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Philadelphia, Wednesday, August 29, 1917

#### TRUTH CANNOT BARGAIN WITH FALSEHOOD

TN THE days immediately preceding the great collapse a small Confederate force was about to evacuate a village in North Carolina. A young Confederate officer was in command of a single field piece, which, concealed in a copse above fares. a small stream, dominated the other bank and was intended to safeguard the Confederate retreat, rendered imminent by the approach of large Union forces. Late in that spring afternoon there emerged from the woods on the opposite shore a squadron of blue cavalry. It proceeded leisurely in utter ignorance of its peril. "I was about to give the order to fire," related the Confederate offices later, "when it suddenly dawned on me that we were whipped anyhow, that to kill those fine, young men would do the Confederacy no good. It seemed murder, senseless and brutal. The squad agreed with me. I suppose I ought to have been court-martialed, but three weeks later the war was over." In our Civil War bravery and chivalry marched

Lost causes have generally been served with supreme devotion. It is no new thing in history for defenders of the wrong to reach the heights of valor. Men who believe they are right have the morale of men who are right. In mere physical bravery, fortitude and heroism, the modern German need yield to no man. He has proved himself. But these are not virtues which can wipe out brutality. The tradition of the soldler is to be tender and true. That tradition the German has violated, ruthlessly and deliberately, making of it another "scrap of paper." outrages on women have been encouraged. With all the fury of the rat-Prussianized Bavarian has joined with and fact, pure barbarism. No living thing has been spared, man, beast or tree, but all alike have been the victima of insatiate fury.

Grant could treat with Lee. Civilization

The mills of the gods grind slowly. Men have lived and practiced debaucheries through a long term of years; the good have seen the wicked thrive and no punishment has seemed to hover in the offing. Then suddenly, almost in a night, stern retribution takes a hand. A crisis arrives and the reputation of the man, if not his character, becomes an insuperable barrier to his hopes "Character is the best collateral," exclaimed the elder Morgan. "On it alone I have advanced a million." A man can raise money, help, anything, if he bring to his enterprise clean hands and a clean record. A Government, whatever its errors, can go into a conference and win a peace unless it is forsworn,

Germany is forsworn. Even if she won the whole earth she has lost her soul, her character, the intangible thing without which man or nation is a pariah, forever to be avoided. Sweet words may come from Berlin, definite promises to forsake the imperial program and renounce its vicious purposes. but so long as they come from Hohensollerns and junkers they are worth no more than the harlot's professions or the promises of a drug flend.

Mr. Wilson has put his finger unerringly on the truth. There can be but one policy for us, and that is to fight on until the mad dog that has run faith in the contention that he will not un amuck again. The billions in reasure and the millions in lives which have been sacrificed must not be wasted promise with desperadoes. We can only ast and overwhelm them, and to

## TRUE PROVINCE OF THE POCKET

d even Dame Fashion. That her to rule

A dainty, diminutive thing it always

What woman ever understood a pocket

pockets from this year's "correct" fem-inine frocks, but man in his grateful IN QUEST OF heart knows better.

was, perhaps containing a microscopic handkerchief. More often the little sack was demurely empty and all its glo-Possibilities rious tradition violated and traduced Pockets were made to be stuffed. A dull knife, an empty tobacco pouch, an expired railroad ticket, those letters you forgot to mail, the key of the house you used to live in, those newspaper clippings you always intended to paste in a book, must have a home somewhere. Affectionately pressed next your heart or hip, they are the close friends of your most personal

household, the very clothes you wear, Your wife, your sister or your best girl will never comprehend this. She jeers at it. She is bag-carrying, chatelaine-dangling by nature, and the Fashion Art League of America displays therefore a keen discernment, apart from conservation policies, in taking from her the man's precious pocket to which she has ever failed to pay due tribute.

