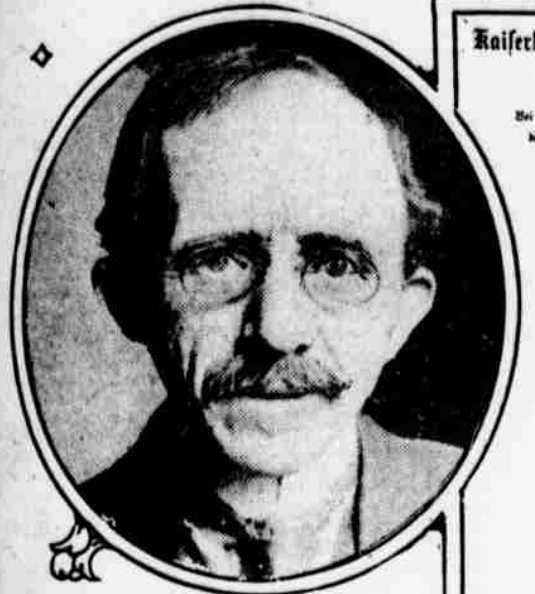


ITALIANS CAPTURE CREST OF MONTE SAN GABRIELE

GERMAN CONSUL'S APPROVAL OF TAGEBLATT EDITORIALS



Kaiserlich Deutsches Konsulat. Philadelphia, Pa., den 13. Sept. 1917. Die Redaktion des Philadelphia Tageblattes...



AUSTRIAN LOSS HEAVY; FAIL TO REGAIN GROUND

Cadorna's Troops Win Strategic Peak After Twenty-two Days of Battle

VIOLENT BATTLE ON AISNE

ROTTERDAM, Sept. 14. Austrian forces in Albania have been compelled to retreat before Italian pressure...

The chief fighting on the west front in the last twenty-four hours has centered in the region of Chemin-des-Dames...

The Buenos Aires police, having put a stop to the anti-German rioting in that city, are now guarding the German legation...

SAN GABRIELE SUMMIT NOW IN CADORNA'S HANDS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Italian troops have overrun the last Austrian defenses on top of Mount San Gabriele...

BELGIAN FREEDOM FAVORED BY BERLIN

Reply Received at Vatican Urges Absolute Independence of Little Kingdom

SEEKS LASTING PEACE

By JOHN H. HEARLEY. Rome, Sept. 14. Replies of the Central Powers to Pope Benedict's peace note were received by the Vatican today...

NAYLOR, NEW RECRUIT, FACES THE SENATORS

Mack and Washington Get Away in Second Tilt of Series Under Slight Drizzle

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14. The United States is aiming at sweeping German intrigue out of three nations—Argentina, Sweden and Mexico...

ATHLETICS. American League Park, Washington, D. C., Sept. 14. The Mackmen and the Senators hooked up for the second tilt of the four-game series...

LATEST SPORTS

BASEBALL SCORES. ATHLETICS . . . 0 0 0 0 0 1. WASH'G'TN . . . 0 0 0 0 0

NATIONAL LEAGUE. NEW YORK . . . 0 5 0 0 0. BOSTON . . . 0 0 0 0 0

AMERICAN LEAGUE. BOSTON . . . 0 0 0 3 0. NEW YORK . . . 0 0 2 0 3

600 OREGON CAVALRYMEN REACH CAMP SEVIER. CAMP SEVIER, Greenville, S. C., Sept. 14.—Six hundred Oregon cavalrymen arrived in camp today...

ADDITIONAL RACING RESULTS. Third Havre de Grace race, 3-year-olds and up, claiming, purse \$600, mile and 70 yards—Judge Wingfield, 107, Donohue, \$5.30, \$8, \$2.70, won; Tranby, 102, Rowan, \$3, \$2.70, second; Amphion, 114, Ambrose, \$3.70, third. Time, 1:46 2-5.

RED CROSS MISSION TO RUSSIA ON WAY HOME. WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—The Red Cross mission to Russia is enroute home via Peking, according to a cable received today at headquarters here.

