

TEUTONS CRUSH MUTINY IN NAVY WITH IRON HAND

Outbreak at Wilhelmshaven Showed Unrest and Low Morale of Sailors

RADICALS NOW MENACED

Militarists Expected to Seize Opportunity to Sweep Away Opposition in Reichstag

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 11.

More than 2000 sailors and several members of the Reichstag were involved in the mutiny in the German navy which broke out the first of September, according to information received here today from a German naval port.

The leaders were plotting revolution when the outbreak was checked by loyal German soldiers and sailors.

Most of the warships affected were lying at Wilhelmshaven when the uprising took place.

Latest reports give the following causes as the chief ones leading up to the mutiny:

Influence exerted by the success of the revolution in Russia, which inspired the men to demand for "naval committees," such as now exist in the Russian fleet.

Bad and insufficient food.

Low morale caused by long inactivity.

Whether there was any connection between the outbreak in the navy and the mutinous uprising among the German soldiers on the western front is unknown, but it is assumed here that there was.

RINGLEADERS PUNISHED

The ringleaders in both instances were severely dealt with. A number were shot, and severe terms of imprisonment were imposed upon others. The sentences, harsh as they were, fell short of the penalties demanded personally by the Kaiser.

Among the warships affected was the Westfalen, which was reported sunk at the time of the battle of Jutland. Others were the Luitpold, Prinz Regent, Kaiser and Nürnberg.

The Government had the utmost difficulty in suppressing the revolt. Some of the marines refused to fire upon the mutineers, so infantry was called to the scene and the iron disciplined soldiers showed no hesitation in turning machine guns and rifles upon the mutinous sailors. It is not known how many were killed.

Unrest in the German navy continues despite the stern measures that have been taken to stamp it out.

It was recalled here today that, at the time of the Kaiser's hurried trip to Wilhelmshaven at the time of the mutiny, the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger and other papers stated that William was going to review the fleet and the defenses on Heligoland. It is understood here that the German navy has commenced to conscript sailors from the fleet for submarine duty, and this may have been one of the underlying causes of the growing unrest.

The mutineers were reported to have damaged some of their ships by dismantling the guns. Some of the loyal officers on the ships were shot. All of the members of the Reichstag involved are Socialists.

RADICALS IN DANGER

The German military machine is now expected to seek eradication of all opposing elements by new iron-hand methods. News of Reichstag sessions of the next few days will be eagerly awaited here. Belief is expressed in some quarters that German militarists will seize the opportunity afforded by their prompt suppression of the revolt to sweep away all radicals. The independent Socialists, of the type of Liebknecht, Ledebour and Hasse, have always been thorns in the side of the Pan-Germans. Liebknecht was removed by imposition of a long term of imprisonment because he circulated petitions for stoppage of the war. That was several months ago. His work of internationalism was taken up by Ledebour, Hasse and a small minority group of Socialists. They have constantly harassed the Government. Now the Government retaliates by seeking to connect them with the naval revolt.

The minority Socialists have demanded that the Reichstag appoint a committee to investigate the charges lodged by Admiral von Capelle against Deputies Hasse, Dittmann and Gortner. The majority Socialist wing demanded that the Marine Minister furnish full proofs, meantime refusing to define their own attitude on the charges. The fact that the German censors passed the news of the naval rebellion is taken as evidence that the militarists have managed again to gain complete ascendancy and that they are seeking an excuse for even more rigorous measures against popular rule.

REVOLUTION BREWING, VIEW IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.

American Government officials took hope today from the German navy mutiny. In it they saw the chance that the long-hoped-for revolution within Germany is brewing. Previously they had feared that the revolution would be slow in coming and, while this is an isolated case, they predicted that it is a forerunner of other internal troubles. The mutiny was regarded as the more significant from the fact that the navy has had to endure none of the real hardships to which other members of the German military machine have been subjected. Immune from the grilling grind of battle, the navy has had comparatively good food and good treatment. Hence, when even a few of its members seek to upset the Kaiser's iron regime, officials here interpret the mutiny as the most important news from Germany in recent months.

If the trouble extends to the army and then reaches into the working classes within Germany, President Wilson's dream of a Germany minus Hohenzollernism may be realized far in advance of what has generally been expected.

While there has been a disposition here on the part of some to doubt that the German people would split on the matter of their intriguing leadership, the most responsible authorities have felt all along that President Wilson's ideal was practicable. Sooner or later, they believe, the German people will waken to the realization that they are pawns in a losing game.

Revolutions of German intrigues, including the latest developments suggesting sabotage in America, have convinced the doubters here that when the full meaning of this world outburst of their autocratic rulers sinks into the minds of the German people, the navy mutiny and similar troubles will extend to all classes until Kaiser Wilhelm's position is made untenable.

LIBEL NORWEGIAN BOAT

Pennsylvania Firm Begins Action in Biloxi, Miss.

BILOXI, Miss., Oct. 11.—An action in libel has been filed in the United States District Court here by the United States Cast Iron Pipe and Foundry Company, a Pennsylvania corporation, against the ship "Lilje" of Norway, now in harbor at Gulfport, in which the libellant seeks \$2500 damages. The libel charges that the ship's name will not take the full cargo.