### A QUESTION OF FACT

MR. HANCOCK, one of the city's repre-sentatives on the board of directors of the P. R. T., is credited with the following statement:

The new lease is in many points more dvantageous than the old. For instance, advantageous than the old. For instance, the city is assured of interest and sinkingfund charges before the company gets anything. Under the old lease the com-pany got its money first, despite the fact that the city is investing \$100.000,000 in

The city is not "assured of interest and sinking fund charges before the company gets anything." It and the company together are assured jointly of their revenues by the device of increasing car-

We suspect that what Mr. Hancock really means to say is that there would be more money taken in by the transit system under six-cent fares than under fivecent fares. That is obvious and is the very thing the people do not intend to let happen. They voted for the Taylor program in order to prevent it.

### UNITY IN ALL THE AMERICAS

TATIN-AMERICA is learning its lesson from the European war before the final curtain on that terrible drama falls. As each additional nation has been drawn into the conflict the bonds uniting the Western World Republics have been tightened. Civilization abroad is fighting tightened. Civilization abroad is fighting men" should head the War and Navy Defor the ideal of a peaceful association of partments; but Secretary Baker survived the nationalities, a confederated Europe, in which treatles will be inviolate and the threat of militarism will be powerless. But our cisatlantic neighbors are not waiting for the consummation of that hope They will rejoice when Europe realizes it, but by that time something like a very probably be in existence.

The latest movement toward this goal is revealed in the plan of the Central American Republics to hold a convention re newing the guarantee of the neutrality of Honduras. As this country touches the frontiers of all the Central American States, save Costa Rica and Panama, a neutrality pact would virtually insure the peace of these tropical Republics. Sev eral attempts in the past to maintain a single great Republic in Central America those unquiet times have now vanished. making of it another "scrap of paper."

Canadian officers have been crucified on barn doors in Flanders. Unutterable to peace could play a significant role on the part of their barn loaded up with literature, telling the stage of civilization. Farther south old animosities are fast

burning out. The tragic Europe is plainly an example worth heeding. At no time since the bitter war of 1879-1882 have the relations between Peru so aggressive in the presentation of their and Chili been so amicable as now. Argentina's present grievance against Germany was precisely that which compelled Brazil to break off relations. The sincerity of the new Teuton backdown has yet to be proved. The two greatest rivals and greatest nations in South America have had a common cause against piracy, and new links of friendship have assuredly been forged.

Crowning all, Pan-Americanism, purged of Latin distrust of our land, magnificently fosters the new spirit of harmony. And when the league, union, associationwhen the league, union, association—names are immaterial—of peace-loving New World nationalities is achieved, as it seems bound to be, it will have been formed without the firing of a single

Russian marplots will note with consternation that Kerensky's check on intrigue is not blank, but boldly indorsed with his own vigorous signature.

According to the new army regula tions, the American officer may carry his cane "in the trenches only." Raising it there will be inevitable without any rules.

It is surprising to hear the Bell Telephone Company's complaint that women cannot do its work. We had always thought the sex on the wire was

Venizelos declares that royalty is

is about to make for use abroad? As a protection against poisonous gang hot air they would come in mighty handy at

The deposed Emperor Lidi Jeassu who has taken refuge in a mountain ravine, ought to be very grateful to the man who put abyss into Abyssinia. The unfriendly plains of Russia offered no hiding place so handy to demoted Nich-

Now that we are really leading a life that is strenuous, that once overworked adjective seems to have dropped from our vocabulary. Perhaps "efficiency" may have a similar fate when the force of the fact makes talking about

Agitation of irresponsibles in countries among our allies will ir no manner dissuade Bulgaria from keeping territory conquered in this war. I have their solemn word out conquests belong to us.—Bulgarian Premier.

It was their "solemn word"

# A "WAR GOAT"

Baker, Daniels and Redfield Mentioned Among the

Special Correspondence of the Evening Ledger WASHINGTON, Aug. 28. FOR some time past it has been brutted about the Capitol that the Wilson Ad-I about the Capitol that the Wilson Administration would soon have "a goat" and that Secretary Baker or Secretary Daniels, or both, would be it. Then again it has been suggested that Secretary Redfield might serve in this capacity. But as to these rumors President Wilson has given no word.