DEPORTED I. W. W. BACK IN BISBEE, AGAIN ARRESTED. BISBEE, Ariz., Sept. 14.—A. S. Embree, leader and chairman of the executive committee of the deported I. W. W., with thirty-two other members of the organization, who were deported, arrived here today.

EQUIPMENT TROUBLE IN TWENTY-SIXTH DIVISION DENIED. WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Major General Clarence Edwards, commanding the Twenty-sixth (Rainbow) Division, this afternoon denied through Adjutant General McCall's office, reports that trouble had been encountered in equipping the division.

6000 SEATTLE CARPENTERS STRIKE. SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 14.—Six thousand Seattle carpenters walked out today to enforce a boycott against lumber cut in mills which operate ten hours a day.

BAR SILVER REACHES \$1.00 1/2 AN OUNCE. NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Commercial bar silver sold at \$1.00 1/2 an ounce, an upturn of 1 1/2 cents. This is a new high record on this movement and the highest price at which the metal has sold in many years.

STANDARD OIL MEN TO GET 10 PER CENT BONUS. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—At a meeting of directors of the Standard Oil Company of California it was voted to give a bonus of 10 per cent of their salaries for the half year ended December 31 next to employees receiving less than \$250 per month.

KAISER OFFERS REWARD FOR U. S. CAPTIVES. AMERICAN FIELD HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Sept. 14.—German soldiers taken by the French in the recent fighting told their captors the Kaiser has offered a reward of 500 marks (\$75) and three months' leave for the first American soldier captured by the German army.

GREEN BREAD LATEST IDEA IN HIGH SCIENCE

Professor McCollum Makes Novel Suggestion to Food Conference

DATES FROM MOTHER EVE

Flour From Alfalfa and Leaves Far More Nutritious Than Cereals



PROF. E. V. McCOLLUM. Baltimore savant from the School of Hygiene and Public Health, Johns Hopkins University, who today discussed new phases of the food problem at the conference held under the auspices of the American Academy of Political and Social Science.

UNHAPPY THOUGHT. It is time to stop and think. 'Is the world full of meat and drink? And if it isn't, who is able To fill the plates upon our table?'

Green bread is the latest suggestion of science. White bread and brown bread have had their chance and have failed to deliver the goods. It is now up to the flour that bloom in the spring, tritium.

Green bread was described today at the opening session of the national food conference, under the auspices of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, in the Chamber of Commerce assembly room, Widener Building. It was advertised as a first step toward preventing lack of nutrition among the poor.

The new bread goes back for its inspiration to the dim and distant beginnings of the world itself. Just as Eve used the leaves of the garden with which to fashion her first garments, so the leaves of the fields are to be used now for making internal improvements.

'Eve's-leaves Loaves' might be the name tagged to the new discovery, which was described by Professor E. V. McCollum, of Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore. Incidentally it is the first suggestion of the usefulness of grass as food since King Nebuchadnezzar, thousands of years ago, went down on his knees to eat grass like an ox.

SCOFFS AT BREAKFAST FOODS. Professor McCollum led up to his description of green bread by saying bitter things about the effect of cereals when eaten without a sufficient accompaniment of milk. He scoffed at breakfast foods, 'usually accompanied by a delightful picture, showing the enjoyment of a child sitting at the table and proceeding to draw harrowing conclusions of the effect of cereals upon the human body, unless accompanied by the proper amount of rich milk.'

There is danger, he said, that the housewife, who hears so much about the cheapness and the nutritive value of rice, wheat, corn and their products, will come to believe that nature produced the seeds of these grains as compact little packages which contain everything necessary to life. This idea should be 'spurious genent,' he hinted.

Tens of thousands of people in the Southern States, he said, are suffering from pellagra, otherwise known as the hookworm disease, simply because their food is too much cereal and not enough fats. He said that science had discovered that young animals fed solely on any combination of seeds, never grow to half the normal size of the adult and that they live only a third as long as they should. The necessary qualities for healthfulness are to be found only in undiluted milk and in the leaves of vegetables taken along with the cereals.

The supply of milk, he pointed out, is only a pint or two daily for each man, woman and child in the country. And since the rich, supposedly, are able to buy more than this amount, there is left a wholly insufficient amount for poorer families.

