

GREENS U.S. 'TRUE SISTER'

iring Demonstrations Mark Tribute to America in French Capital

AN STATUE TO WILSON

By HENRI BAZIN, Special Cable Dispatch

PARIS, April 23.—The United States is the true sister of France and will march hand in hand with her in the future history of the world.

At the Hotel de Ville yesterday, before eighty soldiers, dressed in official robes, and a crowd of other high officials, President Wilson through American Ambassador Sharp, who signed the golden book which records signatures of kings, cardinals and noted men of world reputation, including former President Roosevelt and Wilbur Wright. The pen used by Ambassador Sharp will be preserved among other historical treasures of Paris.

SHARP RESPONDS IN SPEECH

Ambassador Sharp responded briefly, acknowledging the honors paid to the United States by the people of Paris. The Ambassador's speech was greeted with great applause, particularly when, addressing the people of Paris, he said:

"Citizens of Paris—May I say to you on this holy day you have with such fine sentiment set apart to honor my country that America remains no longer content to express to France merely her sympathy? In a cause which she believes, as verily as you believe, to be a sacred one she will consecrate all her power and the blood of her patriotic sons. If necessary, to achieve a victory that shall for all time insure the domination of right over wrong, freedom over oppression and the blessings of peace over the brutality of war.

A plaque representing "Liberty Enlightening the World," after the statue of Bartholdi, was presented to Ambassador Sharp as a memento.

Previous to the ceremony at the Hotel de Ville, two magnificent demonstrations were held in public squares, the first at the Place d'Inns, where a bronze palm, the gift of the capital, was laid at the foot of Washington's statue, and the second before the statue of Lafayette, at the Place Caroussel. The two demonstrations prevailed at the presence of twenty American aviators of the Lafayette Escadrille. French soldiers in automobiles and cavalry followed the aviators, whose machines flew American flags.

STATUE IDEA CHEERED

Great cheering followed when Mithouard read a telegram from Mayor Laboulaye of Deauville, announcing that his municipality will immediately erect a bronze statue to President Wilson. "It will be but the first statue to this great statesman and humanitarian of the many the future will see placed on both sides of the Atlantic," the telegram stated.

A quarter of a million persons were present at the demonstrations, many of whom carried American flags.

Jules Cambon, general secretary of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; General Duval, Military Governor of Paris; the members of the committee and other officials were received at 1:30 o'clock by Ambassador Sharp at his residence, whence they proceeded to the Place d'Inns.

Ambassador Sharp and his escort were, in turn, received at 3 o'clock at the City Hall by the members of the Municipal Council, by Marcel Delanney, prefect of the Seine; Premier Ribot; Georges Clemenceau, Minister of Public Works; Jules A. Steng, Minister of Public Instruction; Captain Andre Tardieu, High Commissioner to the United States, and other distinguished persons.

While cannon boomed in honor of the American colors floating from the top of Eiffel Tower and aviators flying over the city, the French and American flags, the "Star Spangled Banner" was sung by Mademoiselle Nina May, of the Opera Comique, and the "Marseillaise" by Jean Noie, of the Opera.

The French Government has announced that it will send a commission of technical and scientific experts to the United States to co-operate with the American authorities in the solution of general defense problems.

Charitable Bequest Invald

A bequest of \$100 to St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum, included in the will of George M. Fisher, White Haven, Pa., is inoperative, by reason of the fact that the will was executed less than one month before the death of the testator. The estate, which is valued at \$572, will go to relatives. Another will, probated today, was that of Jacob G. Blischoff, 2955 Frankford avenue, who by private bequests, disposes of property valued at \$3500.

Odd Fellows Hear Patriotic Sermon

SHAMOKIN, Pa., April 23.—A large number of Odd Fellows assembled at their temple and marched in a body to the Grace Lutheran Church, where the Rev. C. J. Streich delivered a patriotic sermon.

British Take 2 Towns in Renewing Drive

Continued from Page One

today resumed the British drive with a tremendously forceful attack. "We attacked at dawn this morning on both banks of the Scarpe and made satisfactory progress," he reported. "South of the Bapaume-Cambrai road we captured the remainder of the village of Trescault, and at night the greater part of the Havrincourt wood."

London hailed Haig's report as indicative of resumption of the general British offensive. While there has been no abatement in the pressure around Lens and on the Cambrai-St. Quentin line during the last week, nevertheless it was felt here that the Franco-British strategic plans contemplated alternate smashes in force between the Haig and Nivelle armies. While the French army was making its terrific assault on the Soissons-Auberville front, the British seized the time to consolidate the positions they won in the first smashing drive, and during the week have more or less confined their offensive to smashing drives, suddenly executed at scattered points.

Now, however, according to military experts, the British army has started its concerted all-around-front offensive, forcing Hindenburg to concentrate his reserves in opposition, and permitting the French, to consolidate their positions, bring up more guns and get a breathing spell.

