothing doing in structural steel, except for the account of the Government, and even this work has been subdividing during the last week. Demand for plain shapes is unusually light, it is said, and in this market, as well as many others, the waiting policy is discernible so far as the buyers are concerned.

One point which is emphasized in all these circles is the fact that the manufacturing and distributing elements of their time to the Government work. Every feature of this business is being handled in the smallest detail by the Government, and the various companies, and those men will continue to devote their energies in this direction as long as they are needed by the nation.

PROVISIONS

The market ruled firm at the recent advance. The quotations are as follows: Quotations ranged as follows: Bacon, No. 1, 22 1/2; No. 2, 22; No. 3, 21 1/2; No. 4, 21; No. 5, 20 1/2; No. 6, 20; No. 7, 19 1/2; No. 8, 19; No. 9, 18 1/2; No. 10, 18; No. 11, 17 1/2; No. 12, 17; No. 13, 16 1/2; No. 14, 16; No. 15, 15 1/2; No. 16, 15; No. 17, 14 1/2; No. 18, 14; No. 19, 13 1/2; No. 20, 13; No. 21, 12 1/2; No. 22, 12; No. 23, 11 1/2; No. 24, 11; No. 25, 10 1/2; No. 26, 10; No. 27, 9 1/2; No. 28, 9; No. 29, 8 1/2; No. 30, 8; No. 31, 7 1/2; No. 32, 7; No. 33, 6 1/2; No. 34, 6; No. 35, 5 1/2; No. 36, 5; No. 37, 4 1/2; No. 38, 4; No. 39, 3 1/2; No. 40, 3; No. 41, 2 1/2; No. 42, 2; No. 43, 1 1/2; No. 44, 1; No. 45, 1/2; No. 46, 1/4; No. 47, 1/4; No. 48, 1/4; No. 49, 1/4; No. 50, 1/4; No. 51, 1/4; No. 52, 1/4; No. 53, 1/4; No. 54, 1/4; No. 55, 1/4; No. 56, 1/4; No. 57, 1/4; No. 58, 1/4; No. 59, 1/4; No. 60, 1/4; No. 61, 1/4; No. 62, 1/4; No. 63, 1/4; No. 64, 1/4; No. 65, 1/4; No. 66, 1/4; No. 67, 1/4; No. 68, 1/4; No. 69, 1/4; No. 70, 1/4; No. 71, 1/4; No. 72, 1/4; No. 73, 1/4; No. 74, 1/4; No. 75, 1/4; No. 76, 1/4; No. 77, 1/4; No. 78, 1/4; No. 79, 1/4; No. 80, 1/4; No. 81, 1/4; No. 82, 1/4; No. 83, 1/4; No. 84, 1/4; No. 85, 1/4; No. 86, 1/4; No. 87, 1/4; No. 88, 1/4; No. 89, 1/4; No. 90, 1/4; No. 91, 1/4; No. 92, 1/4; No. 93, 1/4; No. 94, 1/4; No. 95, 1/4; No. 96, 1/4; No. 97, 1/4; No. 98, 1/4; No. 99, 1/4; No. 100, 1/4.

REFINED SUGARS

The market ruled steady on a basis of 8.10 to 8.30 for extra fine granulated.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