It is believed the Cabinet is not always in accord, but such differences as arise do not seem to affect the loyalty of the members to the President or the country. They are said to be more in the nature of jealousies. due to the encroachment of one departme upon the jurisdiction of another. Recently there have been several cases where one Secretary has let it be known that legislation suggested by another department would trench upon his preserves. It is the natural result of efforts upon the part of one branch of the Government to widen its authority, not necessarily at the expense of another department, but regardless of it. disparagement of the zeal of a Cabinet of-ficer to thus reach out for power. It may mean more money to spend, more employes to appoint and control, or possibly more po-litical influence; but if there is nothing dishonest in it, it remains a matter of zeal very largely, maybe of ambition.

Committees of the Senate and the House are sometimes addicted to this habit taking work from other committees. The soldiers and sailors' insurance bill, which came from the Treasury Department, was referred to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce. That is an important committee, but what it has to do with soldiers' insurance is not clear. The Mili-tary Affairs Committee and the Pension Committee were overlooked in this reference and the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce met and discussed the bill and granted hearings upon it while the other nittees "wanted to know." It may be, as in the case of committees, that one Cab-inet officer does not like to be "edged" out of position by another on the big things that are going on.

This, however, is not at the bottom of the opposition to Secretary Baker and Secretary Daniels. They have been marked for criti-cism by influences not wholly political outcism by influences not wholly political out-side of Administration circles, and possibly by some of the autocrats within, Army and Navy Departments contain some very able, but some very dogmatic, officials who chafe at civilian oversight. When Secretary Baker, who is head of the Council of National Defense, read the "riot act" to his associates and confreres on the bitumiious coal agreement the wrath of the whole contracting outfit, now camping in Washington, was poured out upon his head and was welcomed by some of those nearer home in official life who believe that "trained attack and now finds himself backed up by the President, who fixed a \$2-per-ton rate for bituminous coal instead of the \$3 agreement rate which Secretary Baker confemned, and has gone still further to bring down the price of anthracite.

The President's action thus puts the stamp of approval upon his Secretary of although his more popular Secretary United States of All the Americas will of the Interior, Mr. Lane, stood for the \$3 rate proposed by the mine operators. It is not the first time the President has indicated his confidence in Mr. Baker, who, along with Secretary Daniels, suffers as much criticism as any member of the Cabinet.

### Daniels Exhibits Backbone

Just where all the talk about Baker and Daniels comes from is not clear. Certain newspapers have been "going for" the Sec-retary of the Navy for a long time, but the suspicion is spreading that they have been encouraged somewhat by certain large influences opposed to civilian control that single great Republic in Central America find convenient cover under the guise of so-have failed. But the petty jealousies of called patriotic leagues in which the elect those unquiet times have now vanished. them how to run the nation in the interest of the common people

when the Senate began to raise the rates on incomes. They have been so per-sistent with their advice and demands and war views that, instead of winning sup-port, some of them have been set down as meddlesome and obstructive. The Secre-tary of the Navy evidently had this in mind when he tabooed the Navy League because of the domineering attitude of its president, Colonel Thompson, toward the department. Colonel Thompson is a wealthy ex-naval officer, who understands the necessity for discipline in war and who has the reputation of enforcing it in his private affairs; but he is interested in copper mines, and as copper is a fairly profit-able war munition just now, the department knew him apart from his connection

Being at odds with the department, Colo The reply of the Secretary was quite emphatic, as the public now knows. It went so far as to bar the league and its activities of the secretary was all the ties under present auspices from all the no reflection on the good women of the Navy League, who have been knitting for the sailors, to say that no tears were shed in Washington when Mr. Daniels finally turned on his tormentor and exhibited a little more American backbone than the president of the Navy League thought he possessed.

with the patriotic Navy League.

But such are the annoyances that beset official life in Washington in war times. The Secretaries of War and the Navy have their faults, but they are hard workers and have the confidence of the Presi-

# Expenditures May Bring Scandal

Rumors of waste, of "easy money" and of "big fortunes" in war expenditures continue to float about the Capitol. It has been sug-Venizelos declares that royalty is receiving its last trial in Greece. A world becoming each day safer for democracy ought to have no difficulty in anticipating what the verdict will be.