FLOUR FROM GREEN LEAVES. The remedy, said Professor McCollum, must lie in the discovery of a new article of diet for poor people which will be sufficiently appetizing as well as nutritive. 'A way can be found to convert leaves of some sort into a dry flour which will last indefinitely and taste well, as well as supplying the ingredients which are lacking in cereal flours. It will be the greatest boon ever known to humanity,' he said. 'Experiments along these lines have already been conducted by Professor Fairchild, who has made flour from the leaves of alfalfa grass. Mixed with cereal flour it makes green bread.'

THE WEATHER. FORECAST. For Philadelphia and vicinity—Unsettled tonight and Saturday, with possible showers, not much change in temperature; gentle winds, mostly northeasterly.

LENGTH OF DAY. Sun rises . . . 5:30 a. m. Moon rises . . . 3:30 a. m. Sun sets . . . 6:32 p. m. Moon sets . . . 2:30 p. m.

DELAWARE RIVER TIDE CHANGES. CONSUMPTIVE FRESH. High water . . . 11:25 a. m. Low water . . . 11:25 p. m.

REBEL CHIEF'S FATE DIVIDES SLAV CABINET

Four Resign When Kerensky Demands Severest Punishment of Korniloff

MINOR REVOLT QUELLED

PETROGRAD, Sept. 14. General Grimoff, who commanded General Korniloff's rebellious troops and who ordered them to surrender when all hope was lost, committed suicide today. Grimoff had personally superintended the surrender of his forces, then went to Petrograd. He talked with Premier Kerensky and then went to his home in the capital. There he killed himself.

By WILLIAM G. SHEPHERD. PETROGRAD, Sept. 14. What punishment shall be meted out to General Korniloff split the Russian Cabinet today. Four Ministers have left the Cabinet. Personal surrender of the revolting army chief is imminent. His troops have melted away to a mere handful. Government troops which three days ago captured his headquarters at Pskoff press upon him from both front and rear.

There is widespread public demand that those responsible for the counter-revolution be severely dealt with. It was this question, apparently, which led to the retirement from the Cabinet of Vice Premier Nekrasoff, Minister of Foreign Affairs Tereshchenko, Minister of Food Pletshchekonoff, Minister of Agriculture Tcherneff and Minister of Ways and Communications Goureff. As the last named explained the withdrawals, the Ministers 'felt it was impossible to carry out Kerensky's orders to take certain measures against Korniloff.'

TERESHCHENKO TO REMAIN. Later Tereshchenko withdrew his resignation and it was announced today he had been named as vice premier. That the 'certain measures' proposed by Kerensky were for severest punishment of the rebel leaders was confidently asserted in certain circles.

This view was given public confirmation in the announcement that M. Kischkin, a Cadet leader, had accepted the post of Minister of the Interior in the reorganized Cabinet. The Cadet party, through Prof. Paul Miltukoff, has persistently stood out for drastic punishment of all those aligned against the provisional Government, for the death penalty for treason and for severely repressive measures against intriguers. Kischkin, it was said, had accepted his office 'unconditionally.'

COSSACK HETMAN ARRESTED. One other minor revolt—that led by General Kaledin, hetman of the Don Cossacks—was quelled by the arrest of Kaledin at Rostov. He was taken into custody by the local council of the Workmen and Soldiers' Party. Formal announcement was made here that Kaledin's following was small.

Kaledin was apparently seeking an escape from the Government forces. General Verkhovskoy, commandant of the Moscow district, had wired him Thursday: 'The Cossacks on the left front are proceeding toward the Don, while the enemy menaces Petrograd. If this means the Cossacks are declaring war on Russia I shall consider their appearance in my district as a revolt and will order their immediate destruction.'

'You know I possess sufficient forces to accomplish this. I am looking for your reply to dissipate my doubts.' As far back as Tuesday afternoon it became known that Kaledin's following was small.