There was little trading and the market was unquieted. Quotations New York full cream sweetened condensed milk, 40; No. 1, 39; No. 2, 38; No. 3, 37; No. 4, 36; No. 5, 35; No. 6, 34; No. 7, 33; No. 8, 32; No. 9, 31; No. 10, 30; No. 11, 29; No. 12, 28; No. 13, 27; No. 14, 26; No. 15, 25; No. 16, 24; No. 17, 23; No. 18, 22; No. 19, 21; No. 20, 20; No. 21, 19; No. 22, 18; No. 23, 17; No. 24, 16; No. 25, 15; No. 26, 14; No. 27, 13; No. 28, 12; No. 29, 11; No. 30, 10; No. 31, 9; No. 32, 8; No. 33, 7; No. 34, 6; No. 35, 5; No. 36, 4; No. 37, 3; No. 38, 2; No. 39, 1; No. 40, 1/2; No. 41, 1/4; No. 42, 1/4; No. 43, 1/4; No. 44, 1/4; No. 45, 1/4; No. 46, 1/4; No. 47, 1/4; No. 48, 1/4; No. 49, 1/4; No. 50, 1/4; No. 51, 1/4; No. 52, 1/4; No. 53, 1/4; No. 54, 1/4; No. 55, 1/4; No. 56, 1/4; No. 57, 1/4; No. 58, 1/4; No. 59, 1/4; No. 60, 1/4; No. 61, 1/4; No. 62, 1/4; No. 63, 1/4; No. 64, 1/4; No. 65, 1/4; No. 66, 1/4; No. 67, 1/4; No. 68, 1/4; No. 69, 1/4; No. 70, 1/4; No. 71, 1/4; No. 72, 1/4; No. 73, 1/4; No. 74, 1/4; No. 75, 1/4; No. 76, 1/4; No. 77, 1/4; No. 78, 1/4; No. 79, 1/4; No. 80, 1/4; No. 81, 1/4; No. 82, 1/4; No. 83, 1/4; No. 84, 1/4; No. 85, 1/4; No. 86, 1/4; No. 87, 1/4; No. 88, 1/4; No. 89, 1/4; No. 90, 1/4; No. 91, 1/4; No. 92, 1/4; No. 93, 1/4; No. 94, 1/4; No. 95, 1/4; No. 96, 1/4; No. 97, 1/4; No. 98, 1/4; No. 99, 1/4; No. 100, 1/4.

POULTRY

The market was generally firm under light offerings. The quotations are as follows: Chickens, No. 1, 12; No. 2, 11; No. 3, 10; No. 4, 9; No. 5, 8; No. 6, 7; No. 7, 6; No. 8, 5; No. 9, 4; No. 10, 3; No. 11, 2; No. 12, 1; No. 13, 1/2; No. 14, 1/4; No. 15, 1/4; No. 16, 1/4; No. 17, 1/4; No. 18, 1/4; No. 19, 1/4; No. 20, 1/4; No. 21, 1/4; No. 22, 1/4; No. 23, 1/4; No. 24, 1/4; No. 25, 1/4; No. 26, 1/4; No. 27, 1/4; No. 28, 1/4; No. 29, 1/4; No. 30, 1/4; No. 31, 1/4; No. 32, 1/4; No. 33, 1/4; No. 34, 1/4; No. 35, 1/4; No. 36, 1/4; No. 37, 1/4; No. 38, 1/4; No. 39, 1/4; No. 40, 1/4; No. 41, 1/4; No. 42, 1/4; No. 43, 1/4; No. 44, 1/4; No. 45, 1/4; No. 46, 1/4; No. 47, 1/4; No. 48, 1/4; No. 49, 1/4; No. 50, 1/4; No. 51, 1/4; No. 52, 1/4; No. 53, 1/4; No. 54, 1/4; No. 55, 1/4; No. 56, 1/4; No. 57, 1/4; No. 58, 1/4; No. 59, 1/4; No. 60, 1/4; No. 61, 1/4; No. 62, 1/4; No. 63, 1/4; No. 64, 1/4; No. 65, 1/4; No. 66, 1/4; No. 67, 1/4; No. 68, 1/4; No. 69, 1/4; No. 70, 1/4; No. 71, 1/4; No. 72, 1/4; No. 73, 1/4; No. 74, 1/4; No. 75, 1/4; No. 76, 1/4; No. 77, 1/4; No. 78, 1/4; No. 79, 1/4; No. 80, 1/4; No. 81, 1/4; No. 82, 1/4; No. 83, 1/4; No. 84, 1/4; No. 85, 1/4; No. 86, 1/4; No. 87, 1/4; No. 88, 1/4; No. 89, 1/4; No. 90, 1/4; No. 91, 1/4; No. 92, 1/4; No. 93, 1/4; No. 94, 1/4; No. 95, 1/4; No. 96, 1/4; No. 97, 1/4; No. 98, 1/4; No. 99, 1/4; No. 100, 1/4.

