WERNORS URGE

apper, of Kansas, Off From Chicago Meeting to Appeal to President

COLLEAGUES UNANIMOUS

"Fair and Impartial Prices" Demand at Interstate Coal Conference

CHICAGO, Aug. 16. Governor Arthur Capper, of Kansas, will bave Chicago tonight to make a personal appeal to President Wilson and the Federal Trade Commission to take over the coal Trade Commission to take over the coal mines of the country at once and establish "fair and impartial prices." He made this atement to the interstate coal conference are this afternoon.

"If we fall to obtain Government regula-tion of coal mines," Capper continued, "I for one proposes to use my constitutional power to take over and regulate the coal mines in my State."

Governor Harding, of Iowa, urged the onference to draft a resolution memorial-ing the Federal Trade Commission to stablish "fair prices" of coal at the mines

in each State. "If the Federal Government does not act quickly, we will be obliged to go to our States for aid," declared Governor Philipp.

Federal control of the nation's coal mines, to be effected as speedily as possible, was breed by the majority of the one hundred delegates attending the conference.

Charges of alleged coal combines, ex-cessive profits and unfairness were inter-mingled in appeals for exclusive Federal control and Federal regulation, with State control of distribution prices.

F. W. McAllister, Attorney General of Missouri, declared the coal situation in his State "outrageous"; that excessive profits in me instances amount to 100 per cent.

Asks Ruling on Childless Men

tinued from Page On

applied, and we are certain that the appeal board will sustain us." The Fifth District Board, according

Connelly, has examined 275 men, and 180 of that number have passed the physical In the Fourth District, \$21 De Lancey street, about 200 men have been examined and approximately 175 accepted by the physicians. Draft officials in this district say that the recruits are being coached in regard to filing exemption claims, although they scout the idea that there is anything

One of the officials said that many of the recruits were unable to understand the draft regulations and were compelled to solicit aid from friends in the district. "It is guite common," said this official, "for a recruit to waive exemption on the day be takes the physical tests and return the

next day and ask for an exemption blank." There is a good chance in most of the local districts that registered men whose numbers were drawn after 3000 will escape the first draft for the new National Army. according to the opinions expressed by several members of exemption boards.

With the exception of a few districts where the number of allens is unusually large, many of the boards will be able to fill their quotas from the first 2500 numbers of the master lists, it was said.

The Sixth Registration district has more than filled its quota of 413, and did not call beyond No. 2200 in getting the men who are to serve. Clinton Rogers Woodruff is chairman of that board.

while there was every indication that, owing to the great number of exemptions filed, the number of men called would be far in excess of 3500 in many districts, the action of exemption boards in refusing to accept many claims will reduce that prospective number considerably, it was explained.

The Ninth Registration Division, at Twentieth and Buttonwood streets, has 4613 registered and a quota of 385 to fill. Thus far it has examined 822 men and found 462 physically fit. Of that number 366 filed exemption claims; but to get the 452 physically fit, numbers up to 1620 on the master lists were called to Director Wilson, of the Department of

Public Safety, today announced that he would make every effort to obtain exemp-tions for firemen and policemen. "There are about 600 policemen and 450 firemen," said Wilson, "who are eligible for the draft. It would be impossible to replace these men, and in view of present conditions they are needed more at home than in the trenches. If these men are drafted the lives of many citizens and a great deal of property will be unguarded."

The Sixteenth District draft board in Germantown has decided to re-examine the recruits who were rejected because of de-Sective teeth.

Judge J. Willis Martin, member of the

Germantown Meeting of the Hicksite Friends, believes that a majority of the Friends are willing to serve in the war.

He does not believe that many will seek exemption, and to support this position asserts that the attitude of the Quakers concerning the war is but little different from that of other sects. Voicing as he believes the opinion of the average Quaker, Judge Martin says: "The higher duty in the present situation seems to me to be in the service of humanity. The situation today is no longer one for the individual to solve for himself. He must look to the gen-eral good, even though by taking up arms against the common enemy he considers that he is endangering his soul."