Couldn't Philadelphia manage to hold out some gas masks from those she is about to make for use abroad? As a hedges in the appropriations and contracts of the Government offer strong inducements to officials and contractors alike to make daring and reckless use of Government

Up to date, however, there has been little more than gossip, or an occasional charge of favoritism in the furnishing of supplies or in the adjustment of rates. Disappointed contractors occasionally contend that com-petitors are "on the inside." with the Coun-cil of National Defense, or at the departcil of National Defense, or at the departments, but nothing of consequence has yet materialized to fasten culpability for alleged waste and extravagance upon the men in charge of the various branches of the war work. The President and the War and Navy Departments have enormous sums at their disposal, sums that were voted in the jump, which are rapidly disappearing and which will doubtless be replenished sooner or later.

sooner or later.

The President and his Cabinet officials. course, have little opportunity to go over the details involved in such expenditures and details involved in such expenditures and must rely on subordinates to see that the money is honestly spent. Thus far those who have been concerned in making these expenditures are enjoying the popularity that goes with one doing one's "bit" for one's country, since few men are more popular while the money lasts than those whe have it to spend. Tom Daly's Column



THE FRENCH aheays thought the folks in France Were much too frenchified By which I mean they made such lots Of gestures when they cried and got excited very quick When anybody died.

lithough when they are visiting That's how they may appear It isn't always true of them For it is very clear haven't seen them doing it Since I am over here.

haven't seen a cannon yet Or anybody dead And men and women do not cry But smile at me instead And look so shiny 'round the eyes And pat me on the head.

And every one is so polite And acts so sweet and dear A child like me may walk about Without the slightest fear I think the war has made them all At least a little queer. (To be continued.)

There is no word or combination of words in the German language to stand for "fair play." But, hold on a minute! Bill Day, who calls our attention to the lack, thinks it's because the Germans don't go in for football, baseball and other sports as we do. But let's go deeper and inquire: "Why don't they?" And doesn't that explain a lot of things? No real sportsmen were they who entered with joyful alacrity upon the sure thing this war promised to be when Von Kluck's players took the field in August, 1914.

JOE CONNOR has gone to the war, or at least to the intermediate station at Augusta. Ga., and we hope he'll never know how much we are going to miss him. For five years Joe has been our stenographer, except for a few special occasions when we threw on the dog and he became "secretary." He won no medals for spelling, but in the somewhat more important details of industry, honorable dealing and single-hearted devotion we have never had occasion to mark him less than 100 per cent. We commend him to his new employer, but pray for his speedy return to us. Sergeant Major Joseph W. Connor, Second Artillery, is off to the war!

HELPING FOSTER REEDER FIND A PERFECT RHYME FOR HIS BROKEN PELVIS.

You want a rhyme for "pelvis"? I think the verb "to delve" is. PAM.

The pelvis "a" should hiss. Why should a mere rhyme shelve us?

There! that's the mate for "pelvus." [Another broken pelvis! That "vus" you've get to spell "vis"—And that, as far as we can see, is all the rhyme there'll ever be.

FROM THE TRENCHES. gif dem Frenchies hacks und vhacks Von dunderkopf to pelvis; So swift I swing mein pattle-axe. Mein Gott! how hot der helve iss.

Solferino' candy?" asks G. C. W. "Gates s making something like it, and at is making something like it, and at world fills again with peace talk; with talk Eighth and Chestnut streets today I saw that is of a possible friendship with that a trayful, with this legend attached in big print letters, 'SULPHERING CANDY.' I understand Gates is English, but why should he try to raise that kind of Cain with our most revered institutions? Why? I ask you! when we Americans are trying so hard to be friends with his people, and succeeding

only in patches." And what has become of the old-fashioned "steamed cocoanut taffy" which always copped our penny on the way to

Dear Tom: And I myself noticed this ead in your own dear paper: GIRL, ACCUSED OF THEFT, SWALLOWS A LETTER

I sincerely hope it was not U.

