

HOLLWEG OUT; RUMOR KAISER QUILTS THRONE

Resignation of Chancellor Accepted, Says Berlin Newspaper

SIXTH SON SUCCEEDS WILHELM, IS REPORT

Holland Dispatches Say Prince Joachim, Public Favorite, Is in Power

REICHSTAG ON A STRIKE

Holds Up War Credits to Force Reforms and War-Aim Statement

LONDON, July 14. Premier Lloyd George today backed up President Wilson's declaration that the world must be made safe for democracy by sending the following message to Premier Lyoff, of Russia: "There can be no lasting peace until the responsibility of governments to their people is clearly established from one end of Europe to the other."

COPENHAGEN, July 14. Field Marshal von Hindenburg and General Ludendorff have arrived at Berlin and began conferences at once with the Crown Prince and the Kaiser himself, according to official dispatches received here today. This is the second time in a week that von Hindenburg and Ludendorff have been summoned from the front to Berlin on the Kaiser's orders.

LONDON, July 14. Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg's resignation has been accepted by the Kaiser, according to the Taegliche Rundschau. The Taegliche Rundschau is a National Liberal organ which has heretofore been accurate in its governmental news. The story is circulated by the Wolff News Bureau, generally known as the official agency of the Government. The Kaiser has abdicated in favor of his sixth son, Prince Joachim, reports from Holland state.

The Reichstag has gone upon a strike and the main committee is still refusing to vote the 16,000,000,000-mark war credit sought by the Government. There are the outstanding features of the reports that reached here today on the muddled situation in Germany. Sensational rumors that the Kaiser has lost his throne were current in Holland today. They are unconfirmed. The Amsterdam correspondent of the Morning Post said today as follows: Rumors are current here that Emperor William has abdicated in favor of his son, Prince Joachim, his sixth son. They are unconfirmed and must be taken with all reserve.

With the important Crown Council sessions and the summoning of Von Hindenburg and Ludendorff to Berlin, London is watching the situation with marked interest. REICHSTAG'S POSITION The Center party's demand as to Germany's peace terms is finding support in the Reichstag because it is felt adoption of these suggestions by the Government would be effective answer to the Entente's claims that Germany must be crushed to achieve its democratization. If the Government approves the Center's policy, it is held this act would show Germany's democracy at its present time. For this reason the situation in the Reichstag today was regarded as having an important bearing on the war's end.

Rumors of the resignation of Chancellor Hollweg arose through the fact that prior to the meeting of the Crown Council, he, with all other Prussian ministers, tendered his resignation to the Emperor. The cabinet officers desired that the Kaiser be not hampered in dealing with the situation.

PARLIAMENTARY REFORM Today it was held the Kaiser's promise of Prussian electoral reforms had solved the question which started the present crisis. But this was held to be of minor interest to the parliamentary reform now foremost in the agitation of the Centerists. A number of officials, however, held that this question would never have been raised if the Prussian reforms had been promised at an earlier date.

There were repeated conferences today between the Emperor, the Crown Council, the Chancellor and the Crown Prince with confidential advisers and parliamentary leaders. These meetings attested

BRITISH TRANSPORT SUNK

Submarine "Gets" Armada—Six on Board Killed

LONDON, July 14.—The British transport Armada has been torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine, the Admiralty announced today. Six men were killed and five are missing, none of them military officers. The Armada was sunk June 27 in the Atlantic.

Lloyd's Register lists a steel-screw steamship Armada of 2153 tons, owned by Trinder, Anderson & Co. and registered in London. She was in the Australian service and was probably commandeered for use as a transport.