FRESH FRUITS

Prices were fairly good and weak. Quotations are as follows: Apples, No. 1, 10; No. 2, 9; No. 3, 8; No. 4, 7; No. 5, 6; No. 6, 5; No. 7, 4; No. 8, 3; No. 9, 2; No. 10, 1; No. 11, 1/2; No. 12, 1/4; No. 13, 1/4; No. 14, 1/4; No. 15, 1/4; No. 16, 1/4; No. 17, 1/4; No. 18, 1/4; No. 19, 1/4; No. 20, 1/4; No. 21, 1/4; No. 22, 1/4; No. 23, 1/4; No. 24, 1/4; No. 25, 1/4; No. 26, 1/4; No. 27, 1/4; No. 28, 1/4; No. 29, 1/4; No. 30, 1/4; No. 31, 1/4; No. 32, 1/4; No. 33, 1/4; No. 34, 1/4; No. 35, 1/4; No. 36, 1/4; No. 37, 1/4; No. 38, 1/4; No. 39, 1/4; No. 40, 1/4; No. 41, 1/4; No. 42, 1/4; No. 43, 1/4; No. 44, 1/4; No. 45, 1/4; No. 46, 1/4; No. 47, 1/4; No. 48, 1/4; No. 49, 1/4; No. 50, 1/4; No. 51, 1/4; No. 52, 1/4; No. 53, 1/4; No. 54, 1/4; No. 55, 1/4; No. 56, 1/4; No. 57, 1/4; No. 58, 1/4; No. 59, 1/4; No. 60, 1/4; No. 61, 1/4; No. 62, 1/4; No. 63, 1/4; No. 64, 1/4; No. 65, 1/4; No. 66, 1/4; No. 67, 1/4; No. 68, 1/4; No. 69, 1/4; No. 70, 1/4; No. 71, 1/4; No. 72, 1/4; No. 73, 1/4; No. 74, 1/4; No. 75, 1/4; No. 76, 1/4; No. 77, 1/4; No. 78, 1/4; No. 79, 1/4; No. 80, 1/4; No. 81, 1/4; No. 82, 1/4; No. 83, 1/4; No. 84, 1/4; No. 85, 1/4; No. 86, 1/4; No. 87, 1/4; No. 88, 1/4; No. 89, 1/4; No. 90, 1/4; No. 91, 1/4; No. 92, 1/4; No. 93, 1/4; No. 94, 1/4; No. 95, 1/4; No. 96, 1/4; No. 97, 1/4; No. 98, 1/4; No. 99, 1/4; No. 100, 1/4.

VEGETABLES

The market ruled firm on fancy stock. The quotations are as follows: Potatoes, No. 1, 10; No. 2, 9; No. 3, 8; No. 4, 7; No. 5, 6; No. 6, 5; No. 7, 4; No. 8, 3; No. 9, 2; No. 10, 1; No. 11, 1/2; No. 12, 1/4; No. 13, 1/4; No. 14, 1/4; No. 15, 1/4; No. 16, 1/4; No. 17, 1/4; No. 18, 1/4; No. 19, 1/4; No. 20, 1/4; No. 21, 1/4; No. 22, 1/4; No. 23, 1/4; No. 24, 1/4; No. 25, 1/4; No. 26, 1/4; No. 27, 1/4; No. 28, 1/4; No. 29, 1/4; No. 30, 1/4; No. 31, 1/4; No. 32, 1/4; No. 33, 1/4; No. 34, 1/4; No. 35, 1/4; No. 36, 1/4; No. 37, 1/4; No. 38, 1/4; No. 39, 1/4; No. 40, 1/4; No. 41, 1/4; No. 42, 1/4; No. 43, 1/4; No. 44, 1/4; No. 45, 1/4; No. 46, 1/4; No. 47, 1/4; No. 48, 1/4; No. 49, 1/4; No. 50, 1/4; No. 51, 1/4; No. 52, 1/4; No. 53, 1/4; No. 54, 1/4; No. 55, 1/4; No. 56, 1/4; No. 57, 1/4; No. 58, 1/4; No. 59, 1/4; No. 60, 1/4; No. 61, 1/4; No. 62, 1/4; No. 63, 1/4; No. 64, 1/4; No. 65, 1/4; No. 66, 1/4; No. 67, 1/4; No. 68, 1/4; No. 69, 1/4; No. 70, 1/4; No. 71, 1/4; No. 72, 1/4; No. 73, 1/4; No. 74, 1/4; No. 75, 1/4; No. 76, 1/4; No. 77, 1/4; No. 78, 1/4; No. 79, 1/4; No. 80, 1/4; No. 81, 1/4; No. 82, 1/4; No. 83, 1/4; No. 84, 1/4; No. 85, 1/4; No. 86, 1/4; No. 87, 1/4; No. 88, 1/4; No. 89, 1/4; No. 90, 1/4; No. 91, 1/4; No. 92, 1/4; No. 93, 1/4; No. 94, 1/4; No. 95, 1/4; No. 96, 1/4; No. 97, 1/4; No. 98, 1/4; No. 99, 1/4; No. 100, 1/4.