ST. LOUIS PAPERS PLEASE COPY. GILBERT ALLEN GEIST goes Southwest each fall, sometimes via Chicago and at other times via St. Louis. He has many friends in both cities who know this. Yesterday from St. Louis came this telegram:

"Come through St. Louis. I want to tell you semething."

We appear to be in for a little disputatious diversion, but we're for a square deal and no more. We'll give no more than a square's space to each party.

Dear Sir-Mr. Asron Brandt's answers to my questions, published by you on August 24, are as coherent as expected. It was he who accused "wrong thought" of being re-sponsible for my nonhealing under Christian Science treatment, and naturally I supposed he meant either mine or the he meant either mine or the practitioner's. Since he gisclaims attributing "wrong thoughts" to persons, perhaps he believes

His answer as to why Archibald McLellan died (in spite of the Christian Science teach-ings that "there is no death" and "man in ings that "(here is no death" and "man is incapable of death") is because "the things that are seen are temporal." My question referred to the "seen" Archibaid McLellan and to the termination of his "temporal" life.

Will Mr. Brandt just say plainly whether Christian Science claims or does not claim to beal the "seen" or visible human body?

August 25, 1917. August 25, 1917.

"If we were rich." says Tom Daly, "we might be tempted to buy a place on the Main Line and put up one of those signs, "Tradespeople must not use this entrance," which seems indigenous to that soil." Well, now, Tom, just how would YOU convey the suggestion that there is a driveway for delivery wagons and another leading to the front door? Although our chief enthusiasm is making the world our chief enthusiasm is making the world aafe for democracy, we see nothing in-furiating in the sign. "Tradespeople must not use this entrance."

You've said it for us, Bert: "Driveway for Delivery Wagons." Any old thing will answer that deletes the snobbish



An Optimistic Opinion on the Effect of the Wilsonian Doctrine on the Course of German Politics-"Cienfuegos" Corrected

### SLOW BUT SURE

To the Editor of the Evening Ledger: Sir—When the great Wilsonian doctrine that the kernel of the war was the democratization of Germany was launched, there were too many of us who began to expect the German revolution to begin at once. As month after month passed by, with the Kaiser still firm in the saddle, we once. As month after month passes by with the Kaiser still firm in the saddle, we began to feel that the democratization idea was sheer idealism, unconvertible into fact. The Reichstag crises seemed to be mere in helping to free Germany? And such a part of the same of t academic changes of front on the part of victoriess victory takes time indicating changes of viewpoint among the people. And now, five months after Mr. Wilson de-clared that we could never be friends with German autocratic Government, very Government to which we are sup-posed to have given the potential death-blow. signed "Cienfuegos," dealing with the fre-quency of errors in Spanish words. Mr. "Cienfuegos" is right, but since he has taken up the matter, he should be careful not to make mistakes himself.

Kaiser to fight on to the death, until he was dethroned either by the Allies or by the German people, or else changed into a constitutional monarch. It relied upon the Kaiser to remain the arch-fiend of the situ-ation. Really, we must look upon it as a distinct breach of faith with un if the Kaiser should consent to reasonable terms of peace. If he yields all we want him to yield, strict Wilsonians must quote from the speech of April 2: "A steadfast concert for peace can never be maintained except a partnership of democratic nations No autocratic Government could be trusted to keep faith within it or observe its covenants.

If the Kaiser, then, should reply to the Pope's appeal (or to the inevitable later appeals) in a document countersigned and subscribed to by the leading representatives of the German people; if movements toward peace should be guaranteed by Ber-lin as being sanctioned and authorized by the German people as well as by their ex-ecutive, are we prepared to state what form of written constitution guaranteeing the con-tinued responsibility of the German people for their Government would be acceptable to us? Are we not really betting that the Kaiser will play true to form and leaving the future constitution of Germany to chance? Remember, the Kaiser has now had five months to study every possible way in which he can present a diplomatic front which will appear to guarantee "a front which will appear to guarantee "a partnership of democratic nations," and we are not to suppose that he will necessarily choose the precise, stupid course which will eventually leave him, like Napoleon, hoping that a bullet will reach his heart as e retires from his Waterloo.

