### EVENING LEDGER-PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, MAY 14, 1917

ADOO ASKS BIG **BUYING OF BONDS** 

Details of Price. Interest and How to Buy Announced by Secretary

How to Make Application

for Liberty Loan Bonds

This application should be trans-mitted through the subscriber's bank, trust company or other agency acting in his behalf, or it may be filed direct with the Federal Reserve Bank of his district or the Treasury Department at Washington.

Dated .....

To the Secretary of the Treasury-According to the terms of Treasury circular No. 78, dated May 14, 1917, the undersigned hereby apply for \$----par value of the fifteen-thirty-year 3% per cent gold bonds of the United States and agree to pay par and ac crued interest for any bonds allotted on this subscription. The sum of - is inclosed, being 2 per cent on the amount of bonds applied for for payment in full for the one \$50 or the one \$100 bond applied fort. Signature of subscriber and ad-

dress. .....

WASHINGTON, May 14. Total Liberty Loan subscriptions to May 7 were \$286,000,000. Since that time no accurate tabulation has been made. The estimate of total subscriptions up to Saturday last is \$560,000,000.

Subscriptions for \$2,000,000,000 of the freen to thirty year 312 per cent gold bonds of an baue authorized by Congress on April 24, 1917, and known as the "Lib-erty Loan," were invited in an official state-ment released this morning by Secretary McAdeo.

ment released this morning by Secretary returned today by a United States Grand Jacadoo, Bearer or coupon bonds, transferable and nygable to the holder, will be issued in de-nominations of \$50, \$100, \$500 and \$1000. Registered or nontransferable bonds will be issued in denominations of \$100, \$500, \$1000, \$5000, \$10,000, \$50,000 and \$100,000. Bissed and that Pitzburghers and others resid-ing in this diatrict were deceed out of thousands of dollars. James J. Powers, of Stouenty of the second to be the second to be the second to be thousands of dollars. James J. Powers, of Stouenty of the second to be the second to be thousands to dollars. James J. Powers, of thousands of dollars. James J. Powers, of Stouenty of the second to be thousand to be thousands to dollars. issued in denominations of \$100, 5200, \$1000, 55000, \$10.000, \$50,000 and \$100,000, Bonds of different denomination, coupon and reg-istered bonds, may be interchanged upon payment of a charge not exceeding \$1 for each new bond issued upon such exchange. Transfers and exchanges will not be made. However, until October 1, 1917, or until such a time as the Secretary of the Treasury may announce

DETAILS OF ISSUE

onds will be dated June 15, 1917. and will bear interest at the rate of  $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent a year from that date, payable semiannually on December 15 and June 15, and will mature on June 15, 1947. The issue may be redeemed on or after June 15, issue may be redeemed on or after June 1a, 1932, in whole or in part, at par and accrued interest on any interest day after three months' published notice if another series of bond; shall be is-lighter rate

sued by the United States at a higher rate of interest than  $3^{3}g$  per cent standard be-fore the war between the United states and Germany ends, holders of the observed may convert their bonds into an par amount of bonds bearing the higher interest on the new series, and sub-stantially the same, except that the bonds insued are to be identical with bonds of "present series as to the terms of maturity, principal and redemption.

Allotments will be made as soon as pos-Treasury has power to reject any subscriptions or to make allotment for part of the amount subscribed for and to allot in full upon applications for smaller amounts of bonds, even though it may be necessary to

plications

the terms and other details marks the open-ing of the campaign for actual subscrip-tions, accompanied by the percentage of sum subscribed for. While many subscriptions have been received by wire heretofore, the totals running into hundreds of mil-licus, and many estimates also have been received, they have been regarded by Treas-ury officials largely as tentative, and few have been accompanied by actual cash. Application blanks for Liberty Bonds, printed by the hundred thousand, have been distributed widely.

# TO TOUR MIDDLE WEST BALFOUR PARTY BACK IN NATIONAL CAPITAL

#### British Foreign Secretary Greatly Pleased at Reception in New York

WASHINGTON, May 14

Arthur James Balfour, Foreign Secretary of the British Empire, returned to Washington at 8:40 o'clock this morning. with the members of the British mission. The party left New York shortly after midnight last night.