TEUTONS CHECKED U.S. COAL CONTROL ON MOLDAVIA LINE

Russo-Rumanians Hurl Back Assaults Around Maraschti

FURIOUS BATTLE RAGES

The battle raging around Maraschil, on the Rumanian front, is the bloodlest struggle that has ever been fought on Moldavian territory, according to information reaching Paris today.

Ten divisions of Teuton troops, nine of them made up of Germans, attacked the Russe-Rumanians, but every onslaught was

beaten off with enormous losses. The battle continues with indescribable

the final result is known. the final result is known.

It has developed that the Russians and Rumanians built up a strong line of defences from Brody (on the Russian-Galician frontier) to the Moldavian Carpathians. The Austro-German forces of Von Boehm-Ermoili, Koevess, Archduke Joseph and Field Marshal von Mackensen were unable to

break through them.

The military experts express doubt if the Germans possess sufficient reserves to push their efforts much farther. It is hoped that discipline has again been restored in the Russian army and it will be able to stand firm against counter-attacks where neces-

CAN'T STARVE BRITAIN. SAYS LLOYD GEORGE

Food Situation Better Than in Many Years, Premier Tells Commons

LONDON, Aug. 16. LONDON, Aug. 16.
Pointed answer to German hopes of starving out England through the submarine
campaign was given by Premier Lloyd
George when he announced today that the food situation was now better than it has been in many years. "The stock of wheat on hand is now 16,000,000 bushels above that of last year," the Premier told the House of Commons. "England's food position is better than in many years."

Discussing the military plans of the year, Lloyd George said: "It had been intended to make one big move this year, but the Russian claw of the nipper broke"

POLICE SEIZE "KAISER" BANNERS AT WHITE HOUSE

Pickets Yield to Demands for Surren der and Violence Is Averted

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16 .- Washington olice finally found the answer to the suffrage picketing riot problem today. Four pickets at the White House gates brough out many police and a big crowd at noon There was no trouble until a "Kaiser Wil-son" banner was raised. A crowd surrounded the picket, but a police captain reached her first, demanding the banner. She gave it up. A short time later another

"Kalser" banner was given up on police demand. There was no violence, "We will let them stand around the White House, but treasonable banners will be confiscated," Police Captain Flather

Pope's Plans Fail to Win Approval

peal for its rejection in all quarters.

President Wilson, although keeping his own counsel, is expected to reply showing that the program would not be workable or justifiable. Entente diplomats suggested it would give the Germans too great an advantage, leaving them far less harmed or punished than the other groups.

Pacifists in Congress, stirred by the new plea, threaten to hold up all war legislation while they talk about peace. They have created a restless feeling in the Senate where their efforts probably will result in a day of fervid oratory soon. Administration leaders are trying to dissuade them

while the revenue bill is pending.

The President is expected to answer the The President is expected to answer the Pontiff's peace plea with a statement show-ing the world why the Allies must fight on so long as the German autogracy exists. He probably will receive the Pope's note today. According to his advisers there is only one course open to him. They say unless present signs fail, he will restate emphatically than ever that the United States wars against Germany's autocratic sytem—its intrigue and horrors—rather than with any aim of crushing the German people themselves. It is expected to be an-other bid to the German Liberals to cast off the yoke of Kaiserdom and effect a new

government shorn of militarism.

If, as expected, this Government rejects the Pope's proffer, Germany's rulers will probably revive the old claim that the hand of every nation is again her people for conquest. But if President Wilson follows the course his advisers say he will he will mullify that claim. nullify that claim.

Pope Benedict's suggestions for reciprocal disarmament and future arbitration to indisarmament and future arbitration to in-sure peace and freedom of the seas met with approval here. They square with President Wilson's views. But the big stumbling block was his advocacy of a return to the territorial status before the war, with negotiations over such disputed

TEXT OF POPE'S APPEAL

endured, especially during the present war, ought to conciliate the sympathies of nations

Such are the principal bases whereon we believe the future reorganization of the peoples ought to be built. They are of a nature to render impossible the return of similar conflicts and to prepare a solution of the economic question so important for the future and for the material well-being of all belligerent

Therefore, in presenting these terms to you, who direct at this hour the destinies of the belligerent nations, we are animated to see these terms accepted and to see thus the conclusion at an early date of the terrible struggle which more and more appears a useless massacre.