No, we have been trusting that the Kaiser will behave like the Czar and that Herr Scheidemann will behave like Keren sky. But you cannot always trust a tyrani to keep on being bad and a radical to keep on being extreme in his demands for democracy. It is even possible that a Ger-many pressed to the breaking point and united by a common suffering might find itself more firmly attached to the monarchy than ever, saying, "Punish us as much as you please, but this one blot you will not put upon our shield, that we let you change our form of government for us. Humbled and poor, we shall all the more need a strong central government rather than trust to a new wild democracy the Punsion type."

of the Russian type."

But all these possibilities are leaving out what I believe to be the true solution which the facts point to. Democratization of Germany should be, cannot help but be, slow but sure. A new idea takes time to sink in. They have had only five months in which to chew over the Wilsonlan doctrine. It happens that modern warfare and the present military situation move slowly. In the Napoleonic era the French tried to democratize all Europe; but the swiftness the Napoleonic era the French tried to democratize all Europe; but the swiftness of Napoleon's successes defeated their own purpose. Had they been slower and more paintuilly earned democracy would have held its place in France and the fight with the Prussian, Russian and Austrian autocrats would have taught the peoples of Europe what they were to learn a conturgiater—that a world war can have no page ing unless it is fought to make diplomacy "a concert of free peoples."

The very dimoulty and slowness of our military task make it possible for the

4. What plateau has been the scene of Austrian retirements in the face of the Italian drive? and step by step. Inherent in the nature of and step by step. Innerent in the holitical the victory that we must win is the political development that is to be gained. Had the Germans been utterly broken after the Marne we should never have heard of development.

"CIENFUEGOS" CORRECTED

Sir-In today's paper there is a letter

the "highbrows" call that fruit "avocado," which Mr. "Cienfuegos" says is the Span

As a Spaniard I will tell Mr. "Cienfuegos

cate," exactly the same as the "highbrows

As a reference I will copy from the leasquez Spanish - English dictionary: 'Ayocado' - The fruit of Persea gratissima.

"Cienfuegos" can justly object to the Americans using it in the same sense.

Philadelphia, August 25.

To the Editor of the Evening Ledger:

Philadelphia, August 28.

ish word for "lawyer."

"alligator pear."

"AINDT IT AWFUL!"

FANTRY WINDOW

5. What foreign composer found musical in-6. What is the origin of the word "gircerin"?
7. Who was the most famous arbiter of taste in the reign of Nero? mocratization. Three years of war have humbled the pride of allied tories and made them accept a liberal reason for fight-8. Who was Lemuel Gulliver? 9. Give the name of the German Under Secre-tary for Foreign Affairs who has just reing. Mr. Wilson should tell Pope

10. What does the expression "Tering it on the

What Do You Know?

QUIZ

2. What are the two main divisions of arti-

3. Name the principal European neutral coun-

1. What is a sonnet?

Answers to Yesterday's Quiz

The Pantisocrats—Coleridge, Souther and Lovell. British poets—planned to emigrate to North America and found an "ideal State" on the banks of the Susquehanna River.

"Crocker Land" is a deceptive mirage in the Arctic regions, first supposed by Rear Admiral Peary to be an actual piece of land, but fixed at its true valuation by Donald B. MacMillan's recent exploration expedition.

J. Jusserand is the French Ambassador to the United States. He says that the "aguacate" is called "alligator pear." and this is absurd, although the words are English. And that Italy has produced the newest fighting ma-chine, described as a great float sur-mounted with heavy guns and a novel type of shell.

 Germany is reported to be calling for military service crippled men and inmates of hospitals who have not recovered from their lilnesses.
 The Grand Guignol, in the Rue Chaptal, is the principal Parisian "theatre of horrors." that "avocado" is not the Spanish word for "lawyer," it being "abogado." "Avo-cado" is a Spanish word, meaning "agua-

9. King John of England was a member of the House of Plantagenet.

O. American Indians, though exempt from com-pulsory United States service, have re-cently volunteezed in large numbers. PHILADELPHIA'S FIRST LIBRARY

"alligator pear."