The thrust along the Scarpe was regarded as a new development in the Allied offensive. Haig is now reaching out with powerful attacks toward Douai. Today's statement did not definitely locate exactly where Haig's blow on both banks of the Scarpe was delivered, but it was probably near Fampoux. Fampoux is about eight miles southwest of Douai.

A drive in this direction is not only a menace at Douai, but it is part of the general enveloping scheme around Lens. Sunday's official statements indicated a tightening of the noose around this coal city by attacks delivered by the British near Loos—to the north of Lens. The Scarpe offensive is to the south, nine miles from the city.

Further indication that Haig's forces on all the British front are starting in motion in a concerted offensive was seen in the official report of gains on the Bapaume-Cambrai road, Havrincourt is practically surrounded by British forces.

Trescault itself is a bare eight miles distant from Cambrai, pivotal point in the Hindenburg line.

All along the fifty-mile front from Lens to St. Quentin the Germans are panicky. The slightest movement of the British troops results in a feverish flare-up of "S. O. S." rockets from the Prussians, summing aid.

The British having now turned the Hindenburg line for a distance of several miles to the southeast of Arras, the enemy undoubtedly is preparing for further setbacks.

Today the battle opened with a dawn that was bright and cold. The night had been ablaze with gun flares, the roar reaching drumfire tenacity. Just as the edge of the sun reached the horizon and peeped over the infantry moved forward as a single unit over a number of places nearby. It was supported by artillery and machine-gun fire. So the Prussians wouldn't know what was happening the British artillery and machine-gun fire was loosed along virtually the entire fifty-mile front for a brief period. Not knowing where the infantry was to strike the Germans frantically signaled all along the line.

PARIS, April 23. French troops fought back two violent German attacks in the vicinity of Moronvillers and Mont Haut, the French official statement today asserted. Three German surprise attacks in the Woevre and the Vosges—evidently designed to create a diversion and relieve pressure of the great French offensive to the north—were likewise beaten back.

Active artillery combats from south of St. Quentin to Rheims was reported.

ALLIED DRIVE FAILURE, GERMANS ARE TOLD

By KARL ROSNER

The Lokal Anzeiger Dispatches Copyright, 1917, by the New York Times Co.

GERMAN GREAT HEADQUARTERS ON THE WEST FRONT (via Berlin and London), April 23.—After a week of incomparable, wrathful onslaughts our front still stands unshaken, though covered with bruises and pools of blood on the Aisne and in Champagne.

Our military leadership saw fit to remove our fighting line from Conde, where a hostile onslaught was made from two directions with unparalleled vehemence against our projecting position. It was the principle of saving German blood as much as possible that actuated headquarters in ordering a reevacuation of this limited stretch between Conde and Vailly, which only served as battering rams as long as

DRABURN & NIGRO
Correct Tailors for Dressy Men
13th & Sanson Sts. Floor Second
A BIG HAIRING EVENT
TWO WEEKS SPECIAL \$28.50
HERGERS TO YOUR MEASURE
Only to get you men better acquainted with us than our suitcases allow, we make this special. Look the assortment of dressy woollens over.



BRITISH ATTACK ON SCARPE
General Haig's forces have started a new powerful offensive along the River Scarpe, which runs through Douai. This city is evidently the objective of the British in this fresh drive against the German lines north of Cambrai.

we were in a position to cause the enemy woeful losses. This object accomplished, they retired to the Siegfried position prepared long beforehand.

After five days of the most sanguinary struggle it is quite clear that those divisions that France set all hopes on are tired and bleeding to death. With inferior reserves the enemy will never accomplish what the best troops failed in. There is no denying a great German victory.

KAISER SUPPORTS PEACE SOCIALISTS

Berlin Government Backs Move for Separate Pact With Russia

MAY CONTROL MUNITIONS

COPENHAGEN, April 23. All information from Berlin indicates tacit encouragement, if not active aid, extended the Socialists' peace efforts by the German Government. The aim is encouragement of the peace party among the Russian Socialists. The majority faction of the German Socialists are also aiding the German in denouncing the general strike.

Reports of the meeting of the general committee of the German Social Democratic party, received today, quoted Philip Scheidemann as declaring:

"We attempted connection with neutrals and with the Russian Socialists, but the newspapers made our work difficult. Our effort is toward general peace. But if a general peace is impossible we shall naturally accept a separate peace. But we must not be too optimistic."

All dispatches emphasized the wide split between the two Socialist factions—the Scheidemann branch, now devoting its energies to peace work, and the minority faction, now concentrating on demand for democratizing of Germany's government and on furthering the general strike.

Military control of German munitions plants is threatened as a result of the strike.

It was reported from Berlin today that the War office has begun to give serious consideration to the question of such control. Scheidemann has issued an appeal to the

munition workers, saying that strikes at this time "are the greatest danger to an early peace."