The whole world recognizes that the honor of the armies of both sides is safe. Incline your ears therefore to our prayer. Accept the fraternal invitation which we send you in the name of the Divine Redeemer, the Prince of Peace. Reflect on your very grave responsibility before God and before man. On your decision depend the repose and the joy of innumerable families, the life of thousands

May the Lord inspire your decision in conformity to His very holy will May God grant that while meriting the applause of your contemporaries, you

As for us closely united in prayer and in penitence with all those faithful souls which sigh for peace, we implore for you the light and counsel of the Divine Spirit.

At the Vatican, August 1.

A letter to King George from Cardinal Gasparri, Papal Secretary of State, which ecompanied the note follows:

The Holy Father, anxious to do everything he can in order to put an end to the conflict which for the last three years has ravaged the civilized world, has decided to submit to the leaders of the belligerent peoples concrete peace proposals

exposed in a document which I have the honor to attach to this letter. May God grant that the words of His Holiness will this time produce the desired effect for the good of the whole of humanity!

the document has been sent direct.

am happy to take the opportunity to offer you the homage of sentiment and very profound respect with which I have the honor to sign myself your Majesty's very humble and devoted servant. GASPARRI.

"What would it matter whether Germany

recovered her overseas naval bases or Aus-

tria-Hungary kept her one-sided Italian

frontier, if both Germany and Austr'a were

"But there is one vital point which his

Holiness overlooks. This abolition of war

will depend, not only on agreement being

made, but on its being kept. Can anybody

in the light of what has happened since

the German ultimatum to Belgium, believe that the Potsdam autocracy would keep it? Is it safe to stake our whole future on

scraps of paper signed by the Hohenzollerns and the Hapsburgs?

"President Wilson has asked those ques

tions, aithough the Pope does not, and he has answered them 'No.' Accepting that answer as we do the Pope's whole argu-

ment collapses, for, as we have said, his

not a mere 'cry quits' appeal, though the

certain never again to take part in war?

This idea, President Wilson has said, can-

was "solely compelled by a sentiment of our supreme duty" and not by the "suggestion or interests of any of the belligerents." Among diplomats here, however, there was some resentment over the Pope's proposal to allow Germany to return to her

undespoiled nation whilst the French and others must repair grave damages without adequate compensation. The Allied con-tention is that the Kaiser should have further retribution visited upon him. Vigor-ous exception is taken to the Pope's placing all the warring nations on an equal foot-ing in view of Germany's violation of law and atrocities committed on civil popula-

On the other hand, the common people who do the fighting and tax-paying the world over will doubtless give more thought to peace than heretofore, since the offer came from such an influential source as the Pope with a devoted following of millions

already suffering population.

BRITISH EMPHATIC

Inspiration than the unofficial outline England was frankly surprised that the Pope should place the armles of Germany and the Allies on an absolute plane, there

"The whole world recognizes that the onor of the armies of both sides is safe,"

the Pope asserts.

The honor of the army which invaded Belgium, which massacred women and children, which shot Edith Cavell, which deported helpless men and women into slavported helpless men and women into slav-ery, which ruthlessly devastated the rich fields and orchards of France in its recent "strategic retreat" is therefore put on a level with the honor of the army of France and England, fighting in defense of their homes, of national honor and against an autogracy that threatened to specify the autorized that threatened to engulf the world. England refuses to regard the honor of such armies in the same light. The Chr nicle, in commenting upon the

TO THE WARRING NATIONS ITALIAN PRESS REGARDS

"INCLINE YOUR EARS TO OUR PRAYER"

of young people; in a word, the happiness of people for whom it is you absolute duty to obtain their welfare.

will also obtain in the future generations the splendid name of pacificators.