THE WEATHER

FORECAST Unsettled weather this afternoon and tonight, with probably thunderstorms; Sunday partly cloudy, not much change in temperature; generally variable winds, becoming westerly. LENGTH OF DAY Sun rises... 4:43 a. m. Moon rises... 12:38 a. m. Sun sets... 7:28 p. m. Moon sets... 4:18 a. m. DELAWARE RIVER TIDE CHANGES CHESTNUT STREET Low water, 4:30 a. m.; high water, 4:43 p. m. High water, 7:47 a. m.; low water, 7:52 p. m. TEMPERATURE AT EACH HOUR

BEAUTIFUL ALLEGORY SHOWN IN FRENCH SOCIETIES' FETE



Miss Mary Brown Warburton, in the role of America, is shown listening to the appeal of France for support and assistance. This was one of the most effective tableaux in today's demonstration in commemoration of the fall of the Bastille. Miss Helen Hope Montgomery, as Joan of Arc, was another strong bit of representation, featuring the historic figures reproduced in the procession.

RUSSIANS TAKE NOVICA; DOLINA FALLS, REPORT

Victorious Slav Troops Sweep on West and Southwest of Kalucz

MENACE TWO TOWNS

BERLIN, July 14. "Near Lombardzyde English attacks broke down under heavy losses," today's War Office statement declared. "At St. Quentin there were forefired engagements, in which a number of English and French were taken prisoner. South of Kalucz, Galicia, there were local collisions."

PETROGRAD, July 14. After hard fighting, Russian troops forced their way into the village of Novica, southwest of Kalucz, and occupied the town, the official statement today declared. There are unconfirmed reports that Dolina, a strategic city on the Great Central Galician Railway, fifteen miles west of Kalucz, has also been captured.

The Galician railway towns of Stryj and Rohatyn, two important links in the defenses of Lemberg on the southern side, are seriously menaced today by the Russian advance.

The Russians driving northward along the Danube River threaten to cut the Austro-German lines between the two towns. By the capture of Bukowice, on the Gnila Lipa River, the Russians are now less than forty-five miles from the Galician capital on the southern side. This represents an advance of more than seventeen miles in the Stanislaw-Halicz-Brzesany sector since General Korniloff opened his offensive.

LONDON, July 14. The Russian drive westward in Galicia has been renewed on a front of nearly fifty miles. It has swept over large stretches of territory well north of the Danube and Petrograd Rivers. The advance recorded by Petrograd runs from well north of Hali to the foothills of the Carpathian Mountains. If the drive keeps up at its present

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U. S. MAY BUILD SHIP PLANT ON THE DELAWARE

Goethals Said to Favor Philadelphia as One of Two Sites

MAY USE NAVY YARD

WASHINGTON, July 14. General Goethals said today: "It is hoped that one of the plants might be located in Philadelphia." General Goethals is well disposed toward Philadelphia because of labor, material advantages and the fresh water in the Delaware River.

By a Staff Correspondent WASHINGTON, July 14. One of the two fabricated steel plants that will be built to speed standard steel ship construction for the merchant marine is expected to go to the Delaware River. Information here today indicates that General Goethals, president of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, has under consideration Philadelphia and Newark as sites for these plants.

Philadelphia, by engineers and shipbuilders, is considered as having every advantage over all other places, because of the nearness to material and the army of steel and ship workers living there.

General Goethals declined to divulge the office selected for the plants, but at his office it was admitted that Philadelphia was being given leading consideration. There is no community in the United States today where shipbuilding is carried on to greater proportions. The Delaware is the pride of the United States with more naval and private work being done there than elsewhere and greater activity in the yards than at any other time in a quarter of a century. The renewed activity in the yards along the Delaware has brought to the community the best ship workers in the country, and this has been a leading factor in the consideration being given it by General Goethals.

There is some talk of concentrating Government work at the Philadelphia navy yard, which now is the equal of any yard in the United States. If the fabricated steel works should be built there on Government

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BRUMBAUGH WILL PUBLISH VICE LIST

Governor Says He Will Ask City Executive to Clean Up District

MAYOR WANTS EVIDENCE

Promises Raids if Shown That Secretary Daniels's Charges Are Really True

Chronology of Vice Campaign Up to Date

MONDAY—Secretary of the Navy Daniels—"Moral conditions in Philadelphia are not what they should be from the naval standpoint."