The members of the mission went directly to the Breckenridge residence, where they have been quartered since their arrival in Washington, and held a "breakfast confer-

Plans for clearing up all the lines of the dinished work during the next week laid, and it was the expectation of Mr. Bal-four today that the British mission will be on its way back to England with a week. it was most remarkable." said Mr. Balfour, describing the reception given the mission in New York. We never had seen such a demonstration."

All of the members of the mission cept General Bridger, returned to Washington on the special train from New York this morning. General Bridges will remain in New York several days longer, visiting

#### PITTSBURGHERS FLEECED. IS FEDERAL CHARGE

Indictments on Fraudulent Use of Mails Against Chicago

Concern FITTSBURGH, May 14. - Indictments charging use of the mails to defraud were returned today by a United States Grand

stephenville, O., is said to have put in \$29,000

\$20,000. Three of the men indicted—Albert H. Windt, of New York: Frederick La Brun, of Chicago, and Samuel D. McCready, of New York—have been arrested, and bench warrants were fasued for Harry Mercer, alias W. H. Patton, New York: Theodore B. McCready, Chicago, and Harry Hamill, Chicago.

#### Chicago. TWO LANCASTER MEN DEAD

Dr. George P. King and William F

## Afflebach Suddenly Stricken

LANCASTER, Pa., May 14.-Dr. George P. King, sixty-two years old, a prominent Lancaster physician, was found dead today in his bathroom, having died from acute indigestion. He was unmarried and a large fortune goes to his only brother, Jacob F. King, a retired Lancaster business man. William P. Afflebach, sixty-two years old.

Lancaster, one of this county's best known leaf tobacco buyers, was found dead this morning in Morris Rosenthal's office, a vic-tim of apoplexy. He was engaged in the husiness since he was eighteen tobacco years of age.

#### **Knocked From Motorcycle and Hurt**

Injuries thought at first to be slight were fatal today to William Sewter, thirty-six years old, of 436 North Sixty-first street. reduce allotments on applications for larger amounts. The dates for payments in installments follow: Two per cent on application: 18 per cent on June 28, 1917; 20 per cent on July 20, 1917; thirty per cent on August 15, 1917; 30 per cent on August and in the Samaritan Hospital after the accident and is rest home. He complained of pains in his head last night and was sent to the Presbyterian Hospital. He died early to the Presbyterian Hospital was fractured.





JOINS FRENCH AERO CORPS J. Armstrong Drexel, of Philadelphia, now a member of the Lafay-Escadrille, the division of ette American aviators fighting on the west front.

# J. A. DREXEL JOINS U. S. **AERO CORPS IN FRANCE**

Philadelphia Aviator Now Member of Lafayette Escadrille on West Front

3 Armstrong Drexel, of Philadelphia, son of Colonel Antheny J. Drexel and one of America's record-breaking alrowin, today entered the Lafayette Escadrille, the di-vision of aviators from this country lighting on the French war front

This is the latest chaper in young brexel's long history as a warrior in the European conflict. A few days after the war started in 1914 he enlisted as a French infantryman. He was the first American to serve under General Joffre. Later he served as chauffeur for Sir John Prench, commander of the English forces in Flanders. While in

that service be contracted preumonia and returned to this country to recuperate. Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., tormerly of this city, and now a member of the New York banking firm of Ligget!, Drexel & Co., is the banking firm of Ligget', Drexel & Co., is the elder and only brother of John Armstrong elder and only brother of John Athenoothe Drexel Colonel Drexel, their father, who for years has fixed in one of the mest magnificent houses in Lendon, joined the British Red Cross in the fall of 1914 and was detailed for duty with the Dritish Re-lief Committee, with headquarters in Paris. Accounting Direct is an axialor of Inter-Armstrong Drexel is an aviator of international fame. In 1910 he broke the world's record for altitude with an ascent of 10,000 That was at Point Breeze Park. The forest. weather wall so cold that Drexel was nearly frozen. He made his ascent in a 100-horsepower Bleriot monoplane. In smashing the international altitude record Drexel made a flight notable for daring, pictur-esqueness and expert handling of an air-

plane. Grahame-White, the English aviator and a close friend of Drexel, gave exhibition flights with him in Philadelphia, New York and Baltimore in the fail of 1910.