The Holy See, not having diplomatic relations with the French Government of with the Government of Italy or the United States, I very respectfully beg your Majesty to be good enough to have handed a copy of His Holiness's appeal to the President of the French republic, to his Majesty the King of Italy and to the President of the United States. I also beg to add twelve other copies which I request your Majesty to be good enough to hand to the leaders of nations friendly to the Allies, with the exception, however, of Russia, Belgium and Brazil, to whom

In expressing to your Majesty my sincere thanks for this extreme kindness

lands as Alsace-Lorraine and Italia Irreif the risk of war were definitely eliminated from the world in the future, territorial and other questions could be approached in very different spirit."

He will doubtless point this fact out anew in replying to the Pope, and will cast upon Germany's Government the burden of responsibility for inhumane practices and insatiable greed. The impression that Austrian influences

have worked on the Pope was rather dis-sipated today by publication of the peace message, wherein His Holiness declared he

The Government stated today it is going ahead with war preparations as vigorously as before. This determination, coupled with the proposed refusal of the appeal, is likely to have the psychological effect in Germany of striking new despair to an

IN HOLDING POPE'S TERMS IMPOSSIBLE

LONDON, Aug. 16. With new emphasis, following publication of the official text of the peace appeal of Pope Benedict, the British press today answered "No" to his proposals looking toward the ending of the war. The condi ions outlined by His Holiness are regarded as indicating a stronger trend of German

being no word of censure, no protest against the Belgian horrors, no mention of expect-ing from Germany some statement that would give the Allies guarantees that such agreements as His Holiness suggests might not in the future be declared "scraps of paper" and thrown aside.

papal offer, says:
"We must all agree with the Pope that

enemy do their best to exploit it as if it REJECTION AS CERTAIN

ROME, Aug. 16. Pope Benedict's peace proposals are cer-tain to be rejected by the Allies, in the view of the Italian press.

Unanimous opinion was expressed tollay that His Holiness has failed to include any of the principal points for which the Entents Powers are fighting.

"The Papal initiative is doomed to failure because it aims at saving the oligarchy of the Central Powers," the Messagero asserts.

There is nothing to indicate that the

Entente is prepared to accept the Pope's proposals," says the Tribuna, "The optim-ism of pacifists was probably premature,"

JOB AT RECORD WAGES Thomas Atkinson Will Get \$8 a Day for Work in Repairing

NEW CITY LABORER GETS

Tower

City labor prices went by the board today when Director Datesman, of the Department of Public Works, appointed Thomas Atkinson, 2325 Harold street, to the working force at \$8.00 a day.

Atkinson, unlike the usual run of laborers who receive \$2.75 for a day's work around City Hail, will be exclusively employed on tower repair work, and the difference in pay is to cover the extra risk of injury he will run while working on the outside of the will run while working on the outside of the tower walls near the Penn statue. The new appointee will be directly under Robert Atkinson, who, as superintendent of the work, receives the unusual salary

ARMY TRAINS SPECIALISTS

Officers Being Instructed to Provide Teachers for New Army

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—Specialists will be trained in all phases of modern warfare, to teach the new National Army the game, it was announced today. The War Department instructed each offi cers' reserve training camp commander to

detail one man from each company to pro-ceed to Fort Sill, Okla. Each officer will specialize at the school of fire, the infantry school of arms, in bomb throwing, machine-gun practice or artillery fire. When they have finished their courses they will go to the National Army cantonments and serve

ON HIM.

DIVISIONS DESIGNATED FOR NATIONAL ARMY

Southern Pennsylvania to Be 79th, Northern Pennsylvania 78th

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16. The War Department today assigned numbers to the divisions of the new Na-tional Army as follows:

numbers to the divisions of the lev victional Army as follows:

Seventy-sixth division — Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut. Seventy-seventh—Metropolitan portion of New York. Seventy-eighth—remainder of New York and northern Pennsylvania. Seventy-ninth—Southern Pennsylvania. Eightieth — New Jersey, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware, District of Columbia. Eighty-first—Tennessee, North Carolina and South Carolina. Eighty-second—Georgia, Alabama and Florida. Eighty-third—Ohio and West Virginia. Eighty-fourth—Indiana and Kentucky. Eighty-fifth—Michigan and Wisconsin. Eighty-sixth—Illinois. Eighty-seventh—Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi. Eighty-eighth—Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, North Dakota and South Dakota. Eighty-inth—Kansas, Missouri and Colorado, Ninetieth—Texas, Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma. Ninety-first—Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Utah, Idaho, Montana and Wyomlng.