Mayor Smith blamed Secretary Daniels. He said that the carousing of sailors was a matter for the naval authorities to deal with. Tuesday—The Mayor—"Philadelphia was not absolutely clean when I was a youth and it probably is not now."

Wednesday—"It's not worth that," said the Mayor as he snapped his fingers when asked about vice conditions following a conference with Director Wilson. Friday—"Vice? Why, I know nothing about vice. Everything in town is fine and rosy," the Mayor said.

Saturday—The Mayor—"If there is any collusion or politics in this situation there is no question as to what I will do. Tom Smith is one person, but in this case it will be the Mayor of Philadelphia who will have to be reckoned with."

Governor Brumbaugh will make public the list of vice resorts impeding the men of the navy and the marine corps at Philadelphia as soon as it is received at the executive department, he said in Harrisburg today. The list is included in a report on social evils in the navy yard district made to Secretary of the Navy Daniels by Federal agents forwarded to the Governor last night, but not yet delivered.

"I have seen the Secretary's statement in the newspapers," said Governor Brumbaugh, "but the list and report I have not yet received. As soon as they come to my hand I shall make copies of them for the press. I shall also notify Mayor Smith of the conditions and ask him to proceed at once to take all measures necessary to clean up the district."

It was reported in the tenderloin that

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OESCHGER TWIRLS IN FIRST AGAINST CUBS

Bancroft Gets Back at Short for Phils—Hendrix Opposing Hurler

PHILADELPHIA, July 14. With the St. Louis Cardinals right on their heels, our Phillies entered today's game against the Cubs with lots of pep and dash. If the Phils split even and the Cards win both games from the Boston Braves, Pat Moran's warriors will drop back to third place.

Pat Moran has added another man to his staff. The new member is not a ball player but was picked up late last night by one of Pat's scouts, to instruct Dode Paskert how to touch first base while still going at full speed toward second.

The salary of this latest addition to the staff has not been definitely settled on account as Pat thinks he will be given a honorable discharge in a few days. FIRST INNING

Flack out, Nishoff to Luderus. Mann singled to Paschert. Doyle walked. Marks singled to left. Cravath captured Williams's fly. No runs, one hit, no errors. Paschert fanned. Bancroft also fanned. Deal's stop and throw beat Stock. No runs, no hits, no errors.

QUICK NEWS

BASEBALL SCORES

CHICAGO.....0 0 2 1 0
PHILLIES, 1st g.....0 1 0 0
Hendrix and Dillhoefer; Oeschger and Killefer. Rigler and Emslie.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

CINCINNATI.....0 0 0
NEW YORK (1st g)...2 0 3
Eller and Clark; Sallee and Gibson.

PITTSBURGH.....0 1 0 0 0
BROOKLYN (1st g)...0 0 0 0 0
Carlson and Fischer; Cadore and Miller.

ATHLETICS' GAME HALTED BY RAIN

ST. LOUIS, July 14.—The Athletics' game here with the Browns today was postponed on account of rain.

MAN PROSTRATED BY THE HEAT

The first heat prostration reported today was that of Gottlieb Elser, fifty-nine years old, 431 Aldrie street. He succumbed at Twenty-seventh street and Lehigh avenue and was taken to the Women's Homeopathic Hospital. His condition is not serious.

PRUSSIAN MINISTER OF WAR RESIGNS

GENEVA, July 14.—The Prussian Minister of War, General von Stein, res'ned today. Word was received in a dispatch from the German frontier.

PLOT TO KILL BELGIAN MISSION FOILED

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 14.—A plot to assassinate the members of the Belgian mission which arrived in this city today was frustrated by the police. One Austrian is under arrest and police are in search of three others. The plot was to hurl a bomb in the automobile in which the distinguished visitors rode.