Continued on Page Eight, Column One

Continued on Page Seventeen, Column Six

Continued on Page Four, Column Five

Continued on Page Four, Column Five

Continued on Page Four, Column Five

Continued on Page Four, Column Five



A letter signed by Dr. George Stobbe approving editorials contained in the Philadelphia Tageblatt and thanking the editors of that paper for sending copies to him was introduced as evidence today at the hearing of the defendant editors before United States Commissioner Long. Doctor Stobbe was Imperial German Consul at Philadelphia. The letter is reproduced above, as are pictures of three defendants, Martin Darkow (upper left), Waldemar Alfredo (upper right) and Louis Werner.

TAGEBLATT MEN UNDER BIG BAIL

U. S. Commissioner Long Holds Five Officials in \$10,000 Each

CONSPIRACY THE CHARGE

Five of the officials of the Philadelphia Tageblatt, which newspaper published accounts of the war favorable to Germany and attacked United States policies, were held in \$10,000 bail for court this afternoon by United States Commissioner Long. Henry John Nelson, counsel for the defendants, claimed that a charge of conspiracy against the defendants had not been proved. Commissioner Long held that as officials of the newspaper they were liable for anything which appeared in it. The men held are Herman Lemke, business manager; Dr. Martin Darkow, managing editor; Louis Werner, editor-in-chief; Peter Schaeffer, president, and Paul Vogel, treasurer. Waldemar Alfredo, of the editorial staff, was discharged.

Attacks upon the policies of the United States Government which appeared in different issues of the Philadelphia Tageblatt were frequently indorsed by the German consulate of this city, according to evidence brought out today at the hearing of the six officials of that newspaper. A letter from the office of the German consulate which gave the 'O. K.' to many of the editorials was introduced at the hearing held before United States Commissioner Long in the Federal Building.

Before the hearing was begun, which was attended by more than two hundred Socialists and followers of the United States Department of Justice was in possession of proof that the prisoners had violated the terms of the espionage act. This particular section refers to all published reports.

Continued on Page Seventeen, Column Six

Continued on Page Seventeen, Column Six

Continued on Page Seventeen, Column Six

TEUTON PLOTS FOILED; ALLIES CAUSE HELPED

Revelations of Mexican Intrigue Will React to Disadvantage of Teutons

SWEDISH TRICKERY BARED

The latest disclosures of Swedish diplomatic activity in the interests of Germany are likely to be turned to good account by the United States. Following, as it does, closely upon the heels of the Argentine revelations, the publication of the letter sent by the German Minister at Mexico City to Berlin, commending the secret activities of Folke Cronholm, the Swedish charge, is calculated to arouse the indignation of the Swedish people, and at the same time to stir up further resentment among German Liberals, already disgusted with evidences of their Government's web of intrigue.

The Berlin Government is already showing a disposition to sidestep responsibility. It declares that the Argentine revelations are of no interest to Germany, but purely a matter for Sweden to discuss. Von Eckhardt, the German Minister at Mexico City, characterizes the new revelations as 'damn uninteresting.'

The Buenos Aires police, having put a stop to the anti-German rioting in that city, are now guarding the German legation, where Minister von Luxburg, his plotting revealed to the world, is preparing for an inglorious departure.

Mexico may dismiss the German Minister as a result of the unfolding of details of the latest plot. At least, the Mexican Government is now likely to take cognizance of German intrigues and make serious attempts to stop them.

SWEDEN ACTED AS SPY. MEXICAN PLOT SHOWS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14. The United States is aiming at sweeping German intrigue out of three nations—Argentina, Sweden and Mexico. And she would convince Teuton Liberals that the world is unsafe while such plotting exists.

That is the meaning behind new revelations regarding Swedish partnership with Germany, shown by a letter of German Minister von Eckhardt, Mexico, to the German Chancellor published today.

This letter proved that Sweden has been not alone messenger for Germany, but also a participant in the plot.

Continued on Page Four, Column Two

Continued on Page Four, Column Two

Continued on Page Four, Column Two

Continued on Page Four, Column Two

Continued on Page Four, Column Two

Continued on Page Four, Column Two

Continued on Page Four, Column Two

Continued on Page Four, Column Two

Continued on Page Four, Column Two

Continued on Page Four, Column Two

Continued on Page Four, Column Two

The Continuation of the Story "Germany, the Next Republic?" by Carl W. Ackerman