

**SIX MONTHS IN JAIL
FATE OF SUFFRAGIST**

**Others Accused of Picketing
White House Are Given
Milder Penalties**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14. Jail sentences varying from six months to six days were meted out to thirty-one suffragists who picketed the White House yesterday by Judge Muldowney in Police Court this afternoon.

Daisy Burns, whose friends in New York are boomer her for Congress, was sentenced to six months. Word of the congressional boom reached her during the trial.

"I could not consider it," she said.

Mrs. Mary A. Nolan, seventy-year-old suffragist of Jacksonville, Fla., was sentenced to serve six days. Mrs. John Winters Brannan, of New York, who took part in picketing demonstrations Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, received a sixty-day sentence. Most of the others were given thirty-day sentences.

**COMMISSION INSPECTS
CITY'S TRANSIT SYSTEM**

Street Railway Body From Massachusetts Looks Over Facilities—Attends Luncheon

The Street Railway Commission of Massachusetts is in the city, and the members today made an inspection of the present transit facilities of Philadelphia and investigated the plans of the proposed high-speed lines.

The commissioners inspected the Frankford elevated line and later took a trip over the Market street elevated line to Sixty-ninth street. Following the inspection of the Market street subway and "L," the members of the commission were taken to the Union League, where they were guests at a luncheon given by the Board of Trade, William S. Twining, Director of Transit; Assistant Director George T. Atkinson, George S. Webster, Director of the Department of Wharves, Docks and Ferries, and Director George F. Datesman, of the Department of Public Works.

The members of the visiting commission include James L. Harrop and Charles W. Eldridge, members of the State Senate and widely known business men in Massachusetts; John M. Gibbs and Martin Hayes, both members of the lower House; George M. Worrall, George Bunting, John L. Donovan and Michael Fitzgerald, attorneys, and W. Cameron Forbes, for a number of years Governor of the Philippine Islands and also one of New England's foremost business men and financiers; G. W. Gordon, an attorney, and Charles J. Deen, clerk of the commission.

**JAPANESE ARMY MAY
BE RUSHED INTO WAR**

Collapse of Russia Arouses Nippon Press to Consider Mobilization

TOKIO, Nov. 14. Mobilization and possible utilization of Japan's army is being increasingly considered as a result of Russia's collapse.

The Tokio press today declared that the situation of the Allies was dark, agreeing that Russia from now on must be considered a minus quantity in military value, although unanimous in believing a separate peace would never be agreed to.

"Japanese mobilization will likely be demanded," declared the newspaper Hochi. "We advise a special mission to Russia. Should the German influence extend eastward to the Ural Mountains, Asia's future would be endangered and Japan threatened. There is increasing necessity for mobilization. The nation should prepare for successfully meeting the issue."

The newspaper Nichi Nichi deplored recent German gains and declared the Entente must arouse itself to greater efforts.

"The Japanese people," the editorial asserted, "must be ready for any emergency; the Government must prepare for any eventuality."

**COL. AND MRS. HOUSE
GUESTS OF KING GEORGE**

With Civilian Members of Mission He Also Attends Dinner Given by Page

LONDON, Nov. 14.—Colonel E. M. House and Mrs. House were the guests of King George and Queen Mary at luncheon in Buckingham Palace Monday. Colonel House and the civilian members of the mission and the heads of the corresponding British departments were dinner guests of Walter Hines Page, the American Ambassador, in the evening.

Throughout the day the members of the American mission busied themselves with conferences with British officials. Owing to the pressure of work the commission has been compelled to decline the Lord Mayor's invitation to dinner, as well as an invitation of the American Luncheon Club to a luncheon.

Colonel House called the members to a conference and received reports on the progress of their deliberations with their British colleagues. He expressed himself as pleased with the splendid spirit of cooperation manifested.

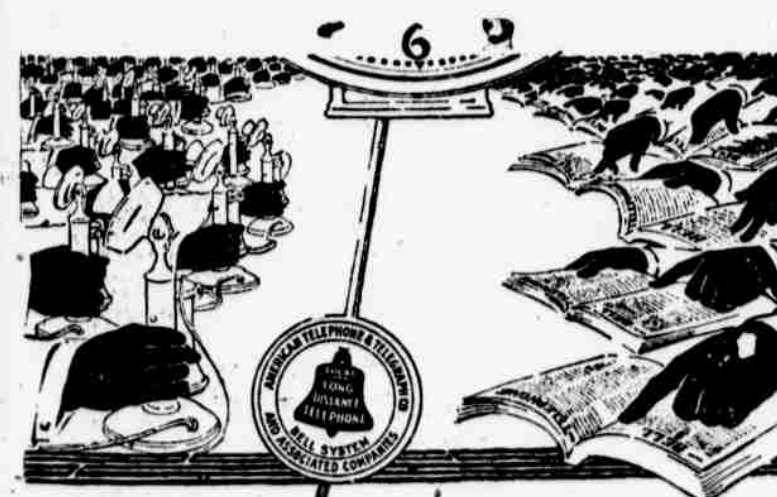
The reports showed the discussions had accomplished much in overcoming the difficulties heretofore caused by long-range conversations. The members also outlined to Colonel House what work remained to be done before they proceeded to the Paris conference.

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