The words "aguacate" and "avocado" in Spanish no doubt are both imitative or onomatopeic of the Mexican word "ahuacatl," which was the name of the said fruit; and since the Spaniards found good to make use of the non-Spanish word "avocado" for the Mexican "ahuacatl," I don't think Mr. "Clenfuegoa" can justiv object to the American "aluacatl," I don't think Mr. T WAS in the mind of Franklin that the idea of a library on modern principles originated hereabouts. Early in the ighteenth century there was a library, indeed, the germ of the Philadelphia Library that was to be; three little bookcases filled with volumes loaned by a club of gentle-men. Those who wished to consult the books could do so, and the volumes grew so shabby under constant handling that

their owners became dissatisfied. The "loans" were thus virtually unwilling gifts. Franklin conceived the idea that a public library, which should differ from all other libraries, might be formed; it should own its books, which should be lent to subscribers and carried home "into the bosom of private families," there to be well taken care of and thence to be returned in good condition when finished with. The founders sought fifty gentlemen willing to pay \$10 each. These were hard to find, and it was decided to be content with fewer charter members. When the library company saw itself in possession of \$225 it determined to send to England for books. It requested James Logan, "a gentleman of library, which should differ from all other quested James Logan, "a gentleman of universal learning and the best judge of books in these parts." to make out the list. When the library arrived a room in Jones's alley was prepared for it. Later it was taken to an apartment in the State House. and from there to Carpenters' Hall.

Thomas Penn visited the colony in 1753.
He presented to the library an air pump.
a microscope and a lot of land. The vol-

In 1789 the directors laid the cornerstone of the old library building in Fifth street, with this inscription:

Be it remembered

Be it remembered
In honour of the Philadelphia youth,
(Then chiefly artificers)
That in MDCCXXXI
They cheerfully,
At the instance of Benjamin Franklin,
One of their number,
Instituted the Philadelphia Library;
Which though small at first,
Is become highly valuable and extensive
useful;

useful:

And which the walls of this edifice.

Are new destined to contain and preserve.

The books were taken to these new quasters in 1790. A statue of Franklin, excuted in Italy, was presented to the library company by William Bingham, and place in a niche over the doorway. It is said that this statue cost \$1800. It still stands ever the portal of the new library statue cost \$1800.

WAR AND INDIVIDUALISM It is by no means impossible that-always It is by no means impossible that—always supposing Germany to be defeated and the incubus of Prussian militarism lifted from the earth—we shall witness a powerful reaction against the cult of materialist efficiency. Released from the grinding pressure and the terrible tension of war, the minds of men may instinctively turn for refreshment and reinvigoration to the augustic. ment and reinvigoration to the pursuit of those objects which are not dictated by the those objects which are not dictated by the imperious call of external necessity, but which in all ages have attracted for their own sake the intellectual and spiritual energies of mankind. Such a reaction, though ergies of mankind. Such a reaction, though perhaps palpably represented by only a small and elect minority, would be sure to filter down and exercise a powerful influence upon the temper of whole nations. A splendid revival of literature, of pure science and of art, the result of sheer longing for what

of art, the result of sheer longing for what is most removed from the dire preoccupa-tions of these years of dread, would be a by tions or these years or dread, would be a by no means surprising development of a period closely following the war. And this would inevitably bring with it powerful re-enforcement to the cause of individualism all along the line. Meanwhile we shall be all along the line. Meanwhile we shall be sure to hear much, and loudly, from the soothsayers of manifest destiny, certain beyond peradventure that the war has made an end of the old individualism for good and all. It is for those who neither welcome such a change nor believe that it need come unless men choose that it shall, stoutly to deny the validity of the prophecy. Similar prophecies without end have failed of fulfillment, and if this one is to be fulfilled, many of us will feel that no small part of what they have dreaded in the threatened hegemony of Germany will have come about in spite of her defeat.—Atlantic Monthly.

THE SAME OLD JOB

"You must put your shoulder to