DEMOCRACY EVIDENCE OF ENLIGHTENMENT

Citizens Should Make Own Laws, Tax Themselves and Decree Own Wars

Today's talk on the Liberty Loan given in the public schools is as follows:

There are many nations in which the people have become tired of constantly holding themselves ready to obey the call of some king to do things which they do not wish to do and to obey laws which seem to them unjust. The people of these nations have taken the control of the government into their own hands, and have proceeded to elect their own rulers, tax themselves, and make their own laws. Such nations are called democracies. The money they raise by taxation is used for schools, roads, public buildings, and care of the health of the citizens, and the protection of life and property. Forced by the example and threat of such despoticisms as still exist, they build navies and organize armies.

But democracies are not looking for opportunities to use these armies and navies. They think that their Governments exist for the purpose of giving the citizen the widest opportunity for life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. They are willing that their neighbors also shall enjoy these blessings. A people so far advanced that they can organize and operate their own government are enlightened enough to realize also the horrors of war and the uselessness of trying to govern others against their will.

Moreover, the people who send their representatives to make the laws and declare war if necessary are the very ones who must go into the armies and navies and risk their lives in war. In a despotism those who declare war stay behind the armies and send the common people to die in battle.

When the rights and liberties of a democracy are threatened, the people are ready to fight, and to fight bravely. But they prefer to spend their money in such ways as will add to their comfort and happiness, and they hate the useless and needless expense and bloodshed of an aggressive war. We may say that despotism can exist only so long as it keeps its subjects ignorant and powerless in public matters, and fearful of war. A democracy, on the other hand, always tries to insure peace by extending the principle of arbitration into international affairs. If we "make the world safe for democracy," we have made it safe from war.

Tomorrow we shall tell you why money is needed for war.

RUSSIA STANDS BY ALLIES; NEW PLEDGES GIVEN

Provisional Government Promises Support With Its Entire Strength

FOR COMMON PEACE PLAN

PETROGRAD, Oct. 11.

In a proclamation issued by the new Cabinet today the provisional Government pledges to support with its entire strength the cause of the Allies and to oppose vigorously every attempt at the conquest of territories belonging to other nations and all attempts of other nations to impose their will on Russia.

The proclamation expressed the desire of the Russian provisional Government to participate in perfect accord with the Allies at the forthcoming conference at Paris, where the Russian delegates will seek to persuade their Allies to adopt a common peace policy.

In outlining its domestic and reform policy the proclamation pledges the Cabinet to fix prices of necessities, regulate on a social and democratic basis the relations of capital and labor, develop co-operative distribution of foodstuffs and increase production.

The Government will also impose a progressive tax on war profits and special taxes on luxuries and will increase all indirect taxation of property. The introduction of State monopolies of the most developed industries is also part of the program.

Wounded by Submarine's Shell

After having been wounded by a shell fired by a German submarine and left adrift sixteen hours in a small boat, George Tull, a seaman and one of the survivors of the torpedoed schooner A. R. Sherman, arrived home yesterday. The Sherman was bound from the United States to France with a cargo of oil, when she was held up in the Mediterranean, fired upon and sunk by a German submarine.

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Goodyear Raincoats Half Price and Less

Lot 1—Men's Raincoats \$2.50, \$7.50, \$8.50 DOUBLE TEX. RAINCOATS. Guaranteed Waterproof. Sale price... 3.50	Lot 6—Women's Cashmere \$9, \$10, \$12.50 CASHMERE TWEEDS, RAINCOATS and Mixture effects. Sale Price 5.00
Lot 2—Men's Cashmere \$10, \$12.50, \$13.50 CASHMERE TWEEDS, WATERPROOFS. Sale Price 5.75	Lot 7—Women's Novelties \$12, \$13.50, \$15 NOVELTY RAINCOATS, all colors. Sale Price 7.50
Lot 3—Men's Tweeds \$15, \$16.50, \$18 RAINCOAT TWEEDS, WATERPROOFS. Coats. Sale Price 8.75	Lot 8—Women's Silks \$20, \$22.50, \$25 RUBBERIZED SILK COATS, in large variety of styles and shades. Sale Price 10.00
Lot 4—Men's Cravenette \$20, \$22.50, \$25 CRAVENETTE imported materials and newest style raincoats. This lot includes many of our finest products. Sale Price 12.50	Lot 9—Women's & Men's HIGH-GRADE IMPORTED CRAVENETTE GABARDINE RAINCOATS , in assortments of up-to-the-minute styles. Wear rain or shine—No rubber. Sale Price 14.50
Lot 5—Women's Poplins \$5, \$6, \$7.50 POPLINS, CANTONS RAINCOATS, in various colors and styles. Sale Price. 2.75	Lot 10—Boys' & Girls' \$2.50 to \$5 RAINCOATS. Sale Price 2.50

Air Pillows Goodyear's for your Soldier... 1.75	Army Slickers and Officers' Cape Coats at the low-est prices.	Household Gloves Made of India Red Rubber, now About 1000 pairs 25¢
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