Mr. Drexel is a grandson of Anthony J. Drexel, founder of the banking house of Drexel & Co., of Philadelphia, New York, London and Paris. Upon the death of his grandfather in 1892 he inherited a fortune of \$1,000,000. He was one of the first young men of wealth to take an active interest

in aviation, Colonel Drexel, Armstrong Drexel's father, was an officer of the Philadelphia First City Troop during his residence here. The young man formerly lived with his brother, A. J. Drexel, Jr., in the oid family mansion at Thirty-ninth and Walnut streets. The brother was married in 1910 to Miss Marjorie Gould, cldest daughter of Mr. and

## **COMMERCE BODY WILL** FILMS AND STAGE HEAR P. R. T. ENGINEER

**Chamber Wants Further Discus**sion on Transit Before Taking Stand on Question

The Chamber of Commerce has decided to have one more hearing before its pub-lic utilities committee before taking any definite position for or against the terms of the transit lease as offered to the city by the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Com-many pany.

The public utilities committee has al-ready heard the views of Transit Director Twining and Colonel Sheldon Potter, one of the city's three representatives on the board of directors of the transit company : both are opposed to the present lease. In addition, former Transit Director Taylor has explained his defense of the lease to the executive committee of the Chamber of ommerce.

The committee wishes to hear one more an before taking any position. That man A. L. Drumm, consulting engineer for 18 A. L. Drumm, consulting engineer for the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company. Mr. Drumm has been asked to address the committee next Friday afternoon. But since the first of a series of Councilmanic hear-ings on transit will be held Friday afternoon, and Mr. Drumm is scheduled to appear at that hearing, it is expected that the committee will have to fix some other date for the consulting engineer of the transit

It became known today that an interesting situation had developed as the result of the letter of Charles L. Fluck, president of the Northwest Business Men's Associa-

Transit experts say that if Charles L Fluck had not been ignorant of legislative procedure he would not have made such a request of Governor Brumbaugh. They pointed out that any bill becomes a law ten days after it has passed both branches of the Legislature whether or not it is signed by the Governor. So nothing can ston the Stern bill from becoming a law next Thursday unless the Governor veloes the measure The ten-day limit expires on Thursday

## U-BOAT AND CRUISER FIGHT

Steamship," Menaced by Submarine, Saved by British Fighter

AN AMERICAN PORT. May 11 .- A batthe between a cruiser and a submarine off the north coast of Ireland was reported today by the crew of a British steamship arriving here. The steamship was attacked by the U-heat and was maneuvering to escape a torpedoing when the war craft appeared and opened fire.

The steamship, the crew said. "took to her heels" and didn't wait to see the outome of the clash

IN WAR TAX FIGHT

Assail Each Other Before Senate for Seeking to Shift Burden

BOTH ATTACK CABARETS

WASHINGTON, May 14. Motion pictures, the legitimate theatre and the cabarets had a three-cornered fight today before the Senate Finance Committee in the hearings on the annuements war tax provided in the revenue bill. Each accused the others of trying to dodge their shares of the war hurden.

Johnson Ligon, of New York, representing the legitimate theatrical interests, sug-gested an amendment to the bill to make the cabarets pay their share of the amuse-

ment tax. "We who have visited cabarets know "We who have visited cabarets know that they don't give their entertainments for nothing," he said. "The Supreme Court has decided they give them to make money; otherwise they would go out of husiness. We know that for an ordinary fifteen-cell drink they charge fifty or sixty cents, and they don't they have the write of the start. they make the public pay in various other ways for their shows." Senator Thomas, of Colorado, denounced

the "outrageous robbery" perpetrated by large hotels in charging guests \$5 each for theatre tickets ordinarily sold at \$2 each. Mr. Ligon urged drastic action

against "scalpers." "And it does seem to me," continued Mr of the Northwest Husiness Men's Associa-tion, to Governor Brunbaugh, asking the Governor to defer action on the Stern bill, which passed third reading on a special or-der at Harrisburg last Monday night. This bill validates the \$67,100,000 port and transit loan, and is designed to offset the suit brought by Frank W. Fluck, borther of Charles Fluck, to declare this hann illegal Tennist events and the load of the sources of taxation instead of Ligon, sailing into the "movies." "that an industry that can afford to pay a slap-stick contedian as much as the salary of passing it on to the theatrical interests. Representatives of "movie" interests de-clared the proposed tax on them was "shortsighted" and would put them out of busi-

Senator McCumber, of North Dakota said

"Don't you think that if you get together and frame up a gentleman's agreement not to pay a million dollars a year to a face contertionist artist not worth \$5000 you

night he able to pay this tax". The "movie" representatives passed the puestion on to the film producers. Ringling Brothers and Barnun & Balley's circus stood ready to pay their share of the taxes, their representatives said

MCORE ATTACKS THE BILL.