NEW YORK BUTTER AND EGGS

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—BUTTER—Market strong. Quotations are as follows: Butter, No. 1, 10; No. 2, 9; No. 3, 8; No. 4, 7; No. 5, 6; No. 6, 5; No. 7, 4; No. 8, 3; No. 9, 2; No. 10, 1; No. 11, 1/2; No. 12, 1/4; No. 13, 1/4; No. 14, 1/4; No. 15, 1/4; No. 16, 1/4; No. 17, 1/4; No. 18, 1/4; No. 19, 1/4; No. 20, 1/4; No. 21, 1/4; No. 22, 1/4; No. 23, 1/4; No. 24, 1/4; No. 25, 1/4; No. 26, 1/4; No. 27, 1/4; No. 28, 1/4; No. 29, 1/4; No. 30, 1/4; No. 31, 1/4; No. 32, 1/4; No. 33, 1/4; No. 34, 1/4; No. 35, 1/4; No. 36, 1/4; No. 37, 1/4; No. 38, 1/4; No. 39, 1/4; No. 40, 1/4; No. 41, 1/4; No. 42, 1/4; No. 43, 1/4; No. 44, 1/4; No. 45, 1/4; No. 46, 1/4; No. 47, 1/4; No. 48, 1/4; No. 49, 1/4; No. 50, 1/4; No. 51, 1/4; No. 52, 1/4; No. 53, 1/4; No. 54, 1/4; No. 55, 1/4; No. 56, 1/4; No. 57, 1/4; No. 58, 1/4; No. 59, 1/4; No. 60, 1/4; No. 61, 1/4; No. 62, 1/4; No. 63, 1/4; No. 64, 1/4; No. 65, 1/4; No. 66, 1/4; No. 67, 1/4; No. 68, 1/4; No. 69, 1/4; No. 70, 1/4; No. 71, 1/4; No. 72, 1/4; No. 73, 1/4; No. 74, 1/4; No. 75, 1/4; No. 76, 1/4; No. 77, 1/4; No. 78, 1/4; No. 79, 1/4; No. 80, 1/4; No. 81, 1/4; No. 82, 1/4; No. 83, 1/4; No. 84, 1/4; No. 85, 1/4; No. 86, 1/4; No. 87, 1/4; No. 88, 1/4; No. 89, 1/4; No. 90, 1/4; No. 91, 1/4; No. 92, 1/4; No. 93, 1/4; No. 94, 1/4; No. 95, 1/4; No. 96, 1/4; No. 97, 1/4; No. 98, 1/4; No. 99, 1/4; No. 100, 1/4.

DEATHS

MYERS—Dec. 14, at New York City, Mrs. Myers, widow of John Myers, aged 72. Buried at St. Ann's Church, New York City.

SMITH—Dec. 14, at New York City, Mrs. Smith, widow of John Smith, aged 68. Buried at St. Ann's Church, New York City.

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