National Guard divisions will be numtana and Wyoming.
National Guard divisions will be num ered as follows:

Twenty-sixth Division, Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut; Twenty-seventh, Island and Connecticut: Twenty-seventh, New York: Twenty-eighth, Pennsylvania; Twenty-ninth, New Jersey, Virginia, Maryland, Delaware and District of Columbia; Thirtieth, Tennessee, North Carolina and South Carolina: Thirty-first, Georgia, Alabama and Florida: Thirty-second, Michigan and Wisconsin: Thirty-third, Illinois; Thirty-fourth, Minnesota, Iowa, North Dakota and South Dakota; Thirty-fifth, Missouri and Kansas; Thirty-sixth, Texas and Oklahoma: Thirty-seventh, Ohio and West Virginia; Thirty-eighth, Indiana and Kentucky: Thirty-ninth, Louisiana, Mississippi Virginia: Thirty-eighth, thanka Mississippi and Arkansas: Fortieth, California, Ne-vada, Utah, Colorado, Arizona and New Mexico: Forty-first, Washington, Oregon, Montana, Idaho and Wyoming.

Garage Men to Test City Ordinance WILMINGTON. Aug. 16.—Notice was given in the City Court that a test would be made of a law recently passed by the Street and Sewer Department under which several garage men were arrested. The cases were postponed for a further hearing.

attention. Dusters \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50

The savings

afforded are

worthy your

BOY HARVESTERS OFF

FOR NEW JERSEY FARMS

Philadelphia's votunteer boy army for soil service began mobilising today, and volunteers are being sent to Camden and Mercer Counties, N. J., where they will be placed at picking potatoes and peaches, according to a statement issued by the Cooperative Farm Work Station in the Philadelphia Bourse. The boys will live in camps surrounded by a military atmesphere, and will be commanded by experienced men.

The average wage is \$1.50 daily, with

enced men.

The average wage is \$1.50 daily, with an opportunity to make more, deducting \$5 weekly for board and lodging.

Browning, King

& Company

Men's Suits

The balance

Summer Suits

at reduced

of our

prices

Gray Flannel Trousers \$5.00

White Flannel Irousers \$4.50

> White Duck and Khaki, \$1.50, \$2.00



1524-1526 Chestnut St.

Where You Can Get Rinex Soles

THE MERCHANT WHO HAS NOT

MOTORIZED HIS DELIVERY SYS-

TEM IS LOOKED ON WITH SOME

QUESTION TODAY - HIS COM-

PETITOR HAS STOLEN A MARCH

THE AUTOCAR COMPANY

ARDMORE, PA.

The completion of new factory extensions necessitated by the enormous demand for Rinex Soles has now made it possible to supply stocks of Rinex Soles to dealers in this city.

You can now get Rinex Soles-



On New Shoes

at These Stores

The Kensington Modern Shoe Repair Shop, 20143 Kensington Ava.