Scheidemann, addressing the general committee, was quoted as saying:

"Even the Russian revolutionary workers' and soldiers' committee demanded that the munition work be continued as long as the war lasts."

There has been a great influx of Germans to Copenhagen recently and the American legation has been extremely busy in anti-spy work. German spies have been discovered here trying to go to America. All are being closely watched and none permitted to sail.

LONDON, April 23. May day manifestations by Socialists and other workers will take on special significance this year. Dispatches received today from Russia, Sweden, Holland, Spain, Italy and other countries stated that preparations for great industrial demonstrations are going forward on a grand scale. At many places the Socialists will take advantage of the day to press their demands for peace.

Disquieting advices have been received from Stockholm, where a big demonstration took place Saturday. Exciting scenes were enacted, especially when hundreds of men and women marched past the Riksdag building with shouts of "Republic!" and "Revolution!"

It is feared that the socialistic activities May day will lead to serious trouble in Stockholm and arrangements are already being made to afford special military protection to the royal family.

Negotiations have been in progress between certain socialistic groups in Russia, Denmark, Germany and Austria for a concerted demonstration for peace May day, but so far as known no definite program has been arranged.

Workmen's demonstrations on an unprecedented scale will take place in Petrograd May 1. German Socialists plan to march through Berlin on May day, giving voice to their demands for more food and an immediate peace.

CHINESE TROOPS CLASH IN CHENG-TU UPRISING

Military Governor Attempts to Disband Provisional Forces. Armistice Arranged

PEKING, April 23.

Serious fighting has taken place in the streets of Cheng-Tu between Sze-Chuen and Yunnan troops, according to dispatches received here. Many houses have been burned and trenches and barricades have been thrown across streets. British, French and Japanese Consuls have arranged an armistice.

The direct cause of the uprising is said to be the attempt of the military governor of Sze-Chuen to disband the provisional

troops and strengthen his hold on the province.

Cheng-Tu has a population of about 800,000. It is the seat of eight American and British missions, whose staffs include fifty-two men and sixty-eight women. All foreigners are reported safe.

TERAUCHI MINISTRY WINS

Virtually Complete Election Returns Show Big Majority in Japan

TOKIO, April 23.—The Terauchi Ministry has been returned to power as the result of the general elections held throughout Japan last week, according to virtually complete returns today. These show the Government group elected 216 members of Parliament, including 152 Seiyukai members. The Opposition group, led by the so-called constitutionalists, got 165 seats in all.

Solid Mahogany Cane Chairs and Rockers

This Solid Mahogany Cane Wing Back Arm Chair or Rocker for \$14.75.

Others, \$12, \$13, \$14, \$15.75, \$17, \$19, \$21 to \$36. Cane-Back and Upholstered-Seat Chairs, \$18, \$19, \$21, \$23, \$24, \$26, \$29 to \$46.

2 and 3 Piece Suites, cane back and arms, spring cushion seats, large Davenport and Easy Chairs, Tapestry or Velours, \$105, \$122, \$140, \$149, \$182. Makers' Upholstered Furniture exclusively selling direct to consumer only, guarantees best styles and quality, at a saving of one-third to you.

W. W. & H. H. Knell Factory and Salesrooms: 229-231 S. 5th St. Below Walnut

Prompt, careful delivery free within 100 miles.



LUCKY STRIKE
"IT'S TOASTED"
CIGARETTES

It's toasted

LUCKY STRIKE

cigarette

WHEN your breakfast toast is just right —buttered piping hot; brown, crisp, delicious—you'll admit that it's a little bit of Heaven on a dark morning.

Keep this agreeable thought in mind as you read about the new Lucky Strike cigarette. Because the tobacco—it's toasted; and *what that toasting does* to the delicious Burley flavor! My!

There's been a big demand for a cigarette *ready-made* from Burley tobacco. Last year you had to pour the Burley out of those green, red and blue tins—enough for 35 billion cigarettes.

But until we made this toasting discovery a ready-made Burley cigarette wasn't possible—we couldn't hold the flavor. But now! Well, just try it—Lucky Strike—the real Burley cigarette; the tobacco—it's toasted.





20 for 10c

If your dealer does not carry them, send \$1 for a carton of 10 packages to The American Tobacco Co., N.Y. City

Guaranteed by
The American Tobacco Co.

Our men will demonstrate to you how the tobacco is toasted—at many stores

Extraordinary Event

Joint Recital
by Harold Bauer and Ossip Gabrilowitsch
on two pianos
Academy of Music, This Afternoon at 3 o'Clock

GABRILOWITSCH'S PIANO **BAUER'S PIANO**

is a Mason & Hamlin, the only piano ever used at the Academy of Music that excited special mention and praise in newspaper criticisms. It is sold in Philadelphia only by C. J. Hoppe & Son.

1117-1119 Chestnut St.
Philadelphia, Pa.