DANBURY HATTERS' CASE SETTLED OUT OF COURT

DANBURY, Conn., July 14.—The famous Danbury hatters' case, in which D. E. Loeve & Co. won a judgment of \$256,000 against striking union hatters, was settled out of court today. The judgment was to have been executed next Monday by selling the homes of the hatters in Danbury, Bethel and Norwalk.

CONGRESS ASKED TO PROBE EAST ST. LOUIS RIOTS

WASHINGTON, July 14.—Senator Sherman, Illinois, today introduced a resolution demanding an investigation of the East St. Louis race riots by a joint congressional committee—five Representatives and five Senators. Sherman hinted at causes of "national significance" behind the riots. He expected to speak on the resolution later.

WILSON PUTS LID ON EXPORTS CONTROL PUBLICITY

WASHINGTON, July 14.—President Wilson today put the lid on publicity regarding the workings of the exports control council, which takes charge of all exports tomorrow at midnight. Nothing is to be printed concerning the council's work, except material provided by the Creel committee on public information.

EDISON HINTS OF WONDERFUL NEW INVENTION

NEW YORK, July 14.—Delegates to the Edison Dealers' convention were left guessing today by a cryptic statement made by Thomas A. Edison over his signature when he received the visitors at his plant. The statement said: "We now have ALL the rebellious elements under control. There will be many more conventions, but I expect you boys will always remember this one because it happens to be contemporaneous with the time when we removed the last jinx from the record." The delegates were eager to ascertain whether Edison meant he had perfected some new invention, but their inquiries were met by smiling silence. Edison himself capitalized the word "all."

MARTIAL LAW PROCLAIMED IN PORTUGAL

LISBON, July 14.—Constitutional guarantees were suspended throughout Portugal today. The country is quiet. The Government's action in thus virtually instituting martial law was the subject of prolonged parliamentary discussion today.

MENOCAL SUSPENDS CONSTITUTIONAL GUARANTEES

HAVANA, July 14.—President Menocal has issued a decree suspending the constitutional guarantees throughout Cuba as a result of unrest fostered by "alien elements." It went into effect today. An extra session of Congress will be held at once to consider the domestic situation.

60 VESSELS LOADED WITH GRAIN WATCHED

NEW YORK, July 14.—Close watch is being kept over sixty loaded Dutch steamships in port here, following the departure from an American port of eleven ships, which are now at sea trying to evade the British blockade. Ten of the ships are Dutch and one is Scandinavian. All are laden with grain. The sixty vessels now in port will not be able to sail until they receive export licenses under the new embargo proclamation.

U. S. TO BUILD \$1,000,000 AIRPLANE PLANT

WASHINGTON, July 14.—A million-dollar airplane factory will be built by the Government, Secretary of the Navy Daniels announced today. It probably will be located near Detroit or in some other "so-called automobile district." Aerial experts are now abroad studying foreign aircraft types which are to be built here.

CITY HONORS ALLY'S FETE OF FREEDOM

French-Americans Joined by Philadelphians in Bastille Day Celebration

TRICOLOR AND OLD GLORY

Flags of Sister Republics Mingle in Jubilant Commemorative Event

Ten days ago the people flocked to Independence Square, where America with America's immeasurable material resources and America's infinite wealth in liberty-loving hearts and blood ready to be spent for liberty were pledged once again to the sacred cause, as they were pledged 141 years before, when the leaders of the American Revolution threw off the intolerable yoke of George the Third.

Today that same Independence Square rang again with the voice of the people. The same spirit that inspired them before inspired them now—that and the spirit of love for France, the France whose sons came here in those days when the life of the American republic hung in the balance, and threw in their hearts and their arms and their fortunes and their blood that the scales might turn for human rights.

Ten days ago it was the Fourth of July that was celebrated, the day when the American colonies by the voices of their duly chosen representatives in orderly assembly declared their independence.

Today was celebrated the fall of the Bastille, that grim and cruel place of bondage, symbol of tyranny and injustice, that fell on July 14, 1789, before the righteous fury of a mob that dared to declare its independence with steel and fire, and write it in blood for all the world to read.