Alleging Elec. Shoe Repair Shop, 2255 East Alleging Elec. Shoe Repair Shop, 2255 East Liberty Shoe Repair Co., 2175 Richmond St. Modern Shoe Repair Co., 2049 Richmond St. Famous St. S. Co., 2040 Richmond St. Liberty Elec. Shoe Repair Co., 3101 Kensington Ave. mond section Shoe Repair Co., 2049 RichFamous Shoe Repair Co., 64 N. 13th St.
Liberty Eleas Shoe Repair, 1306 Columbia Ava.
Segel's Eleas Shoe Repair, 1306 Columbia Ava.
M. Koiman, 258 E. Clearfield St.
Jacob Romenblain's E. Clearfield St.
M. Rosner, 1306 Columbia Ava.
J. Rosner, 1502 C. Jolumbia Ava.
J. Farry, 6233 Germantown Ava.
J. Rosner, 1636 Germantown Ava.
J. Rosneberg, 4363 Germantown Ava.
J. Rosneberg, 4363 Germantown Ava.
J. Johnston, 150 N. 13th Flown Ava.
J. Johnston, 150 N. 13th Flown Ava.
J. Johnston, 150 N. 13th Flown Ava.
J. Janoberg, 1502 C. Johnston, 150 N. 11th St.
Graham Shor, 162 C. J. 3050 C. Thirth Ava.
Herry Kallinger, 1922 Germantown Ava.
J. Wouch, 215 Westmoreland St.
J. Sanoper, 227 W. Ontario St.
J. Janoberg, 2856 D. St.
J. Janoberg, 1143 S. J. Janoberg, 1145 S. J.
J. Janoberg, 1145 S. J. Janoberg, 1145 S. J.
J. Janoberg, 1145 S. J. Janoberg, 1145 S. J.
J. Janoberg, 1145 S. J. Janoberg, 1145 S. J.
J. Janoberg, 1145 S. J. Janoberg, 1145 S.
J. Janoberg, 1145 S. J. Jano

ket St.
Champion Shoe Repair Shop, 6024 Market St.
Modern Elec, Shoe Reps, Shop, 6041 Market,
Nick Badame, 6248 Market St.
Jos. Dentist, 526 St. 525 St.
H. Cohen, 5551 Baitimore Ave.
Angora Floc. Shoe Reps. Shop, 6027 Baitimore Ave. Jos. Dentist, 626 S. 523 St.

Jos. Dentist, 626 S. 523 St.

H. Cohen, 5551 Baltimore Ave.

Angora Filec. Shoe Repg. Shop, 6027 Baltimore Ave.

Belmont Shoe Hospital, 104 S. 524 St.

Morris Sedelsky, 6026 Vine St.

Jos. Bodo St.

Gleard Shoe Repair Factory, 451 N. 60th St.

Philip Molk, 1254 N. 60th St.

Alberts Eliec. Shoe Repair Shop, 324 S. 60th.

A. Brooks, 147 N. 60th St.

J. Schlessinger, 4829 Lancaster Ave.

Ht. Louis Elec. Shoe Reps., 5013 Haverford Av.

West Philadelphia Elec. Shoe Reps. Co., 3063

Hancaster Ave.

The Frit Shoe Reps., Co., 4608 Lancaster Ave.

Nicola Perletta, 4854 Lancaster Ave.

G. K. Electric Shoe Repair Shop, 6028 Lancaster, 2024 Lansdowne Ave.

A. Brookstein, 2404 W. Somerset St.

Jos. Jackson 5227 Girard Ave.

MANAYUNK, PA MANAYUNK. PA. CAMDEN, N. J.

Izzuddin's Elec. Shoe Repair. 315 Broadway.
Camden Shoe Benair Factory, 816 Broadway.
H G. Glesson, 525 Federal St.
Pasquale Fuuzo. 611 Ferry Ave.
C. Palumbo & Son, 1827 Broadway.
Electric Shoe Reps. Co., 1218 Haddon Ava. DARBY m Cohen 918 Main St. OGONTZ PA. JENKINTOWN, PA. C. Cerraniani, Times-Chronicle Bidg. N. 5th St. WISSINOMING, PA. TACONY, PA. OAK LANE, PA

Rinex Soles, placed on the market last year, have been a remarkable success.

Rinex Soles are not rubber, but are waterproof. They are tougher and more flexible than leather, but cost no more You will find Rinex Soles the most comfortable, longes wearing, most economical and satisfactory shoe-soles vo have ever worn.





FIELD service leaves the soldier but little time for his personal affairs, and lack of current financial information sometimes results in losses which might otherwise have been avoided. The statistical information gathered by this Company for its own use is always available for the information of its clients.

For information address Financial Statistics Department

Philadelphia Trust Company

415 Chestnut Street :: 1415 Chestnut Street Philadelphia