Claims that the war-tax bill hits th ities harder than the rural districts were made in the House late today by Repre-sentative Moore, of Pennsylvania, who delined to sign the Ways and Means Commit tee report. Certain Democratic member-of the committee, Moore said, had appar-ently sought to absolve farmers from taxa-

tion as much as possible. "Why didn't the committee include all of

Secretary McAdoo's recommendations?" asked Moore. "He advocated a tax on petroleum, from which gasoline is madé bui tassoline is used by the farmers. He advo-cated a tax on stationary engines, and they are omitted. There is no tax on cotton. The Secretary's recommendation for a con-sumption tax on angar is also missing. Bui all lines of industry in the big centers of population seem to have been heavily taxed."



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TABLES TO BE FURNISHED

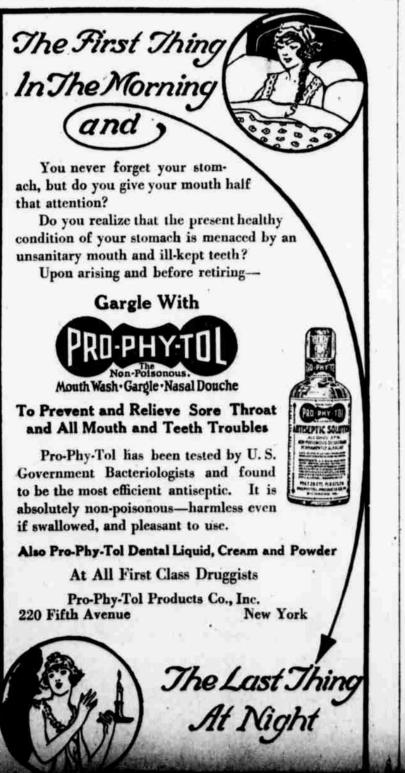
Tables showing the amount of accrued interest and dates of payment will be pre-pared and furnished through the Treasury Department and the Federal Reserve Banks. Within the United States and its ter-ritories bonds will be delivered at the ex-panse of the Government in accordance with the written instructions of the holders the written instructions of the holders as

the written instructions of the holders as far as is practicable. Secretary McAdoo will tour the Middle West, beginning May 17 at Chicago and go-ing as far west as Denver, in the interest of the Liberty Loan, the formal campaign for subscriptions to which opened today. He will address representative audiences in some of the chief citles to bring home to the people of the Middle West the need of unanimous co-operation with the Government in making the big issue more than a success. Mr. McAdoo, in his official capacity, will tell his audiences that the United States is not engaged in half a war, but is in a fight to the finish with autocracy still strongly

not engaged in hair a war, but is in a high to the finish with autocracy still strongly entrenched. He will appeal to their pa-trictism to do their part in making ef-fective the declaration of the President that America pledges all her resources in the cause of democracy. He will seek to un-house the purse strings of all closers as the loose the purse strings of all classes, so that the Liberty Loan will not only be fully sub-scribed, but tremendously oversubscribed, and that Germany may realize, in the words of a statement he issued tonight, "that we have billions to sacrifice in the cause of liberty."

How to buy a Liberty Bond was fully out-lined in abstracts telegraphed today to the Federal Reserve Banks for widespread dissemination. The public announcement of





# IN 5 YEARS—WHAT?

Your teeth are sound today, but are you insuring them against time? Today's neglect means toothache tomorrow-perhaps painful operations, perhaps the loss of a tooth.

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What should you expect of a dentifrice? First, that it cleanse, and cleanse pleasantly. Second, that it be free from sharp crystals which scratch and wear away the enamel. Third, that its makers refrain from making impossible "germicidal" claims.

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