An French-Americans joined with Americans in celebrating the birth of American Independence July 4, so Americans joined today with French-Americans of Philadelphia in observance of that dark and bloody yet immortal day that saw the birth of French independence.

IMPOSING STREET PAGEANT

The observance began with an imposing street pageant in which soldiers who have done or will do their work in this war and women who have done what they could and will go on so doing participated. The exercises in Independence Square followed. Mayor Smith and eminent French and American guests of the city spoke.

This was the first joint French-American and American celebration of the day in fifty years.

Then was a luncheon to the Mayor and the city's guests, given by the French relief committee of the Emergency Aid Committee in the recreation room of the Curtis Building.

Other observances, including exercises at Point Breeze Park, will fill the day.

The sky of Philadelphia was overcast with clouds at 9 o'clock. It had been raining and more rain was threatened. But for all that this was July 14, this was the day of the demolition of the Bastille.

TRICOLOR AND OLD GLORY

This was a countless day to be celebrated with bands of music and soldiers marching and girls and women marching. And such it was.

At Broad and Pine streets Charles Hill marshaled the long columns of men and women and boys and girls that could not forget France because the day was dark.

Already the streets of the route—Broad and Market and Sixth—were filling with people who had come out—thousands from business houses and other thousands from homes, from the far corners of the city—to do their simple part, to stand and cheer and wave their flags and sing the Tricolor and Old Glory—as the column moved along.

Then, as if Nature itself was moved to sympathy by this outpouring, the crowds lifted and the wind carried them away and they vanished. The sun smiled and bathed

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ALL SUFFRAGE PICKETS TAKEN INTO CUSTODY

Militants Celebrate 'Bastille Day' by Landing En Masse in Capital Bastille

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The militant suffragists this afternoon celebrated Bastille Day by landing in the capital's bastille in accordance with the announced program, members of the National Woman's Party sallied forth from their headquarters to picket the White House with banners emblazoned with the motto of the French revolution: "Liberty, equality, fraternity." "How long must American women wait for liberty?" and other inscriptions. Just as thousands were issuing from the big State War and Navy Building for half holiday, at first they were arrested, but within a few minutes the police began making arrests.

In spite of the enormous crowd that gathered, no disorder attended the arrests and there were even sporadic outbreaks of applause. The prisoners were taken to police headquarters in private automobiles. Before the round-up was complete, sixteen women, the entire delegation, had been arrested. The women arrested were:

Miss Julia Hurlbut, Morristown, N. J.; Mrs. J. A. H. Hopkins, Morristown, N. J.; Miss Mabel Abbott, Atlantic City, N. J.; Mrs. B. Reynolds Kinkead, Mount View, Cal.; Miss Betty Graves Reynolds, Detroit; Miss Anne Martin, Reno, Nev.; Mrs. Florence Bayard Hill, Wilmington, Del.; Mrs. Robert Walker, Baltimore, Md.; Miss Margaret Frothingham, Massachusetts; Mrs. Klara Gardner, Washington; Miss Doris Stevens, Omaha; Miss Mary H. Ingham, Philadelphia; Mrs. E. New York; Mrs. Eleanor Galman, Methuen, Mass.; Mrs. Louise P. Mayo, Framingham, Mass.; Mrs. John Winters, Brannan, N. Y.

The portion of the National Woman's Party with reference to the White House "picketing" was set forth today by Caroline Katzenstein, executive secretary of the Pennsylvania Branch of the party. The statement is made by: Miss Anne Martin, vice-chairman of the National Woman's Party; Mrs. James Lee, Mrs. Frank Vanderlip and Mrs. Gulliver Polley of the New York Campaign Committee. It was as follows:

"The National Woman's Party must continue to picket. We must maintain our constitutionally guaranteed right of assembly for a redress of grievances." We are determined to picket before the White House without the presence of the police as we have done for five months with great operations. We will continue to picket

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